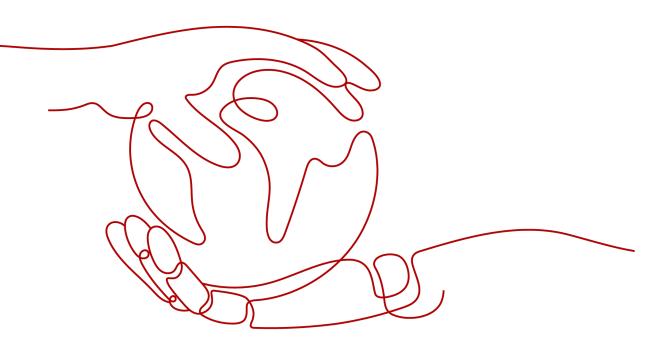
SecMaster

User Guide

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Service Overview

1.1 What Is SecMaster?

SecMaster is a next-generation cloud native **security operations center**. It enables integrated and automatic security operations through cloud asset management, security posture management, security information and incident management, security orchestration and automatic response, cloud security overview, simplified cloud security configuration, configurable defense policies, and intelligent and fast threat detection and response.

Why SecMaster?

- Comprehensive awareness on one screen: Alert incidents of security services are collected, associated, sorted, and made available for retrieval, enabling security operation situations to be comprehensively evaluated and dynamically displayed on a large screen.
- Global analysis on one cloud: SecMaster locates threats based on hundreds of millions of threat indicators every day, eliminates invalid alerts, and identifies potential advanced threats.
- Integrated global handling: The built-in alert processing playbooks enable minute-level automatic response to more than 99% security incidents.

1.2 Product Advantages

Refined Indicators and Intuitive Situation Display

You can view the security overview on the large screen in real time and periodically subscribe to security operation reports to know the core security indicators.

Cloud Native Asset Stocktaking and Risk Prevention

All assets and security configurations on the cloud are automatically checked, and automatic hardening is provided to help you fix risky assets and insecure

configurations. This avoids implicit channels and security device vulnerabilities introduced by traditional bolted-on security solutions.

Intelligent and Efficient Threat Detection, Response, and Handling

SecMaster focuses on finding true threats. By analyzing billions of security logs daily and leveraging the years of experience accumulated, SecMaster utilizes builtin models and analysis playbooks to reduce the interference from normal incidents. Threat and asset security profiling enables restoration of the entire attack chain. Risk handling playbooks can be configured for automatic response, simplifying operations and improving security and efficiency.

Environment Integration and Operational Collaboration for Ultimate Flexibility

You can connect to all security products, devices, and tools to connect data and operations (Bidirectional interconnection is supported). You can also define your own response models and analysis/handling playbooks to best meet your security requirements. You can use workspaces to enable large-scale organization collaboration and MSSP (Managed Security Service Provider) services.

1.3 Application Scenarios

The principle of cloud security is "30% R&D + 70% Operations". The "70% Operations" is where SecMaster is applied. The specific application scenarios of SecMaster are as follows:

Routine Security Operation

Inspect check items and implement the security operation process to achieve security objectives. Identify and mitigate risks, and continuously improve the process to prevent risk recurrence.

Key Incident Assurance

Provide 24/7 assurance during major festivals, holidays, activities, and conferences through attack defense to ensure service availability.

Security Drills

Provides security assurance in the attack defense drills organized by regulatory institutions through intrusion prevention, helping organizations pass the assessments in the drills.

Security Evaluation

Perform the white box baseline test, black box attack surface assessment, and attack vector detection before key incidents or drills to identify vulnerabilities.

1.4 Functions

Based on cloud native security, SecMaster provides a comprehensive closed-loop security response process that contains log collection, security governance, intelligent analysis, situation awareness, orchestration, and response, helping you protect cloud security.

Security Overview

The Security Overview page gives you a comprehensive view of your asset security posture together with other linked cloud security services to centrally display security assessment findings.

Function Module	Description
Security Overview	• Security Score: A security score shows the overall health status of your workloads on the cloud so you can quickly learn of unhandled risks and their threats to your assets. The lower the security score, the greater the overall asset security risk.
	• Security Monitoring : You can view how many threats, vulnerabilities, and compliance violations that are not handled and view their details.
	• Security Scores over the Time: You can view the trend of the asset health scores for the last seven days.

Table 1-1 Functions

Workspace Management

Workspaces are top-level workbenches in SecMaster. A single workspace can be bound to common projects, to support workspace operation modes in different application scenarios.

Table 1-2	unctions
-----------	----------

Function Module	Description
Workspaces	• Workspace management: Workspaces are top-level workbenches in SecMaster. A single workspace can be bound to projects and regions to support workspace operational modes in different scenarios.

Security Governance

Table 1-3 Functions

Function Module	Function
Security Governance	 Compliance packs SecMaster provides security governance templates, including detailed terms, scan policies, compliance evaluation items, and improvement suggestions from experts. These templates covers PCI DSS, ISO 27701, ISO 27001, privacy protection, and other standards. You can subscribe to and unsubscribe from compliance packs and view results.
	 Policy-based checks SecMaster periodically checks the compliance status of cloud assets through policy-as-code-based scanning. You can view compliance risks on the dashboard, and obtain corresponding improvement suggestions from our experts.
	 Self-assessment check items SecMaster integrates regulatory clauses and standard requirements into compliance pack check items. You complete evaluation of your services using the compliance pack, and view evaluation results. You can also view historical results, upload and download evidence, and take actions based on suggestions from our experts.
	 Visible compliance results SecMaster displays the evaluation results and compliance status on the dashboard, including the compliance rates of the compliance packs you subscribed to, and the compliance rate of each term the regulations and standards, each security, as well as the policy check results.

Purchased Resources

Purchased Resources centrally displays the resources purchased by the current account, making it easier for you to manage them in one place.

Table	1-4	Functions
Iable	1-4	i unctions

Function Module	Description
Purchased Resources	You can view resources purchased by the current account on the Purchased Resources page and manage them centrally.

Security Situation

You can view the security overview on the large screen in real time and periodically subscribe to security operation reports to know the core security indicators.

Table 1-5 Function

Function Module	Description
Situation Overview	• Security Score: A security score shows the overall health status of your workloads on the cloud so you can quickly learn of unhandled risks and their threats to your assets. The lower the security score, the greater the overall asset security risk.
	• Security Monitoring : You can view how many threats, vulnerabilities, and compliance violations that are not handled and view their details.
	• Security Scores over the Time: You can view the trend of the asset health scores for the last seven days.
Large Screen	SecMaster leverages AI to analyze and classify massive cloud security data and then displays real-time results on a large screen. In a simple, intuitive, and efficient way, you will learn of what risks your cloud environment are facing and how secure your cloud environment is. NOTE The large screen function needs to be applied for separately.
Security Reports	You can generate analysis reports and periodically send them to specified recipients by email. In this way, all recipients can learn about the security status of your assets in a timely manner.
Task Center	All tasks that need to be processed are displayed centrally.

Resource Manager

Resource Manager supports centralized management of assets on the cloud and assets outside the cloud and displays their security status in real time.

Function Module	Description
Resource Manager	SecMaster can synchronize the security statistics of all resources. So that you can check the name, service, and security status of a resource to quickly locate security risks.

Risk Prevention

Risk prevention provides baseline check and vulnerability management functions to help you check cloud security configurations in accordance with many security standards. You will know where vulnerabilities are located in the entire environment.

Table 1-7 Functions

Function Module	Description
Baseline Inspection	SecMaster can scan cloud baseline configurations to find out unsafe settings, report alerts for incidents, and offer hardening suggestions to you.
Vulnerabilities	SecMaster automatically synchronizes vulnerability scan result from Host Security Service (HSS), displays vulnerability scan details by category, and provides vulnerability fixing suggestions.
Security Policies	SecMaster supports centralized management of defense and emergency policies.

Threat Operations

SecMaster provides many threat detection models in the Threat Operations module to help customers detect threats from massive security logs and generate alerts. Beyond that, it provides built-in security response playbooks to help automatically analyze and handle alerts, and automatically harden security defense lines and security configurations.

Function Module	Description
Incidents	SecMaster centrally displays incident details and allows you to manually or automatically convert alerts into incidents.
Alerts	This module provides unified data class (security operations objects) management and built-in alert reporting standards. Alerts of other cloud services such as HSS, WAF, and DDoS Mitigation are integrated and centrally displayed.
Indicators	This module provides unified data class (security operation objects) management and built-in threat intelligence indicator library. Security indicators from other cloud services can be accessed, and custom rules for extracting indicators are supported.

Table 1-8 Functions

scription
dels are supported to scan log data in pipelines. If Master detects data that hits the trigger in a model, Master generates an alert.
 Query and analysis Search and analysis: Supports quick data search and analysis, quick filtering of security data for security survey, and quick locating of key data. Statistics filtering: SecMaster supports quick analysis and statistics of data fields and quick data filtering based on the analysis result. Time series data supports statistics collection by default time partition, allowing data volume trend to be quickly spotted. SecMaster supports analysis, statistics, and sorting functions, and supports quick building of security analysis models. Visualization: Data analysis is visualized to intuitively reflect service structure and trend, so that you can create custom analysis reports and analysis indicators easily. Data delivery: SecMaster can deliver data to other pipelines or other cloud products in real time so that you can store data or consume data with other systems. Data consumption: SecMaster provides streaming communication interfaces for data consumption and production and data pipelines that are integrated in SDKs. You can use SDKs to integrate data across systems and customize data consumers and producers. SecMaster provides consumers and producers.

Security Orchestration

Security Orchestration supports playbook management, process management, data class management (security entity objects), and asset connection management. You can also customize playbooks and processes.

Security Orchestration allows you to flexibly orchestrate security response playbooks through drag-and-drop according to your service requirements. You can also flexibly extend and define security operation objects and interfaces.

Function Module	Description
Objects	This module helps centrally manage operation objects such as data classes, data class types, and categorical mappings.
Playbooks	This module supports full lifecycle management of playbooks, workflows, asset connections, and instances.
Layouts	This module provides a visualized low-code development platform. In this module, you can create custom layout of pages for security analysis reports, alert management, incident management, vulnerability management, baseline management, and threat indicator library management.
	NOTE You need to separately apply for the security orchestration function in the value-added package.
Plugins	Plug-ins used in the security orchestration process can be managed centrally.

Table 1-9 Functions

Data Collection

Collects varied log data in multiple modes. After data is collected, historical data analysis and comparison, data association analysis, and unknown threat discovery can be quickly implemented.

Function Module	Description
Data Collection (Collections and Components)	Logstash is used to collect varied log data in multiple modes. After data is collected, historical data analysis and comparison, data association analysis, and unknown threat discovery can be quickly implemented.

Data Integration

Integrates security ecosystem products for associated operations or data interconnection. After the integration, you can search for and analyze all collected logs.

Table 1-11 Fu	unctions
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Function Module	Description
Data Integration	SecMaster provides a preset log collection system. You can enable access to logs of other cloud services in just a few clicks. You can search and analyze all collected logs in SecMaster.

Directory Customization

You can customize directories as needed.

Function Module	Description
Directory Customization	You can view in-use directories and change their layouts.

1.5 Experience Packages

1.5.1 Preconfigured Playbooks

In security orchestration module, SecMaster provides preconfigured playbooks. You can use them without extra settings.

Preconfigured Playbooks

Securit y Layer	Playbook Name	Description	Data Class
Server security	HSS alert synchronization	Automatically synchronizes HSS alerts generated for servers.	Alert
	Auto High-Risk Vulnerability Notification	Sends email or SMS notifications to specified recipients when vulnerabilities rated as high severity are discovered.	Vulner ability
	Attack Link Analysis Alert Notification	Analyzes attack links. If HSS generates an alert for a server, the system checks the website running on the server. If the website information and alert exist, the system sends an alert notification.	Alert

 Table 1-13 Built-in playbooks

Securit y Layer	Playbook Name	Description	Data Class
	Server vulnerability notification	Checks servers with EIPs bound on the resource manager page and notifies of discovered vulnerabilities.	Comm onCon text
	HSS Isolation and Killing of Malware	Automatically isolates and kills malware.	Alert
	Mining host isolation	Isolates the server for which an alert of mining program or software was generated. The playbook also adds the server into a security group that allows no inbound or outbound traffic.	Alert
	Ransomware host isolation	Isolates the server for which an alert of ransomware was generated. The playbook also adds the server into a security group that allows no inbound or outbound traffic.	Alert
	Host Defense Alarms Are Associated With Historical Handling Information	Associates new HSS alerts with HSS alerts handled earlier and adds historical handling details to the comment area for the corresponding HSS alerts.	Alert
	Add host asset protection status notification	Checks new servers and notifies you of servers unprotected by HSS.	Resour ce
	HSS High-Risk Alarm Interception Notification	Checks HSS high-risk alarms and generates to-do task notifications for source IP addresses that are not blocked by security groups. The to-do tasks will be reviewed manually. Once confirmed, the source IP addresses will be added to VPC block policy in SecMaster.	Alert
	Automated handling of host Rootkit event attacks	If a Rootkit alert is generated, this playbook automatically isolates the affected host by adding it to a security group that blocks all inbound and outbound traffic, and closes the alert.	Alert
	Automated handling of host rebound Shell attacks	If a reverse shell alert is generated, this playbook automatically isolates the affected host by adding it to a security group that blocks all inbound and outbound traffic, and closes the alert.	Alert

Securit y Layer	Playbook Name	Description	Data Class
ApplicaSecMaster WAtionAddress GroupsecurityAssociation Pol		Associates SecMaster and WAF blacklist address groups for all enterprise projects.	Comm onCon text
	WAF clear Non- domain Policy	Checks WAF protection policies at 09:00 every Monday and deletes policies with no rules included.	Comm onCon text
	Application Defense Alarms Are Associated With Historical Handling Information	Associates new WAF alerts with WAF alerts handled earlier and adds historical handling details to the comment area for the new alerts.	Alert
	Web login burst interception	Checks IP addresses that establish brute- force login connections. If the IP addresses are not whitelisted, the workflow generates a to-do task. The do-to task will be reviewed manually. Once it is confirmed that the IP addresses should be blocked, the IP addresses will be added to a WAF block policy in SecMaster.	Alert
O&M security			Alert
Identity security	Identity Defense Alarms Are Associated With Historical Handling Information	Associates new IAM alerts with IAM alerts handled earlier and adds historical handling details to the comment area for the new alerts.	Alert
Networ k security	Network Defense Alarms Are Associated With Historical Handling Information	Associates new CFW alerts with CFW alerts handled earlier and adds historical handling details to the comment area for new alerts.	Alert
Others/ General	Automatic Notification of High-Risk Alerts	Sends email or SMS notifications when there are alerts rated as High or Fatal.	Alert

Securit y Layer	Playbook Name	Description	Data Class
	Alert metric extraction	Extracts IP addresses from alerts, checks the IP addresses against the intelligence system, sets alert indicators for confirmed malicious IP addresses, and associates the indicators with the source alerts.	Alert
	Automatic Disabling of Repeated Alerts	Closes the status of duplicate alerts when they are generated next time for the last 7 days and associates the alerts with the same name for the last 7 days.	Alert
	Automatic renaming of alert names	Generates custom alert names by combining specified key fields.	Alert
	Alert IP metric labeling	Adds attack source IP address and attacked IP address labels for alerts.	Alert
	IP intelligence association	Associates alerts with SecMaster intelligence (preferred) and ThreatBook intelligence.	Alert
	Asset Protection Status Statistics Notification	Collects statistics on asset protection status every week and sends notifications to customers by email or SMS.	Comm onCon text
	Alert statistics Notify	At 19:00 every day, collects statistics on alerts that are not cleared and sends notifications to customers by email or SMS.	Alert
	Auto Blocking for High-risk Alerts	If a source IP address launched more than three attacks, triggered high-risk or critical alerts, and hit the malicious label in ThreatBook, this playbook triggers the corresponding security policies in WAF, VPC, CFW, or IAM to block the IP address.	Alert
	Automatic clearing of low- risk alerts	This playbook automatically clear low- risk and informative alerts.	Alert
	CFW Synchronizes Black IP Addresses to Intelligence	This playbook synchronizes the IP address blacklist configured in CFW to the Indicators page in SecMaster.	Comm onCon text

Securit y Layer	Playbook Name	Description	Data Class
	WAF Synchronizes Black IP Addresses to Intelligence	This playbook synchronizes the IP address blacklist configured in WAF to the Indicators page in SecMaster.	Comm onCon text

1.6 Billing

Billing Items

The SecMaster professional edition is billed based on the purchased asset quota and optional value-added packs.

Table 1-14 Billing items

Editi on	Billing Item	Description	
Profe	Asset quota	Billed based on purchased asset quotas.	
al Pay-per- billing	Pay-per-use billing	Enabled or disabled at any time and billed for usage by the hour.	
Valu e- adde d	Large screen	Billed based on usage duration. Enabled at additional cost . There is an additional fee for Large Screen functions.	
a Intelligent analysis quota Security orchestratio n	Billed based on the actual traffic usage. Enabled at additional cost. There is an additional fee for extra intelligent search and analysis based on what you purchase.		
	orchestratio	Billed based on the actual number of use times. Enabled at additional cost. There is an additional fee for extra security orchestration and response based on what you purchase.	

Billing Modes

SecMaster is billed in pay-per-use mode. In this mode, you are billed for usage duration by the hour. This mode allows you to enable or disable the SecMaster service at any time.

Changing Billing Options

• Changing asset quotas

If the number of your assets increases, you can increase the asset quotas in the same billing mode. A scale-down of purchased quotas is not supported.

Enabling value-added packages

You can pay an extra fee to have the plus features, such as Large Screen, Intelligent Analysis, and Security Orchestration.

NOTICE

The **Large Screen**, **Intelligent Analysis**, and **Security Orchestration** in the valueadded packages are plus features of the professional edition. To use them, purchase the professional edition first.

1.7 Permissions Management

If you need to assign different permissions to employees in your enterprise to access your SecMaster resources, Identity and Access Management (IAM) is a good choice for fine-grained permissions management. IAM provides identity authentication, permissions management, and access control, helping you secure access to your resources.

With IAM, you can use your account to create IAM users, and assign permissions to the users to control their access to specific resources. For example, you can use policies to grant different permissions to software developers in your enterprises to allow them to only use SecMaster but not perform certain high-risk operations, such as deletion of SecMaster data.

If your account does not need individual IAM users for permissions management, then you may skip over this chapter.

IAM is free. You pay only for the resources in your account. For more information about IAM, see **IAM Service Overview**.

SecMaster Permissions

By default, new IAM users do not have any permissions assigned. You can add a user to one or more groups to allow them to inherit the permissions from the groups to which they are added.

SecMaster is a project-level service deployed and accessed in specific physical regions. To assign permissions to a user group, specify the scope as region-specific projects and select projects for the permissions to take effect. If **All projects** is selected, the permissions will take effect for the user group in all region-specific projects. To access SecMaster, the users need to switch to a region where they have been authorized to use cloud services.

You can grant users permissions by using roles and policies.

 Roles: A type of coarse-grained authorization mechanism that defines permissions related to users responsibilities. Only a limited number of servicelevel roles for authorization are available. When using roles to grant permissions, you also need to assign dependency roles. Roles are not ideal for fine-grained authorization and secure access control. Policies: A type of fine-grained authorization mechanism that defines permissions required to perform operations on specific cloud resources under certain conditions. This mechanism allows for more flexible policy-based authorization and meets secure access control requirements. For example, you can grant SecMaster users only the permissions for managing a certain type of resources.

 Table 1-15 lists all SecMaster system permissions.

Policy Name	Description	Туре
SecMaster FullAccess	All permissions of SecMaster.	System- defined policy
SecMaster ReadOnlyAccess	SecMaster read-only permission. Users granted with these permissions can only view SecMaster data but cannot configure SecMaster.	System- defined policy

Table 1-15 System-defined	d permissions supporte	d by SecMaster
---------------------------	------------------------	----------------

Roles or Policies Required for Operations on the SecMaster Console

If you grant the **region-level** SecMaster FullAccess permission to an IAM user, you still need to grant the IAM user the permissions to create agencies and configure agency policies when authorizing SecMaster on its console. The details are as follows.

Table 1-16 Roles or	policies required	l for SecMaster conso	ole operations
---------------------	-------------------	-----------------------	----------------

Console Function	Dependent Service	Role/Policy Required
Service authorization	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	If an IAM user has been assigned the region-level SecMaster FullAccess permission, you need to grant the permissions for creating agencies and configuring agency policies to the IAM user. For details, see Granting Permissions to an IAM User .

Granting Permissions to an IAM User

SecMaster is a project-level service deployed and accessed in specific physical regions. So, during authorization, you need to select **Region-specific projects** for **Scope** first. Then, you can specify specific projects for which you want the permission to work.

After SecMaster FullAccess is granted to an IAM user for a region-level project, you need to grant global action permissions to the IAM user because SecMaster

depends on other cloud service resources. The permissions to be added are as follows:

{			
-	"∖	/er	sion": "1.1",
	"S	itat	tement": [
		{	
		Ľ	"Effect": "Allow",
			"Action": [
			"iam:roles:listRoles",
			"iam:agencies:listAgencies",
			"iam:permissions:checkRoleForAgencyOnDomain",
			"iam:permissions:checkRoleForAgencyOnProject",
			"iam:permissions:checkRoleForAgency",
			"iam:agencies:createAgency",
			"iam:permissions:grantRoleToAgencyOnDomain",
			"iam:permissions:grantRoleToAgencyOnProject",
			"iam:permissions:grantRoleToAgency"
			J
		}	
]		
}			

iam:permissions:grantRoleToAgencyOnDomain, iam:permissions:grantRoleToAgency,

iam:permissions:grantRoleToAgencyOnProject, and **iam:agencies:createAgency** are permissions required for using SecMaster. You need to grant such permissions when you authorize SecMaster. They are not mandatory for IAM users. Configure them as required. The authorization details are as follows:

- Unauthorized: Only the account used to create the IAM user can authorize SecMaster. If an IAM user attempts to authorize SecMaster, an error message will be displayed.
- Authorized: Both IAM users and the account used to create them can authorize SecMaster.

1.8 SecMaster and Other Services

This topic describes SecMaster and its linked services.

Security Services

SecMaster aggregates security event records from other security services such as Host Security Service (HSS) and Web Application Firewall (WAF). SecMaster then uses big data mining and machine learning to intelligently analyze and identify attacks and intrusions, helping you understand the attack and intrusion processes. SecMaster also provides helpful protective measures for you.

Elastic Cloud Server (ECS)

SecMaster detects threats to your ECSs with linked service HSS, comprehensively displays ECS security risks, and provides protection suggestions.

1.9 Basic Concepts

1.9.1 SOC

A security operations center (SOC) is a centralized function or team that checks all activities on endpoints, servers, databases, network applications, websites, and other systems around the clock to detect potential threats in real time. It aims to improve enterprise cybersecurity posture by prevention, analysis, and responses of cybersecurity events. A SOC also obtains latest threat intelligence to keep up-to-date information about threat groups and infrastructure. As a proactive defense system, a SOC always identifies and handles vulnerabilities in services systems or processes before attackers exploit them. Most SOCs run around the clock, seven days a week. Some cross-countries/regions enterprises or organizations may also rely on Global Security Operations Centers (GSOCs) to learn of global security threats and coordinate detection and response across local SOCs.

What a SOC Does

A SOC team has the following responsibilities to help prevent, respond to, and recover services from attacks.

• Asset and tool inventory

To eliminate blind spots in protection, a SOC needs to know every asset that needs to be protected and all tools used to protect them in the organization. This means a SOC needs to cover all databases, cloud services, identities, applications, and clients across on-premises data centers and clouds. A SOC also needs to know all security solutions used in the organization, for example, firewalls, anti-malware, anti-ransomware, and monitoring software.

• Reducing attack surface

A key responsibility of a SOC is to reduce the attack surface of the organization. To do this, SOC needs to maintain an exhaustive inventory of all workloads and assets, apply security patches to software and firewalls, identify misconfigurations, and discover and add new assets as they come online. SOC team members are also responsible for researching emerging threats and analyzing risks. This helps the SOC keep ahead of the latest threats.

• Continuous monitoring

A SOC team uses a security analysis solution to monitor the entire environment, covering on-premises, cloud, applications, networks, and devices, all day to detect abnormal or suspicious behavior. The solution can be a security information enterprise management (SIEM), security orchestration, automation, and response (SOAR), and extended detection and response (XDR) solution. These tools collect telemetry data, aggregate the data, and, in some cases, automate incident responses.

• Threat intelligence

A SOC also uses data analysis, external sources, and product threat reports to gain an in-depth insight into attacker behavior, infrastructure, and motives. This intelligence provides a comprehensive view of what is happening across the Internet and helps the team understand how groups work. With this information, the SOC can quickly detect threats and enhance the responses to emerging risks.

• Threat detection

SOC teams use the data generated by the SIEM and XDR solutions to identify threats. This first step is to filter out false positives from real issues. They then prioritize threats by severity and potential impact on services.

• Log management

A SOC also collects, maintains, and analyzes log data generated by each client, operating system, VM, local application, and network incident. SOC's analysis helps establish a baseline for normal activity and reveals anomalies that may indicate malware, ransomware, or viruses.

• Incident response

Once an online attack is identified, the SOC quickly takes actions to limit the damage to the organization with as little impacts on services as possible. Those actions may include shutting down or isolating affected clients and applications, suspending compromised accounts, removing infected files, and running anti-virus and anti-malware software.

• Recovery and remediation

After an attack, a SOC is responsible for restoring organization's services to its original state. The team will erase and reconnect the disk, identity, email, and clients, restart the application, switch to the backup system, and restore data.

Root cause investigation

To prevent similar attacks from happening again, the SOC conducts a thorough investigation to identify vulnerabilities, ineffective security processes, and other experiences that led to the incident.

• Security refinement

A SOC uses any intelligence gathered during an incident to fix vulnerabilities, improve processes and policies, and update the security roadmap.

• Compliance management

A key part of a SOC's responsibility is to ensure that applications, security tools, and processes comply with privacy regulations, such as *PCI DSS Security Compliance Package, ISO 27701 Security Compliance Package,* and *ISO 27001 Security Compliance Package.* The team regularly reviews the system to ensure compliance and to make sure that regulators, law enforcement, and customers are notified of data breaches.

Key Roles in a SOC

Based on the scale of an organization, a typical SOC includes the following roles:

• Incident response director

This role, which is typically planned in very large organizations, is responsible for coordinating detection, analysis, containment, and recovery during a security incident. They also manage communication with corresponding stakeholders.

• SOC manager

A SOC manager oversees the SOC. They are responsible for reporting to the Chief Information Security Officer (CISO). Their responsibilities include supervising personnel, running services, training new employees and managing finance.

• Security engineer

Security engineers are responsible for operating of the organization's security system. This includes designing security architectures and researching, implementing, and maintaining security solutions.

• Security analyst

A security analyst is the first responder in a security incident. They are responsible for identifying threats, prioritizing threats, and then taking actions to contain damage. During an online attack, they may need to isolate infected hosts, clients, or users. In some organizations, security analysts are graded based on the security severity of the threats they are responsible for addressing.

• Threat hunter

In some organizations, the most experienced security analysts are called threat hunters. They identify and respond to advanced threats that are not detected by automated tools. This role is proactive and designed to deepen the organization's understanding of known threats and reveal unknown threats before attacks actually occur.

• Forensics analyst

Large organizations may also hire forensic analysts who are responsible for collecting intelligence to determine the root causes of violations. They search for system vulnerabilities, violations against security policies, and cyber attack patterns that may be useful in preventing similar intrusions in the future.

Types of SOCs

There are several ways for organizations to set up their SOCs. Some organizations choose to build dedicated SOCs with full-time employees. This type of SOC can be internal, with a physical local location, or can be virtual, with employees coordinating their work remotely using digital tools. Many virtual SOCs have both contract workers and full-time employees. An outsourced SOC, also called "managed SOC" or "SOC as a service", is run by a managed security service provider who is responsible for preventing, detecting, investigating, and responding to threats. An organization may also use a combination of internal employees and a managed security service provider. This way is called a comanaged or hybrid SOC. Organizations use this approach to increase the influence of their employees. For example, if they do not have threat investigators, it may be easier to hire third parties than to equip them internally.

Importance of a SOC Team

A strong SOC can help enterprises, governments, and other organizations stay ahead of an evolving online threat landscape. It is not an easy task. Both attacks and defense communities often develop new technologies and strategies, and it takes time and efforts to manage all changes. A SOC can leverage its understanding of the broader cybersecurity environment and of internal weaknesses and service priorities to help organizations develop a security roadmap that meets long-term business needs. SOCs can also limit the impact of attacks on services. Since they are continuously monitoring the network and analyzing alert data, they are more likely to detect threats earlier than other teams scattered among other priorities. Through regular training and welldocumented processes, SOCs can quickly handle current incidents, even under great pressure. This can be difficult for teams that do not have a round-the-clock focus on secure operations.

Benefits of a SOC

By unifying the personnel, tools, and processes to protect an organization from threats, a SOC helps the organization defend against attacks and breaches more effectively and efficiently.

