# **Cost Center**

# **Getting Started**

**Issue** 01

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https://www.huawei.com/en/psirt/vul-response-process

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https://securitybulletin.huawei.com/enterprise/en/security-advisory

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# **1 Getting Started with Cost Center**

This section describes how to use Cost Center for cost analysis and optimization.

# **Confirming Your Cost Allocation Method**

In Cost Center, there are three ways to allocate cost data: Organization Management, Cost Tags, and Enterprise Projects. You are advised to decide which method you plan to use as early as possible. For details, see **Confirming Your Cost Allocation Method**.

# **Using Grouping Tools to Allocate Costs**

- Viewing Costs by Linked Account: If you are using an enterprise master account, you can view your own costs and the costs of your member accounts by linked account.
- **Viewing Costs by Enterprise Project**: If you have enabled the Enterprise Project function, you can view your costs by enterprise project.
- Viewing Costs by Cost Tag: If you have created and activated cost tags, you
  can view your costs by cost tag.
- Allocating Costs By Cost Category: If Linked Account, Enterprise Project, and Cost Tags cannot meet your cost allocation requirements, you can use cost categories to define cost splitting rules and then view your costs based on these rules.
- Viewing Split CDN Costs: If you have monthly-settled Content Delivery Network (CDN) expenditures billed by traffic, you can view your costs by domain name.
- **Defining Shared Costs and Allocating Them to Enterprise Projects**: You can proportionally allocate shared costs (such as those from shared resources, platform services, and untagged costs) across an organization.

# Making Cost Analysis to Explore Costs and Usage

You can analyze costs and usage in the following ways:

• **Preconfigured Analysis Reports**: Cost Center comes with several report types preconfigured with commonly used data display filters. You can explore your cost and usage data in analysis reports.

- **Custom Analysis Reports**: You can save your analysis results in a custom report so that you can run the same analysis again later if needed.
- Cost Tags: You can use cost tags to manage resources and activate them as needed to track your cloud costs.
- Cost Details: Cost Center provides you with amortized cost details, which can be exported as needed for further analysis.
- Forecasting: Cost and usage can be forecasted based on the cost analysis.

# Creating Forecasts and Budgets to Track Costs and Usage

- Creating Budgets and Configuring Alerts: After Forecasting is enabled, you can view forecasted costs and usage in the cost analyses, and set budget alerts based on the forecasting results.
- Using Reports to Track Your Budget: You can create a budget report so that Cost Center will periodically email the report to you on a schedule that you configured.

# **Enabling Cost Anomaly Detection to Identify Anomalies**

• Enabling Cost Anomaly Detection to Identify Anomalies: After you create a monitor, Cost Center applies its detection rules to identify cost anomalies and report them in a timely manner.

# **Changing Billing Modes to Optimize Costs**

You can optimize your costs in the following ways:

- Evaluating Cost Optimization Option of Changing the Billing Mode from Pay-per-Use to Yearly/Monthly: If you want to use pay-per-use products for an extended period, you might want to consider changing the billing mode from pay-per-use to yearly/monthly to reduce costs. With this option, Cost Center analyzes the usage of your pay-per-use resources and identifies places where you can save money.
- Analyzing RI Utilization and Coverage: Cost Center analyzes the utilization
  of reserved instances (RIs) you purchased. If your RIs are underutilized, you
  may have purchased too many. If the coverage of your RIs is too low, you may
  have under-purchased RIs. By analyzing your usage patterns, you can
  determine whether you need to adjust your plan on purchasing RIs for the
  next period.

# 2 Confirming Your Cost Allocation Method

Before you start managing costs, confirm your cost allocation method. The chosen cost allocation method helps map Huawei Cloud expenditures onto your organizational structure, including financial and business units, and various applications. This makes it easier to track costs and gain invisibility to your costs.

There are several ways to allocate cost data in Cost Center: **Organization Management**, **Cost Tags**, **Enterprise Project Management**, and **Cost Categories**.

The cost data will be used by a range of Cost Center tools, including those designed for cost analysis and budget management.

You are advised to plan and activate cost tags as early as possible because they take effect only for cost data generated after tag activation.

# 3 Using Grouping Tools to Allocate Costs

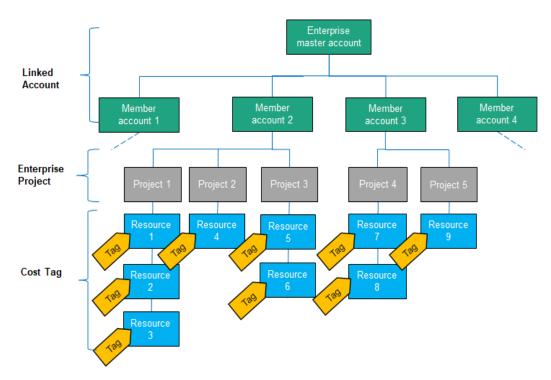
# 3.1 Introduction

Huawei Cloud Cost Center provides various tools for you to group your costs in different ways. You can experiment with different tools to find out which way works best for your needs.

# **Supported Grouping Tools**



 Basic tools: You can view your costs by linked account, enterprise project, or cost tag.



- Viewing Costs by Linked Account
- Viewing Costs by Enterprise Project
- Viewing Costs by Cost Tag
- Advanced tools: You can also create custom rules for grouping and splitting
  costs by cost category. If you have monthly-settled CDN expenditures billed by
  traffic, you can split the costs by domain name. If you have shared costs (such
  as those from shared resources, platform services, and untagged costs), you
  can allocate the costs proportionally to different enterprise projects within
  your organization.
  - Allocating Costs by Cost Category
  - Viewing Split CDN Costs
  - Defining Shared Costs and Allocating Them to Enterprise Projects

### Recommendations

- User-based cost allocation: Costs are attributed to the actual user.
  - For example, if you are using an enterprise member account and your master account is the payer account, then the relevant costs are still considered to be yours.
- Amortization-based cost allocation: Costs are amortized over a set period of time.
  - Amortized costs reflect the amounts prepaid for yearly/monthly subscriptions and reserved instances, which are amortized on a daily basis. For example, if you purchase a one-year cloud service at \$365 USD, the amortized cost per day is \$1 USD.
- Cost splitting: Shared costs are split based on certain rules.
  - Proportionally: Your costs are allocated in proportion to the weight of each target.

For example, if the cost of target B is \$800 USD and that of target C is \$200 USD, you can split costs based on a set proportion, such as B: C = 4:1. Then 80% of the costs will be allocated to target B and 20% to target C.

- Evenly: Your costs are allocated evenly across different targets.
   For example, if there are two targets (A and B), then 50% of the costs will be allocated to target A and 50% to target B.
- Custom: Your costs are allocated based on a percentage you define for each target value. The percentages must add up to 100%.

# Cost Allocation Details Delivered By Using Different Grouping Tools

When you view cost details by linked account, enterprise project, or cost tag, you can also obtain cost allocation details for further analysis.

