Data Security Center

Getting Started

Issue 05

Date 2025-01-17





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Contents

1	Procedure for Using DSC	1
2	Classification and Grading of Data Assets on the Cloud	. 4
3	Getting Started with Common Practices	14

Procedure for Using DSC

Obtain permissions for DSC to access and protect the data stored in either OBS or RDS.

Assigning Permissions for DSC

Figure 1-1 shows the process for assigning permissions for DSC.

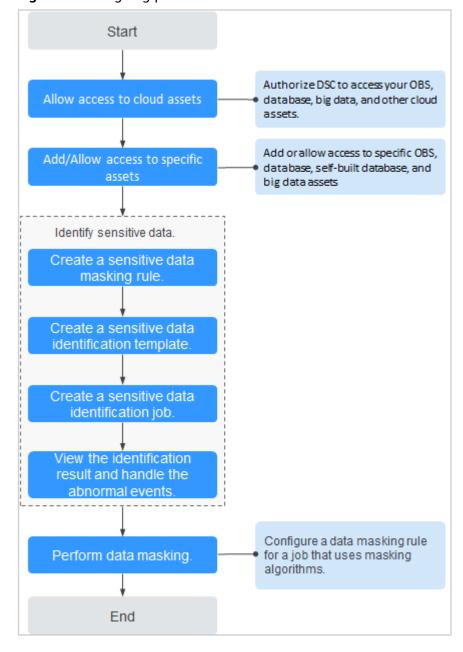


Figure 1-1 Assigning permissions for DSC

After permissions are granted, DSC will automatically identify sensitive data in the authorized data assets and evaluates data asset risk levels. You can go to the DSC console to view the asset security details on the **Overview** page.

- **Step 1** (Optional) Enable Huawei Cloud OBS or RDS to protect data in your OBS self-built buckets.
 - If OBS or RDS was enabled, skip to **Step 2**.
 - If OBS or RDS was not enabled, enable it and then go to Step 2.
 For details about how to enable OBS, see OBS User Guide. For details about how to enable RDS, see RDS User Guide.
- **Step 2** (Optional) Create an OBS bucket and upload the files to be stored in the bucket or create a database in an RDS DB instance.

- If the bucket was created, skip to **Step 6**.
- If the bucket was not created, create one and then go to Step 6.
 OBS: For details about how to create a bucket, see Creating a Bucket. For details about how to upload a file to a bucket, see .
 - RDS: For details about how to create a database, see **Creating a Database**.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the type of other OBS buckets to **Public** to protect other OBS buckets.
- **Step 4** (Optional) Obtain the information about the engine, version, and host of a self-built database to protect it.
- **Step 5** (Optional) Obtain the information about the engine, version, and host of other self-built data sources to protect them.
- **Step 6** Authorize DSC to access cloud assets.
 - For details about how to grant the permission, see Allowing or Disallowing Access to Cloud Assets.
 - For details about how to add OBS assets, see Adding OBS Assets.
 - For details about how to authorize cloud database assets, see Adding an RDS
 Database.
 - For details about how to authorize big data assets, see Adding a Big Data Source.
 - For details about how to authorize LTS assets, see Adding a Log Stream.
- **Step 7** Configure sensitive data identification rules.

For details, see Creating a Task.

- **Step 8** View the identified sensitive data or files and their statistics.
 - For details about how to view the identification result, see **Identification Results**.
- Step 9 Handle exceptions or mask sensitive data based on the identification result.
 - For details, see Handling an Abnormal Event.
 - For details about how to mask sensitive data, see **Data Masking Introduction**.
- **Step 10** Set alarm notifications for exceptions.

For details about how to configure alarm notifications, see Alarm Notifications.

----End

2 Classification and Grading of Data Assets on the Cloud

Data asset classification and grading involve categorizing data based on identification rules and assigning it to different levels according to its sensitivity, importance, and potential impact of leakage. This ensures data is protected appropriately to its significance and impact, while also meeting compliance requirements.

DSC offers a sensitive data identification function and defines 10 sensitivity levels for refined data management. It assists enterprises or organizations in monitoring the flow of sensitive data, formulating corresponding data security policies, and quickly identifying and addressing issues when data leakage or other security events occur.

This section describes how to quickly classify and grade cloud data assets (DSC Standard Edition), including purchasing DSC, authorizing the database, creating a sensitive data identification task, and viewing the classification and grading result.

Procedure

Procedure	Description
Step 1: Purchase DSC and authorize DSC to access your cloud assets.	Purchase DSC and choose the version specifications (using the standard edition as an example) and the extension package. Complete the cloud asset authorization to streamline access policy permissions between other cloud services and DSC.
Step 2: Authorize DSC to access database assets for data identification.	Sensitive data identification, data masking, and database watermark injection/extraction can only be performed once the database and big data assets are authorized. Upon completion of database authorization, DSC can access the database to retrieve data for sensitive data identification and masking.

Procedure	Description
Step 3: Create a sensitive data identification task.	Create an identification task to identify sensitive data of assets and classify and grade data based on the selected identification template.
Step 4: View the classification and grading result.	View the classification and grading result to implement protection for data assets.