• Strong security situation

Improving the security of an organization is a job that has no ends. It requires continuous monitoring, analysis, and planning to discover vulnerabilities and master changing technologies. If several tasks have the same priority, it is more likely to ignore security and focus on tasks that seem more urgent.

A centralized SOC helps make sure that processes and technologies are improved continuously, reducing the risk of successful attacks.

Compliance with privacy laws and regulations

In different industries, countries, and regions, there are many regulations that govern the collection, storage, and use of data. Many regulations require organizations to report data breaches and detect personal data upon user requests. Developing appropriate processes and procedures is as important as having the right technology. SOC members help organizations comply with these regulations by taking responsibility for keeping technology and data processes up to date.

• Swift incident responses

How quickly cyber attacks can be detected and prevented is critical. With appropriate tools, personnel, and intelligence, vulnerabilities can be curbed before they cause any damage. But bad actors are also smart, they may hide in the system to steal massive amount of data and escalate their permissions before anyone notices. A security incident is also a very stressful thing, especially for those who lack experience in incident response.

With unified threat intelligence and well-documented procedures, a SOC team can quickly detect, respond to, and recover from attacks.

• Reduced breach costs

A successful intrusion can be very expensive for organizations. It may lead to a long downtime before service recovery. Some organizations may lose customers or find it difficult to win new customers shortly after an incident. By acting ahead of attackers and responding quickly, a SOC helps organizations save time and money when they return to normal operations.

Best Practices for SOC Teams

With so many things to be responsible for, a SOC must effectively manage to achieve expected results. Organizations with strong SOCs implement the following security practices:

• Service-aligned strategy

Even the most well-funded SOC has to decide where to spend its time and money. Organizations usually conduct risk assessments first to identify the aspects that are most vulnerable to risks and the greatest business opportunities. This helps to determine what needs to be protected. A SOC also needs to know the environment where the assets are located. Many enterprises have complex environments, with some data and applications onpremises and some distributed across clouds. A strategy helps determine whether security professionals need to be available at all hours every day and whether it is better to set up an in-house SOC or to use professional services.

• Talented, well-trained employees

The key to an effective SOC lies in highly skilled and progressive employees. The first step is to find the best talent. However, this can be tricky as the market for security personnel is really competitive. To avoid skill gaps, many organizations try to find people with a variety of expertise, including systems and intelligence monitoring, alert management, incident detection and analysis, threat hunting, ethical hacking, cyber forensics, and reverse engineering. They also deploy technologies that automate tasks to make smaller teams more efficient and improve the output of junior analysts. Investing in regular training helps organizations keep key employees, fill skills gaps, and develop employees' careers.

• End-to-end visibility

An attack may start with a single client, so it is critical for the SOC to understand the entire environment of the organization, including anything managed by a third party.

• Right tools

There are so many security incidents that teams can be easily overwhelmed. Effective SOCs invest in excellent security tools that work well together and use AI and automation to report major risks. Interoperability is the key to avoiding coverage gaps.

SOC Tools and Technologies

• Security information and event management (SIEM)

One of the most important tools in a SOC is a cloud-based SIEM solution, which aggregates data from multiple security solutions and log files. With threat intelligence and AI, these tools help SOCs detect evolving threats, accelerate incident response, and act before attackers.

• Security orchestration, automation and response (SOAR)

A SOAR automates periodic and predictable actions, response, and remediation tasks, freeing up time and resources for more in-depth investigations and hunting.

• Extended detection and response (XDR)

XDR is a service-oriented software tool that provides comprehensive and better security by integrating security products and data into simplified solutions. Organizations use these solutions to proactively and effectively address an evolving threat landscape and complex security challenges across clouds. Compared with systems such as endpoint detection and response (EDR), XDR expands the security scope to integrate protection across a wider range of products, including organization's endpoints, servers, cloud applications, and emails. On this basis, XDR combines prevention, detection, investigation, and response to provide visibility, analysis, correlated incident alerts, and automated response to enhance data security and combat threats.

• Firewall

A firewall monitors incoming and outgoing network traffic and allows or blocks the traffic based on the security rules defined by the SOC.

• Log management

A log management solution is usually part of a SIEM. It logs all alerts from each software, hardware, and client running in the organization. These logs provide information about network activities.

• Vulnerability management

Vulnerability management tools scan the network to help identify any weaknesses that attackers may exploit.

• User and entity behavior analytics (UEBA)

User and entity behavior analytics (UEBA) is built in many modern security tools. UEBA uses AI to analyze data collected from varied devices to establish a baseline of normal activity for each user and entity. When an event deviates from the baseline, it will be marked for further analysis.

SOC and SIEM

Without a SIEM, a SOC will be difficult to accomplish its tasks. Today's SIEM provides the following functions:

- Log aggregation: A SIEM collects log data and associates alerts. Analysts can use the information to detect and search for threats.
- Context: SIEM collects data across all technologies in the organization, so it helps connect points between individual incidents and identify sophisticated attacks.
- Alert reduction: A SIEM uses analytics and AI to correlate alerts and identify the most serious incidents, reducing the number of false positives.
- Automatic response: A SIEM uses built-in rules to identify and prevent possible threats without human interaction.

NOTE

It is also important to note that a SIEM alone is not enough to protect the organization. Users need to integrate a SIEM with other systems, define parameters for rule-based detection, and evaluate alerts. So it is critical to define the SOC strategy and hire the appropriate staff.

SOC Solution

There are multiple solutions that can be used to help a SOC protect the organization. The best solution works together with other security services to provide complete coverage across on-premises and multiple clouds. Our company provides a comprehensive solution to help SOCs narrow the gap in protection coverage and give a 360-degree view of your environment. SecMaster integrates the detection and response solution to provide analysts and threat hunters with the data they need to find and contain cyber attacks.

FAQs

1. What does a SOC team need to do?

A SOC team monitors servers, devices, databases, network applications, websites, and other systems to detect potential threats in real time. The team performs proactive security efforts. They keep abreast of the latest threats and discover and resolve system or process vulnerabilities before attackers exploit them. If an organization is being attacked, the SOC team is responsible for eradicating the threat and restoring the system and backup as needed.

2. What are the key components in a SOC?

A SOC consists of people, tools, and processes that help protect the organization from cyber attacks. To achieve its objectives, an SOC performs the following functions: inventory of all assets and security techniques, routine maintenance and preparation, continuous monitoring, threat detection, threat intelligence, log management, incident response, recovery and remediation, root cause investigation, security optimization, and compliance management.

3. Why do organizations need strong SOCs?

A strong SOC helps organizations manage security more efficiently and effectively through unified defense, threat detection tools, and security processes. Organizations with SOCs can improve their security processes, respond to threats faster, and better manage compliance than those without SOCs.

4. What are the differences between a SIEM and a SOC?

A SOC consists of the personnel, processes, and tools responsible for protecting organizations from cyber attacks. A SIEM is one of the many tools used by a SOC to maintain visibility and respond to attacks. A SIEM aggregates logs and uses analytics and automation to reveal credible threats to SOC members who decide how to respond.

1.9.2 Security Overview and Situation Overview

Security Risk

A security risk is a comprehensive evaluation of your assets, reflecting the security level of your assets within a period of time by a security score. A security score is for your reference to learn about the security situation of your assets.

Security Score

SecMaster displays the overall security assessment results of your assets on the cloud in real time and evaluates your overall asset security health score.

The security score is automatically updated at 02:00 every day. You can also click **Check Again** to update it immediately.

This following part describes how your security score is calculated.

• Security Score

SecMaster evaluates the over security posture of your assets based on the SecMaster edition you are using.

- There are six risk severity levels, **Secure**, **Informational**, **Low**, **Medium**, **High**, and **Critical**.
- The score ranges from 0 to 100. The higher the security score, the lower the risk severity level.
- The security score starts from **0** and the risk severity level is escalated up from **Secure** to the next level every 20 points. For example, for scores ranging from **40** to **60**, the risk severity is **Medium**.

- The color keys listed on the right of the chart show the names of donut slices. Different color represents different risk severity levels. For example, the yellow slice indicates that your asset risk severity is **Medium**.
- If you have fixed asset risks and refreshed the alert status, you can click **Check Again** to update the security score.

D NOTE

After risks are fixed, manually ignore or handle alert incidents and update the alert incident status in the alert list. The risk severity can be down to a proper level accordingly.

Severit y	Security Score	Description
Secure	100	Congratulations. Your assets are secure.
Informa tional	80 ≤ Security Score < 100	Your system should be hardened as several security risks have been detected.
Low	60 ≤ Security Score < 80	Your system should be hardened in a timely manner as too many security risks have been detected.
Medium	40 ≤ Security Score < 60	Your system should be hardened, or your assets will be vulnerable to attacks.
High	20 ≤ Security Score < 40	Detected risks should be handled immediately, or your assets will be vulnerable to attacks.
Critical	0≤ Security Score <20	Detected risks should be handled immediately, or your assets may be attacked.

 Table 1-17
 Security score table

• Unscored check items

The following table lists the security check items and corresponding points.

Table 1-18 Unscored check items

Ca	ategory	Unscored Item	Unscored Point	Suggestion	Maximu m Unscored Point
of	nabling security rvices	Security-related services not enabled	No points deducted	Enable security- related services.	30

Category	Unscored Item	Unscored Point	Suggestion	Maximu m Unscored Point
Complianc e Check	Critical non- compliance items not fixed	10	Fix compliance violations by referring	20
	High-risk non- compliance items not fixed	5	recommended fixes and start a scan again. The security score will be updated.	
	Medium-risk non-compliance items not fixed	2		
	Low-risk non- compliance items not fixed	0.1		
Vulnerabili ties	Critical vulnerabilities not fixed	10	Fix vulnerabilities by referring corresponding suggestions and start a scan again. The security score	20
	High-risk vulnerabilities not fixed	5		
	Medium-risk vulnerabilities not fixed	2	will be updated.	
	Low-risk vulnerabilities not fixed	0.1		
Threat Alerts	Critical alerts not fixed	10	Fix the threats by referring to the	30
	High-risk alerts not fixed	5	suggestions. The security score will be updated	
	Medium-risk alerts not fixed	2	accordingly.	
	Low-risk alerts not fixed	0.1		

1.9.3 Workspaces

Workspace

Workspaces are top-level workbenches in SecMaster. A workspace can be bound to common projects, enterprise projects, and regions for different application scenarios.

Data Space

A data space is a unit for data grouping, load balancing, and flow control. Data in the same data space shares the same load balancing policy.

Data Pipelines

A data transfer message topic and a storage index form a pipeline.

1.9.4 Alert Management

Threat Alerts

In general, threat alerts refer to threats that, due to natural, human, software, or hardware reasons, are detrimental to information systems or cause negative effects on the society. In SecMaster, threat alerts are detected security incidents that threaten asset security through big data technology.

Incidents

An incident is a broad concept. It can include but is not limited to alerts. It can be a part of normal system operations, exceptions, or errors. In the O&M and security fields, an incident usually refers to a problem or fault that has occurred and needs to be focused on, investigated, and handled. An incident may be triggered by one or more alerts or other factors, such as user operations and system logs.

An incident is usually used to record and report historical activities in a system for analysis and audits.

Alerts

An alert is a notification of abnormal signals in O&M. It is usually automatically generated by a monitoring system or security device when detecting an exception in the system or networks. For example, when the CPU usage of a server exceeds 90%, the system may generate an alert. These exceptions may include system faults, security threats, or performance bottlenecks.

Generally, an alert can clearly indicate the location, type, and impact of an exception. In addition, alerts can be classified by severity, such as critical, major, and minor, so that O&M personnel can determine which alerts need to be handled first based on their severity.

The purpose of an alert is to notify related personnel in a timely manner so that they can make a quick response and take measures to fix the problem. When SecMaster detects an exception (for example, a malicious IP address attacks an asset or an asset has been hacked into) in cloud resources, it generates an alert and displays the threat information on the **Alerts** page in SecMaster.

1.9.5 Security Orchestration

Classification and Mapping

Classification and mapping are to perform class matching and field mapping for cloud service alerts.

Security Orchestration

Security orchestration is a process that combines security capabilities (applications) and manual checks based on certain logical relationships to complete a specific security operations procedure. Security functions of different security operations systems or components are encapsulated through programmable interfaces (APIs) during this process.

Security orchestration is a collaborative work mode that integrates various capabilities related to security operations, such as tools/technologies, workflows, and personnel.

Playbooks

A playbook is a formal expression of the security operations process in the security orchestration system. It converts the security operations process and regulations into machine-read workflows.

Playbooks embody the logic of security controls and schedule security capabilities. Playbooks are flexible and scalable. They can be modified and extended based on actual requirements to adapt to ever-changing security threats and service requirements.

Workflows

A workflow is a collaborative work mode that integrates various capabilities related to security operation, such as tools, technologies, workflows, and personnel. It consists of multiple connected components. After defined in a workflow, these components can be triggered externally. For example, when a new service ticket is generated, the automatic service ticket review workflow is automatically triggered. You can use the visual canvas to define component actions for each node in a workflow.

A workflow determines how security controls respond when a playbook is triggered. Workflows convert instructions and procedures in the corresponding playbook into specific actions and execution steps.

Relationship Between Playbooks and Workflows

• Relationship: A playbook provides guidance and rules for secure operations, and its workflow is responsible for converting these rules into specific execution steps and actions. A playbook and its workflow depend on each other. The playbook guides the execution of the workflow, while the workflow implements the intent and requirements of the playbook. Differences: There are also some differences between playbooks and workflows. First, playbooks focus more on defining and describing security operations processes and regulations, so they focus on the overall framework and policies. Workflows focus more on specific actions and execution steps, so they focus on how to convert requirements in playbooks into actual actions. Second, playbooks are flexible and scalable, and can be modified and extended as required. However, workflows are relatively fixed. Once the design is complete, they need to follow the specified steps.

Example: Take a specific cyber security incident response case as an example. When an organization suffers from a cyber attack, the security orchestration system first identifies the attack type and severity based on the preset playbook. Then, the system automatically triggers corresponding security controls based on the workflow defined in the playbook, such as isolating the attacked system, collecting attack data, and notifying the security team. During the process, playbooks and workflows work closely to ensure the accuracy and timeliness of security responses.

Plug-in Management

- Plug-in: an aggregation of functions, connectors, and public libraries. There are two types of plug-ins: custom plug-ins and commercial plug-ins. Custom plug-ins can be displayed in marts or used in playbooks.
- Plug-in set: a set of plug-ins that have the same service scenario.
- Function: an executable function that can be selected in a playbook to perform a specific behavior in the playbook.
- Connector: connects to data sources and sends security data such as alerts and incidents to SecMaster. Connectors are classified into incident-triggered connectors and scheduled connectors.
- Public library: a public module that contains API calls and public functions that will be used in other components.

Asset Connections

An asset connection includes the domain name and authentication parameters required by each plug-in node in the security orchestration process. During security orchestration, each plug-in node transfers the domain name to be connected and the authentication information, such as the username, password, and account AK/SK, to establish connections.

Relationship Between Asset Connections and Plug-ins

Plug-ins access other cloud services or third-party services through domain names and authentication. So, domain name parameters (endpoints) and authentication parameters (username/password, account AK/SK, etc.) are defined in the login credential parameters of plug-ins. An asset connection configures login credential parameters for a plug-in. In a workflow, each plug-in node is associated with different asset connections so that the plug-in can access different services.

Instance Monitoring

After a playbook or workflow is executed, a playbook or workflow instance is generated in the instance management list for monitoring. Each record in the

instance monitoring list is an instance. You can view the historical instance task list and the statuses of historical instance tasks.

1.9.6 Security Analysis

Producer

A producer is a logical object used to construct data and transmit it to the server. It stores data in message queues.

Subscriber

A subscriber is used to subscribe to SecMaster pipeline messages. A pipeline can be subscribed to by multiple subscribers. SecMaster distributes messages through subscribers.

Consumer

A consumer is a running entity that receives and processes data. It consumes and processes messages in the SecMaster pipeline through subscribers.

Message Queue

A message queue is the container for data storage and transmission.

Threat Detection Model

A threat detection model is a trained AI recognition algorithm model. A threat detection model can automatically aggregate, analyze, and generate alerts for specific threats. This type of model has good generalization and anti-evasion capabilities. They can work in different service systems to defend against sophisticated emerging attacks.

2 Buying SecMaster

2.1 Buying SecMaster

Scenarios

This topic describes how to buy SecMaster.

Buying SecMaster

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** On the **Security Overview** page, click **Buy SecMaster** in the upper right corner.
- **Step 4** (Optional) Obtain purchase authorization.

Access authorization is required only when first time you buy the service. SecMaster needs your authorization to obtain the ECS asset details. On the **Access Authorization** slide-out panel displayed, select **Agree** and click **OK**.

Step 5 On the purchase page, configure parameters by referring to the following table.

Table 2-1 Parameters for	r buying SecMaster
--------------------------	--------------------

Parameter	Description
Billing Mode	Select Pay-per-use . From the time when the service is enabled to the time when the service is canceled, you are billed for the actual duration by the hour.
Region	Select the region where your cloud resources are located.
Edition	Select Professional .

Parameter	Description	
Quota	The quota indicates the maximum number of servers that require protection.	
	The total ECS quota must be greater than or equal to the total number of hosts within your account. This value cannot be changed to a smaller one after your purchase is complete.	
	NOTE	
	• The maximum quota is 10,000.	
	 If some of your ECSs are not protected by SecMaster, threats to them cannot be detected in a timely manner, which may result in security risks, such as data leakage. To prevent this, increase the ECS quota upon an increase of the host asset quantity. 	
Large Screen	Enable Large Screen if you want to buy this function.	

- **Step 6** Confirm the product details and click **Next**.
- **Step 7** After confirming that the order details are correct, read the *SecMaster Disclaimer*, select "I have read and agree to the SecMaster Disclaimer", and click **Pay Now**.
- **Step 8** On the payment page, select a payment method and complete the payment.

----End

Verification

After the payment is successful, you can view the SecMaster edition you have purchased on the **Purchased Resources** page on the management console.

2.2 Purchasing Value-Added Packages

Scenario

In addition to the professional edition, SecMaster also provides value-added features for you to choose. This topic describes how to purchase a value-added package.

Limitations and Constraints

• The value-added package is an additional payment item for the professional edition. To use the value-added package, you need to purchase the professional edition first.

Purchasing a Pay-per-Use Value-added Package

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Purchased Resources**. On the page that is displayed, click **Buy Value-added Package** in the upper right corner.

Step 4 On the **Buy SecMaster** page, configure SecMaster parameters.

Parameter	Description	
Billing Mode	Select Pay-per-use .	
Region	Select your region.	
Configuration	The configuration of the current SecMaster edition.	
Large Screen	 Buy now: Toggle on the button next to Large Screen if you need to buy the large screen function. (Enabled: Buy later: Retain the unchanged. 	
ISAP	 Buy now: Select Buy now next to ISAP. Buy later: Select Buy later. 	
Security OrchestrationBuy now: Select Buy now .• Buy later: Select Buy later .		
TagTMS's predefined tag function is recommended for adding the same tag to different cloud resources. You can also create tag when purchasing SecMaster.		

Table 2-2 Parameters for purchasing a value-added package

- **Step 5** Confirm the product details and click **Next**.
- **Step 6** After confirming that the order details are correct, read the *SecMaster Disclaimer*, select "I have read and agree to the SecMaster Disclaimer", and click **Pay Now**.
- **Step 7** On the payment page, select a payment method and complete the payment.

----End

2.3 Increasing Quotas

Scenario

SecMaster allows you to increase **ECS Quota** and change required duration at any time after you make a purchase.

Limitations and Constraints

- The ECS quota is the total number of servers you authorize SecMaster to check. The maximum ECS quota cannot exceed 10,000.
- When buying SecMaster, ensure that the total ECS quota is greater than or equal to the total number of ECSs under the current account. Otherwise, threats may not be detected in a timely manner if unauthorized hosts are attacked, increasing risks such as data leakage.

in Pay-per-Use Mode

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Purchased Resources**. Then, click **Increase Quota**.
- **Step 4** On the purchase page, view the current configuration and specify **ECS Quota**.

Note that you only need to increase quotas for ECSs you expect to add.

- Step 5 Click Pay Now.
- **Step 6** Return to the SecMaster console. You can start to protect the newly added hosts based on the increased quota.

----End

2.4 Unsubscribing from SecMaster

Scenario

If you no longer need SecMaster, you can unsubscribe from it or cancel it in just a few clicks.

Limitations and Constraints

- In the **pay-per-use** professional edition, when you unsubscribe from or cancel the asset quota of the professional edition, the value-added package is also unsubscribed or canceled.
- After unsubscribing from SecMaster, you need to manually release the following resources:
 - If you have enabled data collection, you need to manually release the ECSs used for data collection. For details, see *Elastic Cloud Server User Guide*.
 - If you have enabled data collection, you need to manually release the VPCEP nodes you used to connect and manage the collection nodes. For details, see VPC Endpoint User Guide.

Canceling Pay-per-Use SecMaster Resources

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** Click **Professional** in the upper right corner. The edition management window is displayed.
- **Step 4** In the row of the SecMaster edition purchased in pay-per-use billing mode, click **Cancel** to release the purchased SecMaster resources.

Go to the edition management window and verify that the subscription to resources billed on a pay-per-use basis is canceled.

----End

Unsubscribing from a Plus Features

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** Click **Professional** in the upper right corner. A window for you to manage SecMaster assets will be displayed.
- **Step 4** Click **Cancel** to release the pay-per-use asset quota. Go to the edition management window and verify that the pay-per-use asset quota is canceled.

----End

3 Authorizing SecMaster

Scenario

SecMaster depends on some other cloud services. To better use SecMaster, you can authorize SecMaster to perform some operations on some cloud services on your behalf. For example, you can allow SecMaster to execute scheduling tasks and manage resources.

Your authorization is required first time you try to use SecMaster.

Prerequisites

- The IAM account has been authorized. For details, see **How Do I Grant Permissions to an IAM User?**
- You have purchased SecMaster.

Authorizing SecMaster

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**.

Figure 3-1 Workspaces

SecMaster	Management 💿
Security Overview Workspaces Management Purchased Resources	Come Come Come Come Come Come Come Come
Security Governance V	Conversion Income Region c Project Method New Incomes 0 ValenceSL 0 Indicators 0 Assets 0 Security A 0 Indicators 0 Projection 0 Projection 0 Projections 0

Step 4 (Optional) In the upper part of the workspace management page, click **Entrusted Service Authorization - Current Tenant**.

The service authorization page is automatically displayed the first time you log in.

Step 5 On the page for assigning permissions, select all required permissions (which are selected by default), select **Agree to authorize**, and click **Confirm**.

----End

4 Viewing Security Overview

On the **Security Overview** page, SecMaster displays the overall security assessment result of your assets in real time. SecMaster works together with other cloud security services to centrally display security assessment and monitoring results, as well as your cloud security scores over time.

You can view the overall security assessment result by workspace, as well as view the assessment results of all workspaces.

- **Security Overview**: This page displays the overall security assessment results of all your workspaces in real time. You can follow the procedure provided below to check the results.
- Security Situation > Situation Overview: This page displays the security assessment results of the current workspace. For more details, see Checking the Situation Overview.

Viewing the Security Overview Page

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Overview**.
- **Step 4** On the **Security Overview** page, you can view the security overview of your assets and perform related operations. The **Security Overview** page consists of the following modules:
 - Security Score
 - Security Monitoring
 - Your Security Score over Time

The following table describes the reference periods and update frequency of the modules.

Paramete r	Statis tical Perio d	Update Frequency	Description
Security Score	Real- time	 Automatic update at 02:00 every day Updated every time you click Check Again 	The score is calculated based on what security services are enabled, and the levels and numbers of unhandled configuration issues, vulnerabilities, and threats. For more details, see Security Score .
Threat Alarms	Last 7 days	Every 5 minutes	Total number of alerts in all SecMaster workspaces of your account.
Vulnerabil ities	Last 7 days	Every 5 minutes	Total number of vulnerabilities in all SecMaster workspaces of your account.
Abnormal Baseline Settings	Real- time	Every 5 minutes	Total number of abnormal baseline settings in all SecMaster workspaces of your account.
Your Security Score over Time	Last 7 days	Every 5 minutes	Security scores in the last seven days.

Table 4-1 Security Overview

----End

Security Score

The security score shows the overall health status of your workloads on the cloud so you can quickly learn of unhandled risks and their threats to your assets.

- The security score is automatically updated at 02:00 every day. You can also click **Check Again** to update it immediately.
- The score ranges from 0 to 100. A larger score indicates a lower risk and a more secure asset. For details about the security scores, see Security Score.
- Different color blocks in the security score ring chart indicate different severity levels. For example, yellow indicates that your security is medium.
- The security score is updated when you refresh status of the alert incident after risk handling. After you fix the risks, you can click **Check Again** so that SecMaster can check and score your system again.

NOTE

After risks are fixed, manually ignore or handle alert incidents and update the alert incident status in the alert list. The risk severity can be down to a proper level accordingly.

• The security score reflects the security situation of your system last time you let SecMaster check the system. To obtain the latest score, click **Check Again**.

Security Monitoring

The **Security Monitoring** area includes **Threat Alarms**, **Vulnerabilities**, and **Abnormal Baseline Settings**, which sort risks that have not been handled.

Parameter	Description	
Threat Alarms	This panel displays the unhandled threat alerts in all workspace of the current account for the last 7 days . You can quickly learn of the total number of unhandled threat alerts and the number of vulnerabilities at each severity level. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.	
	Risk severity levels:	
	 Critical: There are intrusions to your workloads, and you should view alert details and handle the alert in a timely manner. 	
	 High: There are abnormal incidents on your workloads, and you should view alert details and handle the alert in a timely manner. 	
	 Others: There are risky incidents that are marked as medium-risk, low-risk, and informational alerts detected in your systems, and you should view alert details and take necessary actions. 	
	 To quickly view details of top 5 threat alerts for the last 7 days, click the Threat Alarms panel. 	
	 You can view details of those threats, including the threat alert name, severity, asset name, and discovery time. 	
	 If no data is available here, no threat alerts are generated for the last 7 days. 	

Table 4-2 Security	Monitoring	parameters
--------------------	------------	------------

Parameter	Description	
Vulnerabilities	This panel displays the top five vulnerability types and the total number of unfixed vulnerabilities in your assets in all workspaces of your account for the last 7 days . You can quickly learn of the total number of unfixed vulnerabilities and the number of vulnerabilities at each severity level. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.	
	Risk severity levels:	
	 High: There are vulnerabilities on your workloads, and you should view vulnerability details and handle them in a timely manner. 	
	 Medium: There are abnormal incidents on your workloads, and you should view vulnerability details and handle the vulnerability in a timely manner. 	
	 Others: There are risky incidents that are marked as low-risk or informational in your systems, and you should view vulnerability details and take necessary actions. 	
	• When you click the Top 5 Vulnerability Types tab, the system displays the five vulnerability types with the most affected servers.	
	 Vulnerability rankings are based on the number of hosts a vulnerability affects. The vulnerability ranked the first affects the most hosts. 	
	- The data is displayed in Top 5 Vulnerability Types only when the hosts have Host Security Service (HSS) Agent version 2.0 installed. If no data is displayed or you want to view top 5 vulnerability types, upgrade Agent from 1.0 to 2.0.	
	• Click Top 5 Real-Time Vulnerabilities tab. The system displays the top 5 vulnerability incidents for the last 7 days . You can quickly view vulnerability details.	
	 You can view details such as the vulnerability name, severity, asset name, and discovery time. 	
	 If no data is available here, no vulnerabilities are detected on the current day. 	

Parameter	Description	
Abnormal Baseline Settings	This panel displays the total number of compliance violations detected in all workspaces of your account. You can quickly learn of total number of violations and the number of violations at each severity level. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.	
	Risk severity levels:	
	 Critical: There are intrusions to your workloads, and you should view details about abnormal baseline settings and handle them in a timely manner. 	
	 High: There are abnormal incidents on your workloads, and you should view details about compliance risks and handle them in a timely manner. 	
	 Others: There are risky incidents that are marked as medium-risk, low-risk, and informational alerts detected in your systems, and you should view details about results of compliance checks and take necessary actions. 	
	• To quickly view details of top 5 abnormal compliance risks discovered, click the Abnormal Baseline Settings panel.	
	 You can view details of the top compliance risks discovered in the latest check, such as check item name, severity, asset name, and discovery time. 	
	 If no data is available, no violations are detected. 	

Your Security Score over Time

SecMaster displays your security scores over the **last 7 days**. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.

5 Workspaces

5.1 Workspace Overview

This topic describes the following details about workspaces:

• What Is a Workspace?

Actions you can do:

- Creating a Workspace: Workspaces are top-level operation platform in SecMaster. A workspace can be associated with general projects and enterprise projects to meet different security operations needs. Before using baseline inspection, alert management, security analysis, and security orchestration in SecMaster, you need to create at least one workspace first. You can use workspaces to group your resources by application scenario. This will make security operations more efficient.
- Viewing a Workspace: You can view the details about a workspace, including its name, type, and creation time.
- Editing a Workspace: You can modify the workspace basic settings, including its name and description.
- **Deleting a Workspace**: If you no longer need a workspace, you can delete it. After a workspace is deleted, SecMaster may be unable to detect security risks of assets managed in the workspace. So the risk of those assets may fail to be prevented. Deleted workspaces cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.
- Managing Workspace Tags: After creating a workspace, you can add, edit, and delete tags configured for the workspace. A tag consists of a key-value pair. Tags are used to identify, and classify workspaces. Workspace tags are used for workspace management only.