**Table 3-1** Grouping tools for different cost types and allocation methods

Cost Type	Allocat ion Metho d	Grouping Tool	Allocation Details
Origin al costs	Linked account	Log in to Billing Center, choose <b>Billing</b> > <b>Bills</b> . Log in to Cost Center,	Log in to Billing Center and access the Billing > Bills > Bill Details page.  Log in to Cost Center, and access
		and access the <b>Cost Analysis</b> page.	the <b>Cost Analysis</b> page to export the monthly original cost details.
	Enterpri se project	Log in to Billing Center, choose <b>Billing</b> > <b>Bills</b> .	Log in to Billing Center and access the Billing > Bills > Bill Details page.
		Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost</b> <b>Analysis</b> page.	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost Analysis</b> page to export the monthly original cost details.
	Cost tag	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost</b> <b>Analysis</b> page.	Log in to Billing Center and access the Billing > Bills > Bill Details page. The details contain unstructured data of the original tags.
			Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost Analysis</b> page to export the monthly original cost details with structured data of the cost tags included.
Amorti zed costs	Linked account	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost</b> <b>Analysis</b> page.	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost Analysis</b> page to export the monthly amortized cost details.

Cost Type	Allocat ion Metho d	Grouping Tool	Allocation Details
	Enterpri se project	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost</b> <b>Analysis</b> page.	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost Analysis</b> page to export the monthly amortized cost details.
	Cost tag	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost</b> <b>Analysis</b> page.	Log in to Cost Center, and access the <b>Cost Analysis</b> page to export the monthly amortized cost details.

### □ NOTE

You can view and export bill details on the **Bill Details** page. Alternatively, you can subscribe to bill details via OBS or call relevant APIs to obtain bill details.

# 3.2 Viewing Costs by Linked Account

The enterprise master account can categorize the costs of its member accounts by linked account to manage the accounting of those member accounts.

# Step 1: Enabling Enterprise Center

Enterprise Center allows you to associate multiple Huawei Cloud accounts for accounting. You can use a master account to create a hierarchical organization, create and associated member accounts with the master account. The master account then can manage the accounting of all its associated member accounts. For details about how to enable Enterprise Center, see **Enabling Enterprise** Center.

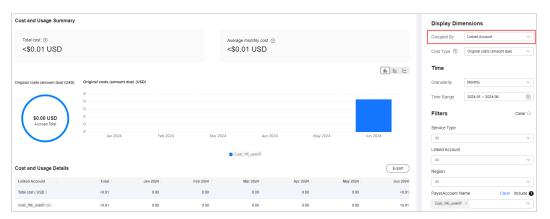
# **Step 2: Associating with Member Accounts**

An enterprise master account associated with member accounts can manage the accounting of these member accounts. For details about how to associate a master account with member accounts, see **Associating Accounts**.

# **Step 3: Viewing Costs by Linked Account**

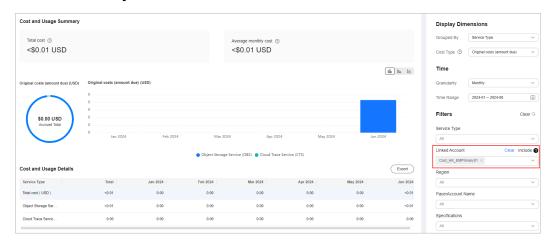
When viewing costs by linked account, you are advised to summarize cost data based on amortized costs.

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- Step 2 Choose Cost Insights > Cost Analysis.
- **Step 3** Set **Grouped By** to **Linked Account**.
  - Group cost data by linked account.



In this figure, the current login account is an enterprise master account, and the cost data for each linked account is displayed in the chart.

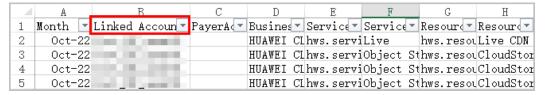
• Filter cost data by linked account.



In this figure, costs for the linked account **Cost\_HK\_EMPrimary01** are displayed by service type in the chart.

View cost details by linked account.

Click **Export** to export the cost details file. In the file, you can view cost details by **Linked Account**.



----End

# 3.3 Viewing Costs by Enterprise Project

If you have already enabled the Enterprise Project function, you can view your costs by enterprise project. By default, costs are allocated based on the enterprise project selected when you place an order. Therefore, you are advised to plan your enterprise projects as early as possible.

# **Step 1: Enabling Enterprise Project**

Complete real-name authentication, and then enable Enterprise Project. For details, see **Enabling Enterprise Project**.

# Step 2: Creating an Enterprise Project

Create an enterprise project based on your department or business needs. For details, see **Creating an Enterprise Project**.

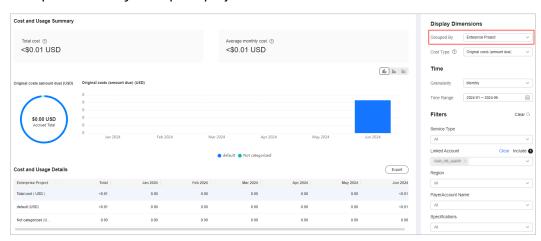
# Step 3: Selecting an Enterprise Project for a New Cloud Resource

Select an enterprise project in the **Enabled** state for a newly purchased cloud resource. The costs of that resource will be allocated to that enterprise project. For details, see **Selecting an Enterprise Project for a New Cloud Resource**.

# **Step 4: Viewing Costs by Enterprise Project**

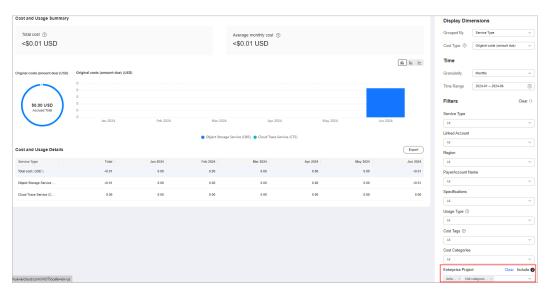
When viewing costs by enterprise project, you are advised to summarize cost data based on amortized costs.

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- Step 2 Choose Cost Insights > Cost Analysis.
- Step 3 Set Grouped By to Enterprise Project.
  - Group cost data by enterprise project.



In this figure, Enterprise Project has been enabled for the current account, and the cost data for each enterprise project is displayed in the chart.

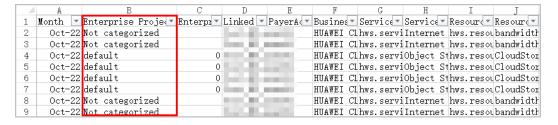
Filter cost data by enterprise project.



In this figure, costs for the enterprise project **default** or **Not categorized** are displayed by service type in the chart.

View cost details by enterprise project.

Click **Export** to export the cost details file for original costs or amortized costs (file name for amortized costs: % *account name* %\_AmortizedCostDetailByUsage\_YYYY-MM). In the file, you can view cost details by enterprise project.



----End

# 3.4 Viewing Costs by Cost Tag

You or Huawei Cloud assigns tags to your cloud resources so the resources can be sorted in different ways, for example, by purpose, owner, or environment. You can use cost tags to manage resources and activate them to track your cloud costs.

There are two types of cost tags:

- Expenditure tags: You can add such tags when creating resources. They will
  appear on the Cost Tags page 24 hours after their associated resources have
  generated expenditures.
- Predefined tags (recommended): You can create such tags on the Tag
  Management Service (TMS) console. They will appear on the Cost Tags page
  immediately after being created.