Preparations

 Before purchasing DSC, create a Huawei account and subscribe to Huawei Cloud. For details, see Registering a HUAWEI ID and Enabling HUAWEI CLOUD Services and Real-Name Authentication.

If you have enabled Huawei Cloud services and completed real-name authentication, skip this step.

□ NOTE

Real-name authentication is required only when you buy or use cloud services provisioned in the Chinese mainland.

- 2. When purchasing yearly/monthly resources, make sure that your account has sufficient balance, or you may fail to pay to your DSC orders.
- 3. Make sure your account has DSC permissions assigned. For details, see **Creating a User Group and Assigning DSC Permissions**.

Table 2-1 DSC system-defined permissions

Policy	Description	Туре	Dependency	
DSC DashboardReadOn lyAccess	Read-only permission for the dashboard of DSC	System- defined policy	None	
DSC FullAccess	All permissions for DSC	System- defined policy	m- To purchase a yearly/monthly	
DSC ReadOnlyAccess	Read-only permission for DSC	System- defined policy	None	

Step 1: Purchase DSC and Authorize DSC to Access Your Cloud Assets

- Step 1 Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select a region or project.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree on the left, click —. Choose Security & Compliance > Data Security Center.
- **Step 4** If you are a first-time user, click **Buy DSC**.
- **Step 5** On the **Buy DSC** page, set the purchase parameters listed in **Figure 2-1** and complete the payment.

Table 2-2 Parameters for purchasing an instance

Parameter	Example Value	Description
Edition and specification s	Standard	The standard edition supports the asset map, sensitive data identification, and data risk detection functions. If data masking and watermark injection/extraction are required, upgrade the edition by referring to section Upgrading Edition and Specifications.
OBS expansion package	1	One OBS expansion package offers 1 TB (1024 GB) of OBS storage.
Database expansion package	1	One database expansion package supports the addition of one database (RDS, DWS, self-built databases on ECS, DLI, Elasticsearch, and self-built big data on ECS). For details about the supported database types and versions, see section Constraints.
Required duration	1 month	Select the required duration from one month to three years.

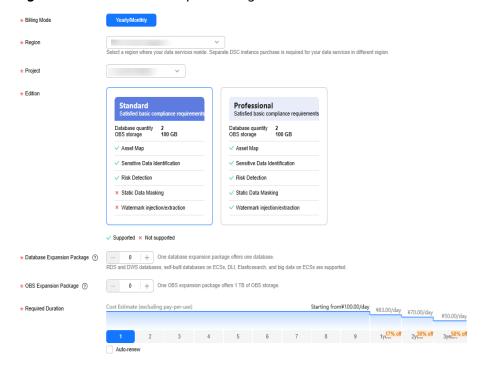


Figure 2-1 Parameters for purchasing an instance

Step 6 After the purchase is complete, return to the console and go to the **Asset Map** page. In the upper left corner of the page, click **Modify** next to **Cloud Asset Authorization** to perform authorization, as shown in **Figure 2-2**.

After you agree to the authorization, DSC will create agency policies to access your cloud assets based on your choice. For details about the agency policies, see **Allowing or Disallowing Access to Cloud Assets**.

To stop authorization, ensure that your assets have no ongoing tasks. DSC will delete your authorization information and assets and all related data. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

Figure 2-2 Authorizing access to assets

----End

Step 2: Authorize DSC to Access Database Assets

DSC can automatically discover cloud assets and add self-built data assets. After connecting to DSC and authorizing DSC to access to cloud assets, you can delegate and manage your assets in the asset center.

Sensitive data identification, data masking, and database watermark injection and extraction can be performed only after databases and big data assets are authorized.

- Step 1 Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select a region or project.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree on the left, click . Choose Security & Compliance > Data Security Center .
- **Step 4** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Asset Management** > **Asset Center**. The **Asset Center** page is displayed.
- **Step 5** On the asset type menu, choose **Database < RDS**. The **Databases** tab page is displayed.
- **Step 6** Click the **Database Instances** tab. In the **Operation** column of the target database instance, click **Authorize** and enter information according to **Figure 2-3**.

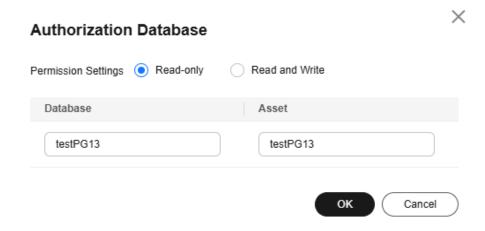
Read-only permission: Only the sensitive data identification function can be used.

Read and Write permission: The sensitive data identification and data masking functions can be used.



DSC cannot scan and mask sensitive data in MySQL databases within RDS instances where SSL has been enabled.

Figure 2-3 Authorizing databases



Step 7 After the authorization is complete, click the **Databases** tab to view the connection status of the authorized database.

Figure 2-4 Connection status



After the asset authorization is complete, the **Connection Status** of the asset is **Checking**, which means DSC is checking the database connectivity.

DSC can access the added database normally if the **Connection Status** of the database is **Succeeded**.