What Is a Workspace?

A workspace is the top-level operation platform in SecMaster.

- Workspace management:
 - A workspace can be associated with common projects to support workspace operation modes in different scenarios.

5.2 Creating a Workspace

Scenario

Workspaces are the root of SecMaster resources. A single workspace can be bound to general projects and enterprise projects for different application scenarios.

Before using baseline inspection, alert management, security analysis, and security orchestration in SecMaster, you need to create at least one workspace first. You can use workspaces to group your resources by application scenario. This will make security operations more efficient.

This section describes how to create a workspace.

Creating a Workspace

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**.

Figure 5-1 Workspaces

SecMaster	Management ①
Security Overview Workspaces Management Purchased Resources	Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost
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- **Step 4** On the **Management** page, click **Create**. The **Create Workspace** slide-out panel is displayed.
- **Step 5** Configure workspace parameters by referring to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Region	Select the region where you want to add the workspace.
Enterprise Project	Select an enterprise project from the drop-down list. This option is only available when you are logged in using an enterprise account, or when you have enabled enterprise projects. NOTE Value default indicates the default enterprise project. Resources that are not allocated to any enterprise projects under your account are displayed in the default enterprise project.

Parameter	Description
Workspace Name	Specify a name for your workspace. It must meet the following requirements:
	 Only letters (A to Z and a to z), numbers (0 to 9), and the following special characters are allowed:()
	A maximum of 64 characters are allowed.
Tag	(Optional) Tag of the workspace, which is used to identify the workspace and help you classify and track your workspaces.
Description	(Optional) User remarks

Step 6 Click OK.

----End

5.3 Managing Workspaces

5.3.1 Viewing a Workspace

Scenario

This section describes how to view the information about a workspace, including the name, type, and creation time.

Viewing a Workspace

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**.

Figure 5-2 Workspaces

SecMaster	Management 💿
Security Overview Warkspaces ^ Management Purchased Resources	Com C Etter some etter types for eneck.
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Step 4 On the **Management** page, view information about existing workspaces.

If there are many workspaces, you can use filters to quickly search for a specific workspace.

Figure 5-3 Workspace details

		Current account									Q	0
3	ID a2b	Region	Project	More	Incidents	1	Vulnera 0	Alerts	0	Indicators	0	
	Not hosted.				Assets	37	Securit 1	Instances	0	Playbo	35	

Parameter	Description
Workspace Name	Name of the workspace
Workspace Type	Type of the workspace.
ID	ID of the workspace
Region	Region to which the workspace belongs
Project	Project to which the workspace belongs
More	Move the pointer over More to view the workspace details.
Incidents	Number of incidents in the workspace
Vulnerabilities	Number of vulnerabilities in the workspace
Alerts	Number of alerts in the workspace
Indicators	Number of indicators in the workspace
Assets	Number of assets in the workspace
Security Analysis	Number of existing data spaces in the workspace
Instances	Number of instances in the workspace
Playbooks	Number of playbooks in the workspace

Table 5-2 Workspace parameter

Step 5 To view details about a workspace, click ⁽²⁾ on the right of the workspace. The workspace details page is displayed.

On the **Basic Information** tab, you can view the workspace information, such as the workspace name, project, and ID. On the **Tag Management** tab, you can manage tags. For details, see **Managing Workspace Tags**.

----End

5.3.2 Editing a Workspace

Scenario

You can modify the workspace basic settings, including name, tag, and description.

This section describes how to edit a workspace.

Editing a Workspace

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**.



Step 4 Click ⁽²⁾ in the upper right corner of the target workspace.

Figure 5-5 Workspace details page

		Current account										Q	0
@	ID a2b	Region	Project	More	Incidents	1	Vulnera	0	Alerts	0	Indicators	0	
	Not hosted.				Assets	37	Securit	1	Instances	0	Playbo	35	

Step 5 On the **Basic Information** tab page displayed, click **Edit**.

Step 6 Edit the workspace name or description and click **Save**.

----End

5.3.3 Deleting a Workspace

Scenario

This section describes how to delete a workspace that is no longer needed.

After a workspace is deleted, SecMaster may be unable to detect security risks of assets managed in the workspace. So the risk of those assets may fail to be prevented. Deleted workspaces cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

Limitations and Constraints

- When you delete a workspace, the playbooks, workflows, and engines running in it stop immediately.
- If you select **Permanently delete the workspace**, all content in the workspace will be permanently deleted and cannot be restored.

Deleting a Workspace

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces > Management**.

Figure	-igure 5-6 Workspaces					
SecMaster	Management ①					
Security Overview Workspaces ^ Management Purchased Resources	Count Count					
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Figure 5-6 Workspaces

Step 4 Click ⁽²⁾ in the upper right corner of the target workspace.

Figure 5-7 Workspace details page

		Current account										Q	۲
2	ID a2b	Region	Project	More	Incidents	1	Vulnera	0	Alerts	0	Indicators	0	
	Not hosted.				Assets	37	Securit	1	Instances	0	Playbo	35	

- **Step 5** On the **Basic Information** tab page displayed, click **Delete**.
- Step 6 In the Delete Workspace dialog box displayed, confirm the information and select Permanently delete the workspace. In the confirmation dialog box, enter DELETE and click OK.

- When you delete a workspace, the playbooks, workflows, and engines running in it stop immediately.
- If you select **Permanently delete the workspace**, all content in the workspace will be permanently deleted and cannot be restored.

----End

5.3.4 Managing Workspace Tags

Scenario

After creating a workspace, you can add, edit, and delete tags configured for the workspace. A tag consists of a key-value pair. Tags are used to identify, and classify workspaces. Workspace tags are used for workspace management only.

This topic describes how to manage tags.

Limitations and Constraints

A maximum of 20 tags can be added for a workspace.

Managing Workspace Tags

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**.

Figure 5-8 Workspaces

SecMaster	Managament 💿
Security Overview Workspaces ^ Management Purchased Resources	Could C time rank and the second
Security Covernance 🤟 🤟	o vitesci 0 vite

Step 4 Click ⁽²⁾ in the upper right corner of the target workspace.

Figure 5-9 Workspace details page

2		Current account										Q	0
2	ID a2b	Region	Project	More	Incidents	1	Vulnera	0 A	Alerts	0	Indicators	0	
	Not hosted.				Assets	37	Securit	1 "	nstances	0	Playbo	35	

Step 5 On the workspace details page, choose **Tag Management**.

Step 6 On the **Tag Management** page, manage tags.

Operation	Description
Adding a tag	 On the Tag Management tab, click Add Tag. In the displayed Add Tag tab, configure the tag key and value. Click OK.
Edit	 On the Tag Management tab, locate the row that contains the target tag and click Edit in the Operation column. In the displayed Edit Tag dialog box, change the tag value. Click OK.
Delete	On the Tag Management tab, locate the row that contains the target tag and click Delete in the Operation column. In the displayed Delete Tag dialog box, click Yes .

Table 5-3Managing tags

----End

6 Viewing Purchased Resources

Scenario

You can view resources owned by the current account on the **Purchased Resources** page and manage them centrally.

Viewing Purchased Resources

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Purchased Resources**.
- **Step 4** View details on the purchased resource page.

Table 6-1 Parameters for purchased resources

Parameter	Description	
Total/Subscribed Regions	Regions where SecMaster has been enabled for the current account and the total number of regions where SecMaster is rolled out.	
Upgradable	Number of resources that can be upgraded in all regions under the current account.	
Versions About to Expire	The number of SecMaster editions and value-added packages that are about to expire in all regions under the current account.	
Total Quota	The total quota you have under the current account in all regions.	
Purchased Resources	Details about SecMaster resources you applied in each region.	
	If there are many editions or regions, you can use filters to quickly search for a specified resource.	

7 Security Governance

7.1 Security Governance Overview

What Is Security Governance?

Security Governance is an automatic security assessment and compliance governance platform. It provides the unified cloud service cybersecurity & compliance standard (3CS). It offers security governance templates to help you comply with PCI DSS, ISO 27701, ISO 27001, and more. It automatically checks your services against preset compliance policies, intuitively presents your service compliance status, and allows you to quickly download compliance reports.

Application Scenarios

Security Governance in SecMaster can help you easily assess how well your cloud workloads comply with applicable security standards, regulations, and laws. You will quickly find the gap, rectify issues, and get related certification faster. SecMaster provides security governance templates and compliance policy scanning services. The standard clauses in security compliance packs have been converted into check items. If you subscribe to a compliance pack, SecMaster can automatically check your workload compliance with check items in the pack and generate a report for you.

Features

Security Governance provides you with security governance templates and checks your services based on regulation terms in the compliance packs.

• Compliance Pack

SecMaster provides security governance templates, including detailed terms, scan policies, compliance evaluation items, and improvement suggestions from experts. These templates covers PCI DSS, ISO 27701, ISO 27001, privacy protection, and other standards. You can subscribe to and unsubscribe from compliance packs and view results.

• Policy Check

The compliance status of cloud assets is checked periodically through codebased scanning. You can view compliance risks on the dashboard, and obtain corresponding improvement suggestions from our experts.

• Compliance Evaluation

Security Governance integrates regulatory clauses and standard requirements into compliance pack check items. You complete evaluation of your services using the compliance pack, and view evaluation results. You can also view historical results, upload and download evidence, and take actions based on suggestions from our experts.

• Result Display

Security Governance displays the evaluation results and compliance status on the dashboard, including the compliance rates of the compliance packs you subscribed to, and the compliance rate of each term the regulations and standards, each security, as well as the policy check results.

Advantages

• Compliance as a Service

Security Governance provides the unified Cloud Service Cybersecurity & Compliance Standard (3CS). It integrates regulatory clauses and standard requirements into your business and information technologies by providing various 3CS-based security governance templates.

• Improved Efficiency

Security Governance opens security governance templates for you to be compliant with PCI DSS, ISO 27701, and ISO 27001, providing compliance policies and evaluation items. With your authorization, Security Governance automatically scans your cloud assets against compliance policies, and the service evaluation items help you quickly manage the compliance status. You can download compliance reports in few clicks.

• Intuitive Display

Security Governance presents both the overall compliance information and requirement-specific compliance status on the dashboard. You can easily identify potential issues and take actions based on expert suggestions.

Process of Using SecMaster

 Table 7-1 shows the process of using SecMaster security governance.

Figure 7-1 Process of using the security governance function

Authorize SecMaster to access Subscribe to a compliance pack. Start a selfcloud service resources. Subscribe to a compliance pack. Start a selfresult. Compliance report.

Table 7-1 Process description

Step	Description		
Authorizing SecMaster to Access Cloud Service Resources	Before using security governance, you need to authorize SecMaster to access your cloud service resources. After that, you can check cloud assets on security compliance through policy scanning.		
Subscribing to or Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack	SecMaster provides different security compliance packs. You can subscribe to the one that best fits your needs.		
Starting a Self- Assessment	You can execute check items in the compliance pack you subscribe to and evaluate your service compliance.		
Viewing the result	 After policy scanning or self-assessment, you can view the security governance status. Viewing Security Compliance Overview: View service compliance with laws, regulations, standards, and compliance pack, as well as policy scanning results. Viewing Evaluation Results: Check status and details of compliance with each compliance pack. Viewing Policy Scanning Results: Check the policy scanning results and details. 		
Downloading a Compliance Report	Security Governance provides security compliance reports. You can download the reports to learn of how well your services comply with mainstream security standards.		

7.2 Security Compliance Pack Description

Security Governance provides security compliance packs. You can select the required security compliance pack by following the guide provided therein.

• Security Standard

Security Standard

Security Governance provides the following compliance packs listed in **Table 7-2** for you to comply with various privacy protection laws. You can refer to the guidelines and subscribe to compliance packs as you need.

Pack	Description	App lica ble Regi on	Cat ego ry	Dom ain	Guidelines
PCI DSS	This compliance pack provides check items and guidelines to help you evaluate your data security management. It also suggests improvements based on the internationally recognized Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) Version 3.2.1 May 2018 to help you comply with the terms.	Glob al	Indu stry stan dard s	Data secu rity	 Applicable to entities that handle payment cards. These entities include merchants, processing organizations, receipt organizations, card issuing organizations, and service providers. Applicable to entities that store, process, or transmit cardholder data, such as main account information (PAN, usually a bank card number), cardholder name, card validity period, and business code, or sensitive verification data, such as full track data, credit card security code, and PIN. Applicable to entities that need to detect data security risks and obtain risk control measures. Subscribe to this pack if your entity meets any of the preceding descriptions.

Table 7-2 Security standards compliance packs

Pack	Description	App lica ble Regi on	Cat ego ry	Dom ain	Guidelines
ISO/IEC 27001:2013	This compliance pack provides check items and guidelines to help you evaluate your data security management. It also suggests improvements based on ISO 27001:2013 – Information Security Management Systems to help you comply with the terms.	Glob al	Inte rnat iona l stan dard s	Infor mati on secu rity	ISO 27001 is a globally recognized standard for information security. It adopts a process-based approach for establishing, implementing, operating, monitoring, maintaining, and improving your information security management system. Subscribe to this pack to identify and manage the security risks of information you hold.

Pack	Description	App lica ble Regi on	Cat ego ry	Dom ain	Guidelines
ISO/IEC 27701:2019	This compliance pack provides check items and guidelines to help you evaluate your data security management. It also suggests improvements based on ISO 27701:2019 – Privacy Information Management Systems to help you comply with the terms.	Glob	Inte rnat iona l stan dard s	Priva cy prot ectio n	 Applicable to entities that are responsible for Personally Identifiable Information (PII) as it poses privacy requirements on how to collect, use, transmit, store, and delete data. PII (also referred to as "personal data" in this pack) includes name, phone number, email address, and ID card information. Applicable to entities that work as PII controllers (also referred to as "data controllers" in this pack) and/or PII processors (also referred to as "data processors"). PII controllers are privacy stakeholders who determine the purposes and methods of PII processing, while PII process the data based on these purposes and methods. Applicable to entities that need to detect privacy protection risks and obtain risk control measures Subscribe to this pack if your entity meets any of the preceding descriptions.

7.3 Authorizing SecMaster to Access Cloud Service Resources

Scenario

Before using the security governance, you need to grant the permission to access your cloud service resources. After the permission is granted, you can use policy scanning to quickly identify the security compliance of cloud assets.

Authorizing SecMaster to access your cloud assets.

Prerequisites

The account for using the security governance function must have the **Agent Operator**, **Tenant Administrator**, and **Security Administrator** permissions.

Authorizing SecMaster to Access Cloud Service Resources

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Subscriptions**. The **Subscriptions** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** On the **Subscriptions** page, click **Authorize** in the **Authorize Service** process. The service authorization dialog box is displayed.
- Step 5 In the displayed dialog box, click Agree to authorize.

----End

7.4 Subscribing to or Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack

Scenario

A compliance pack is an open security governance template. It includes original standards and regulation terms, check policies, compliance evaluation items, and improvement suggestions from our experts, covering PCI DSS, ISO 27701, ISO 27001, privacy laws, and other regulations and standards.

This topic walks you through how to subscribe to and unsubscribe from a compliance pack.

• Subscribing to a Compliance Pack: You can learn of compliance packs by referring to Security Compliance Pack Description and subscribe to the one you need.

• Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack: If you need to cancel the subscription to a compliance pack, you can unsubscribe from it on the Subscriptions page.

Prerequisites

Service authorization has been completed. If the service is not authorized, authorize it first. For details, see **Authorizing SecMaster to Access Cloud Service Resources**.

Subscribing to a Compliance Pack

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Subscriptions**. The **Subscriptions** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** Click **Subscribe to Compliance Pack** in the subscription list page.

If you subscribe for the first time, click **Subscribe** in the **Subscribe to Compliance Pack** page.

- **Step 5** On the **Subscribe to Compliance Packs** page, select a security compliance pack and click **Subscribe** in the lower right corner to confirm the subscription.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box that is displayed, click **OK** to return to the subscription list page and view details about the compliance pack.

To evaluate immediately, click **Evaluate** in the displayed dialog box. For details, see **Starting a Self-Assessment**.

----End

Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Subscriptions**. The **Subscriptions** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** On the **Subscriptions** page, locate the row that contains the compliance pack you want to unsubscribe from, click **Unsubscribe** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 5** In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

NOTE

Your service compliance data related to this pack will be deleted and cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

----End

7.5 Starting a Self-Assessment

Scenario

After subscribing to the security compliance pack, you can assess security based on international standards.

Prerequisites

You have subscribed to the security compliance packs. For details, see **Subscribing** to or Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack.

Starting a Self-Assessment

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Subscriptions**. The **Subscriptions** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** Click ✓ on the left of the compliance pack to be self-assessed to expand the compliance pack information. In the Tenant Self-Assessment area, click **Evaluate** in the **Operation** column. The evaluation page is displayed.
- **Step 5** On the **Evaluation** page, perform self-assessment on each check item.
 - To upload an attachment, click **View Attachment** > **Upload Attachment** and upload related credential information.
 - During the evaluation, click **Reference** on the right of the evaluation item to view basic information, related terms, and historical records of the check item.
- Step 6 After the evaluation is complete, click Submit in the lower right corner.

----End

7.6 Viewing Security Compliance Overview

Scenario

After subscribing to a security compliance pack, you can view the compliance overview, standard term compliance overview, and policy scanning overview of the subscribed security compliance pack on the **Dashboard** page.

Prerequisites

You have subscribed to the security compliance pack. For details, see **Subscribing** to or Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack.

View the compliance with laws and regulations and standard clauses.

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Compliance Overview**. The **Compliance Overview** page is displayed.
- Step 4 On the Compliance Overview page, view the Compliance with Terms.

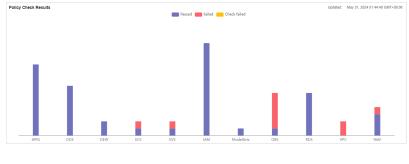
----End

Viewing Policy Check Results

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Subscriptions**. The **Subscriptions** page is displayed.
- Step 4 On the Compliance Overview page, view the Policy Check.

Figure 7-2 Policy check results



----End

7.7 Viewing Evaluation Results

Scenario

After you subscribe to the security compliance pack, SecMaster automatically scans your system based on the security compliance pack. After the scanning, you can view the overall compliance status and improvement suggestions.

Prerequisites

You have subscribed to the security compliance packs. For details, see **Subscribing** to or Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack.

Viewing Evaluation Results

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Subscriptions**. The **Subscriptions** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** Click **View Result** in the **Operation** column. The **Evaluation Result** page is displayed.

Step 5 View the evaluation results.

- View the overall compliance of the currently subscribed security compliance pack.
- To view the details of a term, select the clause in the navigation tree on the left. The details of the term are displayed on the right, including the term content, compliance status, and improvement suggestions.

To view the basic information and historical records of the term, click the term name. The detailed information about the term is displayed on the right.

- To perform a self-evaluation on a specified term, perform the following steps:
 - a. In the navigation pane on the left, select the terms to be self-evaluated.
 - b. Click the name of a check item. On the displayed page, click **Edit** and enter the compliance status and evaluation remarks.

If related credentials are available, click Upload Files.

c. After the evaluation is complete, click **Submit** in the upper right corner to complete the evaluation of a single check item.

----End

7.8 Viewing Policy Scanning Results

Scenario

On the **Policy Check** page, you can view the overall check result of subscribed security compliance packs and the check result of each cloud service.

D NOTE

The policy check is automatically performed at 01:30 every day and the check result is generated.

Prerequisites

You have subscribed to the security compliance packs. For details, see **Subscribing** to or Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack.

Viewing Policy Scanning Results

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Policies**. The **Policy Check** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** View policy check result.
 - By default, the check status of all resource policies displayed.
 - Check result: overall pass rate, passed policies, failed policies, and check failures.
 - Top 5 risks: Top 5 policies with the most failures.
 - To view the check result of all policies of a resource, select the resource from the filter box in the upper part.
 - To view the scanning status of all resources in a policy, select the corresponding compliance pack in the upper part of the table.
 - You can also filter the results by result type or policy name.
 - To view the check result of a policy over a resource, select the corresponding resource from the filter box in the upper part, and then select the corresponding compliance pack in the upper part of the table.
- **Step 5** In the policy table, click **Details** in the **Operation** column of a policy to go to the policy check result page and view improvement suggestions.

D NOTE

SecMaster automatically scans the resources at 01:30 a.m. every day and generates the scanning results.

----End

7.9 Downloading a Compliance Report

Scenario

Security Governance provides security compliance reports. You can download the reports to learn of how well your services comply with mainstream security standards.

Prerequisites

You have subscribed to the security compliance packs. For details, see **Subscribing** to or Unsubscribing from a Compliance Pack.

Downloading a Compliance Report

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Governance** > **Subscriptions**. The **Subscriptions** page is displayed.

Step 4 On the Subscriptions page, click Download Report in the Operation column. The system will download the specified compliance report to a local path. ----End

8 Security Situation

8.1 Checking the Situation Overview

The **Situation Overview** page displays the overall security assessment status of resources in the current workspace in real time. You will view the security assessment results, security monitoring details, and security trend of your assets.

You can view the overall security assessment result by workspace, as well as view the assessment results of all workspaces.

- Security Overview: This page displays the overall security assessment results of all your workspaces in real time. You can follow the procedure provided in Viewing Security Overview to do this.
- Situation Overview: The Security Situation > Situation Overview page in each workspace displays the security assessment result of the logged-in workspace. You can follow the procedure below to view the assessment result of a specific workspace.

Checking the Situation Overview

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-1 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🛞
Security Overview Workspaces	Costa C Etter vanae and tayout for sease.
Security Covernance 🧹	C O O MetaC O MetaC MetaC

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Situation Overview**.

- **Step 5** On the **Security Overview** page, you can view the security overview of your assets and perform related operations. The **Situation Overview** page consists of the following modules:
 - Security Score
 - Security Monitoring
 - Your Security Score over Time

The following table describes the reference periods and update frequency of the modules.

Table 8-1	Situation	Overview
-----------	-----------	----------

Paramete r	Refer ence Perio d	Update Frequency	Description
Security Score	Real- time	 Automatic update at 02:00 every day Updated every time you click Check Again 	The score is calculated based on what security services are enabled, and the severity levels and numbers of unhandled configuration issues, vulnerabilities, and threats. For more details, see Security Score .
Threat Alarms	Last 7 days	Every 5 minutes	Total number of alerts on the Threat Operations > Alerts page in a workspace.
Vulnerabil ities	Last 7 days	Every 5 minutes	Total number of vulnerabilities on the Risk Prevention > Vulnerabilities in a workspace.
Abnormal Baseline Settings	Real- time	Every 5 minutes	Total number of issues on the Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection page in a workspace.
Your Security Score over Time	Last 7 days	Every 5 minutes	Security scores in the last seven days.

----End

Security Score

The security score shows the overall health status of your workloads on the cloud so you can quickly learn of unhandled risks and their threats to your assets.

- The security score is automatically updated at 02:00 every day. You can also click **Check Again** to update it immediately.
- The score ranges from 0 to 100. A larger score indicates a lower risk and a more secure asset. For details about the security scores, see **Security Score**.

- Different color blocks in the security score ring chart indicate different severity levels. For example, yellow indicates that your security is medium.
- Click **Handle Now**. The **Risks** pane is displayed on the right. You can handle risks by referring to the corresponding guidance.
 - The Risks slide-out panel lists all threats that you should handle in a timely manner. These threats are included in the Threat Alarms, Vulnerabilities, and Abnormal Baseline Settings areas.
 - The Risks pane displays the latest check results of the last scan. The Alerts, Vulnerabilities, and Abnormal Baseline Settings pages show check results of all previous scans. So, you will find the threat number on the Risks pane is less than that on those pages. You can click Handle for an alert on the Risks pane to go to the corresponding page quickly.
 - Handling detected security risks:
 - i. In the **Security Score** area, click **Handle Now**.
 - ii. On the **Risks** slide-out panel displayed, click **Handle**.
 - iii. On the page displayed, handle risk alerts, vulnerabilities, or baseline inspection items.
- The security score is updated when you refresh status of the alert incident after risk handling. After you fix the risks, you can click **Check Again** so that SecMaster can check and score your system again.

D NOTE

After risks are fixed, manually ignore or handle alert incidents and update the alert incident status in the alert list. The risk severity can be down to a proper level accordingly.

• The security score reflects the security situation of your system last time you let SecMaster check the system. To obtain the latest score, click **Check Again**.

Security Monitoring

The **Security Monitoring** area includes **Threat Alarms**, **Vulnerabilities**, and **Abnormal Baseline Settings**, which sort risks that have not been handled.

Parameter	Description
Threat Alarms	This panel displays the unhandled threat alerts in a workspace for the last 7 days. You can quickly learn of the total number of unhandled threat alerts and the number of vulnerabilities at each severity level. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.
	Risk severity levels:
	 Critical: There are intrusions to your workloads, and you should view alert details and handle the alert in a timely manner.
	 High: There are abnormal incidents on your workloads, and you should view alert details and handle the alert in a timely manner.
	 Others: There are risky incidents that are marked as medium-risk, low-risk, and informational alerts detected in your systems, and you should view alert details and take necessary actions.
	 To quickly view details of top 5 threat alerts for the last 7 days, click the Threat Alarms panel.
	 You can view details of those threats, including the threat alert name, severity, asset name, and discovery time.
	 If no data is available here, no threat alerts are generated for the last 7 days.
	 You can click View More to go to the Alerts page and view more alerts. You can also customize filter criteria to query alert information.

Table 8-2 Security Monitoring parameters

Parameter	Description
Vulnerabilities	This panel displays the top five vulnerability types and the total number of unfixed vulnerabilities in your assets in a workspace for the last 7 days. You can quickly learn of the total number of unfixed vulnerabilities and the number of vulnerabilities at each severity level. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.
	Risk severity levels:
	 High: There are vulnerabilities on your workloads, and you should view vulnerability details and handle them in a timely manner.
	 Medium: There are abnormal incidents on your workloads, and you should view vulnerability details and handle the vulnerability in a timely manner.
	 Others: There are risky incidents that are marked as low-risk or informational in your systems, and you should view vulnerability details and take necessary actions.
	 When you click the Top 5 Vulnerability Types tab, the system displays the five vulnerability types with the most affected servers.
	 Vulnerability rankings are based on the number of hosts a vulnerability affects. The vulnerability ranked the first affects the most hosts.
	 The data is displayed in Top 5 Vulnerability Types only when the hosts have Host Security Service (HSS) Agent version 2.0 installed. If no data is displayed or you want to view top 5 vulnerability types, upgrade Agent from 1.0 to 2.0.
	• Click Top 5 Real-Time Vulnerabilities tab. The system displays the top 5 vulnerability incidents for the last 7 days. You can quickly view vulnerability details.
	 You can view details such as the vulnerability name, severity, asset name, and discovery time.
	 If no data is available here, no vulnerabilities are detected on the current day.
	 You can click View More to go to the Vulnerabilities page and view more vulnerabilities. You can also customize filter criteria to query vulnerability information.

Parameter	Description		
Abnormal Baseline Settings	This panel displays the total number of compliance violations detected in a workspace. You can quickly learn of total number of violations and the number of violations at each severity level. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.		
	Risk severity levels:		
	 Critical: There are intrusions to your workloads, and you should view details about compliance risks and handle them in a timely manner. 		
	 High: There are abnormal incidents on your workloads, and you should view details about compliance risks and handle them in a timely manner. 		
	 Others: There are risky incidents that are marked as medium-risk, low-risk, and informational alerts detected in your systems, and you should view details about compliance risks and take necessary actions. 		
	• To quickly view details of top 5 abnormal compliance risks discovered, click the Abnormal Baseline Settings panel.		
	 You can view details of the top compliance risks discovered in the latest check, such as check item name, severity, asset name, and discovery time. 		
	 If no data is available, no compliance violations are detected. 		
	 You can click View More to go to the Baseline Inspection page and view more compliance risks. You can also customize filter criteria to make an advanced search. 		

Your Security Score over Time

SecMaster displays your security scores **over the last 7 days**. The statistics are updated every 5 minutes.

8.2 Checking Security Situation through Large Screens

8.2.1 Large Screen Overview

There are always such scenarios as presentation, reporting, or real-time monitoring where you need to present the analysis results of SecMaster on big screens to achieve better demonstration effect. It is not ideal to just zoom in the console. Now, SecMaster **Large Screen** is a good choice for you to display the service console on bigger screens for a better visual effect. By default, SecMaster provides the following large screens:

• **Overall Situation Screen**: This screen helps display attack history, identify attacks, and predict attack trends. It can provide you with powerful pre-event,

in-event, and post-event security management capabilities, making it easier to understand your cloud security via one screen.

- **Monitoring Statistics Screen**: You can view the overview of unhandled alerts, incidents, vulnerabilities, and unsafe baselines on this screen.
- Asset Security Screen: With this screen, you can quickly learn of the asset protection status, including the total number of assets, number of attacked assets, and number of unprotected assets.
- **Threat Situation Screen**: You can view threats to and attacks at your networks, applications, and servers via this screen.
- **Vulnerable Assets Screen**: You can check vulnerable assets, vulnerabilities, unsafe baseline settings, as well unprotected assets via this screen.