# **Step 1: Creating Predefined Tags**

Go to the TMS console to create predefined tags. For details about tag naming principles, see **Principles for Naming Tags**. For details about how to create predefined tags, see **Creating Predefined Tags**.

# **Step 2: Activating Tags**

Activate tags by referring to **Activating Cost Tags**. Only the activated tags can be viewed on the **Cost Analysis** and **Budgets** pages, and more.

If you activate some tags, they will be used to organize your resource costs generated thereafter. If you want to use tags to analyze the cost data generated before tag activation, export the bill details file and analyze the data based on the **Resource Tag** field in the file.

# Step 3: Adding Tags to Cloud Resources

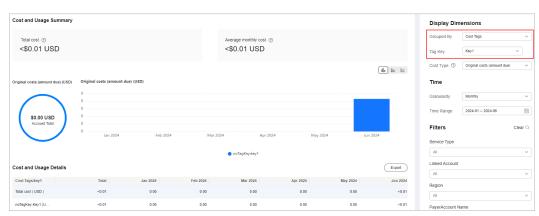
When adding tags to resources, you can add predefined tags by referring to **Adding Tags to Cloud Resources**.

If you want to associate tags with cloud resources in batches, see **Adding Tags to Resources**.

# **Step 4: Viewing Costs by Cost Tag**

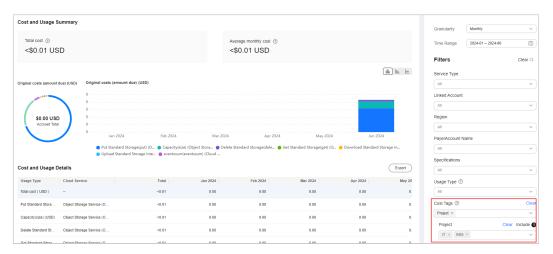
When viewing costs by cost tag, you are advised to summarize cost data based on amortized costs.

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Insights** > **Cost Analysis**.
- **Step 3** Set **Grouped By** to **Cost Tags**.
  - Group cost data by cost tag.



In this figure, costs for resources with the tag key **Key1** are displayed in the chart.

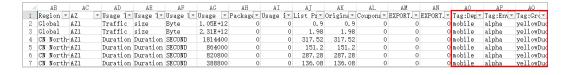
Filter cost data by cost tag.



In this figure, costs for resources with the tag key **Project** being **IT** and **beta** are displayed by service type in the chart.

• View cost details by cost tag.

Click **Export** to export the cost details file for original costs or amortized costs (file name for amortized costs: %*account name* %\_AmortizedCostDetailByUsage\_*YYYY-MM*). In the file, you can view cost details by cost tag.



----End

# 3.5 Viewing Costs By Cost Category

You can use cost categories to group costs by linked account, service type, bill type, cost tag, or enterprise project, or other custom rules you defined.

# Example

You need to allocate costs among departments A, B, and C.

 You can identify the responsible department for most of the costs by using the tags you attached to the specific resources. Suppose department A additionally deploys the CDN service, whose resources cannot be tagged, and all the departments share the Cloud Phone service.

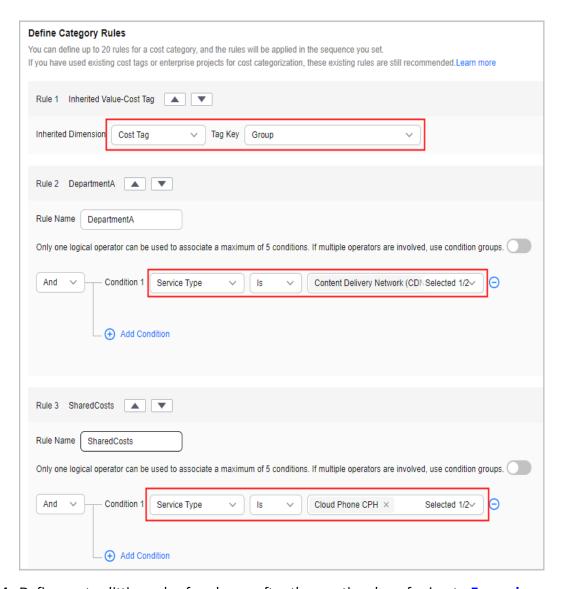
As mentioned earlier, you can use the tag key **Group** and tag values **Department A**, **Department B**, and **Department C** to group most of your costs, as shown in the following figure.

# Service Type = CDN Cost Tag = Department B Cost Tag = Department C Cloud Phone

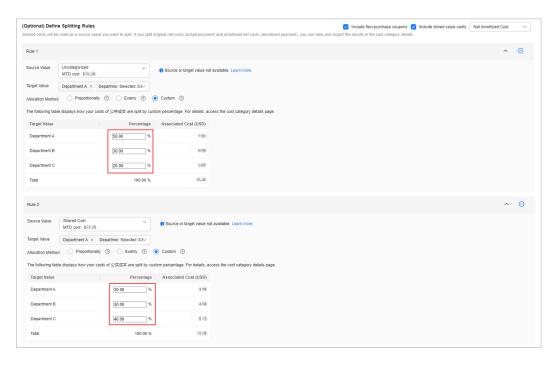
- 2. You need to create cost categories for further cost allocation. Four hours after the creation, you can define cost splitting rules to split the shared cost across those departments.
  - Select Custom for Allocation Method to split the unallocated cost, with 50% allocated to Department A, 30% to Department B, and 20% to Department C.
  - Select Custom for Allocation Method to split the shared cost, with 30% allocated to Department A, 30% to Department B, and 40% to Department C.

# **Step 1: Creating Cost Categories**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Organization** > **Cost Categories**.
- **Step 3** Create cost categories and configure their basic rules by referring to **Example**.



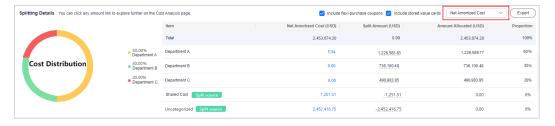
**Step 4** Define cost splitting rules four hours after the creation, by referring to **Example**.



----End

# **Step 2: Viewing Cost Details**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Categories**.
- **Step 3** Click the link to the name of a cost category to view the cost details.



In this figure, the net amortized cost is displayed for each proportion.

- **Net Amortized Cost**: the net amortized cost after costs are split based on defined rules
- **Split Amount**: the amount split from the shared cost. If the amount is negative, the corresponding cost is the split source.
- Amount Allocated: the amount actually allocated to each tag value. Amount Allocated = Net Amortized Cost + Split Amount
- Proportion: the percentage of an allocated cost to the total cost allocated

You can interpret the split amount for each department in the following way:

Department A
 Net cost amortized by cost tag: \$5.94 USD

Split amount for allocated shared cost and unallocated cost: 30% x 1251.51 + 50% x 2452416.75 = \$1,226,583.828 USD

Total amount allocated: 5.94 + 1,226,583.828 = \$1,226,589.768 USD

Department B

Net cost amortized by cost tag: \$0 USD

Split amount for allocated shared cost and unallocated cost:  $30\% \times 1251.51 + 30\% \times 2452416.75 = $736,100.478$  USD

Total amount allocated: 0 + 736,100.478 = \$736,100.478 USD

Department C

Net cost amortized by cost tag: \$0 USD

Split amount for allocated shared cost and unallocated cost: 40% x 1251.51 + 20% x 2452416.75 = \$490,983.954 USD

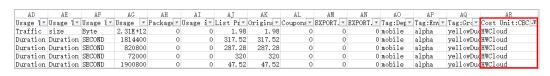
Total amount allocated: 0 + 490,983.954 = \$490,983.954 USD

Shared cost and unallocated cost

If they have all been split to Department A, Department B, and Department C, then the amount allocated is 0.