----End

Step 3: Create a Sensitive Data Identification Task.

DSC identifies sensitive asset data based on the data type and the identification template selected during the creation of the identification task, and then generates an identification result.

- Step 1 Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select a region or project.

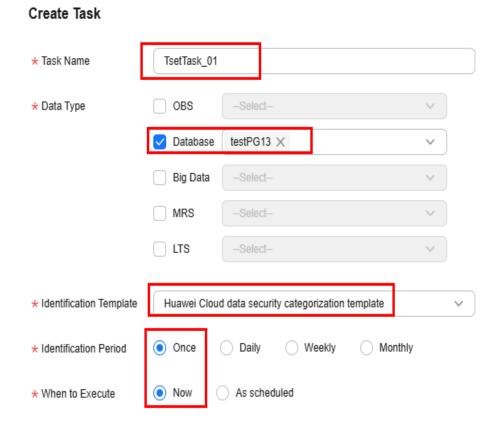
- Step 3 In the navigation tree on the left, click . Choose Security & Compliance > Data Security Center .
- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Sensitive Data Identification** > **Identification Task**.
- **Step 5** In the upper left corner of the task list, click **Create Task**.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, set required parameters based on **Table 2-3**.

Table 2-3 Parameters for creating a task

Parameter	Example Value	Description
Task Name	Test task_01	You can customize the task name.
		The task name must meet the following requirements:
		Contain 4 to 255 characters.
		 Consist of letters, digits, underscores (_), and hyphens (-).
		The name must start with a letter.
		Be unique.
Data Type	Database > testPG13	Type of data to be identified. You can select multiple types.
		OBS: DSC is authorized to access your Huawei Cloud OBS assets and identify sensitive data in the assets. For details about how to add OBS assets, see Adding OBS Assets.
		 Database: DSC identifies sensitive data of authorized database assets. For details about how to authorize database assets, see Authorizing Access to a Database Asset.
		Big Data: The DSC identifies sensitive data of authorized big data assets. For details about how to authorize big data source assets, see Authorizing Access to Big Data Assets.
		MRS: DSC identifies sensitive data of authorized MRS assets. For details about authorized MRS assets, see Authorizing Access to Big Data Assets.
		LTS: DSC will identify sensitive data of authorized LTS assets. For details about how to add a log stream, see Adding a Log Stream.

Parameter	Example Value	Description	
Identificatio n Template	Huawei Cloud Data Security Classifying and Grading Template	You can select a built-in or custom template. DSC displays data by level and category based on the template you select. For details about how to add a template, see Adding an Identification Template.	
Identificatio n Period	Once	Set the execution policy of the data identification task.	
		Once: The task will be executed once at a specified time.	
		Daily: The task is executed at a fixed time every day.	
		Weekly: The task is executed at a specified time every week.	
		Monthly: The task is executed at a specified time every month.	
When to Execute	Now	This parameter is displayed when Identification Period is set to Once.	
		Now: Select the option and click OK , the system executes the data identification task immediately.	
		As scheduled: The task will be executed at a specified time.	
(Optional) Topic	None	 Select an existing topic from the dropdown list or click View Topic to create a topic for receiving alarm notifications. If no notification topic is configured, you can view the identification result in the identification task list. For details, see Identification Results. 	

Figure 2-5 Parameters for creating a task



Step 7 Click **OK**. A message is displayed indicating the task is created successfully. ----**End**

Step 4: View the Classification and Grading Result

- Step 1 Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner of the management console and select a region or project.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree on the left, click . Choose Security & Compliance > Data Security Center .
- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Sensitive Data Identification** > **Identification Task**.
- **Step 5** Click **Identification Result** in the **Operation** column of the target task. The result details page is displayed.

Figure 2-6 Identification result details

Step 6 In the row containing the desired scan object, click View Classification and Grading Result Details in the Operation column. The Classification and Grading Result Details dialog box is displayed.

View the result details and sample data. For details about how to download the identification result, see **Downloading the Identification Result**.

----End

Related Operations

To protect sensitive information and privacy data after classification and grading and prevent unauthorized access or leakage, you can mask data and add watermarks to the data using the professional edition. For details about how to upgrade to the professional edition, see **Upgrading Edition and Specifications**.

- For details about how to mask data, see Data Masking. The masked data can be used for development and test, data sharing, and data research.
- For details about how to add data watermarks, see Data Watermarking. A
 data watermark uniquely identifies an asset to protect the copyright of the
 asset, helping you track the data leakage source.

3 Getting Started with Common Practices

After you have enabled DSC, you can apply the common practices described in this section to your services.

Table 3-1 Common Practices

Practices	Description
How Do I Prevent Personal Sensitive Data From Being Disclosed During Development and Testing?	DSC provides the static data masking function. You can create masking rules to mask large-scale data in batches. When sensitive data in the production environment is to be delivered to the development, test, or outgoing environment, you can use this function to mask the data. Static data masking applies to the following scenarios:
	Development and test
	Data sharing
	Data Research
Best Practices of OBS Data Security Protection	This section describes how to use the Data Security Center (DSC) to identify, classify, and protect sensitive data stored in OBS.