8.2.2 Overall Situation Screen

Scenarios

There are always such scenarios as presentation, reporting, or real-time monitoring where you need to present the analysis results of SecMaster on big screens to achieve better demonstration effect. It is not ideal to just zoom in the console. Now, SecMaster **Large Screen** is a good choice for you to display the service console on bigger screens for a better visual effect.

By default, SecMaster provides a large screen for comprehensive situation awareness by displaying the attack history, attack status, and attack trend. This allows you to manage security incidents before, when, and after they happen.

Prerequisites

You have enabled the large screen module.

Viewing the Overall Situation Screen

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-2 Workspace management page



- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Large Screen**.
- **Step 5** Click **Play** in the lower right corner of the comprehensive situation awareness image to access the screen.

This screen includes many graphs. More details are provided below.

----End

Security Score

The security score of the current assets is displayed.

Paramete r	Refer ence Perio d	Update Frequency	Description
Security Score	Real- time	 Automatic update at 02:00 every day Updated about 5 minutes after you click Check Again in the Security Score panel on the Situation Overview page in a workspace. 	 The score is calculated based on what security services are enabled, and the levels and numbers of unhandled configuration issues, vulnerabilities, and threats. Each calculation item is assigned a weight. There are six risk severity levels, Secure, Informational, Low, Medium, High, and Critical. The score ranges from 0 to 100. The higher the security score, the lower the risk severity level. The security score starts from 0 and the risk severity level is escalated up from Secure to the next level every 20 points. For example, for scores ranging from 40 to 60, the risk severity is Medium. The color keys listed on the right of the chart show the names of donut slices. Different color represents different risk severity levels. For example, the yellow slice indicates that your asset risk severity is Medium.

Alert Statistics

The alert statistics of interconnected services are displayed.

The alert data comes from the **Threat Operations** > **Alerts** data in the current workspace. You can view more details on this page.

Table 8-4 Alert statistics	
----------------------------	--

Parameter	Referenc e Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
New Alerts	Today	5 minutes	Number of new alerts generated on the current day.
Threat Alerts	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of new alerts generated in the last seven days.
Unhandled Alerts	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of alerts that have not been cleared in the last seven days.
Handled Alerts	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of alerts that have been cleared in the last seven days.

Asset Protection

The protection status of servers and websites is displayed, including the proportion of protected and unprotected assets. You can hover the cursor over a module to view the number of protected/unprotected assets.

Table 8-5 A	Asset protection rat	e
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Parameter	Referenc e Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Asset Protection (%)	Last 7 days	5 minutes	The protection status of servers and websites is displayed, including the proportion of protected and unprotected assets.
			 Servers: numbers of ECSs protected and not protected by HSS.
			 Websites: numbers of websites protected and not protected by WAF

Baseline Inspection

The fixing status of the baseline configuration and vulnerabilities of your assets, distribution of risky resources, and vulnerability fixing trend within seven days are displayed.

- The baseline data comes from the **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection** page in the current workspace. You can view more details on this page.
- The vulnerability data comes from the **Risk Prevention** > **Vulnerabilities** page in the current workspace. You can view more details on this page.

Parameter	Referenc e Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Baseline Settings	Real-time	5 minutes	Numbers of baseline settings that passed and failed the last baseline inspection.
Vulnerabilities	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Numbers of fixed and unfixed vulnerabilities in the last seven days.
Resources by Severity	Real-time	5 minutes	Numbers of unsafe resources at different severities in the last baseline inspection. Severity : Critical , High , Medium , Low , and Info .
Vulnerabilities	Last 7 days	5 minutes	New vulnerabilities by the day for the last seven days and vulnerability distribution.

Table 8-6 Baseline inspection

Recent Threats

The numbers of threatened assets and security logs reported every day in the last seven days are displayed.

The x-axis indicates time, the y-axis on the left indicates the number of threatened assets, and the y-axis on the right indicates the number of logs. Hover the cursor over a date to view the number of threatened assets of that day.

Parameter	Referenc e Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Attacks	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of daily alerts over the last seven days. The data comes from the Threat Operations > Alerts page in the
			current workspace.
Logs	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of security logs reported every day in the last seven days.

 Table 8-7
 Recent threats

To-Dos

The to-do items in the current workspace are displayed.

Parameter	Referenc e Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description	
To-Dos	Real-time	5 minutes	To-do items on the Security Situation > Task Center in the current workspace.	

Table 8-8 To-dos

Resolved Issues

The alert handling status, SLA and MTTR fulfillment rate over the last seven days, and automatic incident handling statistics over the last seven days are displayed.

The data comes from the **Threat Operations** > **Alerts** page in the current workspace.

Table	8-9	Resolved	issues
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Parameter		Refer ence Perio d	Upda te Frequ ency	Description
Alerts	Alerts	Last 7 days	5 minut	Number of new alerts generated in the last seven days.
	Handled		es	Number of alerts that have been cleared in the last seven days.
	Manual			Number of alerts that were handled within the SLA time in the last seven days. Alerts handled as planned and earlier
				than planned are counted.
	Auto			Number of alerts that were automatically handled by SecMaster playbooks over the past seven days. To determine how an alert was handled, check whether the value of close_comment is ClosedByCSB or
				ClosedBySecMaster in the alert details. If it is, the alert was automatically handled. If it is not, the alert was manually handled.

Parameter		Refer ence Perio d	Upda te Frequ ency	Description
SLA and MTTR [Last 7 Days]	SLA Statistics	Last 7 days	5 minut es	 Alert handling timeliness in the last seven days. The formula is as follows: For an alert with Service-Level Agreement (SLA) specified, if Alert closure time - Alert generation time ≤ SLA, it indicates the alert was handled in a timely manner. Otherwise, the alert fails to meet SLA requirements. Compliant: The alert closure time is the same as or earlier than planned. Non-compliant: The alert closure time is later than planned.
	MTTR			Average alert closure time in the last seven days. The formula is as follows: Mean Time To Repair (MTTR) = Total processing time of each alert/Total number of alerts. Processing time of each alert = Closure time – Creation time.
Handled Al Days]	erts [Last 7	Last 7 days	5 minut es	 Total number of alerts handled in the last seven days. Manual: Number of alerts manually closed on the Alerts page. Auto: Number of alerts automatically closed by SecMaster playbooks. To determine how an alert was handled, check whether the value of close_comment is ClosedByCSB or ClosedBySecMaster in the alert details. If it is, the alert was automatically handled. If it is not, the alert was manually handled.

8.2.3 Monitoring Statistics Screen

Scenarios

There are always such scenarios as presentation, reporting, or real-time monitoring where you need to present the analysis results of SecMaster on big

screens to achieve better demonstration effect. It is not ideal to just zoom in the console. Now, SecMaster **Large Screen** is a good choice for you to display the service console on bigger screens for a better visual effect.

By default, SecMaster provides a **Monitoring Statistics** screen. You can view the overview of unhandled alerts, incidents, vulnerabilities, and baseline settings on one screen.

Prerequisites

You have enabled the large screen module.

Viewing Monitoring Statistics Screen

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-3 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()							
Security Overview Warkspaces Management	Criste Q, Ether a news and Reprot for issueds							٩
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	0 thick 8816 Report - Prend - Celludy More	Incidents Assets	0	Vutnerabit Security A	Alerts Instances	0	Indicators Playbooks	

- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Large Screen**.
- **Step 5** Click **Play** in the lower right corner of the monitoring statistics screen to open the page.

This screen includes many graphs. More details are provided below.

----End

Monitoring Statistics Overview

This screen displays the total number of unhandled alerts, incidents, vulnerabilities, and unsafe baseline settings.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Unhandled Alerts	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of alerts to be handled in the last seven days.
			The data comes from the Threat Operations > Alerts page in the current workspace.

Table 8-10 Security Response Overview

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Unhandled Incidents	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of open or blocked incidents in the last seven days.
			To view details about the incident statistics, choose Threat Operations > Incidents in the current workspace.
Unhandled	Real-time	5 minutes	The number of unfixed vulnerabilities.
Vulnerabilities			To view details about the vulnerability data, choose Risk Prevention > Vulnerabilities in the current workspace.
Unhandled Baseline	Real-time	5 minutes	The number of items failed to pass the baseline inspection.
Settings			To view details about the baseline data, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection in the current workspace.

Unhandled Alerts

The table lists information about top 5 unhandled threat alerts, including the alert discovery time, alert description, alert severity, and alert type.

These top 5 alerts are sorted by generation time with the latest one placed at the top.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Unhandled Alerts	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of alerts that have not been handled for the last seven days.
			To view details about the alert statistics, choose Threat Operations > Alerts in the current workspace.

Table 8-11 Unhandled Alerts

Unhandled Incidents

The table lists information about the top 5 unhandled incidents, including the incident discovery time, description, severity, and type.

These top 5 incidents are sorted by generation time with the latest one placed at the top.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Unhandled Incidents	Last 7 days	5 minutes	Number of incidents that have not been closed in the last seven days.
			To view details about the incident statistics, choose Threat Operations > Incidents in the current workspace.

Table 8-12 Unhandled Incidents

Unhandled Vulnerabilities

The table lists information about the top 5 unhandled vulnerabilities, including the discovery time, description, type, severity, and number of affected assets.

These top 5 vulnerabilities are sorted by discovery time with the latest one placed at the top.

Table 8-13 Unhandled Vulnerabilities

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Unhandled Vulnerabilities	Last 7 days	5 minutes	The number of unfixed vulnerabilities. To view details about the vulnerability data, choose Risk Prevention > Vulnerabilities in the current workspace.

Unhandled Baseline Settings

This table lists information about the top 5 unhandled unsafe baseline settings, including the discovery time, description, check method, and total number of vulnerable resources.

These top 5 unhandled baseline settings are sorted by discovery time with the latest one placed at the top.

Parameter	Statistics Cycle	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Unhandled Baseline	Last 7 days	5 minutes	The number of items failed to pass the baseline inspection.
Settings			To view details about the baseline data, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection in the current workspace.

 Table 8-14
 Unhandled
 Baseline
 Settings

8.2.4 Asset Security Screen

Scenarios

There are always such scenarios as presentation, reporting, or real-time monitoring where you need to present the analysis results of SecMaster on big screens to achieve better demonstration effect. It is not ideal to just zoom in the console. Now, SecMaster **Large Screen** is a good choice for you to display the service console on bigger screens for a better visual effect.

By default, SecMaster provides an asset screen for you. With this screen, you will learn about overall information about your assets at a glance, including how many assets you have, how many of them have been attacked, and how many of them are unprotected.

Prerequisites

You have enabled the large screen module.

Viewing the Asset Security Screen

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-4 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 💿
Security Overview Warkspaces	Come O
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C C C Street Reset Page C Prest Street Reset Re

- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Large Screen**.
- **Step 5** Click **Play** in the lower right corner of the asset security image to access the screen.

This screen includes many graphs. More details are provided below.

----End

Asset Security Screen Overview

On this screen, you can view the total numbers of assets, attacked assets, unprotected assets, vulnerabilities, and assets with unsafe settings in the current workspace.

|--|

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Assets	Real-time	Hourly	Total number of assets managed in Resource Manager .
Attacked Assets	Last 7 days	Hourly	Number of assets affected by alerts aggregated in Threat Operations > Alerts in the current workspace.
Unprotected Assets	Real-time	Hourly	Number of assets that are not protected by any security service; for example, ECSs that are not protected by HSS and EIPs that are not protected by DDoS. You will learn of how many assets with Protection Status marked as Unprotected in Resource Manager .
			In Resource Manager , the protection status for assets is as follows:
			 Protected: The security product required for an asset is enabled for the asset.
			• Unprotected: The security product required for an asset has not been purchased or enabled for the asset. If you want to protect target assets, purchase corresponding security products and enable protection. For example, if you want to protect ECSs, purchase HSS and enable HSS for each ECS.
			 : The required security product is not supported in the current region.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Assets with Vulnerabilities or Unsafe Settings	Real-time	Hourly	These assets include assets affected by vulnerabilities and assets have unsafe settings discovered during baseline inspection. The duplicated assets are counted only once.
			The vulnerability data comes from the Risk Prevention > Vulnerabilities page, and the baseline inspection data comes from the Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection > Resources to Check page.

Asset Distribution

In this area, you can view assets by type, asset protection rate, asset change trend, and distribution of the five assets attacked most.

Table 8-16	Asset Distribution
-------------------	--------------------

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Assets by Type	Real-time	Hourly	Number of different types of assets in Resource Manager .
Protection by Asset Type (%)	Real-time	Hourly	Percentage of protection for different types of assets. Protection rate of a certain type of assets = Protected assets/Total number of assets of this type.
Asset Changes	Last 7 days	Hourly	Statistics on the total number of assets, and the number of assets with vulnerabilities and unsafe settings in the last seven days.
Top 5 Attacked Assets	Last 7 days	Hourly	Top 5 attacked assets in the last seven days and the number of attacks. The data comes from Threat Operations > Alerts . You can view details on this page.

Top 5 Assets with the Most Vulnerabilities and Top 5 Departments with the Highest Protection Rate

In this area, you will see the five assets with the most vulnerabilities and the five departments with the highest protection rate.

Table 8-17 Top 5 Assets with the Most Vulnerabilities and Top 5 Departments withthe Highest Protection Rate

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Top 5 Assets with the Most Vulnerabilities	Real-time	Hourly	Top 5 assets with the most vulnerabilities in different departments.
			This data is generated based on the assets affected by vulnerabilities in Risk Prevention > Vulnerabilities . Note that the assets must have department details provided, or the affected assets may fail to be counted toward this data.
Top 5 Departments with the	Real-time	Hourly	This graph lists the 5 departments that have the highest protection rate, in descending order.
Highest Protection Rate		Note that the assets on Resource Manager must have department details provided, or the assets cannot be counted toward this rate.	

8.2.5 Threat Situation Screen

Scenarios

There are always such scenarios as presentation, reporting, or real-time monitoring where you need to present the analysis results of SecMaster on big screens to achieve better demonstration effect. It is not ideal to just zoom in the console. Now, SecMaster **Large Screen** is a good choice for you to display the service console on bigger screens for a better visual effect.

By default, SecMaster provides a threat situation screen, which shows how many network attacks, application-layer attacks, and server-layer attacks against your assets over the last seven days.

Prerequisites

You have enabled the large screen module.

Viewing the Threat Situation Screen

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-5 Workspace management page



Step 4 Click **Play** in the lower right corner of the **Threat Situation** screen to access the page.

This screen includes many graphs. More details are provided below.

----End

Threat Situation screen

This area displays the number of attacks by types, including network, application, and server attacks.

Parameter		Statis tical Perio d	Upda te Frequ ency	Description
Network	Occurrenc	Last 7	Hourl	The number of attacks against EIPs in the last seven days.
Attacks	es	days	y	
	Last Week			Difference between the number of attacks against EIPs for the current 7- day statistical cycle and that for the previous 7-day statistical cycle.
Applicatio	Occurrenc	Last 7	Hourl	The number of attacks against protected websites in the last seven days.
n Attacks	es	days	y	
	Last Week			Difference between the number of attacks against websites for the current 7-day statistical cycle and that for the previous 7-day statistical cycle.
Server	Occurrenc	Last 7	Hourl	The number of attacks against protected ECSs in the last seven days.
Attacks	es	days	y	

Table 8-18 Threat Situation screen

Parameter	Statis tical Perio d	Upda te Frequ ency	Description
Last Week			Difference between the number of attacks against ECSs for the current 7- day statistical cycle and that for the previous 7-day statistical cycle.

Attack Source Distribution

This graph displays the five attack sources who launched the most attacks against the network and application layers. You will see attacked asset details, including IP addresses, departments, and quantity.

Table 8-19 Attack source distribution

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Top 5 Source IP Addresses by Network Alerts	Last 7 days	Hourly	The five sources that have launched the most attacks against EIPs for the last seven days, displayed in a descending order by attack quantity.
Top 5 Source IP Addresses by Application Alerts	Last 7 days	Hourly	The five sources that have launched the most attacks against websites for the last seven days, displayed in a descending order by attack quantity.

Attacks by Type

This graph shows top 5 network attack types, top 5 application attack types, and server attack types.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Top 5 Network Attack Types	Last 7 days	Hourly	The five attack types with the most attacks against EIPs detected for the last seven days, displayed in a descending order by attack quantity.
			If there is no network attack or no corresponding data table, the default types with zero attacks are displayed.
Top 5 Application Attack Types	Last 7 days	Hourly	The five attack types with the most attacks against websites detected for the last seven days, displayed in a descending order by attack quantity. If there is no application attack or no corresponding data table, the default types with zero attacks are displayed.
Top 5 Server Attack Types	Last 7 days	Hourly	The five attack types with the most attacks against ECSs detected for the last seven days, displayed in a descending order by attack quantity.
			If there is no ECS attack or no corresponding data table, the default types with zero attacks are displayed.
			The asset statistics come from the Threat Operations > Alerts page in SecMaster.

Table 8-20 Attacks by Type

Threat Situation Statistics

This graph shows the statistics about alerts, logs, and threat detection models in the current account.

Table 8-21	Threat Situation	Statistics

Parameter		Statis tical Perio d	Upda te Frequ ency	Description
Alert Statistics	Logs	Last 7 days	Hourl y	Total number of network, application, and server access logs for the last seven days.

Parameter		Statis tical Perio d	Upda te Frequ ency	Description
	Threats			Total number of threats identified for protected networks, applications, and servers for the last seven days.
	Alerts			This number reflects alerts generated for the last seven days based on attack logs. The data comes from the Threat Operations > Alerts page.
	Incidents			This number reflects incidents that are converted from alerts for the last seven days. The data comes from the Threat Operations > Incidents page.
Log Analysis	Log volume	Last 7 days	Hourl y	Total volume of network, application, and server access logs for the last seven days, in MB.
	РоР			Difference between the total volume of network, application, and server access logs for the current 7-day statistical cycle and that for the previous 7-day statistical cycle.
				Calculation method: [(Number of logs for the current statistical cycle – Number of logs for the previous statistical cycle)/Number of logs for the previous statistical cycle] x 100%.
	Statistical trend chart			Total volume of network, application, and server access logs for the last seven days, in MB.
Threats by Model	Models	Real- time	Hourl y	This number reflects the models available on the Threat Operations > Intelligent Modeling page.
	Statistical table	Last 7 days	Hourl y	Number of threats detected by each type of threat detection model. If there is no threat detection model, four default types with zero threats detected are displayed.

8.2.6 Vulnerable Assets Screen

Scenarios

There are always such scenarios as presentation, reporting, or real-time monitoring where you need to present the analysis results of SecMaster on big screens to achieve better demonstration effect. It is not ideal to just zoom in the console. Now, SecMaster **Large Screen** is a good choice for you to display the service console on bigger screens for a better visual effect.

By default, SecMaster provides a vulnerability situation screen. With this screen, you can view the overview of vulnerable assets, asset vulnerabilities, unsafe baseline settings, and unprotected assets.

Prerequisites

You have enabled the large screen module.

Viewing the Vulnerable Assets Screen

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-6 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (t)
Security Overview Workspaces	Case O Q Citer a nan antinyan Brancha.
Security Governance 🧹	C © C © C © C © C 0 0 C 0 C

- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Large Screen**.
- **Step 5** Click **Play** in the lower right corner of the **Vulnerable Assets** image to access the screen.

This screen includes many graphs. More details are provided below.

----End

Vulnerable Assets Overview

This graph displays the total numbers of vulnerable assets, vulnerabilities, unsafe baseline settings, and unprotected assets.

Vulnerable assets refer to assets with unhandled vulnerabilities or unsafe baseline settings and assets that are not under protection at the current time.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Vulnerable Assets	Real-time	Hourly	The number of assets with vulnerabilities or risky baseline settings.
Vulnerabilities	Real-time	Hourly	Vulnerabilities collected in Vulnerabilities .
Risky Baseline Settings	Real-time	Hourly	Data reported by Baseline Inspection in SecMaster.
Unprotected Assets	Real-time	Hourly	Number of assets for which you need to enable security protection, for example, ECSs for which HSS is not enabled and EIPs for which DDoS is not enabled.

 Table 8-22
 Vulnerable
 Assets
 Overview

Top 5 Departments with the Most Vulnerabilities

This graph shows the five departments with the most vulnerabilities. You will view the details of these departments, including the department name, number of vulnerable assets, number of unfixed vulnerabilities, and number of unprotected assets.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Top 5 Vulnerable Departments	Real-time	Hourly	The five departments have the most vulnerable assets, assets affected by vulnerabilities, and unprotected assets.
			Vulnerable assets include assets affected by vulnerabilities in Risk Prevention > Vulnerabilities , and assets that fail any check in Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection , and assets that are not protected in Resource Manager . Note that the assets in Resource Manager must have department details provided, or they cannot be counted in calculation.

Top 5 Department with the Most Unprotected Assets

This graph displays the 5 departments with the most failed protection policies. You can view the details about these departments, including the department name and what protection policies they failed, such as DBSS, WAF, Anti-DDoS, HSS, and CFW

The graph displays the five departments with the most unprotected assets.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Top 5 Department with the Most Unprotected Assets	Real-time	Hourly	The five departments with the most unprotected assets.

 Table 8-24 Department with the most unprotected assets

Vulnerability Fix Rate

This graph shows the vulnerability fix rate, top 5 vulnerability types, and vulnerability trend changes.

Table	8-25	Vulnerability	fix	rate
-------	------	---------------	-----	------

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Vulnerability Fix Rate	Real-time	Hourly	Vulnerability fixing rate = (Number of fixed vulnerabilities/Total number of vulnerabilities) x 100%.
			If no vulnerability exists, 100% is displayed.
Vulnerability Types	Real-time	Hourly	Vulnerabilities are displayed by vulnerability type.
Vulnerability Changes	Last 7 days	Hourly	Vulnerabilities in the last seven days are classified and counted by severity.

Baseline Inspection Pass Rate

You can learn about baseline inspection results at a glance, including the pass rate, what resources have failed the inspection, failed checks, resource types, and the number of total check items.

Parameter	Statistica l Period	Update Frequenc Y	Description
Baseline Inspection Pass Rate	Real-time	Hourly	Baseline check pass rate = (Number of passed baseline check items/Total number of check items) x 100%.
Failed Checks By Type	Real-time	Hourly	Failed baseline check items are displayed by risk severity.
Baseline Inspection	Real-time	Hourly	This graph shows how many qualified, risky, and unqualified settings, respectively, discovered by baseline inspection.

Table 8-26 Baseline Inspection Pass Rate

8.3 Security Reports

8.3.1 Creating and Copying a Security Report

Scenario

SecMaster provides you with security reports. You can create a security report template so that you can learn of your resource security status in a timely manner.

This section describes how to create a security report and how to quickly create a security report by copying an existing template.

Creating a Report

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-7 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕥
Security Overview Warkspaces	Costs C there are an advanced for even.
Security Covernance v	C O O Metric O Metric O Metric O Metric Metric

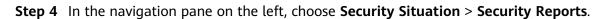


Figure 8-8 Reports

<	/ Repo	orts		
Security Situation Situation Overview	*	Type: All 💿 Enable Status: All 💿 🖓 Add filter		× Q C
Large Screen				
Reports				
Task Center		+		
Resource Manager	۳		Edit Copy Delete	
Risk Prevention	*			
Threat Operations	•			
Security Orchestration	*			
Settings	•			

Step 5 On the **Reports** page, click + to go to the basic configuration page.

Step 6 Configure basic information of the report.

Table 8-27 R	eport parameters
--------------	------------------

Parameter	Description
Report Name	Name of the report you want to create.
Schedule	Select a report schedule.
	• Daily : SecMaster collects security information from 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 of the previous day by default.
	• Weekly: SecMaster collects statistics on security information from 00:00:00 on Monday to 23:59:59 on Sunday of the previous week.
	• Monthly : SecMaster collects statistics on security information from 00:00:00 on the first day to 23:59:59 on the last day of the previous month.
	Custom: Customize a time range.
Data Scope	If you select the daily, weekly, or monthly schedule, the data scope is specified by default.
	If you select the custom schedule, you need to specify a data scope.

- **Step 7** Click **Next: Report Choose** in the upper right corner.
- **Step 8** On the **Report Selection** page, select a report from the left. After selecting, you can preview the report layout in the right pane.

You need to select the corresponding report layout based on what you select for **Schedule**.

• To download a report, click in the upper left corner of the report preview page. In the dialog box displayed, select a report format and click **OK**.

The system then automatically downloads the report for you.

• To view a report in full screen, click 🖃 in the upper left corner of the report preview page.

Step 9 Click **Complete** in the lower right corner. On the displayed **Security Reports** page, view the created report.

----End

Copying a Report

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-9 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Monopacee Annopacee Annopaceeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee	Case C Determined of the second of the seco
Security Covernance 🤍 🤟	○ O 0 0 Indexts 0 Asis 0 Indexts 0 Ind

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Security Reports**.

Figure 8-10 Reports

<	/ Rep	orts		
Security Situation Situation Overview	*	Type: All 💿 Enable Status: All 💿 🛛 Add filter		× Q C
Large Screen				
Reports			Enable	
Task Center		+		
Resource Manager	٠		Edit Copy Delete	
Risk Prevention	•			
Threat Operations	٠			
Security Orchestration	•			
Settings	•			

- **Step 5** Select a report template and click **Copy**.
- **Step 6** Edit basic information of the report.
- **Step 7** Click **Next: Report Choose**. The report configuration page is displayed.
 - To download a report, click in the upper left corner of the report preview page. In the dialog box displayed, select a report format and click **OK**.

The system then automatically downloads the report for you.

- To view a report in full screen, click 📃 in the upper left corner of the report preview page.
- **Step 8** Click **Complete** in the lower right corner. On the displayed **Security Reports** page, view the newly created report.

----End

8.3.2 Viewing a Security Report

Scenario

This section describes how to view a created security report and its displayed information.

Viewing a Security Report

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-11 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Outp O O Circle a same and shywed for seem.
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Security Reports**.

Figure 8-12 Reports

<	/ Repo	rts		
Security Situation Situation Overview	*	Type: All 🕘 Enable Status: All 🕘 🏹 Add filter		× Q C
Large Screen				
Reports				
Task Center		+	•	
Resource Manager	•		Edit Copy Delete	
Risk Prevention	•			
Threat Operations	•			
Security Orchestration	•			
Settings	•			

Step 5 Click the module where the target report is located. The report details page is displayed.

On the report details page, you can preview details about the current security report.

----End

Content in the Daily Report Template

Table 8-28 Content in the daily report template

Parameter	Description
Data Scope	The default data scope of a daily report is from 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 on the previous day.

Parameter	Description		
Security Score	SecMaster evaluates and scores your asset security for the previous day (from 00:00:00 to 23:59:59) so that you can quickly learn of the overall security posture of assets. This score varies depending on the SecMaster edition you are using.		
Baseline Inspection	 Displays the statistics of the latest baseline check, including the following information: The number of baseline check items Number of failed compliance check items in the latest baseline check 		
Security Vulnerabilities	 Displays the vulnerability statistics of the accessed cloud services on the previous day, including the following information: Number of vulnerabilities Number of unfixed vulnerabilities 		
Policy Coverage	 Displays the coverage of current security products, including the following information: Number of instances protected by security products (= Number of protected ECSs + Number of websites protected with WAF instances) HSS coverage (= Number of protected ECSs/Total number of ECSs) Number of protected cloud servers Protected websites 		
Asset Security	 Displays the current asset security status, including the following information: Total number of current assets Number of vulnerable assets 		
Security Analysis	 Displays the security analysis statistics of the previous day, including the following information: Total traffic of security logs on the previous day Number of security log models 		
Security Response (Overview)	 Displays the security response statistics for the previous day, including the following information: Number of security alerts handled Number of confirmed intrusion incidents Number of executed automatic response playbooks Percentage of alerts handled by automatic playbooks MTTR Number of confirmed high-risk intrusion incidents 		

Parameter	Description
Asset risks	 Displays the asset security status for the previous day, including the following information: Number of attacked assets Number of unprotected assets Number of vulnerable assets Asset change trend over the last seven days as of the previous day Asset protection rate by asset type
Threat posture	 Displays the threat posture of assets on the previous day, including the following information: Number of DDoS attacks Number of network attacks Number of application attacks Number of server attacks DDoS inspection findings Network/Server attacks over time WAF inspection findings Top 5 network alert types Top 5 application alert type statistics Top 5 server alert type statistics Top 5 source IP addresses by application alerts Top 5 source IP addresses by application alerts Top 5 source IP addresses by application alerts Top 5 destination IP addresses by server alerts HSS inspection findings
Log analysis	 Displays the log analysis results for the previous day, including the following information: Number of log sources on the previous day Number of log indexes on the previous day Total number of logs received on the previous day Log volume stored on the previous day Log volume change trend over the last seven days as of the previous day Access traffic statistics of top 5 log sources over the last seven days as of the previous day Number of alerts generated by top 10 models on the previous day

Parameter	Description			
Security Response (Details)	Displays the security response information for the previous day , including the following information:			
	Number of alerts handled on the previous day			
	Number of incidents handled on the previous day			
	• Number of vulnerabilities fixed on the previous day			
	 Number of unsafe baseline settings fixed on the previous day 			
	 Threat alert distribution and quantity on the previous day 			
	 Top 5 intrusion incidents by type on the previous day 			
	• Top 5 emergency responses on the previous day			
	• Top 20 threat alerts handled on the previous day			
External Security Info	Displays information about external security hotspots for the previous day .			