### **Step 4** View cost details by cost category.

Choose **Cost Details Export**. On the **Export to Local Directory** page, export the original or amortized cost details file (for example, *file name: %Account name %\_AmortizedCostDetailByUsage\_YYYY-MM*), and then you can view the cost details by cost category.



----End

# 4 Making Cost Analysis to Explore Costs and Usage

# 4.1 Introduction

To accurately control and optimize your costs, you need a clear understanding of what parts of your enterprise incurred different costs.

Cost Center visualizes your original costs or amortized costs in various dimensions and using different display filters for cost analysis so that you can analyze the trends and drivers of your service usage and costs from a variety of perspectives or within different defined scopes.

- Original costs are those recorded when the expenditures are generated.
- Amortized costs are those recorded when the revenues are obtained or the costs are generated.

You can also forecast your costs and usage to plan ahead.

For details about cost and usage information, access **Billing Center** and choose **Billing > Bills**, or access **Cost Analysis** in Cost Center.

Common cost analysis methods include:

**Preconfigured Analysis Reports** 

**Custom Analysis Reports** 

**Cost Tags** 

**Cost Details** 

**Forecasting** 

# 4.2 Preconfigured Analysis Reports

Cost Center comes with several report types preconfigured with commonly used data display filters. You can review these reports but cannot modify them.

# **Navigation Path for Viewing Preconfigured Reports**

**Cost Center > Cost Insights > Cost Analysis** 

# **Cost and Usage Reports**

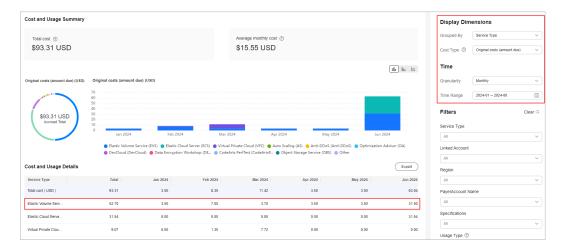
Cost and usage reports visualize costs across your Huawei Cloud services.

Table 4-1 Preconfigured reports

Report Name	Description
Multi-Dimensional MTD Costs	Shows your MTD original costs grouped in various different ways, helping you learn about your cost breakdowns and flows.
Monthly Costs by Service Type	Shows the monthly costs by service type. You can learn which types of services have had the highest original costs over the last six months.
Monthly Amortized Costs	Shows the monthly costs amortized over the last six months.
Daily Costs	Shows the daily original costs over the last three months and in the following one month.
Monthly Costs by Linked Account	Shows the monthly costs by linked account. You can learn the linked accounts with highest original costs over the last six months.
Monthly Costs by Enterprise Project	Shows the monthly original costs for each enterprise project over the last six months.
Monthly Costs by Cost Tag	Shows the monthly original costs by cost tags you selected over the last six months.
Monthly Costs by Cost Category	Shows the monthly original costs by cost categories you selected over the last six months.
Monthly Costs by Region	Shows the monthly original costs for each region over the last six months.
Pay-Per-Use ECS Monthly Costs and Usage	Shows the monthly original costs and usage of pay- per-use ECSs over the last six months.
Container Cost Insights	Shows the cost breakdowns and trends of CCE clusters by namespace or workload.

### **Multi-Dimensional MTD Costs**

## **Monthly Costs by Service Type**



## **Monthly Amortized Costs**

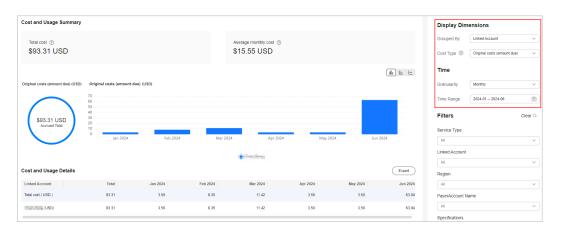
Amortized costs reflect the prepaid amounts amortized on a daily basis. For details about the amortization rules, see **Cost Amortization Rules**. Before the billing date, amortized costs displayed are only estimates.



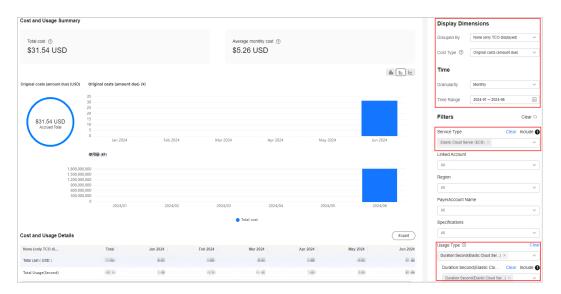
### **Daily Costs**



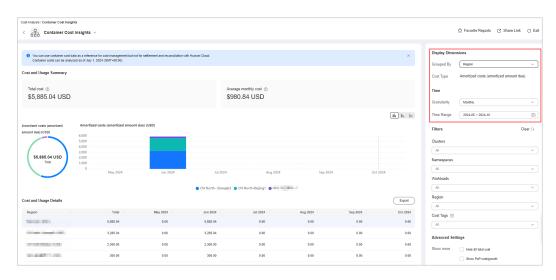
**Monthly Costs by Linked Account** 



## Pay-Per-Use ECS Monthly Costs and Usage



### **Container Cost Insights**



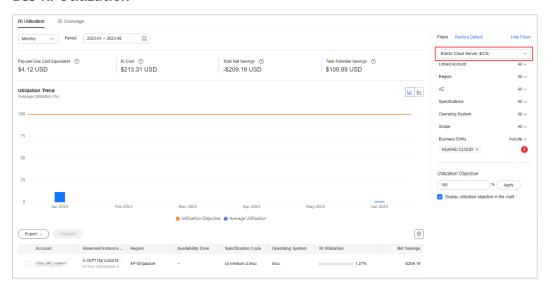
# **Reserved Instances**

RI reports show an intuitive display of your RI utilization and coverage.

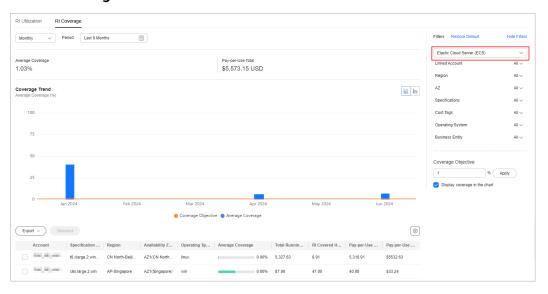
Table 4-2 RI reports

Report Name	Description
ECS RI Coverage	Combined coverage across all of your RIs, and how much of your RI usage is covered by reservations
ECS RI Utilization	Combined usage across all of your RIs, and how much you have saved by using RIs

### **ECS RI Utilization**



### **ECS RI Coverage**



# 4.3 Custom Analysis Reports

You can save your analysis results in a custom report so that you can run the same analysis again later if needed. If the preconfigured reports cannot meet your

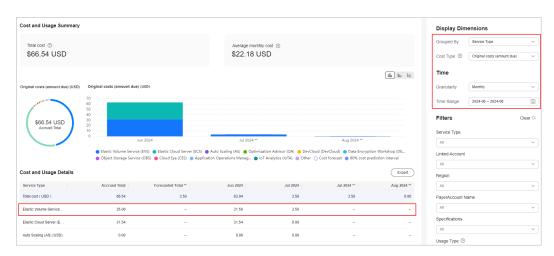
requirements, you can create custom reports by choosing a specific period of time, the aspects measured, display filters, and cost types.

## **Procedure**

Access the **Cost Analysis** page in Cost Center. For details, see **Viewing Cost Analyses**.

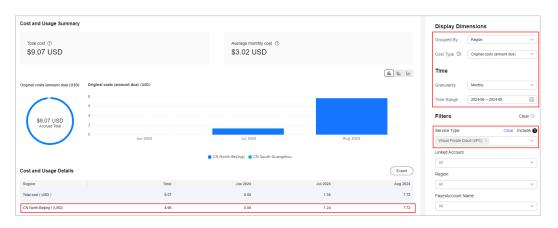
# Example

**Step 1** View the monthly cost data (June to August) by service type. In this example, EVSs incurred the highest costs.

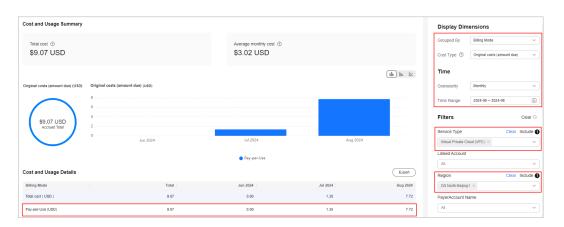


**Step 2** View the VPC costs by region.

In this example, most of the costs are from the CN North-Beijing1 region.



**Step 3** View the VPC costs by billing mode in a specific region (CN North-Beijing1). In this example, most of the costs are from the pay-per-use billing mode.



**Step 4** View other aspects of your cost data if needed.

### 

You can save the cost analyses summarized by different dimensions as custom reports.

### ----End

# Saving a Custom Report

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- Step 2 Choose Cost Insights > Cost Analysis.
- **Step 3** Configure filters on the **Cost Analysis** page.

For example, if you want to view the cost data of VPCs in CN North-Beijing1 grouped by billing mode, use the following configurations:

- Service Type: Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)
- Region: CN North-Beijing1
- Grouped By: Billing Mode

### Step 4 Click Save Report.

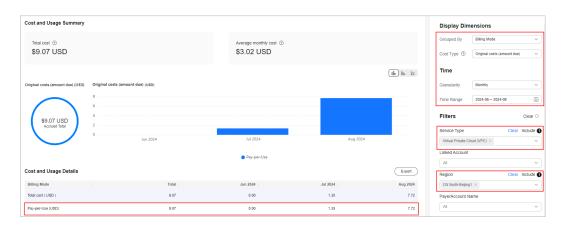


Step 5 Set the report name to VPC-CN North-Beijing1 and click OK.

### ----End

# **Using a Custom Report**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Insights** > **Cost Analysis**.
- **Step 3** Click the link of the report name **VPC-CN North-Beijing1**.
- **Step 4** Access the **Cost Analysis** page. The latest cost data is displayed based on the filter criteria in your report.



----End

# 4.4 Cost Tags

You or Huawei Cloud assigns tags to your cloud resources so the resources can be sorted in different ways, for example, by purpose, owner, or environment. You can use cost tags to manage resources and activate them to track your cloud costs.

# **Step 1: Adding Tags to Cloud Resources**

Adhere to the tag naming principles specified in **Principles for Naming Tags**.

Add tags to cloud resources by referring to Adding Tags.

If you want to associate tags with cloud resources in batches, see **Adding Tags to Resources**.

Generally, tags appear on the **Cost Tags** page 24 hours after their associated resources have generated expenditures.

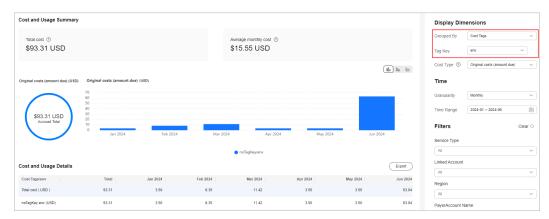
# **Step 2: Activating Tags**

Activate tags by referring to **Activating Cost Tags**. Only the activated tags can be viewed on the **Cost Analysis** and **Budgets** pages.

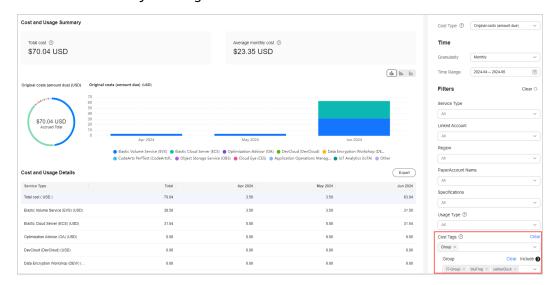
If you activate any cost tags, they can only be used for cost data incurred afterwards. If you want to use tags to analyze the cost data generated before tag activation, export the bill details file and analyze the data based on the **Resource Tag** field in the file.

# **Step 3: Viewing Costs by Cost Tag**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Insights** > **Cost Analysis**.
- **Step 3** Set **Grouped By** to **Cost Tags**.
  - Cost data grouped by cost tag



Cost data filtered by cost tag



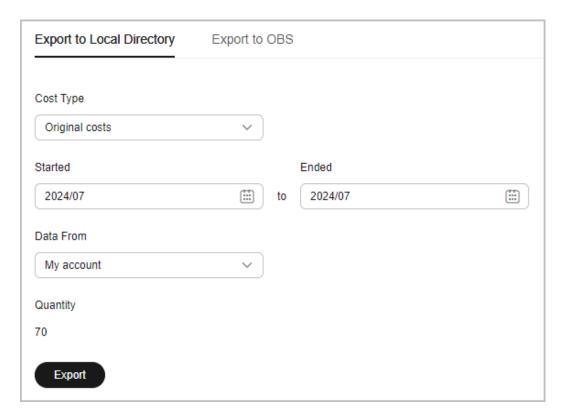
----End

# 4.5 Cost Details

You can check the data scope for exporting cost details in Cost Center. For details, see **Data Scope**.

# **Step 1: Exporting Cost Details**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Insights** > **Cost Details Export**.
- **Step 3** On the **Export to Local Directory** page, set the cost type, start time, end time, and data scope. Then, click **Export**.



----End

# Step 2: Obtaining the Exported File

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Export History**.
- **Step 3** Click **Download** in the **Operation** column.



----End

# **Step 3: Viewing Cost Details**

For details about the fields, see **Fields in Exported Amortized Cost Details** and **Fields in Exported Original Cost Details**.