Content in the Weekly Report Template

Tab	le 8-29	Content ir	1 the	Weekly	Report	Template	

Parameter	Description
Data Scope	SecMaster collects security information from 00:00:00 on Monday to 23:59:59 on Sunday of the previous week.
Security Score	SecMaster evaluates and scores your asset security for the last day of the previous week so that you can quickly learn of the overall security posture of assets. This score varies depending on the SecMaster edition you are using.
Baseline Inspection	 Displays the statistics of the latest baseline check in the previous week, including the following information: The number of baseline check items Number of compliance check items in the latest baseline check
Security vulnerabilities	 Displays the vulnerability statistics of the accessed cloud services for the last week, including the following information: Number of vulnerabilities. Number of unfixed vulnerabilities

Parameter	Description
Policy Coverage	Displays the latest asset security information on the last day of the previous week, including the following information:
	 Number of instances protected by security products (= Number of protected ECSs + Number of websites protected with WAF instances)
	 HSS coverage (= Number of protected ECSs/Total number of ECSs)
	Number of protected cloud servers
	Protected websites
Asset security	Displays the latest asset security information on the last day in the last week, including the following information:
	Total number of assets
	Number of vulnerable assets
Security analysis	Displays the security analysis statistics, including the following information:
	Total security log traffic of last week
	 Number of security log models on the last day of the last week
Security Response (Overview)	Displays the security response information for the previous week, including the following information:
	Number of security alerts handled over the previous week
	 Number of confirmed intrusion incidents over the previous week
	Number of executed automatic response playbooks
	 Percentage of alerts handled by automatic playbooks
	• MTTR
	Number of confirmed high-risk intrusion incidents
Asset risks	Displays the latest asset security information on the last day of the previous week, including the following information:
	• Week-over-week changes on attacked asset quantity in monthly reports
	 Week-over-week changes on unprotected asset quantity in monthly reports
	 Week-over-week changes on vulnerable asset quantity in monthly reports
	Asset changes over the previous week
	• Asset protection rate by asset type (%)

Parameter	Description
Threat posture	Displays the latest threat posture n on the last day of the previous week, including the following information: Number of DDoS attacks Number of network attacks Number of application attacks Number of server attacks DDoS inspection findings Network/Server attacks over time WAF inspection findings Top 5 network alert types Top 5 application alert types Top 5 server alert types Top 5 source IP addresses by application alerts Top 5 destination IP addresses by application alerts Top 5 destination IP addresses by server alerts HSS inspection findings
Log analysis	 Displays the log analysis results for the previous week, including the following information: Number of log sources Number of log indexes Total number of received logs Log storage Log volume changes Top 5 log source access statistics Number of alerts generated by top 10 models on the previous day
Security Response (Details)	 Displays the security response information for the previous week, including the following information: Number of handled alerts Number of handled incidents Number of fixed vulnerabilities Number of fixed baseline settings Threat alert distribution and quantity Top 5 intrusion incidents by type Top 5 emergency responses Top 20 threat alert handling
External Security Info	This part includes information about external security hotspots.

Content in the Monthly Report Template

Parameter	Description		
Data Scope	By default, a monthly report includes security information for the previous month.		
Security Score	SecMaster evaluates and scores your asset security for the last day of the previous month so that you can quickly learn of the overall security posture of assets. This score varies depending on the SecMaster edition you are using.		
Baseline Inspection	 Displays the statistics of the latest baseline check in the previous month, including the following information: The number of baseline check items Number of compliance check items in the latest baseline check 		
Security Vulnerabilities	 Displays the vulnerability statistics of the accessed cloud services on the last data of the previous month, including the following information: Number of vulnerabilities Number of unfixed vulnerabilities 		
Policy Coverage	 Displays the latest asset security information on the last day of the last month, including the following information: Number of instances protected by security products (= Number of protected ECSs + Number of websites protected with WAF instances) HSS coverage (= Number of protected ECSs/Total number of ECSs) Number of protected cloud servers Protected websites 		
Asset Security	Displays the latest asset security information on the last day of the last month, including the following information: • Total number of assets • Number of vulnerable assets		

Parameter	Description
Security analysis	Displays the security analysis statistics, including the following information: • Total security log traffic of the last month
	 Number of security log models on the last day of the last month
Security Response (Overview)	Displays the security response information for the previous month, including the following information:
	• Number of security alerts handled over the previous month
	Number of confirmed intrusion incidents
	Number of executed automatic response playbooks
	 Percentage of alerts handled by automatic playbooks
	• MTTR
	Number of confirmed high-risk intrusion incidents
Asset risks	Displays the latest asset security information on the last day of the last month, including the following information:
	 Attacked asset quantity changes compared to the previous month
	• Unprotected asset quantity changes compared to the previous month
	 Vulnerable asset quantity changes compared to the previous month
	Asset changes over the previous month
	• Asset protection rate by asset type (%)

Parameter	Description	
Threat posture	Displays the latest threat posture n on the last day of the previous month, including the following information:	
	Number of DDoS attacks	
	Number of network attacks	
	Number of application attacks	
	Number of server attacks	
	DDoS inspection findings	
	 Network/Server attacks over time 	
	WAF inspection findings	
	Top 5 network alert types	
	Top 5 application alert types	
	Top 5 server alert types	
	Top 5 source IP addresses by application alerts	
	Top 5 destination IP addresses by application alerts	
	• Top 5 source IP addresses by network alerts	
	• Top 5 destination IP addresses by server alerts	
	HSS inspection findings	
Log analysis	Displays the log analysis results for the previous month, including the following information:	
	Number of log sources	
	Number of log indexes	
	Total number of received logs	
	Log storage	
	Log volume changes	
	Top 5 log source access statistics	
	 Number of alerts generated by top 10 models on the previous day 	
Security Response (Details)	 Displays the security response information for the previous month, including the following information: Number of handled alerts Number of handled incidents Fixed vulnerabilities Number of fixed baseline settings Threat alerts by severity Top 5 intrusion incidents by type 	
	Top 5 emergency responses	
	Top 20 threat alert handling	

Parameter	Description	
External Security Info	This part includes information about external security hotspots.	

8.3.3 Downloading a Security Report

Scenario

You can download historical reports.

This topic describes how to download a report.

Downloading a Security Report

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Workspaces > Management. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-13 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()						
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cours C Gara and an University of the reach						
Security Covernance 🧹	C Oref desarf Or						

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Security Reports**.

Figure	0-	14 Reports			
<	/ Rep	orts			
Security Situation Situation Overview	*	Type: All Enable Status: All V Add filter		×Q	C
Large Screen			Endo		
Task Center Resource Manager Risk Prevention	• •	+	Edit Copy Delete		
Threat Operations Security Orchestration	• •				
Settings	•				

Figure 8-14 Reports

Step 5 Locate a report template and click **Edit**.

You can also download the report. For details, see Creating and Copying a Security Report.

- Step 6 Click Next: Report Choose in the upper right corner. The Report Selection page is displayed.
- **Step 7** On the report selection page, click $\stackrel{\perp}{\checkmark}$ in the upper left corner of the preview page on the right.

To change the report schedule, edit it in the upper right corner of the preview page on the right.

Step 8 In the displayed dialog box, select a report format, and click **OK**.

The system automatically downloads the report to the local PC.

----End

8.3.4 Managing Security Reports

Scenario

This section describes how to manage security reports, including enabling, disabling, editing, and deleting security reports.

Managing Security Reports

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces > Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-15 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Center
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Security Reports**.

Figure	8-16 Reports	
<	/ Reports	

	Repo	rts		
Security Situation Situation Overview	•	Type: All 🕘 Enable Status: All 🚳 🛛 Add filter		× Q C
Large Screen				
Reports			Enable	
Task Center		+	0	
Resource Manager	•		Edit Copy Delete	
Risk Prevention	•			
Threat Operations	•			
Security Orchestration	•			
Settings	•			



Operation	Step
Enabling/disabling a security report	On the Reports page, locate the desired report and toggle the slider on or off.
	 If the slider is toggled on, the security report is enabled.
	 If the slider is toggled off, the security report is disabled.
Editing a Security Report	1. On the Reports page, locate the desired report and click Edit .
	2. (Optional) Edit basic report information.
	3. Click Next: Report Choose . The Report Selection page is displayed.
	4. (Optional) Select the report layout.
	5. Click Finish in the upper right corner.
Deleting a Security Report	 On the Reports page, locate the desired report and click Delete.
	2. Click OK .

Table 8-31	Managing	security reports
------------	----------	------------------

----End

8.4 Task Center

8.4.1 Viewing To-Do Tasks

Scenario

The to-do list displays the tasks that you need to process. This section describes how to view the to-do list.

Viewing To-Do Tasks

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-17 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕚
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cean (3) C. One same and invested to mech. (3)
Security Covernance 🧹	C © Order Asset O Indice Set States Proved States Proved States Proved States O MaterialL O Asta 0 Indicates O Asta 0 Indicates O Asta 0 Proproces O

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Task Center**.

Figure 8-18 To-Dos

<	/ Task Cer	nter									
Security Situation											
Situation Overview		To-Dos Con	npleted								
Large Screen								Created By	✓ Enter all	keyword. Q	С
Reports		Task Name	Service Type 🖓	Associated Ob	Created By	Reviewed By	Remarks	Created	Updated	Operation	
Resource Manager	•		Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/28 17:03:55	2023/06/28 17:03:55	Review	
Risk Prevention	•		Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/28 17:02:34	2023/06/28 17:02:34	Review	
Threat Operations	•		Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/14 17:00:09	2023/06/14 17:00:09	Review	
Security Orchestration	*		Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/10 15:13:57	2023/06/10 15:13:57	Review	
Settings	•		Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/10 10:18:14	2023/06/10 10:18:14	Review	

Step 5 On the **To-Dos** tab page displayed, view details about the to-do tasks.

Parameter	Description
Task Name	Name of a task.
Service Type	Type of a task.
	Workflow release
	Playbook release
	Playbook - Node Review
Associated Object	Name of the corresponding playbook or process.
Created By	Indicates the user who creates a task.
Reviewed By	Reviewer of the playbook/process
Remarks	Remarks of a task.
Created	Time when the playbook or process is created.
Updated	Last update time of the playbook or process.
Expired	Time the task expires.
Operation	Approve the to-do task.

Table 8-32 To-do task parameters

----End

8.4.2 Handling a To-Do Task

Scenario

When a playbook or process task reaches a node, the task needs to be suspended manually so that the playbook or process task can continue.

Process to-do tasks.

Prerequisites

A playbook task has been triggered, and manual actions are required for completing the task.

Handling a To-Do Task

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-19 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Come O C: Entry a new set beyond to much. O
Security Governance 🤍 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Task Center**.

Figure 8-20 To-Dos

<	/ Task	Center										
Security Situation	*	_										
Situation Overview		To-Dos	Comp	bleted								
Reports									Created By	👻 Enter a	ceyword. Q	C
Task Center		Task Name		Service Type 🍞	Associated Ob	Created By	Reviewed By	Remarks	Created	Updated	Operation	
Resource Manager	•			Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/28 17:03:55	2023/06/28 17:03:55	Review	
Risk Prevention	Ŧ			Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/28 17:02:34	2023/06/28 17:02:34	Review	
Threat Operations	*			Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/14 17:00:09	2023/06/14 17:00:09	Review	
Security Orchestration	Ţ			Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/10 15:13:57	2023/06/10 15:13:57	Review	
				Playbook - Nod	Automatic notifi	system	-	-	2023/06/10 10:18:14	2023/06/10 10:18:14	Review	

Step 5 In the row containing the target to-do task, click **Approve** in the **Operation** column.

The approval mode varies according to the service type.

- Playbook release: The **Playbook Release** page is displayed on the right. Enter review comments and approve the playbook as prompted.
- Process release: The **Process Release** page is displayed on the right. Enter the **Comment** and approve the application as prompted.
- Playbook-Node Review: The **Playbook-Node Review** page is displayed on the right. You can select **Continue** or **Terminate**.
- ----End

8.4.3 Viewing Completed Tasks

Scenario

This section walks you through how to view tasks you have handled in SecMaster.

Viewing Completed Tasks

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 8-21 Workspace management page



- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Situation** > **Task Center**. On the displayed page, click the **Completed** tab.
- **Step 5** View details about handled tasks in the task list.

 Table 8-33
 Completed task parameters

Parameter	Description
Task	Name of a task.
Work	Type of a task.
	Workflow release
	Playbook release
	Playbook - Node review
Object	Name of the corresponding playbook or workflow.
Created By	User who creates the task.
Remarks	Remarks of the task.
Reviewed By	Reviewer of the playbook/workflow
Comment	Review comment of the task.
Description	Description of the task.
Created	Time when the playbook or workflow was created.
Updated	Last time the playbook or workflow was updated.
Expired	Time the task expires.

----End

9 Resource Manager

9.1 Overview

SecMaster automatically discovers and manages all assets on and off the cloud and displays the real-time security status of your assets.

- Cloud assets: assets on this cloud, for example, Elastic Cloud Server (ECS), Web Application Firewall (WAF), and Virtual Private Cloud (VPC).
- Off-cloud assets: assets not on this cloud, for example, on-premises servers, IDC servers, or servers on third-party cloud platforms.

With SecMaster, you can:

- Manage cloud assets: Set asset subscription, view asset information, import or export assets, and edit or delete assets.
- Manage off-cloud assets: View asset information, import or export assets, and edit or delete assets.

To manage off-cloud assets, you need to import asset information into SecMaster first. This is the only difference from management of cloud assets.

On the **Resource Manager** page, you can view the security status statistics of all resources under your account. This helps you quickly locate security risks and find solutions.

9.2 Configuring the Asset Subscription

Scenario

SecMaster can synchronize asset information only in the workspace where asset subscription is enabled. After the subscription, SecMaster updates resource information every night.

This section describes how to make a subscription to resources.

D NOTE

• Only cloud resources can be subscribed to and synchronized to SecMaster. Subscribing to resource information to multiple workspaces in a region is not recommended.

Configuring the Asset Subscription

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 9-1 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Count Chi C: Etter a sear and hypered for memb. Chi
Security Governmence 🤍	C © © Medic 0 Medic 0 Valenzal. 0 Ales 0 Holdaria 0 Alaris 0 Security A. 0 Holdaria 0 Paperces 0

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Resource Manager** > **Resource Manager**.

Figure 9-2 Resource Manager

< / Reso	urce Manag	per									CAsset Subscriptio
Security Situation											
Resource Manager		All Resource Servers	Website Datat	ase VPC EIP	Device IP						
Resource Manager											
Risk Prevention	*	Batch Delete System 5	Bynchronize Assets	Batch Edit							C 🛞
Threat Operations	Ψ.	Q. Enter a keyword. By default,	the search is performed by r	name or a combination of search o	tteria.						٢
Security Orchestration	*	Resource Name	Resource Type	IP Address	Department	Environment Supplier T	Protected Status	Alarm	Incident	Vulnerabilities	Operation
Settings	*		cloudservers	I(PrivateIP)	-	Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delote
		ecs-	cloudservers	3(Private(P)	-	Cloud service	Protected	0	0	0	Delete
		NDR-ecs-	cloudservers	7(PrivateIP),1		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Deloto
		ecs- it	cloudservers	1(PrivateIP)		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delete

- **Step 5** On the **Resource Manager** page, click **Asset Subscription** in the upper right corner.
- **Step 6** On the **Asset Subscription** page sliding out from the right, locate the row that contains the region where the target resource is located, and enable subscription.
- Step 7 Click OK.

After the subscription, SecMaster updates resource information every night.

```
----End
```

9.3 Viewing Asset Information

Scenario

On the **Resource Manager** page, you can view the name, type, and protection status of assets you have.

Prerequisites

• You have completed asset subscriptions. For details, see **Configuring the Asset Subscription**.

Viewing Resource Information

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 9-3 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Coase Coase Coase of the Coase
Security Covernance 🧹	. C © 0 misc. 0 misc. 0 Peer C Peer

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Resource Manager** > **Resource Manager**.

Figure 9-4 Resource Manager

C / Resource Manager						@Asset Subscription					
Security Situation	•										
Resource Manager		All Resource Servers	Website Datab	ase VPC EIP	Device IP						
Resource Manager											
Risk Prevention	Ψ.	Batch Delete System 5	lynchronize Assets	Batch Edit							C 🛞
Threat Operations	*	Q Enter a keyword. By default, I	the search is performed by r	same or a combination of search or	iteria.						0
Security Orchestration	*	Resource Name	Resource Type	IP Address	Department	Environment Supplier T	Protected Status	Alarm	Incident	Vulnerabilities	Operation
Settings	*		cloudservers	I(PrivateIP)		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Deloto
		C 60-	cloudservers	3(Private/P)	-	Cloud service	Protected	0	0	0	Delete
		NDR-ecs-	cloudservers	7(PrivatelP), 1	-	Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delete
		ect- it	cloudservers	1((Private(P)		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delete

Step 5 (Optional) Complete the asset subscription first. If you have done this once, skip this step.

SecMaster can synchronize asset information only in the workspace where asset subscription is enabled. After the subscription, SecMaster updates resource information every night.

NOTE

Only cloud resources can be subscribed to and synchronized to SecMaster. Subscribing to resources in a region to multiple workspaces is not recommended.

- 1. On the **Resource Manager** page, click **Asset Subscription** in the upper right corner.
- 2. On the **Asset Subscription** page sliding from the right, locate the row that contains the region where the target resource is located, and enable subscription.
- 3. Click OK.

After the subscription, SecMaster updates resource information every night.

Step 6 On the displayed page, view the resource details.

- You can view resource information by resource type. For example, you can select the **Servers** tab to view details about servers you have.
- You can view the total number of assets below the asset list. You can view a maximum of 10,000 asset records page by page. To view more than 10,000 asset records, optimize the filter criteria.
- To view more details about an asset, check its asset type. Then, go to the corresponding resource tab and click the resource name of the asset to go to its details page.

For example, to view details about a server, select the **Servers** tab. On the displayed tab, click the resource name of the target server to go to its details page.

- On the asset details page, you can view the environment, asset, and network details related to the asset.
- Edit the owner, service system, and department of the resource. You can also bind the resources to or unbind the resources from an owner, service system, or department.

----End

Related Operations

On the **Resource Manager** page, you can edit the department, service system, and owner of a resource. Perform the following steps:

- 1. Select the resources you want to edit click **Batch Edit** in the upper left corner of the resource list.
- 2. In the displayed box, edit resource details.
- 3. Click OK.

9.4 Importing and Exporting Assets

Scenario

SecMaster allows you to import assets outside the cloud. After the import, the security status of the assets can be displayed. You can also export asset information.

This section describes how to import and export assets.

Limitations and Constraints

- Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import one file no larger than 5 MB and with a maximum of 100 records.
- A maximum of 9,999 resource records can be exported.

Importing Assets

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 9-5 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Count
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Resource Manager** > **Resource Manager**.

Figure 9-6 Resource Manager

< / Resource	Manager									BAsset Subscriptic
Security Situation		Website Data	base VPC EIP	Device IP						
Resource Manager			Batch Edit	riteria						C 0
Security Orchestration	Resource Name	Resource Type	IP Address	Department	Environment Supplier T		Alarm	Incident	Vulnerabilities	Operation
Second 1		cloudservers cloudservers	I(Private(P) 3(Private(P)	-	Cloud service Cloud service	Unprotected Protected	0	0	0	Delete
	NDR-ecs-	cloudservers	7(PrivateIP), 1	-	Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Deloto
	ect- it	cloudservers	1(Private(P)		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delete

- Step 5 On the Resource Manager page, click a tab corresponding to the type of the resources you want to import. For example, if you want to import servers, click the Servers tab.
- **Step 6** In the upper left corner of the asset list, click **Import**.
- **Step 7** In the **Import** dialog box, click **Download Template**. Then, fill information about the resource to be imported in the template.
- **Step 8** After the template is completed, click **Select File** in the **Import** dialog box and select the Excel file you want to import.
- Step 9 Click OK.

----End

Exporting Assets

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 9-7 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Count (1) C: Other same and huyout for much. (2)
Security Covernance v	. C © c index: State (Paper c) (Paper c) (Media Non Alass 0 Security A. 0 Indexes 0 Papicos 0 () () () () () () () () () ()

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Resource Manager** > **Resource Manager**.

Figure 9-8 Resource Manager

< / Reso	urce Manage	or									Gasset Subscription
Security Situation	*										
Resource Manager		All Resource Servers	Website Datab	ase VPC EIP	Device IP						
Resource Manager											
Risk Prevention	*	Batch Delete System 5	Synchronize Assets	Botch Edit							C 🛞
Threat Operations	*	Q Enter a keyword. By default,	the search is performed by r	name or a combination of search o	iteria.						0
Security Orchestration	Ψ	Resource Name	Resource Type	IP Address	Department	Environment Supplier T	Protected Status	Alarm	Incident	Vulnerabilities	Operation
Settings	*		cloudservers	I(PrivateIP)	-	Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Deloto
		ecs-	cloudservers	3(Private/P)	-	Cloud service	Protected	0	0	0	Delete
		NDR-ecs-	cloudservers	7(PrivatelP),1		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Deloto
		eci if	cloudservers	1((Private(P)	-	Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delete

- **Step 5** On the asset management page, click the corresponding asset tab. For example, if you want to export servers, click the **Servers** tab.
- **Step 6** On the asset page, select the assets to be exported and click \square in the upper right corner of the list.
- **Step 7** In the **Export** dialog box, set asset parameters.

Table 9-1 Exporting assets

Parameter	Description
Format	By default, the asset list is exported into an Excel.
Columns	Select the parameters to be exported.

Step 8 Click OK.

The system automatically downloads the Excel to your local PC.

----End

9.5 Editing or Deleting an Asset

Scenario

On the **Resource Manager** page, you can edit the department, service system, and owner of a resource. You can also delete assets you imported into SecMaster. You can delete them one by one or in batches.

This topic describes how to edit or delete assets from SecMaster.

Limitations and Constraints

Only assets imported outside the cloud can be deleted.

Editing or Deleting an Asset

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 9-9 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Resource Manager** > **Resource Manager**.

Figure 9-10 Resource Manager

< / Reso	urce Manager										Q Asset Subscription
Security Situation	Ŧ										
Resource Manager		All Resource Servers	Website Datat	lase VPC EIP	Device IP						
Resource Manager											
Risk Prevention	*	Batch Delete System S	lynchronize Assets	Batch Edit							C 🛞
Threat Operations	Ψ.	Q. Enter a keyword. By default, I	the search is performed by r	name or a combination of search o	tteria.						٢
Security Orchestration	*	Resource Name	Resource Type	IP Address	Department	Environment Supplier T	Protected Status	Alarm	Incident	Vulnerabilities	Operation
Settings	*		cloudservers	I(PrivateIP)	-	Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delete
		ecs-	cloudservers	3(Private/P)		Cloud service	Protected	0	0	0	Delete
		NDR-ecs-	cloudservers	7(PrivateIP), 1		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Delote
		eco- it	cloudservers	1((Private(P)		Cloud service	Unprotected	0	0	0	Defete

Step 5 Edit or delete the resource.

Table 9-2 Parameters for resource edit or deletion

Operation	Procedure
Batch Edit	 On the Resource Manager page, select the resources you want to edit and click Batch Edit in the upper left corner of the resource list. To edit a resource of a certain type, click the corresponding resource type tab. For example, if you want to edit servers, click the Servers tab. In the displayed box, you can edit the department, service system, and owner of the resource. Click OK.
Batch Delete	1. On the Resource Manager page, click the corresponding resource type tab. For example, if you want to delete servers, click the Servers tab.
	 On the displayed page, select the resources you want to delete and click Batch Delete above the list. The system will delete all selected resources.

----End

10 Risk Prevention

10.1 Baseline Inspection

10.1.1 Baseline Inspection Overview

SecMaster can scan cloud services for risks in key configuration items, report scan results by category, generate alerts for incidents, and provide hardening suggestions and guidelines.

Baseline Check Methods

• Automated baseline checks

By default, SecMaster performs a check every three days. From 00:00 to 06:00, SecMaster checks all assets in the current region under your account based on compliance pack **Cloud Security Compliance Check 1.0**. The default check plan can be enabled or disabled only. No changes on its compliance packs or execution time can be made.

• Scheduled custom baseline checks

You can customize the automatic check period, check time, and check scope. For details, see **Performing a Scheduled Baseline Check**.

- Immediate baseline checks
 - You can start all compliance packs in use to detect violations against automatic check items.
 - You can start a check plan to detect violations against check items in the compliance pack configured in the check plan.
 - You can select one or more check items and start them at once.
- Manual baseline checks

There are some manual check items included in baseline inspection. After you finish a manual check, report the check results to SecMaster. The pass rate is calculated based on results from both manual and automatic checks. For automatic check items, you can manually start specific checks.

For details about manual checks, see **Performing a Manual Baseline Check**.

Process

The process of baseline inspection is as follows.

Table	10-1	Process	

No.	Operation	Description
1	Conducting a Scheduled Baseline Inspection	 SecMaster uses the default check plan to check all assets. Default plan: SecMaster checks your assets under your account in the current region every three days
		from 00:00 to 06:00.Custom plans: SecMaster performs baseline
		inspections based on the compliance packs and time you specify in the custom check plans.
2	Starting an Immediate	The baseline inspection supports periodic and immediate checks.
	Baseline Check	 Periodic check: The system automatically executes the default check plan or the check plans you configure.
		• Immediate check: You can add or modify a custom check plan and start the check plan immediately. In this way, you can check whether the servers have certain unsafe configurations in real time.
3	Viewing Baseline Inspection Results	You can view the baseline inspection results after each manual check or automated check. You can quickly learn affected assets and details about the baseline inspection items.
4	Handling Baseline Inspection Results	You can handle risky items based on the rectification suggestions.

10.1.2 Starting an Immediate Baseline Check

Scenarios

To learn about the latest status of the cloud service baseline configurations, execute or let SecMaster execute a check plan. Then you can view which configurations are unsafe in the check results. The baseline inspection supports periodic and immediate checks.

- Periodic check: SecMaster periodically executes the default check plan or the check plans you configure.
- Immediate check: You can start check items in all security standards or a specific check plan anytime.

This topic describes how to start an immediate baseline inspection. You can select the following check types:

- Immediate Check on All Compliance Packs: Check the compliance of all automatic check items in in-use compliance packs.
- **Starting a Check Based on a Check Plan**: Check the compliance of the check items in the compliance pack configured in a selected check plan.
- Immediate Checks on Certain Check Items: check the selected check items.

Limitations and Constraints

- An immediate check task can be executed only once within 10 minutes.
- A periodic check can be manually started only once within 10 minutes.

Immediate Check on All Compliance Packs

This part describes how to start an immediate check for automatic check items in in-use compliance packs.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

SecMaster	Management 🕐
Security Overview Workspaces	Cours O C Ution a same and inspace for search. O
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C 0 and the control of the

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**.

Figure 10-2 Accessing the check result page

ecurity Situation V esource Manager V	Che	eck Result	Security Standards	5										
k Provention Resettine Inspection Vulnerabilities Security Policies			2	Critical 0 🌒 High 1 🌒 N	edium 0 😑 Lov	i 1 🥚 Informa	tional 0					Latest o	checked Dec 31, 2024 15:01	Check Now 41 GMT+08:00
at Operations v		Security	Policy Check Results			Security Standar	d Compliance St	tatus			Check Pass Rate	0		
Seting: V													· Passed	
	×		100A	USA USA				201		17%	(17%	 Failed Check Failed N/A 	
	¢	Security All Comp	Standards ilance Packs		ual Check	Import	Export			17%	(17%	Check Failed	G
	¢	Security All Comp	Standards lience Packs d Security Complianc	Check Now Mar	ual Check				Severity	17%	(17%)	Check Failed	Q 0
	×	Security All Comp Clou DuCt	Standards ilance Packs	Check Now Mar Q. Select a property or enter	ual Check	Import	Export Resource Nam		Severity • Low	Suggestion	anagement console u		© Check Failed	Operation

Step 5 On the Check Result tab, click Check Now. In the dialog box displayed, click OK.

Refresh the page. To check whether the displayed result is the latest, click **View Details** in the **Operation** column and check the time in **Latest Check**.

----End

Starting a Check Based on a Check Plan

This part describes how to immediately execute a check plan. Once a check plan is kicked off, SecMaster immediately executes each check item included in compliance packs in the check plan.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-3 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Plan tab.

Figure 10-4 Check Plan tab

< / / Checks		
Security Situation Resource Manager Risk Prevention Baseline Inspection Vulnerabilities	Check Result Security Standards	
Security Policies Threat Operations	default(Default) Check Now	Check Now Edit Delete
Security Orchestration \checkmark Settings \checkmark	Schedule: every 3 days at 0 00-6 00 Comptiance Pack Cloud Security Comptiance Check: 1.0	C Schedule: every 1 days at 0 00-5 00 Compliance Pack Network Security

Step 5 In a check plan box, click **Check Now**.

SecMaster immediately executes the selected baseline check plan.