# 4.6 Forecasting

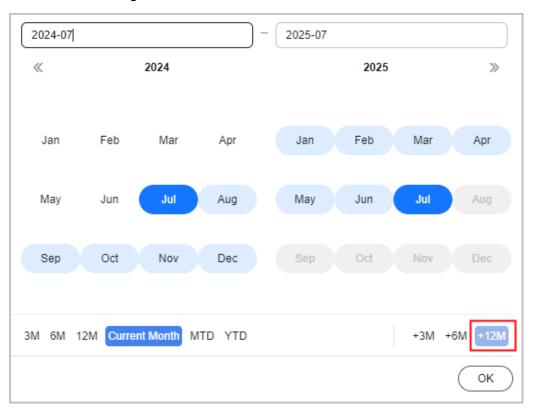
Cost Center helps you forecast costs and usage based on your historical Huawei Cloud costs and usage.

# **Example**

Suppose that you want to view the forecasted cost and usage data in next 12 months. As forecasts are only a best guess estimate of future costs, the forecasted billing amounts may differ from your actual expenditures for each billing cycle. For details, see **Cost and Usage Forecasting**.

# **Viewing Forecasted Data**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Insights** > **Cost Analysis**.
- Step 3 Click Create Custom Report under All Reports.
- **Step 4** Select the time range from **Current Month** to **+12M**.



**Step 5** Click **OK**. The following page is displayed:



The white bars represent the forecasted cost data for the next few months (including the current month). **Forecasted Total** indicates the total forecasted cost in the following 12 months.

----End

# Creating Forecasts and Budgets to Track Costs and Usage

# 5.1 Introduction

In Cost Center, you can create different types of budgets on the **Budgets** page to track your costs against the budgeted amount. If your actual or forecasted costs have exceeded the alert thresholds configured for your budget, the recipients you specified will receive budget alerts. You can also create budget reports and specify recipients to receive budget alerts on a schedule you set.

The following describes common methods that use budgets to track costs and usage:

- Creating Budgets and Configuring Alerts
- Using Reports to Track Your Budget

# 5.2 Creating Budgets and Configuring Alerts

You can set budget thresholds and configure alerts to track your daily, monthly, quarterly, and yearly costs or resource usage.

# Example

Suppose that you want to create a monthly budgeted amount of \$1,200 USD for pay-per-use ECSs, and to receive an alert if the forecasted amount exceeds 80% of the budgeted amount.

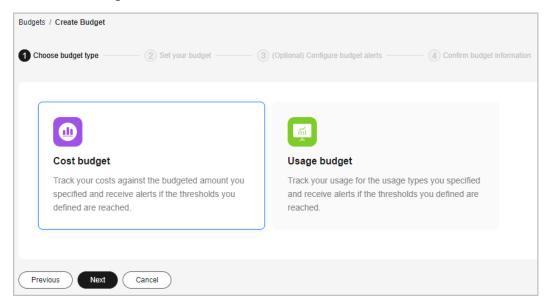
□ NOTE

Enable forecasting before creating a forecasting-based budget. For details, see Forecasting.

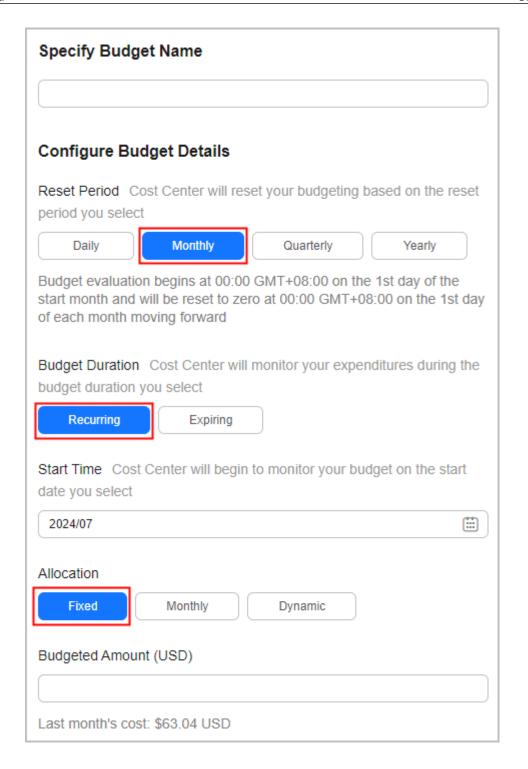
# Step 1: Creating a Budget

**Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.

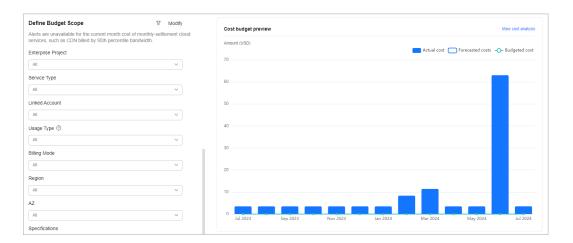
- **Step 2** Choose **Budget Management** > **Budgets**.
- Step 3 Click Create Budget.
- Step 4 Select Custom Budget and click Create Budget.
- **Step 5** Select **Cost budget** and click **Next**.



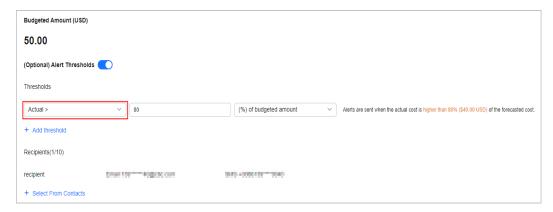
Step 6 Configure budget details.



**Step 7** Define the budget scope and click **Next**.



Step 8 Set alert thresholds and recipients, and click Next.



- **Actual cost** >: If the actual cost reaches a certain amount or a certain percentage of a budgeted amount, an alert will be reported.
- **Forecasted** >: If the forecasted cost reaches a certain amount or a certain percentage of a budgeted amount, an alert will be reported.

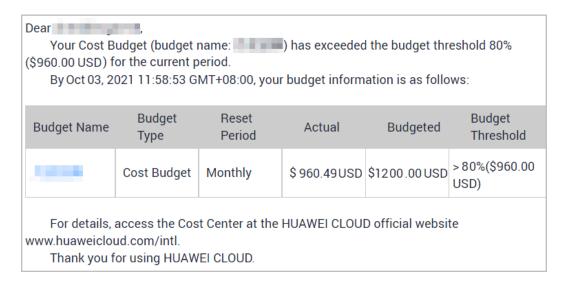
**Step 9** Confirm your budget settings and click **Save**.

----End

## **Step 2: Viewing Alerts**

If your forecasted cost exceeds the alert threshold (80% of the budgeted amount), an alert is generated. The following two options are available:

- SMS on the recipient's mobile phone
- Email in the recipient's mailbox



Upon receiving the alert, you can view your budget details:

Log in to Cost Center. Then, choose **Budgets**, and click the budget name link to view the budget details.

View cost analysis by performing the following step:

On the **View Budget** page, click **View cost analysis** to view the cost analyses of data over the time range you selected.

# 5.3 Using Reports to Track Your Budget

You can create a budget report so that Huawei Cloud will periodically generate and send the report to you on a schedule you set.

#### **Example**

Suppose that you want to create a monthly budgeted amount of \$1,200 USD for pay-per-use ECSs, and to receive an alert if the forecasted amount exceeds 80% of the budgeted amount.

□ NOTE

Enable forecasting before creating a forecasting-based budget. For details, see Forecasting.

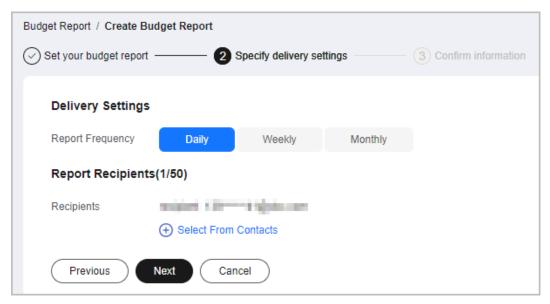
#### Step 1: Creating a Budget

For details, see **Step 1: Creating a Budget**.

#### Step 2: Creating a Budget Report

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Budget Management** > **Budget Reports**.
- **Step 3** Click **Create Budget Report** in the upper right corner of the page.

- **Step 4** Specify the report name, include the budget created in **Step 1: Creating a Budget**, and click **Next**.
- **Step 5** Set the delivery frequency, select the report recipients, and click **Next**.



#### **MOTE**

A maximum of 50 contacts can be selected for each alert. If you want to add or modify the recipient information, go to the **Recipient Management** page in the Message Center.

**Step 6** Confirm your budget report information and click **Save**.

----End

#### **Step 3: Viewing the Budget Status**

- View the SMS on the recipient's mobile phone.
- Access the recipient's mailbox and view the budget report.

# 6 Enabling Cost Anomaly Detection to Identify Anomalies

### 6.1 Introduction

Cloud costs are variable and cloud resources are scalable. After enterprises migrate their services to Huawei Cloud, one of the challenges they face is how to monitor unexpected expenditure spikes. Cost Center provides Cost Anomaly Detection to help you detect cost anomalies in a timely manner and analyze and track these anomalies when they occur.

**Enabling Cost Anomaly Detection to Identify Anomalies**: After you create a cost monitor, Cost Anomaly Detection will keep monitoring your costs within the time range covered. By using machine learning, Cost Anomaly Detection analyzes cost anomalies and identifies potential root causes based on forecasted amounts.

# 6.2 Enabling Cost Anomaly Detection to Identify Anomalies

Cost Anomaly Detection uses machine learning to analyze your historical pay-peruse and yearly/monthly expenditures, establish a specific expenditure model for you, and identify root causes for cost surprises based on forecasted amounts. With simple steps, Cost Anomaly Detection helps you quickly take action based on detected cost anomalies to keep to your original plan.

#### **Example**

Suppose you want to track anomalies in all your pay-per-use and yearly/monthly expenditures. The following detection rules apply:

- Pay-per-use expenditures: AI algorithms are used to intelligently identify unexpected expenditure spikes based on machine learning.
- Yearly/monthly expenditures: A cost anomaly is identified if the actual growth rate has increased by a certain percent over the previous billing cycle. Actual growth rate = (Actual cost for the current month – Cost for the previous month)/Cost for the previous month

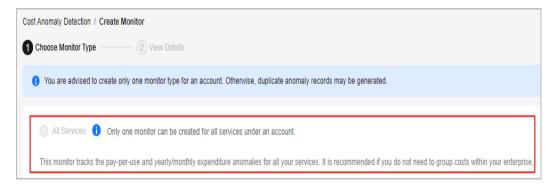
For example, you can set the percent to 10%.

#### 

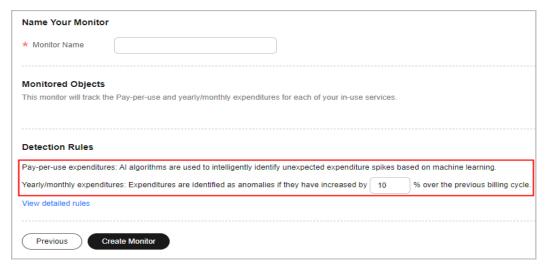
You can create monitors to monitor your costs by linked account, cost tag, or cost category as needed.

#### **Step 1: Creating a Monitor**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- **Step 2** Choose **Cost Insights** > **Cost Anomaly Detection**.
- Step 3 Click Create Monitor.
- Step 4 Select All Services.



#### **Step 5** Configure detection rules.



----End

# **Step 2: Viewing Anomaly History**

- **Step 1** Log in to Cost Center.
- Step 2 Choose Cost Insights > Cost Anomaly Detection. > Cost Monitors.
- **Step 3** View the cost anomalies reported. In the example shown in the following figure, one MTD anomaly has been reported.

To view all reported anomalies, click **View Anomaly History** in the **Operation** column of the monitor.

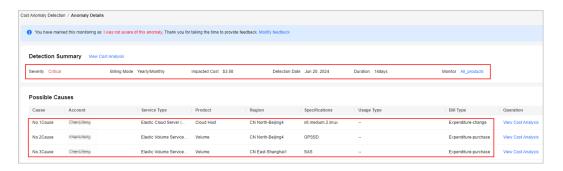


**Step 4** View the anomaly details. In this example, a cost anomaly in a yearly/monthly subscription was detected on June 20, 2024. The impact of this anomaly was \$3.50 USD, mainly involving Object Storage Service (OBS).

To view details about cost anomalies and the analyses of potential root causes, click the hyperlink of a specific detection date.



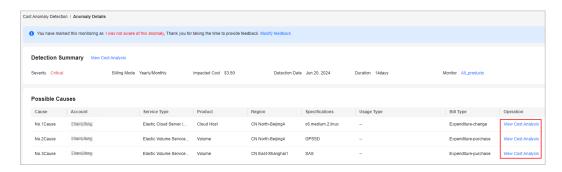
**Step 5** View the top 3 services that may cause the anomaly.



----End

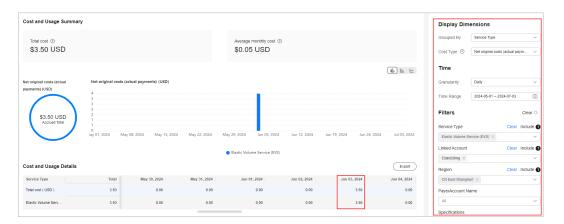
#### **Step 3: Analyzing Causes of Cost Anomalies**

**Step 1** Access the **Anomaly Details** page, locate a possible cause and click **View Cost Analysis** in the **Operation** column.



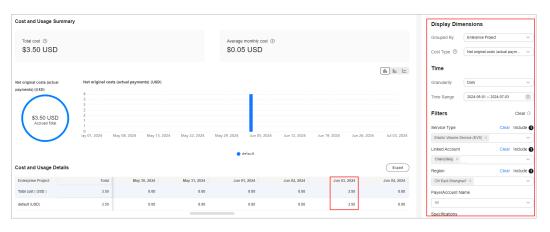
**Step 2** Navigate to the **Cost Analysis** page. Selected filters are automatically displayed.

In this example, a new purchase order line was generated for Elastic Volume Service (EVS) on June 3, 2024, costing \$3.50 USD. You need to check whether the new purchase was identified as an anomaly.



**Step 3** Group costs by **Enterprise Project** to view those enterprise projects involving cost anomalies.

In this example, the new purchase (costing \$3.50 USD) for Elastic Volume Service (EVS) on June 3, 2024 was not allocated to any specific enterprise project.