----End

Immediate Checks on Certain Check Items

This part describes how to start an immediate check on certain check items.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-5 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Management	Cost
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C O O Metricol O Metric O Metric

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**.

Figure 10-6 Accessing the check result page

/ Baseline in ecurity Situation v ensurce Manager v isk Provention	Check Result Security Standard	8						
Baseline Inspection Vulnerabilities Security Policies	E 2 Vulnerable Resource	Critical 0 🕚 High 1 🌒 Medium	0 🔹 Low 1 🍵 Informational 0			Latest	Ch checked:Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	ck Now GMT+08:00
ecurity Orchestration	Security Policy Check Results		Security Standard Compliance	e Status	Check Pass Rat	• ()		
etings V	< mark	955 ¹³⁰⁰	- Hannah Biran Grand Paramip - Sandiga	ration	17%	17%	 Passed Failed Check Failed N/A 	
	Security Standards All Compliance Packs	Check Now Manual Ch Q. Select a property or enter a key Check Item		iame Severity	Suggestion	Check	Last Scanned	Q @
	DJCP 2.0 Level 3 Require Network Security	Enabling MEA for Admin	G Failed Account	-euro-zw • Low	1. Log in to the management console u.	Automatic	Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	Check Non
			O Failed Account	-euro-zw • Low	1. Log in to the management console u.			

Step 5 Check one or more check items immediately.

- Check on a single check item
 - a. In the check item list in the lower part of the **Check Result** tab, locate the target automatic check item and click **Check Now** in the **Operation** column.
 - b. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

Refresh the page and check the details next to **Last checked** and ensure that the latest scan result is displayed.

- Checks on some check items
 - a. In the check item list in the lower part of the check result tab, select multiple auto check items and click **Check Now** in the upper left corner above the check item list.
 - b. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

Refresh the page and check the details next to **Last checked** and ensure that the latest scan result is displayed.

----End

10.1.3 Performing a Scheduled Baseline Check

Scenarios

SecMaster can check whether your assets have risks based on baseline check plans. By default, every three days SecMaster automatically performs a baseline check on all assets in the current region under your account from 00:00 to 06:00 in accordance with compliance pack **Cloud Security Compliance Check 1.0**. This function is enabled by default. So there are no manual actions required.

You can customize the automatic inspection period, time, and scope to create custom check plans.

This document describes how to create a custom baseline check plan.

Limitations and Constraints

• A compliance pack can be added to only one check plan.

- SecMaster cannot execute check plans that include manual check items. So do not add compliance packs that include manual check items to a check plan. There are manual check items in **DJCP 2.0 Level 3 Requirements**.
- The default check plan can be enabled or disabled only. No changes on its compliance packs or execution time can be made.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-7 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces Annual A	Cours
Security Governmence 🧹 🤟	C © © Medic 0 Medic 0 Valenzal. 0 Ales 0 Holdaria 0 Alaris 0 Security A. 0 Holdaria 0 Paperces 0

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Plan tab.

Figure 10-8 Check Plan tab

< / / Checks		
Security Situation V	Check Result Security Standards	
Resource Manager 🗸 🗸	orion recon	
Risk Prevention	Compliance Pack Check Item Check Plan	
Baseline Inspection		
Vulnerabilities	Create Plan	
Security Policies		
Threat Operations \checkmark	default(Default) Check Now	Check Now Edit Delete
Security Orchestration \checkmark	C Schedule: every 3 days at 0:00-6:00	Schedule: every 1 days at 0:00-6:00
Settings 🗸 🗸	Schedule, every 3 days at 0.00-6.00	C Schedule, every 1 days at 0.00-6.00
	Compliance Pack	Compliance Pack
	Cloud Security Compliance Check 1.0	Network Security

- **Step 5** On the **Check Plan** tab, click **Create Plan**. The pane for creating a plan is displayed on the right.
- **Step 6** Configure the check plan.

Parameter		Description
Basic	Name	Custom plan name.
Information	Schedule	Select how often and when the check plan is executed.
		 Schedule: every day, every 3 days, every 7 days, every 15 days, or every 30 days
		 Check start time: 00:00-06:00, 06:00-12:00, 12:00-18:00, or 18:00-24:00

Parameter	Description
Select Compliance Pack	Select the compliance pack you want to use.

Step 7 Click OK.

After the check plan is created, SecMaster performs cloud service baseline scanning at the specified time. You can choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection** to view the scan result.

----End

Related Operations

You can view, edit, enable, disable, or delete a custom check plan.

- Viewing a check plan
 - a. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**. On the **Baseline Inspection** page, click the **Security Standards** tab. Then, click the **Check Plan** tab.
 - b. On the **Check Plan** page, view what check plans you already have.
- Editing a custom check plan

Only custom check plans can be edited.

- a. In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the Baseline Inspection page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Plan tab.
- b. In the upper right corner of the check plan box, click **Edit**. The pane for editing the check plan is displayed on the right.
- c. Edit settings and click **OK**.
- Deleting a custom check plan

Only custom check plans can be deleted.

- a. In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the Baseline Inspection page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Plan tab.
- b. In the upper right corner of the check plan box, click **Delete**.
- c. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.
- Disabling or enabling a check plan
 - a. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**. On the **Baseline Inspection** page, click the **Security Standards** tab. Then, click the **Check Plan** tab.
 - b. Toggle on or off the status button in the box where the target plan is located.

10.1.4 Performing a Manual Baseline Check

Scenarios

There are some manual check items included in baseline inspection. You need to perform those check items manually. After you finish a manual check, report the

check results to SecMaster. The pass rate is calculated based on results from both manual and automatic checks.

This topic describes how to start manual checks in baseline inspection.

Limitations and Constraints

Report manual check results every 7 days as your feedback is valid only for 7 days.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-9 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Cours C titre scale artityped for merits
Security Covernance 🧹	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**.

	ispection	Findings										
lecurity Situation v lecource Manager v	Cher	ck Result Security Standards										
Easeline Inspection Vulnerabilities Security Policies		E 2 Vulnerable Resource	Critical 0 🔹 High 1 🍝 Medium	10 😑 Low	r 1 🥚 Inform	ational 0				Labest o	Che hecked Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	ck Now GMT+08:00
real Operations v		Security Policy Check Results			Security Standa	rd Compliance Status			Check Pass Rate	0		
latings v								17%	1	7	 Passed Failed 	
	× (MUNUT	WAR (June						1	7%	 Check Failed N/A 	
		NUTER Security Standards All Compliance Packs	July Unit Check Now Mersual Ch		Import	Export				7%		
	×	Security Standards All Compliance Packs Cloud Security Complianc	Check Now Menual Ch		Import		Severity	Supposition	C	7%) Check		Q @
	×	Security Standards All Compliance Packs	Check Now Mensal Ch	word.			Severity Low	Suggestion 1. Log in to the man			● N/A	
		Security Standards All Compliance Packs Cloud Security Complianc DJCP 2.0 Level 3 Require	Check Now Manual Ch Q. Select a property or enter a lay Check Item	nerd. Result	Resourc Account	Resource Name			aperment console u	Check	N/A Last Scanned	

Figure 10-10 Accessing the check result page

- **Step 5** In the **Operation** column of the target manual check item, click **Manual Check**.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, report the result and click OK.

Report manual check results every 7 days as your feedback is valid only for 7 days.

----End

10.1.5 Viewing Baseline Check Results

Scenarios

After a check plan is set, you can perform an immediate check on the **Baseline Inspection** page. It takes about 10 minutes for the check results to be displayed

on the result page. For details about how to perform an immediate check, see **Starting an Immediate Baseline Check**.

If you do not perform an immediate check, the system performs the check at the specified time according to the check plan. For example, the system performs the check every three days by default, and the check is performed from 00:00 to 06:00 each time. You can view the check results on the **Check Result** page.

This topic describes where to view results of a baseline check plan.

Prerequisites

• Cloud service baseline scanning has been performed.

Viewing Baseline Check Results

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-11 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cuete C Generation and Report for seven.
Security Governance 🗸 🗸	Image: Control and the second seco

Step 4 (Optional) In the navigation pane on the left, choose Settings > Data Integration. On the displayed page, locate the row where SecMaster is located, enable the log access to compliance baseline logs in the Logs column.

SecMaster synchronizes all security data within a region to the first workspace in the region. For the non-first workspaces, you need to configure log access manually.

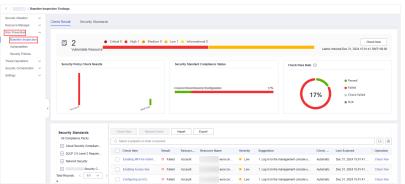
This topic describes how to enable log access to SecMaster manually.

After the setting is complete, you can start an immediate check on the **Baseline Inspection** page. It takes about 10 minutes for the check results to be displayed on the result page. For details about how to perform an immediate check, see **Starting an Immediate Baseline Check**.

If you do not perform an immediate check, the system performs the check at the specified time according to the check plan. For example, the system performs the check every three days by default, and the check is performed from 00:00 to 06:00 each time. You can view the check results on the **Check Result** page.

Step 5 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**.

Figure 10-12 Accessing the check result page



Step 6 On the **Check Result** tab, view the check results of check items. For details about the parameters, see **Table 10-3**.

Parameter	Description
Risks By Severity	Risks found in the last baseline check are listed by severity as well as the corresponding resource quantity. Severity: Critical, High, Medium, Low , and Informational .
Security Policy Check Results	This graph shows how many failed and passed check items your cloud services have in the last baseline check.
Security Standard Compliance Status	This part shows how well your workloads comply with each security standard. You will see a percentage of passed check items in total check items for each standard.
Check Pass Rate	Rate of the passed check items in the latest baseline check. Check pass rate = Passed check items/(Passed check items + failed check items + check item errors) x 100%.
	Note that check items not performed are not counted.

Table	10-3	Check	result	parameters
-------	------	-------	--------	------------

Parameter	Description
Security Standards and the check result list	 All security standards and check results are displayed. To view the check results of a specific compliance pack, click the security standard on the left. The check result details will be displayed on the right. To display certain columns only, click the setting button in the upper right corner of the check result list and complete the settings (for example, whether to wrap lines and whether to fix the operation column).
	 To view details about a check item, click the name of the check item to go to its details page. On the check item details page, view details about description, check process, check result, and checked resources.

----End

10.1.6 Handling Check Results

This section describes how to handle check results. You may need to carry out any of the following:

- Handling Unsafe Settings: Rectify the risky check items based on the check result.
- Check Result Feedback: For manual check items you performed offline, report the check result to SecMaster. The pass rate is calculated based on results from both manual and automatic checks.
- **Ignoring a Check Item**: If you have custom requirements for a check item, ignore the check item. For example, SecMaster checks whether the session timeout duration is set to 15 minutes, while you need to set it to 20 minutes. In this situation, ignore this check item so that SecMaster no longer executes this check.
- Importing Check Results: Export the online check result to a local PC.
- **Exporting Check Results**: Import offline check results to the SecMaster baseline inspection page.

Limitations and Constraints

When you import check results, note the following restrictions:

- Only .xlsx files can be imported.
- Each time only one file can be imported. Maximum file size: 500 KB and 500 records.
- Duplicate data will be removed and will not be imported repeatedly.

Prerequisites

• The cloud service baseline has been scanned.

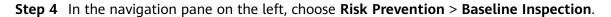
Handling Unsafe Settings

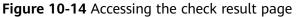
Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-13 Workspace management page







<	eline inspec	tion Findings							
Security Situation Resource Manager Risk Prevention	č,	Check Result Security Standards							
Baseline Inspection Winerabilities Security Policies		E 2 Vulnerable Resource	Critical 0 🐞 High 1 🎍 Medium	0 🥚 Low 1 🥚 Informat	ional 0		Latest o	Che hecked Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	ack Now GMT+08:00
Threat Operations Security Orchestration	č	Security Policy Check Results		Security Standard	d Compliance Status		Check Pass Rate ③		
Settings	× ×	Misson	^{معن} دري	i Steppende Steppe Steppe	uniju-Denningerenderen	17%	17%	 Passed Folled Check Failed N/A 	
		Security Standards All Compilance Packs	Check Now Manual Che		Expat				0.0
		DJCP 2.0 Level 3 Require	Check Item	Result Resourc	Resource Name	Severity Suggestion	Check	Last Scanned	Operation
		Network Security	Enabling MFA for Admin	O Failed Account	euro-zw	Low 1. Log in to the m	anagement console u Automatic	Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	Check New
		Security C	Enabling Access Key	O Failed Account	-6uro-zw	Low 1. Log in to the m	anagement console u Automatic	Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	Check Nov
		Total Records: < 1/1 ~ > 4	Configuring an ACL	O Failed Account	-6070-21/	Low 1. Log in to the m	anagement console u Automatic	Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	Check Non

- **Step 5** In the check result list in the lower part of the check result page, click the name of the target check item to go to its details page.
- **Step 6** View the description of the check item and rectify the fault based on the suggestions in the **Recommendation** column

After all unsafe configurations are rectified, click **Check Now** to verify that all risky items have been rectified.

----End

Check Result Feedback

For manual check items you performed offline, report check results to SecMaster. The pass rate is calculated based on results from both manual and automatic checks.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-15 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**.

Figure 10-16 Accessing the check result page

curity Situation source Manager	seline ins	Check Result Security Standards			
k Provention Baseline Inspecti Vulnerabilities Security Policies	•	E 2 Vulnerable Resource	Critical 0 🔹 High 1 🍨 Medium 0 🗨	Low 1 😑 Informational 0	Check Now Latest checked Dec 31, 2024 15 01:41 GMT+08 00
at Operations unity Orchestration	č	Security Policy Check Results		Security Standard Compliance Status	Check Pass Rate
tings		< Notaria	UNA UNA	- (hourse) double-double-of-production 17%	17% • Freed • Faind • Creck Faind • N/A
		Security Standards	Check Now Manual Check	Import Export	

- **Step 5** In the check result list in the lower part of the **Check Result** tab, click **Manual Check** in the **Operation** column of the target check item.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, select a result and click OK.

Report manual check results every 7 days as your feedback is valid only for 7 days.

----End

Ignoring a Check Item

If you have custom requirements for a check item, ignore the check item. For example, SecMaster checks whether the session timeout duration is set to 15 minutes, while you need to set it to 20 minutes. In this situation, ignore this check item so that SecMaster no longer executes this check.

An ignored check item will be no longer executed. It will not be counted when the **Pass Rate** is calculated.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-17	Workspace	management page
--------------	-----------	-----------------

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warispaces	Out O O Etter same and hyperd for mech.
Security Covernance 🧹	© © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Compliance Pack tab.

Figure 10-18 Accessing the Compliance Pack tab

< / Base	eline Ins	ection Findings		
Security Situation	*	Check Result Security Standards		
Resource Manager	~	Chick result		
Risk Prevention	\sim	Compliance Pack Check Item Check Plan		
Baseline Inspection	9			
Vulnerabilities				
Security Policies		E 4 Enable 4 Disabled 0	E 4	E 0
Threat Operations	~	Total Compliance Packs	Built-In Compliance Packs	Custom Compliance Packs
Security Orchestration	~			
Settings	×	Add Datate Import Export		
		Q. Select a property or enter a keyword.		G 😔
		Compliance Pack @ Description @ Type @	Status 😑 🔰 Check Items 🖯 Update	d 🖯 Operation
		Cloud Security Com The compliance package provides automatic too Built-in -	efault O Enable 76 May 27.	2021 15:54:17 GMT+08:00 Enable Disable Delete
		DJCP 2.0 Level 3 Re., This compliance pack provides check items and Built-in - I	refault O Enable 259 Dec 20.	2021 15:12:41 GMT+08:00 Enable Date

- **Step 5** Click the name of the target compliance pack to go to its details page.
- **Step 6** Search for the target check item in the compliance pack list and click **Ignore** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 7** In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

NOTE

- The ignored check items will be not executed. They will not be counted when the **Pass Rate** is calculated.
- To resume an ignored check item, locate the row containing the ignored check item, and click **Cancel Ignore** in the **Operation** column. Then, in the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

----End

Importing Check Results

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-19 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Case C
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	○ O Metric Metric Peter d: Metric Name d: Name d:

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Baseline Inspection**.

Figure 10-20 Accessing the check result page

C / Baseline In Security Situation ~	spection Findings									
	Check Result Security Standards						Latest o	Check Now Latest checked Dac 31, 2024 15 01:41 GMT-08:00		
	Security Peticy Check Besuits	UMA UMA				∞ 7%	• Parred • Failed			
	Security Standards All Compliance Packs Cloud Security Complianc DICP 2.0 Level 3 Require Network Security	Check Now Manual C Q. Select a property or enter a kee Check Item Enabling MFA for Admin.		Export Resource Name		uggestion	Check	Last Scanned Dec 31, 2024 15:01:41	Q @	

- **Step 5** In the upper left corner above the check result list, click **Import**.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box displayed, click **Download Template** and complete the template.
- Step 7 In the displayed dialog box, click Add File and upload the completed template file.

D NOTE

- Only .xlsx files can be imported.
- Each time only one file can be imported. Maximum file size: 500 KB and 500 records.
- Duplicate data will be removed and will not be imported repeatedly.

Step 8 Click Import.

----End

Exporting Check Results

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-21 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Wastspaces	Case 0 C. Date scarse delayeed to seech. 0
Security Governance 🧹	C © o tradec Strate Inger C (Medi Nov Auto 0 Security A. 0 Indexto 0 Payloos 0

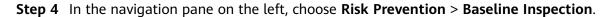
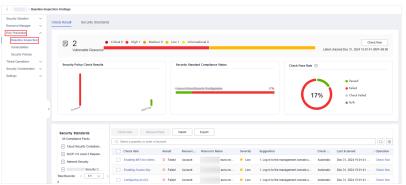


Figure 10-22 Accessing the check result page



- **Step 5** Select target check items from the result list and click **Export** in the upper left corner above the check result list.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, select the format and data columns you want.
- Step 7 Click OK.

----End

10.1.7 Managing Compliance Packs

This topic describes how to manage compliance packs. You can **view a compliance pack**, **add a custom compliance pack**, **import a compliance pack**, and **export a compliance pack**.

Limitations and Constraints

When you import a compliance pack, note the following restrictions:

- Only .xlsx files can be imported.
- Only one file can be imported at a time. Maximum file size: 100 records.

Viewing Compliance Packs

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-23 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Case O C. Ease same and huyourd to meets. O
Security Governance 🗸 🗸	State •

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Compliance Pack tab. Figure 10-24 Accessing the Compliance Pack tab

< / Baseline In	pection Findings		
Security Situation v Resource Manager v	Check Result Security Standards		
Risk Prevention	Compliance Pack Check Item Check Plan		
Vulnerabilities	A Enable 4 Disabled 0	P 4	
Security Policies Threat Operations	total Compliance Packs	E 4 Built-in Compliance Packs	Custom Compliance Packs
Security Orchestration 🔍			
Settings 🗸 🗸	Add Deiele Import Export		
	Q. Select a property or enter a keyword.		Q 0
	□ Compliance Pack ⊕ Description ⊕ Type ⊕	$ \ \ {\rm Status} \ \ \ominus \qquad \ \ \ \ {\rm Check \ litems} \ \ \ominus \qquad \ \ \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ominus \qquad \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ominus \qquad \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ominus \qquad \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ominus \qquad \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ \ {\rm Updated} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Operation
	Cloud Security Com The compliance package provides automatic too Built-in - Default	O Enable 76 May 27, 2021 15:54:1	7 GMT+08:00 Enable Delete
	DJCP 2.0 Lovel 3 Re This compliance pack provides check items and Built-in - Default	© Enable 259 Dec 20, 2021 15:12:4	1 GMT+08:00 Enable Delete

Step 5 View details about compliance packs. For details about the parameters, see **Table 10-4**.

Parameter	Description		
Total Compliance Packs	Total number of existing compliance packs are organized, as well as the number of compliance packs by their statuses. The compliance pack status can be Enabled or Disabled .		
Built-in Compliance Packs	The number of compliance packs preconfigured in SecMaster.		
Custom Compliance Packs	The number of compliance packs you create.		
<i>Compliance packs and their details</i>	 All compliance packs and their basic information. In the compliance pack list, you can view the type, status, and number of check items of a compliance pack. You can also enable, disable, and delete a compliance pack. To display certain columns only, click the setting button in the upper right corner of the compliance pack list and complete the settings (for example, whether to wrap lines and whether to fix the operation column). To view details about a compliance pack, click its name to go to its details page. On the compliance pack details page, you can view its version, description, and check items. 		

Table 10-4 Parameters for compliance packs

----End

Creating a Custom Compliance Pack

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

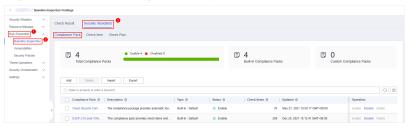
Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-25 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Compliance Pack tab.

Figure 10-26 Accessing the Compliance Pack tab



- Step 5 In the upper left corner above the compliance list, click Add
- **Step 6** On the displayed page, configure basic information about the compliance pack.

Table	10-5	Basic	information
-------	------	-------	-------------

Parameter		Description	
Compliance Pack		The compliance pack name you specify.	
Description		Description of the compliance pack.	
(Optional)	Version	Set the compliance pack version.	
Advanced	Classify	Enter the category the compliance pack belongs to.	
	Domain	Enter the domain the compliance pack belongs to.	
	Owner	The people in charge of the compliance pack.	
	Applicable Region	Enter the region where the compliance pack is used.	

Step 7 Click **Next** to go to the configuration page.

Step 8 On the displayed page, complete other parameters of the compliance pack.

- 1. In the navigation pane on the left, click \oplus . In the displayed text box, enter the node name and click **OK**.
 - Adding a subnode: To add a level-2 or level-3 node, hover over the node name and click the Create button. In the text box displayed, enter the node name and press Enter.

- Editing or deleting a node: To edit or delete a node, hover over the node name and click the **Edit** or **Delete** button.
- 2. Select the name of an added node (minimum level. For example, if a level-3 node is added, select the level-3 node name). In all check items displayed on the right, select the check items you want to associate.
- **Step 9** Click **Next** to enter the confirmation page.
- **Step 10** Confirm the settings and click **OK**.

After the compliance pack is added, you can enable, disable, edit, and delete it.

----End

Importing a Compliance Pack

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-27 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Hiskspaces	Case 0 ① Ditro scarse and spool for same. 0
Security Governance 🧹	Constraint ● 0 0 Marcel 0 Marceel 0 Marceel 0 Marceel 0 Marceel 0 Marceel 0 Marceel 0 Marceel

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Compliance Pack tab.

Figure 10-28 Accessing the Compliance Pack tab

/ Baseline Ins	pection Findings		
Security Situation V Resource Manager V Risk Prevention	Check Result Security Standards Compliance Pack Check Item Check Plan		
Baseline Inspection			
Vulnerabilities Security Policies Threat Operations ~	total Compliance Packs	Butt-in Compliance Packs	D Custom Compliance Packs
Security Orchestration \checkmark Settings \checkmark	Add Datate Import Export Optimize Export Q. Select a property or refer a keyword.		00
	Compliance Pack ⊕ Description ⊕ Type ⊕ Status ⊕	Check Items () Updated ()	Operation
	Cloud Security Com The compliance package provides automatic too Built in - Default O Enable	76 May 27, 2021 15:54:17 GMT+0	8.00 Enable Disable Delete
	DJCP 2.0 Level 3 Re This compliance pack provides check items and Built-In - Default O Enable	259 Dec 20, 2021 15:12:41 GMT+0	8300 Enable Disable Delete

- **Step 5** In the upper left corner above the compliance pack list, click **Import**.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box displayed, click **Download Template** and complete the template.
- **Step 7** In the displayed dialog box, click **Add File** and upload the completed template file.
 - Only .xlsx files can be imported.
 - Only one file can be imported at a time. Maximum file size: 100 records.
- Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Exporting a Compliance Pack

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

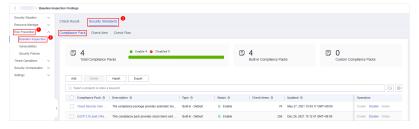
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-29 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Compliance Pack tab.

Figure 10-30 Accessing the Compliance Pack tab



- **Step 5** Select the target compliance pack and click **Export** in the upper left corner of the compliance pack list.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, select the format and data columns you want.
- Step 7 Click Export.

----End

10.1.8 Managing Check Items

This topic describes how to manage check items, including Viewing Check Items, Creating a Custom Check Item, Importing Check Items, and Exporting Check Items.

Limitations and Constraints

- For custom check items, SecMaster does not check them immediately after they are created. You need to perform an immediate check manually or check the compliance pack the check items associated with. Then, you can get their check results.
- When you import check items, note the following restrictions:
 - Only .xlsx files can be imported.
 - Only one file can be imported at a time. Maximum file size: 100 records.

Viewing Check Items

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-31 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Item tab.

Figure 10-32 Accessing the Check Item tab



Step 5 On the **Check Item** tab, view the information about existing check items. For details about the parameters, see **Table 10-6**.

 Table 10-6 Parameters for check items

Parameter	Description
Check Items	Total number of check items in the current workspace.
Built-in Check Items	The number of check items preconfigured in SecMaster.
Custom Check Items	The number of check items you create.

Parameter	Description
<i>Check items and details</i>	 All check items and their basic information. In the check item list, you can view the description, type, and number of compliance packs used for a check item. You can also edit or delete custom check items.
	• To display certain columns only, click the setting button in the upper right corner of the check item list and complete the settings (for example, whether to wrap lines and whether to fix the operation column).
	• To view details about a check item, click its name. The details page is displayed on the right. On the check item details page, you can view the description and compliance pack used for the check item.

----End

Creating a Custom Check Item

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

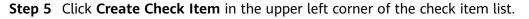
Figure 10-33 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Item tab.

Figure 10-34 Accessing the Check Item tab

/ Base	dine Insp	iction Findings		
Security Situation	~	Check Result Security Standards		
0	×			
tisk Prevention	<u>^</u>	Compliance Pack Check Item Check Plan		
Baseline Inspection	. 9	•		
Vulnerabilities				
Security Policies		84	₿ 484	
Inreat Operations	~	Check Items	Built-in Check Items	Custom Check Items
Security Orchestration	~			
Settings	~	Create Check Item Delete Import Export		
		Q. Select a property or enter a keyword.		0
		Check Item () Description ()	Type 0 Sou	arce Compliance Pack Operation
	<	Ensuring that AK/SK Are Disabled for Administrat The administrator has IAM user m	sanagement permissions, which cover a wide range of Bulli-in Ma	nual Huawel Cloud Security Edit Delete
		Enabling MFA for Administrator Account Virtual multi-factor authentication	(MFA) is an authentication method that requires users Built-in Pla	ybooks a Huawel Cloud Security Edit Delete
		Ensuring that No IAM Users Created in Admin Us The default user admin has opera	dion permissions for all cloud service resources. It is i Bull-in Pla	abooks a Hummi Cloud Security Edit Delete



Step 6 On the **Create Check Item** page, set check item parameters.

Parameter	Description	
Check Item	Name you specify for the check item.	
Description	Description you provide for the check item.	
Severity	Select the severity of the check item.	
Action	 Select an action for the check item. Executed by workflows: The check item is automatically executed through a workflow you specify, and the check result is reported by the workflow as well. 	
	• Executed manually : You will manually complete the check item offline.	
Select Workflow	 If Action for a check item is set to Executed by workflows, you need to select a workflow for the check item. If no appropriate workflows are available, click Create Workflow and create one on the workflow page. 	
Manual Check Items	If Action for a check item is set to Executed manually , SecMaster sets the check result options by default.	
Cloud Service	Enter the information about the cloud service associated with the check item.	

Table 10-7 Parameters for creating check items

Step 7 Click OK.

NOTE

For custom check items, SecMaster does not check them immediately after they are created. You need to perform an immediate check manually or check the compliance pack the check items associated with. Then, you can get their check results.

You can edit or delete custom check items you add as required.

----End

Importing Check Items

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-35 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Item tab.

Figure 10-36 Accessing the Check Item tab

< / Baseline Insp	section Findings		
Security Situation ~	Check Result Security Standards		
Risk Prevention	Compliance Pack Check Item Check Plan		
Vulnerabilities Security Policies	E 484	₿ 484	E 0
hreat Operations 🗸	Check liens	Built-in Check Items	Custom Check Items
curity Orchestration 🗸			
etings v	Create Check Item Delete Import Export		
	Q. Select a property or enter a keyword.		[G] @
	Check liters @ Description @	Type Θ Source Θ	Compliance Pack (e) Operation
	Ensuring that AK/SK Are Disabled for Administrat The administrator has IAM user management permission	ns, which cover a wide range of Built-in Manual	Huawel Cloud Security Edit Delete
	Enabling MFA for Administrator Account Virtual multi-factor authentication (MFA) is an authentic	ation method that requires users Built-in Playbooks a	Huawei Cloud Security Edit Delete
	Ensuring that No IAM Users Created in Admin Us The default user admin has operation permissions for a	I doud service resources. It is i Bull-in Playbooks a	Huawei Cloud Security Edit Delete

- **Step 5** In the upper left corner above the check item list, click **Import**.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box displayed, click **Download Template** and complete the template.
- **Step 7** In the displayed dialog box, click **Add File** and upload the completed template file.

NOTE

- Only .xlsx files can be imported.
- Only one file can be imported at a time. Maximum file size: 100 records.

Step 8 Click Import.

----End

Exporting Check Items

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-37 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()	
Security Overview Watespaces	Count	Q
Security Governance 🧹	Contractured 9 Index 1 Name 1 Nam </td <td>1 🛛</td>	1 🛛

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Inspection. On the displayed page, click the Security Standards tab. Then, click the Check Item tab.

Figure 10-38 Accessing the Check Item tab

ecurity Situation	~	Check Result Security Standards			
lesource Manager	~				
lisk Prevention	<u></u>	Compliance Pack Check Item Check Plan			
Baseline Inspection	. 0	•			
Vulnerabilities					
Security Policies		484	(∋ 484	
hreat Operations	~	Check Items		Built-in Check Items	Custom Check Items
ecurity Orchestration	~				
lettings	×	Create Check Item Delete	Export		
		Q. Select a property or enter a keyword.			Q
		Check Item 0	Description ()	Type ⊕ Source ⊕	Compliance Pack Operation
	<	Ensuring that AKSK Are Disabled for Administrat	The administrator has IAM user management permissions, which cover	a wide range of Built-in Manual	Huawel Cloud Security Edit Delete
		Enabling MFA for Administrator Account	Virtual multi-factor authentication (MFA) is an authentication method that	t requires users Built-in Playbooks a	Huawei Cloud Security Edit Delete

- **Step 5** Select check items you want to export from the check item list and click **Export** in the upper left corner above the list.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, select the format and data columns you want.
- Step 7 Click Export.

----End

10.2 Vulnerability Management

10.2.1 Overview

Background

SecMaster can integrate the vulnerability scan results from Host Security Service (HSS) and display them centrally, so that you can quickly locate vulnerable assets and fix vulnerabilities.

- Viewing Vulnerability Details: describes how to view vulnerability details.
- **Fixing Vulnerabilities**: If HSS detects a vulnerability on a server, you need to handle the vulnerability in a timely manner based on its severity and your business conditions to prevent further vulnerability exploits. If a vulnerability may harm your services, fix it as soon as possible. For Linux and Windows vulnerabilities, you can go to the HSS console and fix them in one-click. Web-CMS, emergency, and application vulnerabilities cannot be automatically fixed. You can handle them by referring to suggestions provided on the vulnerability details page.
- Ignoring and Unignoring a Vulnerability: Some vulnerabilities are risky only in specific conditions. For example, if a vulnerability can be exploited only through an open port, but there are no open ports on the target server, the vulnerability will not harm the server. Such vulnerabilities can be ignored. HSS will still generate alerts when next time it finds the vulnerabilities you ignore before. SecMaster will synchronize the vulnerability information as well. You can also unignore a vulnerability as needed.
- Importing and Exporting Vulnerabilities: describes how to import or export vulnerabilities.

ECS Vulnerabilities

SecMaster can display vulnerabilities scanned by HSS in real time. You can view vulnerability details and find fixing suggestions.

The following host vulnerabilities can be detected:

Check Items	Description
Linux software vulnerability detection	SecMaster detects vulnerabilities in the system and software (such as SSH, OpenSSL, Apache, and MySQL) based on vulnerability libraries, reports the results to the management console, and generates alerts.
Windows OS vulnerability detection	SecMaster subscribes to Microsoft official updates, checks whether the patches on the server have been updated, pushes Microsoft official patches, reports the results to the management console, and generates vulnerability alerts.
Web-CMS vulnerability detection	SecMaster checks web directories and files for Web-CMS vulnerabilities, reports the results to the management console, and generates vulnerability alerts.
Application Vulnerabilities	SecMaster detects the vulnerabilities in the software and dependency packs running on the server, reports risky vulnerabilities to the console, and displays vulnerability alerts.

The vulnerability severity levels in SecMaster and vulnerability fix priorities in HSS are as follows:

• HSS: The vulnerability fix priority is weighted based on the CVSS score, release time, and the importance of the assets affected by the vulnerability. It reflects the urgency of the fix.

HSS classifies vulnerability fix priorities into four levels: critical, high, medium, and low. You can refer to the priorities to fix the vulnerabilities that have significant impact on your server first.

• SecMaster: The vulnerability severity is determined by CVSS scores. It reflects how severe the vulnerability is.

SecMaster classified vulnerability severity into four levels: high, medium, low, and informative. You can fix vulnerabilities based on their severity.

10.2.2 Viewing Vulnerability Details

Scenario

This topic describes how to view vulnerabilities details.

Prerequisites

- You have installed HSS agent. For details, see the *Host Security Service User Guide*.
- HSS logs have been connected to SecMaster and the function of automatically converting logs into alerts has been enabled. For details, see

Data Integration. If access to HSS vulnerability scan results has been enabled during data integration but the automatic alert conversion is disabled, the vulnerability scan results will not be displayed on the **Vulnerabilities** page in SecMaster.

Viewing Vulnerability Details

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-39 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces Management	Cours Cours Cours Course Course and addressed for samely. Course and addressed for samely.
Security Governance v	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Vulnerabilities**.

Figure 10-40 Accessing the vulnerability management page

Manager •	Valuerability Type Distribution		Top 5 Valverabilities	Weedability ID	Vulnerability Type	Top 5 Volmerable Resources			
ne Inspection			Name10 o	Affected	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	High Nedium Low			
management		309	CVE-2021-41617 CVE-2022-24903	3		ecc-	_	-	
erations • Inchestration •	309		CVE-2022-48785	3		662-			
-		Application Vulnerabilities	CVE-2018-25032	2		0(1-			
			CVE-2019-12749	2					
	Linux Vulnerabilities Windows Vulner Bean Repuir	abilities Web-CMS Vuinerabilities	Application Vulnerabilities						
								E C	
	Balth Repair (Import)	a performed by name or a combination of sear		Affected Assets	Vulnessbilly (D	Last Scanned	Handled	E C	
	Birth Repair Import Q. Enter a keyword. By default, the search is	performed by name or a combination of sear graded	th criteria.	Affected Assets	Vulsessbillty /D CVE-2019-143/5	Last Scawood 2024/01/25 14.46/20.802 GMT-00.00		[E] (C	
	Batch Reper Import C, Enter a keyword, By default, the search is Ukiterability Name	performed by name or a combination of sear graded Medium	th ordena. ID CEBA-2019.2829	Affected Assets 1 1			Handled		6

Step 5 View vulnerability information on the **Vulnerabilities** page.

Table 10-9 Viewing vulnerability information

Parameter	Description			
Vulnerability Type Distribution	This graph displays the total number of vulnerabilities and the distribution of vulnerabilities by type.			

Parameter	Description				
Top 5 Vulnerabilities	• The Top 5 Vulnerabilities area lists the five vulnerabilities with the most affected assets. The more affected assets, the higher the vulnerability ranking is.				
	• The Vulnerability ID tab displays the IDs and the affected asset quantity for the five vulnerabilities.				
	• The Vulnerability Type tab displays the names, severity levels, and affected asset quantity for the five vulnerabilities.				
Top 5 Vulnerable Resources	This graph displays the five resources with the most vulnerabilities.				
Vulnerability List	 In the vulnerability list, click the tab of a vulnerability type (for example, Linux Vulnerabilities) to go to the corresponding page. For details about the vulnerability parameters, see Table 10-10. 				
	 To view details about a vulnerability, click the vulnerability name and view the details on the page displayed on the right. 				
	• You can view the total number of vulnerabilities below the vulnerability list. You can view a maximum of 10,000 vulnerability records page by page. To view more than 10,000 records, optimize the filter criteria.				

Table 10-10 Vulnerability parameters

Parameter	Description			
Vulnerability Name	Name of the scanned vulnerability.			
	Click a vulnerability name to view vulnerability description and vulnerability library information.			
Severity	Severity level of the vulnerability.			
Vulnerability ID	ID of the vulnerability.			
Affected Assets	Total number of assets affected by a vulnerability			
Vulnerability ID	ID of a vulnerability.			
Last Scanned	Time of the last scan			
Handled	This column specifies whether the vulnerability has been handled.			

10.2.3 Fixing Vulnerabilities

Scenario

If HSS detects a vulnerability on a server, you need to handle the vulnerability in a timely manner based on its severity and your business conditions to prevent further vulnerability exploits.

If a vulnerability may harm your services, fix it as soon as possible. For Linux and Windows vulnerabilities, you can go to the HSS console and fix them in one-click. Web-CMS, emergency, and application vulnerabilities cannot be automatically fixed. You can handle them by referring to suggestions provided on the vulnerability details page.

Constraints

• The Server Status is Running, Agent Status is Online, and Protection Status is Protected.

Precautions

• Vulnerability fixing operations cannot be rolled back. If a vulnerability fails to be fixed, services will probably be interrupted, and incompatibility issues will probably occur in middleware or upper layer applications. To prevent unexpected consequences, you are advised to use CSBS to back up ECSs. Then, use idle servers to simulate the production environment and test-fix the vulnerability. If the test-fix succeeds, fix the vulnerability on servers running in the production environment.

Fixing Vulnerabilities on the Console

Only Linux vulnerabilities and Windows vulnerabilities can be fixed using the repair function on the console.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-41 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Outs O C title value additioned for seals. O
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Vulnerabilities**.

v notced								
Maraper +	VulnerabilityStatistics							
ntion	Vulnerability Type Distribution		Top 5 Valmerabilities	Websenability ID	Vulnerability Type	op 5 Valmerable Resources		
e Inspection			Name10 o	Affected		High Medium Low		
alifies		Linux Vulnerability	CVE-2021-41617	3				
utors •		 Windows Walnerabilities 	CVE-2022-24903	3				
inchestration 👻	309	Web-CMS Vulnerability	CVE-2023-48785	3		ICC-		
		Application Valnerabilities	CVE-2018-25032	2		N6-		
			CVE-2019-12749	2				
	Unux Winerabilities Windows Winerab	billies Web-CMS Vulnerabilitie	s Application Winerabilities					
								C O
	Bath Repair Import							۲
	Batch Repair Import Q. Enter a keywordt. By default, the search is y	performed by name or a combination of sea	rch criteria.					Q
		performed by name or a combination of sea	rch oritoria.	Affected Assets	Vulnerability ID	Last Scanned	Handled	0
	Q. Enter a keyword, By default, the search is p	graded		Affected Assets	Weinerability ID CVE-2019-14835	Last Scanned 2024/01/29 14:49:20:832 GMT=00:00		Q
	C. Enter a keyword. By default, the search is Weisecability Name	graded Medium	D	Affected Assets			Handled	0

Figure 10-42 Accessing the vulnerability management page

- Step 5 On the displayed page, click Linux Vulnerabilities or Windows Vulnerabilities.
- **Step 6** In the vulnerability list, click the name of the target vulnerability. The vulnerability details page is displayed.
- **Step 7** On the **Vulnerability Details** page, click **Affected Resources**. In the resource list, locate the row that contains the target resource and click **Repair** in the **Operation** column.

To fix vulnerabilities in batches, select all the target vulnerabilities and click **Batch Repair** in the upper left corner above the list.

Step 8 If a vulnerability is fixed, its status will change to **Fixed**. If it fails to be fixed, its status will change to **Failed**.

NOTE

Restart the system after you fixed a Linux kernel vulnerability, or the system will probably continue to warn you of this vulnerability.

----End

Manually Fixing Software Vulnerabilities

One-click automatic fix of Web-CMS or application vulnerabilities is not supported. You can log in to the server to manually fix them by referring to the fix suggestions on the vulnerability details slide-out panel.

• Vulnerability Fixing Commands

On the basic information page of vulnerabilities, you can fix a detected vulnerability based on the provided suggestions. For details about the vulnerability fixing commands, see **Table 10-11**.

NOTE

- Restart the system after you fixed a Windows or Linux kernel vulnerability, or the system will probably continue to warn you of this vulnerability.
- Fix the vulnerabilities in sequence based on the suggestions.
- If multiple software packages on the same server have the same vulnerability, you only need to fix the vulnerability once.

OS	Fix Command
CentOS/Fedora/ EulerOS/Red Hat/Oracle	yum update Software name
Debian/Ubuntu	apt-get update && apt-get install Software nameonly-upgrade
Gentoo	See the vulnerability fix suggestions for details.

 Table 10-11
 Vulnerability fix commands

• Vulnerability Fixing Methods

Vulnerability fixing may affect service stability. You are advised to use either of the following methods to avoid such impacts:

- Method 1: Create a VM to fix the vulnerability.

- i. Create an image for the ECS host whose vulnerability needs to be fixed.
- ii. Use the image to create an ECS.
- iii. Fix the vulnerability on the new ECS and verify the result.
- iv. Switch services over to the new ECS and verify they are stably running.
- v. Release the original ECS. If a fault occurs after the service switchover and cannot be rectified, you can switch services back to the original ECS.

- Method 2: Fix the vulnerability on the current server.

- i. Create a backup for the ECS to be fixed.
- ii. Fix vulnerabilities on the current server.
- iii. If services become unavailable after the vulnerability is fixed and cannot be recovered in a timely manner, use the backup to restore the server.

NOTE

- Use method 1 if you are fixing a vulnerability for the first time and cannot estimate the impact on services.
- Use method 2 if you have fixed the vulnerability on similar servers before.

Verifying Vulnerability Fix

After a vulnerability is fixed, you are advised to verify it immediately.

Method	Operation
Manual verification	• Click Verify on the vulnerability details page.
	 Run the following command to check the software upgrade result and ensure that the software has been upgraded to the latest version:
	 CentOS, Fedora, EulerOS, Red Hat, and Oracle: rpm -qa grep Software name
	- Debian and Ubuntu: dpkg -l grep Software name
	- Gentoo: emergesearch Software name
Automatic verification	HSS performs a full scan every early morning. If you do not perform a manual verification, you can view the system check result on the next day after you fix the vulnerability.

10.2.4 Ignoring and Unignoring a Vulnerability

Scenario

Some vulnerabilities are risky only in specific conditions. For example, if a vulnerability can be exploited only through an open port, but there are no open ports on the target server, the vulnerability will not harm the server. Such vulnerabilities can be ignored. HSS will still generate alerts when next time it finds the vulnerabilities you ignore before. SecMaster will synchronize the vulnerability information as well. You can also unignore a vulnerability as needed.

This topic describes how to ignore a vulnerability and cancel ignoring a vulnerability.

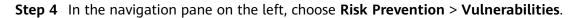
Ignoring and Unignoring a Vulnerability

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-43 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
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ention 🔺	Vutnerability Type Distribution		Top 5 Vehierabilities	Vulnerability ID	Vulnerability Type	Top 5 Valherable Resources	
ne Inspection			Name10 o	Affected		• High • Medium • Low	
zbillez management		 Linux Vulnerability 	CVE-2021-41617	3		ect-	
entions v		 Windows Walnerabilities 	CVE-2022-24903	3			
rchestration 👻	309	Web-CMS Vulnerability	CVE-2023-40716	3		621	
		Application Vulnerabilities	CVE-2018-25032	2		ect-	
			CVE-2019-12749	2			
· · .							
	Linux Vulnerabilities Windows Vulnerabilities Undows Vulnerabilities Undows Vulnerabilities	illies Web-CMS Vulnerabilities	Application Vulnerabilities				GC
•							60
1	Balch Repair	erformed by name or a combination of search		Affected Assets	Vulserability (D	Last Scanned	
•	Balch Repair Insport On Enter a Report. By default, the search is p Watescability Name	enformed by name or a combination of search	h oriteria.	Affected Assets	Vulserability ID CVE-2319-14305	Last Scanned 28249129 14.45 20.832 GMT-98 89	Handled
1	Baich Repair Inpart C. Enter a keyword: By Galaxi, the search is p Velencability Marre CESA-2619 2829 Important CentO	enformed by name or a combination of sound graded Medium C	n orðeniu. 10 654-2019 2029				(Handled Handled

Figure 10-44 Accessing the vulnerability management page

Step 5 On the **Vulnerabilities** page, click any vulnerability type tab. In the vulnerability list, click the name of the target vulnerability. The vulnerability details page is displayed on the right.

For example, if you want to handle a Linux vulnerability, click the **Linux Vulnerabilities** tab and click the target vulnerability name. Then, you can view the vulnerability details on the page displayed on the right.

- **Step 6** Ignore or unignore the target vulnerability.
 - Ignore

On the **Vulnerability Details** page, click **Affected Resources**. In the resource list, locate the row that contains the target resource and click **More** and then **Ignore** in the **Operation** column.

- Unignore
 - a. On the **Vulnerability Details** page, click **Affected Resources**. In the resource list, locate the row that contains the target resource and click **More** and then **Cancel Ignore** in the **Operation** column.
 - b. In the confirmation dialog box, confirm the information and click **OK**.

----End

10.2.5 Importing and Exporting Vulnerabilities

Scenario

This section describes how to import and export vulnerabilities.

Constraints

- Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.
- A maximum of 9,999 vulnerability records can be exported from SecMaster.

Importing Vulnerabilities

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

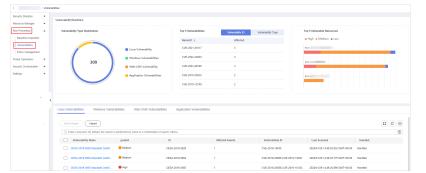
Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-45 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Vulnerabilities**.

Figure 10-46 Accessing the vulnerability management page



Step 5 On the displayed page, select a tab to go to the corresponding vulnerability management page.

For example, to import Linux vulnerabilities, click the **Linux Vulnerabilities** tab.

Step 6 Click **Import** above the vulnerability list. The **Import** dialog box is displayed.

NOTE

Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.

- **Step 7** In the **Import** dialog box, click **Download Template** to download a template, and fill in the downloaded template according to the requirements.
- **Step 8** After the vulnerability file is ready, click **Select File** in the **Import** dialog box, and select the Excel file you want to import.
- Step 9 Click OK.

----End

Exporting Vulnerabilities

A maximum of 9,999 vulnerability records can be exported.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-47 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Vulnerabilities**.

Figure 10-48 Accessing the vulnerability management page

ntion .		Valnerability Type Distribution		Top 5 Valverabilities	Vulnerability ID	Vulnerability Type	Top 5 Valverable Resources			
e Inspection				Name1D o	Affected		e High e Medium e Low			
alibes sanagement			Linux Vulnerability	CVE-2021-41617	3		ecs-			ł.
nitors •			Windows Walnerabilities	CVE-2022-24903	3					1
chestration 💌		309	Web-CMS Vulnerability	CVE-2023-48795	3		ect-			
*			Application Valnerabilities	CVE-2018-25032	2		ecs-			
				CVE-2019-12749	2					
	2	inux Vulnerabilities Windows Vulnerab	villes Web-CMS Vulnerabilities	Application Vulnerabilities						
		Batch Repeir Import							C C	
		Batch Repair Import Q. Enter a Keywordt. By default, the search is p	erformed by name or a combination of searc	n oritoria.					C	
				n orteria. 10	Affected Assets	Vulnerability ID	Last Scanned	Handled	E C	
		C. Enter a keyword. By default, the search is p Vulnerability Name	graded		Affected Assets	Weinerability ID CVE-2019-14835	Last Scanned 2024/01/29 14:45/20.032 GMT-00:00	Handled Handled	E C	6
		C. Enter a Keyword. By default, the search is p Velencability Name CESA-2819 2829 Important CentO	graded Medium C	ID ESA-2019 2829	Affected Assets			Handled	C C	

Step 5 On the **Vulnerabilities** page, click the target vulnerability tab.

For example, if you want to export Linux vulnerabilities, click the **Linux Vulnerabilities** tab.

Step 6 Click C in the upper right corner above the vulnerability list. The **Export** dialog box is displayed.

NOTE

A maximum of 9,999 vulnerability records can be exported.

Step 7 In the Export dialog box, set vulnerability parameters.

Parameter	Description
Format	By default, the vulnerability list is exported into an Excel.
Columns	Select the parameters included in the exported file.

Table 10-13 Exporting vulnerabilities

Step 8 Click OK.

The system automatically downloads the Excel to your local PC.

----End

10.3 Policy Management

10.3.1 Overview

SecMaster provides policy management for you to manage and maintain tasks across accounts and resources. With this function, you can view all policies centrally, manage policies for seven defense lines manually, and query manual and automatic block records quickly.

- Adding an Emergency Policy: An emergency policy is used to quickly prevent attacks. You can select a block type based on the alert source to block attackers.
- Managing Emergency Policies: describes Viewing Emergency Policies, Editing an Emergency Policy, and Deleting an Emergency Policy.
- Batch Blocking and Canceling Batch Blocking of an IP Address or IP Address Range: describes how to block access from blacklisted IP addresses, IAM users, or IP address ranges. You can add an IP address, IAM user, or IP address range as blocked object for an emergency policy in several operation connections. If there is no need to block an IP address, IAM user, or IP address range for operation connections, you can cancel the blocking from all operation connections.

Limitations and Constraints

- Currently, the emergency policies include only the blacklist policies of VPC security groups/IAM.
- A maximum of 300 emergency policies that support block aging can be added for a single workspace you have. A maximum of 1,300 emergency policies can be added for a single workspace you have. Limits on blocked objects at a time are as follows:
 - When a policy needs to be delivered to VPC, each time a maximum of 20 IP addresses can be added as blocked objects within 1 minute for each account.
 - When a policy needs to be delivered to IAM, each time a maximum of 50 IAM users can be added as blocked objects for each account.
- If an IP address or IP address range or an IAM user is added to the blacklist, VPC and IAM will block requests from that IP address or user without checking whether the requests are malicious.

10.3.2 Adding an Emergency Policy

Scenario

An emergency policy is used to quickly block attacks. You can select a block type based on the alert source to block attackers.

This topic describes how to add an emergency policy.

Limitations and Constraints

 A maximum of 300 emergency policies that support block aging can be added for a single workspace you have. A maximum of 1,300 emergency policies can be added for a single workspace you have. Limits on blocked objects at a time are as follows:

- When a policy needs to be delivered to VPC, each time a maximum of 20 IP addresses can be added as blocked objects within 1 minute for each account.
- When a policy needs to be delivered to IAM, each time a maximum of 50 IAM users can be added as blocked objects for each account.
- If an IP address or IP address range or an IAM user is added to the blacklist, VPC and IAM will block requests from that IP address or user without checking whether the requests are malicious.
- Once an emergency policy is added, its blocked object type and blocked objects, such as IP addresses, IP address ranges, or IAM user names, cannot be modified.

Adding an Emergency Policy

Step 1 (Optional) Create a SecMaster agency.

If the blocked object is an IAM user, you need to create a SecMaster agency before adding an emergency policy.

- 1. Log in to the management console.
- 2. Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Management & Governance > Identity and Access Management.
- 3. Add a custom policy.
 - a. In the navigation pane on the left, choose Permissions > Policies/Roles. In the upper right corner of the displayed page, click Create Custom Policy.
 - b. Configure a policy.
 - **Policy Name**: Enter a policy name.
 - Policy View: Select JSON.
 - Policy Content: Copy the following content and paste it in the text box.

```
"Version": "1.1",
"Statement": [
{
"Effect": "Allow",
"Action": [
"iam:users:updateUser"
]
}
]
```

- c. Click **OK**.
- 4. Create an agency.
 - a. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Agencies**. On the page displayed, click **SecMaster_Agency**. The **Basic Information** page of **SecMaster_Agency** is displayed by default.
 - b. On the **Permissions** tab page, click **Authorize**.
 - c. On the **Select Policy/Role** page, search for and select the policy added in **Step 1.3** and click **Next**.

- d. Set the authorization scope. Select **All resources** for **Scope**. After the setting is complete, click **OK**.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-49 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
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- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Security Policies**. Then, go to the emergency policy page.
- **Step 5** On the **Emergency Policies** page, click **Add**. The page for adding policies slides out from the right of the page.
- **Step 6** On the **Add** page, configure policy information.

Parameter	Description
Blocked Object Type	Type of the object you want to block. You can select IP or IAM .
Block Object	• If you select IP for Blocked Object Type , enter one or more IP addresses or IP address ranges you want to block. If there are multiple IP addresses or IP address ranges, separate them with commas (,).
	 If you select IAM for Blocked Object Type, enter IAM user names.
	 There are some restrictions on delivery of blocked objects:
	 When a policy needs to be delivered to VPC, each time a maximum of 20 IP addresses can be added as blocked objects within 1 minute for each account.
	 When a policy needs to be delivered to IAM, each time a maximum of 50 IAM users can be added as blocked objects for each account.
Label	Label of a custom emergency policy.
Operation Connection	Asset connections that are used to operate blocking workflows of security services in the seven layers of defense.
	Select the operation connection for the policy.

 Table 10-14 Emergency policy parameters

Parameter	Description
Block Aging	 Check whether the policy needs to be stopped. If you select Yes, set the aging time of the policy. For example, if you set the aging time to 180 days, the policy is valid within 180 days after the setting. After 180 days, the IP address/range or the IAM user will not be blocked. If you select No, the policy is always valid and blocks the specified IP address/range or the IAM user.
Policy Description	Description of the custom policy.

Step 7 Click **OK**. In the dialog box displayed, confirm the information and click **OK**.

----End

10.3.3 Managing Emergency Policies

Scenario

This topic describes how to manage emergency policies, including Viewing Emergency Policies, Editing an Emergency Policy, and Deleting an Emergency Policy.

Viewing Emergency Policies

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-50 Workspace management page

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- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Security Policies**. Then, go to the emergency policy page.
- **Step 5** On the **Emergency Policies** page, view emergency policy details.

Parameter	Description
Delivered Policies	Shows how many policies that have been applied over the last week.

 Table 10-15 Parameters of emergency policies

Parameter	Description
Top 3 Operation Connections	The 3 operation connections that have blocked the most IP addresses over the last week.
Top 5 Blocking Areas	The 5 regions blocked the most times over the last week.
Emergency policy list	 In the emergency policy list, you can view the blocked objects, blocking type, and number of delivered policies. In the list, you can edit, block, cancel blocking, and delete a policy. To view details about an emergency policy, select the policy and click Selected: xxx in the lower part of the page to open the details page. On the details page, you can block, cancel blocking, and delete a policy, and view historical records of the policy.

----End

Editing an Emergency Policy

NOTE

Once an emergency policy is added, its blocked object type and blocked objects, such as IP addresses, IP address ranges, or IAM user names, cannot be modified.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-51 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕲
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- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Security Policies**. Then, go to the emergency policy page.
- **Step 5** On the emergency policy management page, locate the row that contains the policy you want to edit and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** On the edit policy page, modify the policy information.

Parameter	Description
Blocked Object Type	After an emergency policy is added, this parameter cannot be modified.
Block Object	After an emergency policy is added, this parameter cannot be modified.
Label	Label of the custom emergency policy.
Operation Connection	Select the operation connections for the policy.
Block Aging	The time the block action expires.
	 If you select Yes, set the aging time of the policy. For example, if you set the aging time to 180 days, the policy is valid within 180 days after the setting. After 180 days, the IP address/range or the IAM user will not be blocked.
	• If you select No , the policy is always valid and blocks the specified IP address/range or the IAM user.
Policy Description	Description of the custom policy.

Table 10-16 Parameters for editing an emergency police	Table 10-16	Parameters	for	editing	an	emergency	policy
--	-------------	------------	-----	---------	----	-----------	--------

Step 7 Click OK.

----End

Deleting an Emergency Policy

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-52 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
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- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Security Policies**. Then, go to the emergency policy page.
- **Step 5** On the **Emergency Policies** tab, locate the row that contains the policy you want to delete and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.

To delete multiple policies, select the target policies and click **Batch Delete** above the list.

Step 6 In the displayed confirmation dialog box, click **Confirm**.

----End

10.3.4 Batch Blocking and Canceling Batch Blocking of an IP Address or IP Address Range

Scenario

You can batch block access from blacklisted IP addresses, IAM users, or IP address ranges.

You can add an IP address, IAM user, or IP address range as blocked object for an emergency policy in several operation connections. If there is no need to block an IP address, IAM user, or IP address range for operation connections, you can cancel the blocking from all operation connections.

This section describes how to block or cancel blocking of IP addresses or IP address ranges in multiple connections.

Limitations and Constraints

If an IP address or IP address range or an IAM user is added to the blacklist, VPC and IAM will block requests from that IP address without checking whether the requests are malicious.

Enabling an IP Address Blocklist for Multiple Connections

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-53 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕥
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- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Security Policies**. Then, go to the emergency policy page.
- **Step 5** On the emergency policy page, locate the row that contains the policy you want to enable batch block and click **Batch Block** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, enter the blocking reason and click OK.

----End

Canceling Batch Block

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 10-54 Workspace management page



- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Security Policies**. Then, go to the emergency policy page.
- **Step 5** On the emergency policy page, locate the row that contains the target policy, click **Cancel Blocking in Batches** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box displayed, enter the reason for canceling the blocking and click **OK**.

----End

11 Threat Operations

11.1 Incident Management

11.1.1 Viewing Incidents

Scenario

An incident is a broad concept. It can include but is not limited to alerts. It can be a part of normal system operations, exceptions, or errors. In the O&M and security fields, an incident usually refers to a problem or fault that has occurred and needs to be focused on, investigated, and handled. An incident may be triggered by one or more alerts or other factors, such as user operations and system logs.