----End

# Changing Billing Modes to Optimize Costs

### 7.1 Introduction

The expenditures on cloud resources mainly depend on the unit price and resource usage. You can use advanced billing modes (such as yearly/monthly and reserved instances) to lower the unit price.

Cost Center analyzes the usage of pay-per-use resources and reserved instances and provides cost optimization options to reduce your Huawei Cloud costs.

Common cost optimization options include:

- Evaluating Cost Optimization Option of Changing the Billing Mode from Pay-per-Use to Yearly/Monthly
- Analyzing RI Utilization and Coverage

# 7.2 Evaluating Cost Optimization Option of Changing the Billing Mode from Pay-per-Use to Yearly/Monthly

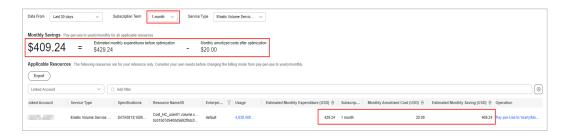
Cost Center provides the cost optimization option of changing the billing mode from pay-per-use to 1-month or 1-year subscription.

#### Procedure

Log in to Cost Center, and choose **Cost Optimization** > **Yearly/Monthly Subscriptions**. For details, see **Yearly/Monthly Subscriptions**.

#### Viewing Pay-per-Use Resources Suitable for 1-Month Subscription

Set **Subscription Term** to **1-month** to view the amortized costs of all resources whose costs can be optimized by changing the billing mode from pay-per-use to 1-month subscription.



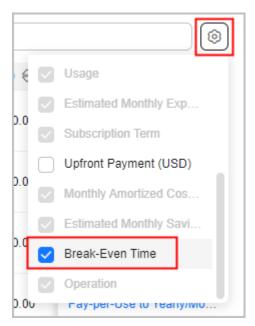
As shown in this figure, the monthly savings (730 hours/month) after the optimization are \$409.24 USD.

You can optimize the costs for the applicable resources by performing the following steps:

- 1. Click **Pay-per-Use to Yearly/Monthly** in the **Operation** column of an applicable resource to access its console.
- 2. Choose **More** > **Change Billing Mode** in the **Operation** column from the drop-down list.
- 3. Confirm the resource information as prompted, select the required duration, and pay for the order.

#### 

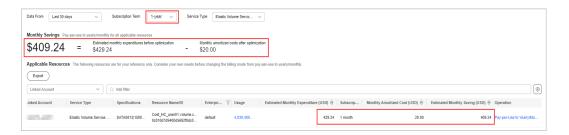
1. You can select **Break-Even Time** from the **Customize Column** drop-down list.



2. If the monthly savings are high and the break-even time is short, this cost optimization option is recommended.

## Viewing Pay-per-Use Resources Suitable for 1-Year Subscription

Set **Subscription Term** to **1-year** to view the amortized costs of all resources whose costs can be optimized by changing the billing mode from pay-per-use to 1-year subscription.



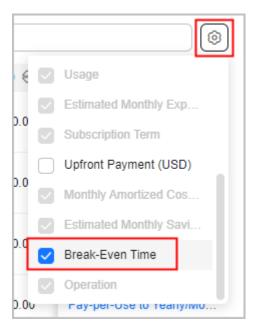
As shown in this figure, the monthly savings (730 hours/month) after the optimization are \$409.24 USD.

You can optimize the costs for the applicable resources by performing the following steps:

- 1. Click **Pay-per-Use to Yearly/Monthly** in the **Operation** column of an applicable resource to access its console.
- 2. Choose **More** > **Change Billing Mode** in the **Operation** column from the drop-down list.
- 3. Confirm the resource information as prompted, select the required duration, and pay for the order.

#### 

1. You can select **Break-Even Time** from the **Customize Column** drop-down list.



2. If the monthly savings are high and the break-even time is short, this cost optimization option is recommended.

# 7.3 Analyzing RI Utilization and Coverage

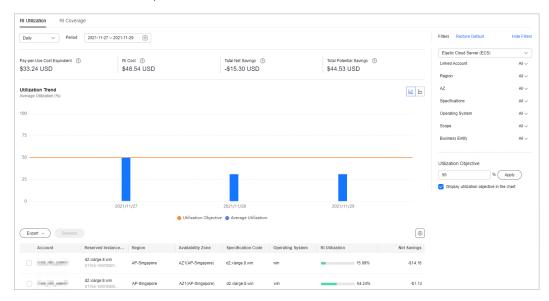
Cost Center allows you to view the actual utilization or coverage of reserved instances (RIs) in a specific period so that you can learn about the costs optimized by using RIs, and determine whether the RIs are fully used or whether you have purchased enough RIs.

#### Procedure

Log in to Cost Center, and choose **Cost Optimization** > **Reserved Instances**. For details, see **Reserved Instances**.

#### **Analyzing RI Utilization**

Suppose you want to view the usage of ECS RIs in the period from November 26, 2021 to November 29, 2021.

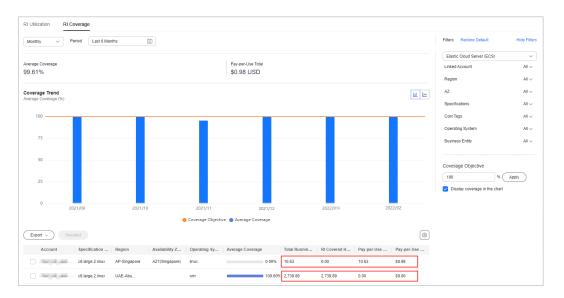


As shown in this figure:

- Pay-per-Use Cost Equivalent is \$33.24 USD, that is, the cost of ECSs billed on a pay-per-use basis is \$33.24 USD (calculated based on the list price) during this period.
- **RI Cost** is **\$48.54 USD**, that is, the total amortized costs of RIs during this period is \$48.54 USD.
- **Total Net Savings** is **\$-15.30 USD**, a negative amount, indicating no savings. In the bar chart, the daily RI utilization is less than 50%. To locate the cause, check whether the pay-per-use instance matches the RIs you purchased or whether you have purchased too many RIs.
- **Total Potential Savings** is **\$44.53 USD**, indicating that the potential saving is \$44.53 USD if all the RIs in this period are used up.

## **Analyzing RI Coverage**

Suppose you want to view the RI coverage of ECSs in the last six months.



#### As shown in this figure:

- In the AP-Singapore region, **Total Running Hours** of the pay-per-use resource is **10.63**, and **RI Covered Hours** of the resource is **0.00**. In this case, RI Coverage = RI Covered Hours/Total Running Hours x 100% = 0.00/10.63 x 100% = 0.00%. It indicates that the resource in this region has not been covered by the RIs. You can determine whether to purchase more RIs based on **Total Running Hours** and **Pay-per-Use Hours**. In this example, there is a small number of running hours for the resource in the last six months, and no RIs are needed.
- In the UAE-Abu Dhabi region, **Total Running Hours** of the pay-per-use resource is **2,739.89**, and **RI Covered Hours** of the resource is **2,739.89**. In this case, RI coverage = 2739.89/2739.89 x 100% = 100.00%. It indicates that the resource in this region has been fully covered by RIs.