An incident is usually used to record and report historical activities in a system for analysis and audits.

On the **Incidents** page in SecMaster, you can check the incident list for the last 360 days. The list contains incident names, types, severity levels, and occurrence time. By customizing filtering conditions, such as the incident name, risk severity, and time, you can quickly query information about the specific incident.

This topic describes how to view incident information.

Viewing Incidents

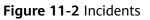
Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-1	Workspace	management page
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SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Cours
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Incidents**.



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Security Situation • Resource Manager •		Inhandled incidents							Auto			Manual Incident		Incidents Number		
Rick Prevention		2		(2		• Tips		0			0		2		
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration		Add Import	Belch Close default, the search	Batch Delete) a or a combination of	search criteria.							Feb 07, 2023 00:00 0	0 – Feb 07, 2024 23 59:59	00	c ©
Settings 👻		incident	Incident ID 651a2605-21	Incident	Status O Open Un	Verificati	Owner	Creation	First Occ	Last Occ	Panned	Description	Deta Sou	Operation Edit Class Delete		
	4		69031127-851		• Open Un		-	2023/12/15 1	2023/12/06 1					Edit Clese Delete		

Step 5 On the **Incidents** page, view incident details.

Figure 11-3 Viewing incidents

Unhandle	d incidents							Auto		М	anual Incident		Incidents Number	
6				6				6			12		24	
Add Q B	Import Inter a keyword. Bj	default, the search	Batch Delete	ne or a combination of	search criteria.							Feb 01, 2024 00:00:0	0 – Feb 07, 2024 23:59:59	0
	Incident	Incident ID	Incident	Status	Verificati	Owner	Creation	First Occ	Last Occ	Planned	Description	Data Sou	Operation	
	[Closed	ab9a54dd-17	O High	O Closed H	Unknown	:	2024/02/06 11	2024/02/05 1	-	-		Database Sec	Edit Close Delete	
	[Closed	3649e754-37	O High	O Closed H	Unknown		2024/02/06 0	2024/02/05 1	-	-		Database Sec	Edit Close Delete	
	[Closed	920a5070-31	O High	O Closed H	Unknown		2024/02/05 1	2024/02/04 1	-	-		Detabase Sec	Edit Close Delete	
	[Closed	92d7c3bb-76	O Low	O Closed H	Unknown		2024/02/05 1	2024/02/05 11	-	-		Host Security	Edit Close Delete	
		2151315e-1152	O Tes	Open Un	Unknown		2024/02/03 1	2024/02/03 1				Host Security	Edit Close Delete	
5 -	Total Record	24 (1	2 3 4 5	> Go										

Table 11-1 Viewing an Incident

Parameter	Description
Unhandled Incidents	This area displays how many incidents that are not handled within the specified time range in the current workspace. The unhandled incidents are displayed by severity.
Auto (Incidents Handled Automatically)	This area displays how many incidents that are handled automatically by playbooks within the specified time range in the current workspace.
Manual Incident (Incidents Handled Manually)	This area displays how many incidents that are handled manually within the specified time range in the current workspace.
Incidents Number (Incidents)	This area displays how many incidents that are reported within the specified time range in the current workspace.

Parameter	Description
Incident list	The list displays more details about each incident.
	You can view the total number of incidents below the incident list. You can view a maximum of 10,000 incident records page by page. To view more than 10,000 records, optimize the filter criteria.
	In the incident list, you can view the incident name, severity, source, and status. To obtain overview of an incident, click the incident name. The incident overview panel is displayed on the right.
	• On the Incident Overview panel, you can view incident handling suggestions, basic information, and associated information (including associated threat indicators, alerts, incidents, and attack information).
	• To view incident details, click Incident Details in the lower right corner of the incident overview panel. The incident details page is displayed. On the details page, you can view the incident timeline and attack information in addition to the information on the overview page. For example, you can view the first occurrence time of an incident, detection time, and attack process ID.
	 On the incident overview or details page, you can change the incident severity and status in the corresponding drop-down list boxes.
	 On the incident overview or details page, you can associate or disassociate alerts, incidents, and indicators and view information about affected resources.

----End

11.1.2 Adding and Editing an Incident

Scenario

This section describes how to add or edit an incident.

Adding an Incident

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

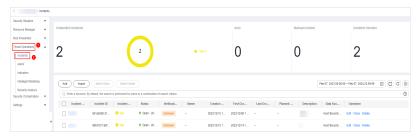
Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-4 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Incidents**.

Figure 11-5 Incidents



Step 5 On the **Incidents** page, click **Add**. On the displayed **Add** page, set parameters as described in **Table 11-2**.

Parameter		Description			
Basic Informati on	Incident Name	 Custom incident name. The value must contain: Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: () A maximum of 2,550 characters 			
	Туре	Incident type			
	(Optional) Service ID	Enter the service ID corresponding to the incident.			
	Incident Severity	Select a severity level.			
	Status	Select an incident status.			
	(Optional) Owner	Primary owner of the incident.			
	Data Source Product Name	Select the name of the data source product.			
	Data Source Type	Select the type of the data source. For example, if the data source is a cloud service, select the cloud service.			
Timeline	First Occurrence Time	Time when the incident occurred first time.			

 Table 11-2 Parameters for adding an incident

Paramete	r	Description
	(Optional) Last Occurrence Time	Time when the incident occurred last time.
	(Optional) Planned Closure Time	Time to close the incident.
Other	(Optional) Verification Status	Verification status of the incident to identify the accuracy of the incident.
	(Optional) Stage	 Incident phase. Preparation: Prepare resources to process incidents. Detection and analysis: Detect and analyze the cause of an incident. Containment, extradition, and recovery: Handle an incident. Post Incident Activity: Follow-up activities.
	(Optional) Debugging data	Whether to enable simulated debugging
	(Optional) Labels	Label of the incident.
	Description	 Incident description. The value can contain: Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: () A maximum of 10,240 characters.

Step 6 Click **OK**. The incident is created.

----End

Editing an Incident

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-6 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Incidents**.

Figure 11-7 Incidents

< / Incidents				
Security Situation 🔹 💌				
Resource Manager 👻	Unhandled incidents	Auto	Manual Incident	Incidents Number
Thread Operations	2	• 1642	0	2
Incidents @	2	U U	0	Ζ
Alets Indicators				
Intelligent Modeling	Add Import Batch Close Batch Delete		Feb 07, 2023 00:00:00	- Feb 07, 2024 23 59:59
Security Analysis Security Orchestration •	Q. Enter a keyword. By default, the search is performed by name or a combination of search crite	ria.		٢
Settings 👻	Incident Incident ID Incident Status Verificat	t Owner Creation First Occ Last Oc	c Planned Description Data Sou	Operation
	651a2665-21 0 Tps O Open Un Unicour	- 2023/12/15 1 2023/12/08 1	- Heat Security	Edit Close Delete
	Bio3167-a5f O Tips O Open Un Unicrown	1 - 2023/12/15 1 2023/12/14 1	- Host Security	Edit Clase Delete

- **Step 5** In the incident list, locate the row that contains the target incident and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** On the **Edit** page that is displayed, edit incident parameters.

Paramete	er	Description
Basic Informa tion	Incident Name	 Custom incident name. The value must contain: Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: () A maximum of 2,550 characters
	Incident Type	Incident type
	(Optional) Service ID	Enter the service ID corresponding to the incident.
	Incident Level	Select a severity level.
	Status	Select an incident status.
	(Optional) Owner	Primary owner of the incident.
	Data Source Name	Name of the data source, which cannot be changed
	Data Source Type	Type of the data source, which cannot be changed
Timelin First Occurrence e Time		Time when the incident occurred first time.
	(Optional) Last Occurrence Time	Time when the incident occurred last time.

Table 11-3 Parameters for editing an incident

Paramet	ter	Description
	(Optional) Planned Closure Time	Time to close the incident.
Other	(Optional) Verification Status	Verification status of the incident to identify the accuracy of the incident.
	(Optional) Phase	Incident phase.
		• Preparation : Prepare resources to process incidents.
		• Detection and analysis : Detect and analyze the cause of an incident.
		• Contain, extradition, and recovery : Handle an incident.
		• Post Incident Activity : Follow-up activities.
	(Optional) Debugging data	Whether to enable simulated debugging. This parameter cannot be modified once configured.
	(Optional) Label	Label of the incident.
	Description	Incident description. The value can contain:
		 Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: ()
		• A maximum of 10,240 characters.

Step 7 Click **OK**. The incident editing is complete.

----End

11.1.3 Importing and Exporting Incidents

Scenario

This section describes how to import and export incidents.

Limitations and Constraints

- Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.
- A maximum of 9,999 incident records can be exported.

Importing Incidents

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-8 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Incidents**.

Figure 11-9 Incidents



Step 5 On the **Incidents** page, click **Import** in the upper left corner above the incident list.

NOTE

Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.

- **Step 6** In the displayed **Import** dialog box, click **Download Template** to download a template, and fill in the downloaded template according to the requirements.
- **Step 7** After the template is filled, click **Add File** in the **Import Incident** dialog box and select the Excel file you want to import.
- Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Exporting Incidents

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-10 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Coate C Gete a same arbitrary for seed.
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

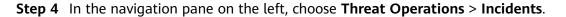


Figure 11-11 Incidents

< /#	odents														
Security Situation Resource Manager		Unhandled incidents							Auto			lanual Incident		Incidents Numbe	r
Risk Prevention Thread Operations Incidents Alerts	*	2		(2		• 16		0			0		2	
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration	÷	Add import	Batch Close	Batch Delete		í search críteria.							Feb 07, 2023 00 00 00	- Feb 07, 2024 23 59 59	
Settings	•	boident	Incident ID 651a2605-21	Incident	Status O Open Un	Verificati	Owner	Creation 2023/12/15 1	First Occ 2023/12/08 1	Last Occ	Planned	Description	Deta Sou Host Security	Operation Edit Close Delete	
	4		69531527-455	0 Tps	Open Un	Unknown	-	2023/12/15 1	2023/12/14 1	-			Host Security	Edit Close Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Incidents** page, select the incidents to be exported and click \square in the upper right corner of the list. The **Export** dialog box is displayed.
 - **NOTE**

A maximum of 9,999 incident records can be exported.

Step 6 In the **Export** dialog box, set parameters.

Table 11-4 Exporting incidents

Parameter	Description					
Format	By default, the incident list is exported into an Excel.					
Columns	Select the parameters to be exported.					

Step 7 Click OK.

The system automatically downloads the Excel to your local PC.

----End

11.1.4 Closing and Deleting an Incident

Scenario

This topic describes how to close and delete an incident.

Closing and Deleting an Incident

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-12 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Outs O C Etter vanue net/support for mech. O
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	© © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Incidents**.

Figure 11-1	13 Incidents
-------------	--------------

< / Incidents													
Security Situation • Resource Manager •	Unhandled incidents			Auto		h	lanual Incident		Incidents Numbe				
Rick Prevention	2		2		• Tip		0		(0		2	
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration	Add Import		Batch Delete	search criteria.							Feb 07, 2023 00:00.0	0 – Feb 07, 2024 23.58:59	
Setings 💌	Diddeet	Incident ID Inc 651a2605-21 0 T	ident Status	Verificati	Owner	Creation 2023/12/15 1	First Occ 2023/12/08 1	Last Occ	Planned	Description	Deta Sou Hest Security	Operation Edit Class Delete	
	•	68631167-45701	Open Un	Unknown	-	2023/12/15 1	2023/12/14 1	-			Host Security	Edit Close Delete	

Step 5 On the **Incidents** page, close or delete an incident.

Operation	Description
Closing an Incident	 Locate the row that contains the target incident and click Close in the Operation column. To close multiple incidents, select them in the incident list and click Close above the list.
	 In the confirmation dialog box, select Reason for, enter Close Comment, and click OK.
Deleting an Incident	 On the Incident page, locate the row that contains the target incident and click Delete in the Operation column. To delete multiple incidents, select the target incidents in the incident list and click Delete above the list.
	2. In the dialog box that is displayed, click OK .
	NOTE Deleted incidents cannot be restored. Exercise caution when deleting an incident.

Table 11-5	Managing	incidents
------------	----------	-----------

----End

11.2 Alert Management

11.2.1 Overview

An alert is a notification of abnormal signals in O&M. It is usually automatically generated by a monitoring system or security device when detecting an exception in the system or networks. For example, when the CPU usage of a server exceeds 90%, the system may generate an alert. These exceptions may include system faults, security threats, or performance bottlenecks.

Generally, an alert can clearly indicate the location, type, and impact of an exception. In addition, alerts can be classified by severity, such as critical, major, and minor, so that O&M personnel can determine which alerts need to be handled first based on their severity.

The purpose of an alert is to notify related personnel in a timely manner so that they can make a quick response and take measures to fix the problem.

When SecMaster detects an exception (for example, a malicious IP address attacks an asset or an asset has been hacked into) in cloud resources, it generates an alert and displays the threat information on the **Alerts** page in SecMaster.

On SecMaster **Alerts** page, you can:

- Check alert details. You can check alerts generated over the last 360 days as well as their details, including the alert name, type, severity, and time it was generated. You can customize filters to quickly search for a specific alert by its name, risk severity, occurrence time, and other attributes.
- Convert an alert into an incident or associate an alert with incidents. During the alert analysis, if SecMaster detects attacks or serious threats, it converts such alerts into incidents or associates such alerts with certain incidents.
- Start or stop one-click blocking by using an emergency policy. You can quickly contain a certain type of attacks based on attack sources identified in an alert.
- **Disable or delete an alert**. Deleted alerts cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.
- Add an alert or edit parameters for an alert.
- Import or export alerts.

11.2.2 Viewing Alert Details

Scenario

On the **Alerts** page in SecMaster, you can check the alert list for the last 360 days. The list contains alert names, types, severity levels, and occurrence time. By customizing filtering conditions, such as the alert name, risk severity, and time, you can quickly query information about the specific alerts.

This section describes how to view alert information.

Prerequisites

To check alerts from other cloud services, you need to enable the function of automatically converting logs into alerts on the **Data Integration** page. If this function is disabled, logs that meet certain alert rules will not be converted to alerts or displayed on the **Alerts** page. For details, see **Enabling Log Access**.

Viewing Alert Details

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-14 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

Figure 11-15 Alerts

< n	Alerts								Today This	week This mo	inth Cust	lamize
Security Situation Resource Manager Risk Provention	Unhandled Alerts			Fatal 0	Au	ito		Manual		Alerts Number		
Trreat Operation	0	(•	 High 0 High 0 Medium Low 0 Tips 0 	• ()		0		7		
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration	Add Associated		Q. Enter a keyword. By def	ault, the search is perform	ned by name or a combin	nation of search criteria.					C	•
Settings 💌	Type :: Web shell Web attacks	Alert Name :: [ClosedBySecMaster]	Alarm Severity		Destination I	Verification 5	Status 0 Open Handie	Data Source Host Security Ser	Owner :	Creation Time 2024/02/07 10:33:	Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:27	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	



Figure 11-16 Viewing alerts

								Today	This week This n	ronth Cus	stomi
andled Alerts					Auto		Manual		Alerts Number		
7	(7	 High 5 Media Tips 1 		0		0		7		
Add Associated Even		ther a keyword. By default, the	search is nerformed by name	or a combination of search.	relacia					C	
Type :	AlertName :	Alarm Severity :	Source IP Address	Destination IP Ad	Verification Status	Status 🗧	Data Source Prod	Owner :	Creation Time :	Operation	
Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handled au	Host Security Service		2024/02/07 10:33:00.5	Operation •	
Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handled au	Host Security Service		2024/02/07 10:27:59.4	Operation +	
Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handled au	Host Security Service		2024/02/07 10:22:55.8	Operation +	
Web shell Web attacks		O High	-	-	Unknown	O Open Unhandled	Host Security Service	-	2024/02/07 10:18:58 3	Operation +	
Abnormal user behavior		O high	-	-	Unknown	Open Unhandled	Host Security Service		2024/02/06 16:27:47.6	Operation +	
Encrypted currency mi Malware		Hedun	-	-	Unknown	O Open Unhandled	Host Security Service		2024/02/06 16:27:07:2	Operation •	
DNS protocol attacks DDoS attacks		O Ten	-	-	Unknown	O Open Unhandled	Host Security Service		2024/02/06 16:26 16:8	Operation •	
Total Records: 7	< 1 > 00										

Table 11-6 Viewing Alerts

Parameter	Description				
Time ranges (Today , This week, This month , or Customize)	In the upper right corner on the page, you can select a time range to view alerts generated during this period. By default, alerts generated in the current week are displayed.				
Unhandled Alerts	This area displays how many alerts that are not handled within the specified time range in the current workspace. The unhandled alerts are displayed by severity.				
Alerts Handled Automatically (Auto)	This area displays how many alerts that are handled automatically by playbooks within the specified time range in the current workspace.				

Parameter	Description		
Alerts Handled Manually (Manual)	This area displays how many alerts that are handled manually within the specified time range in the current workspace.		
Alerts	This area displays how many alerts that are reported within the specified time range in the current workspace.		
Alarm list	The list displays more details about each alert.		
	You can view the total number of alerts below the alert list. You can view a maximum of 10,000 alert records page by page. To view more than 10,000 records, optimize the filter criteria.		
	In the alert list, you can view the alert type, summary, severity, source, and handling status. To view details about an alert, click its name. On the alert details page displayed:		
	 You can comment on, block, unblock, close, and delete the alert, convert the alert into an incident, and refresh the alert status. 		
	 You can view the security overview, context, relationship, and comments about the alert. 		
	 Security Overview: On this tab, you can view the summary, handling suggestions, basic information, and request details of the alert. 		
	 Context: On this tab, you can view the key and full context information of the alert in JSON format or in a table. 		
	 Relationship: On this tab, you can view associated information, such as associated alerts, incidents, indicator, and affected assets, about the alert. 		
	 Comment: On this tab, you can view historical comments on the alert and make your comments. 		

----End

11.2.3 Converting an Alert into an Incident or Associating an Alert with an Incident

Scenario

SecMaster analyzes alerts it aggregates from other services. During the analysis, if SecMaster detects attacks or serious threats, it converts such alerts into incidents or associates such alerts with certain incidents. This section describes how to convert an alert into an incident and how to associate an alert with an incident.

Relationships Between Alerts and Incidents

This part describes the meanings and differences between alerts and incidents, reasons for converting alerts into incidents, and reasons for associating alerts with incidents.

• Meanings and Differences Between Alerts and Incidents

Туре	Description		
Definition	 Alerts An alert is a notification of abnormal signals in O&M. It is usually automatically generated by a monitoring system or security device when detecting an exception in the system or networks. For example, when the CPU usage of a server exceeds 90%, the system may generate an alert. These exceptions may include system faults, security threats, or performance bottlenecks. 		
	Generally, an alert can clearly indicate the location, type, and impact of an exception. In addition, alerts can be classified by severity, such as critical, major, and minor, so that O&M personnel can determine which alerts need to be handled first based on their severity.		
	The purpose of an alert is to notify related personnel in a timely manner so that they can make a quick response and take measures to fix the problem.		
	 Incidents An incident is a broad concept, and may include, but is not limited to, an alert. An incident can be a part of the normal operation of the system, an exception, or an error. In the O&M and security fields, an incident usually refers to a problem or fault that has occurred and needs to be focused on, investigated, and handled. An incident may be triggered by one or more alerts or other factors, such as user operations and system logs. 		
	An incident is usually used to record and report historical activities in a system for analysis and audits.		

Table 11-7 Meanings and differences between alerts and incidents

Туре	Description
Handling process	 Alerts The alert handling process includes receiving, confirming, analyzing, responding to, and closing alerts. When the monitoring system generates an alert, O&M personnel need to confirm that the alert is a positive one. Then, they need to analyze the alert causes and impact scope, take measures to rectify the fault, and close the alert.
	 Incidents The event handling process is more complex and comprehensive. In addition to each phase in the alert handling process, incident handling also involves incident investigation, impact assessment, risk analysis, emergency plan formulation, emergency response execution, and post-event summary. The objective of incident handling is to completely solve problems, prevent similar incidents in the future, and reduce the impact of incidents on services.
Importance and urgency	 Alerts Generally, alerts need to be evaluated and responded immediately.
	The severity and importance of each alert vary depending on the alert type, severity, and impact scope. Some alerts may be simple reminders or warnings, while others may indicate that the system has been severely attacked or faces major fault risks.
	 Incidents In some cases, incidents may need to be recorded, analyzed, and handled, but do not require immediate responses.
	An incident is usually of higher importance and urgency than an alert. Because an incident has occurred and has had an actual impact, immediate measures need to be taken to control the risk and solve the problem. If an incident is not handled in a timely manner, it may cause significant economic loss or reputation damage to the organization.

• Causes for converting alerts into incidents or associating alerts with incidents

An alert is a notification generated when a system or service becomes abnormal or a potential fault occurs. These exceptions may directly affect service availability. So alerts must be handled in a timely manner to prevent service exceptions. When an alert is generated, you need to take corresponding measures to rectify the fault. Otherwise, services may be abnormal due to these exceptions or faults.

An incident is a notification generated when the system or service is running properly. An event may involve some important status changes, but may not

cause service exceptions. So incidents do not need to be handled. They are mainly used to analyze and locate problems.

Table 11-8 Causes for converting alerts into i	incidents or associating alerts
with incidents	

Type	Description
Alert-to- Incident reasons	When the severity of an alert reaches a certain level, an alert appears continuously, or the impact scope is wide, the alert may not only be a signal that requires attention. It also indicates that a continuous problem exists in the system or network. In this case, the alert has evolved into an incident that needs to be handled immediately. So, we need to convert such alerts into incidents to further investigate the root causes and take necessary measures. Generally, an alert will be converted to an incident out of the following causes:
	 Information aggregation and classification An alert is usually an instant response to a violation against a specific condition or threshold. The number of alerts is increasing over time. If they are handled independently, it would cause chaos and waste time and human resources. Aggregating these alerts into incidents helps related personnel classify alerts by alert type, source, and impact so that they can handle them more effectively.
	 Simplified working processes During the process to convert alerts into incidents, alerts are filtered, deduplicated, and aggregated. So that multiple similar alerts that may be triggered are integrated into a more representative incident. In this way, the workload of handling alerts is reduced; the handling process is clearer; and the tracing and recording become easier.
	• Higher problem-solving efficiency As an incident has much more context details than an alert, related personnel can easily identify the root cause. This helps quickly locate issues and take effective measures.
	• Historical data review and trend analysis An incident usually records the entire process of how an issue occurred, evolved, and is resolved. So converting alerts into incidents provides helpful historical data for prevention of similar issues and system optimization. By analyzing the trend of an incident, O&M personnel can discover potential weak points in the system and take measures in advance.
	• Cross-department collaboration enhanced In a large organization, different departments may need to participate in the handling of problems. After an alert is converted into an incident, related information can be shared among departments more easily, which promotes cross-department

Туре	Description
	collaboration and improves problem solving efficiency.
	In a word, converting alerts to incidents helps simplify working processes, improve problem solving efficiency, and facilitate historical review and trend analysis.

Туре	Description
Causes for associating alerts with incidents	As an important part of monitoring and fault management, associating alerts with incidents involve combining multiple independent but possibly correlated incidents or alerts to better understand the root cause and scope of a problem, facilitating troubleshooting and response. Generally, an alert will be associated with an incident out of the following causes:
	 Dependencies In a complex system, there are complex dependencies between components. When a component becomes faulty, other components that depend on the component may be affected, causing a series of alerts. For example, in the microservice architecture, the crash of a service may cause problems in other services that use the service.
	 Resource sharing When multiple systems or services share the same resource (such as a server, database, or network device), the problem of the resource may cause multiple systems or services to generate alerts at the same time. For example, a performance deterioration of a shared database server may trigger performance alerts for multiple applications that depend on the database.
	 Chain reactions In some cases, an initial failure may trigger a series of chain reactions, affecting more components or systems. This chain reaction may be caused by improper system design, incomplete error handling mechanism, or resource limitations (such as performance deterioration caused by memory leakage).
	 Configuration errors Incorrect or inconsistent configurations may cause system behavior exceptions, triggering multiple seemingly irrelevant alerts. For example, incorrect routing configurations may cause traffic to be incorrectly routed to unstable servers, causing multiple performance-related alerts.
	• Software defects Software defects, such as bugs, may cause programs to be abnormal in specific conditions and trigger alerts. If these defects affect multiple components or systems, multiple associated alerts may be generated.
	 External factors External factors, such as natural disasters (such as earthquakes and floods), network attacks, and

Туре	Description
	infrastructure faults (such as power outages and network interruptions), may also cause problems in multiple systems or components at the same time and trigger a large number of alerts.

Converting an Alert into an Incident

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Figure 11-18 Alerts

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-17 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cours C Give a vare are largered for search.
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C O O Met Met

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

- j												
< / Au	ierts								Today This	week. This mo	nth C	ustamize
Security Situation Resource Manager Risk Prevention	Unhandled Alerts			 Fatal 0 		uto		Manual		Alerts Number		
Threat Operations	0	(•	 High 0 Mediur Low 0 Tips 0 	•• (C		0		7		
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration	Add Associated Even All Alarm Severity		Q. Enter a keyword. By det	ault, the search is perfor	med by name or a combi	ination of search criteria.						C ()
Settings	Type 0 Web shell Web attacks	Alert Name : (ClosedBySecMaster)	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination L	Verification 5	Status ::: O Open : Handle	Data Source Host Security Ser	Owner ÷	Creation Time 2024/02/07 10:33	Operation Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O Hoh		-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:27	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

Step 5 In the alert list, locate the row that contains the target alert, click Convert to Incident in the Operation column. The Convert to Incident page is displayed on the right.

In addition, you can click **Alert-to-Incident** in the upper right corner of the details page of an alarm.

Step 6 On the Convert to Incident page, specify Incident Name and Type.

The incident name is automatically set to the name of the current alert. This name can be modified.

Step 7 Click OK.

----End

Associating an Alert with an Incident

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-19 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

Figure 11-20 Alerts

/ Alet	b								Today This	week. This m	nth Cu	istamize
essence manager 🔹	Unhandled Alerts				A	uto		Manual		Alerts Number		
Insk Prevention	0	(•	 Fatal 0 High 0 Medium Low 0 Tips 0 	•• (C		0		7		
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	Add Associated Ev		Q. Enter a keyword. By del	ault, the search is perform	ned by name or a combi	ination of search criteria.					٩	c (6)
Recurity Orchestration	Type o	Alert Name 😄	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination I	Verification 5	Status 😄	Data Source	Owner ÷	Creation Time	Operation	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:33	Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:27	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecWaster]	O High		-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

- **Step 5** In the alert list, select the alerts you want to associate and click **Associated Event** above the list. The **Bind Incident** dialog box is displayed.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box displayed, select the target incidents and click **OK**.

After the association is complete, click the type of the target alert in the alert list. On the alert details page displayed, choose **Relationship** > **Associated Incidents** and check the association details.

----End

11.2.4 One-click Blocking or Unblocking

Scenario

An emergency policy is used to quickly prevent attacks. You can select a block type based on the alert source to block attackers.

This topic describes how to block or unblock attack sources quickly.

One-click Blocking

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-21 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

Figure 11-22 Alerts

<	rta								Today This	This mo	nth Cu	ustamize
Hesterce Manager •	Unhandled Alerts		_		A	uto		Manual		Alerts Number		
Rick Prevention	0		•	 Fatal 0 High 0 Medium Low 0 Tips 0 	•• (C		0		7		
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration	Add Associated Even Al/Aam Severity		C. Enter a keyword. By dela	ault, the search is perform	red by name or a combi	ination of search criteria.						0
Settings 👻	Type : Web shell Web attacks	Alert Name ÷ [ClosedBySecMaster]	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination L	Verification 5	Status ::: O Open Handle	Data Source Host Security Ser	Owner ÷	Creation Time 2024/02/07 10:33	Operation Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O Hoh	-	-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser	-	2024/02/07 10:27	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Usknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

Step 5 In the alert list, locate the row that contains the target alert and choose Operation > One-Click Block in the Operation column. The One-Click Block panel is displayed on the right.

You can also go to the details page of the target alert and click **One-Click Block** in the upper right corner of the page.

Step 6 On the displayed page, configure the blocking policy.

Parameter	Description
Block Object	• If you select IP for Blocked Object Type , enter one or more IP addresses or IP address ranges you want to block. If there are multiple IP addresses or IP address ranges, separate them with commas (,).
	 If you select IAM for Blocked Object Type, enter IAM user names.
	 There are some restrictions on delivery of blocked objects:
	 When a policy needs to be delivered to VPC, each time a maximum of 20 IP addresses can be added as blocked objects within 1 minute for each account.
	 When a policy needs to be delivered to IAM, each time a maximum of 50 IAM users can be added as blocked objects for each account.
Label	Label of the custom emergency policy.

Table 11-9 One-click blocking

Parameter	Description
Operation Connection	Select the operation connections for the policy.
Block Aging	Check whether the policy needs to be stopped.
	• If you select Yes , set the aging time of the policy. For example, if you set the aging time to 180 days, the policy is valid within 180 days after the setting. After 180 days, the IP address or IP address range will not be blocked.
	• If you select No , the policy is always valid and blocks the specified IP address or IP address range.
Policy Description	Description of the custom policy.

Step 7 Confirm settings and click **OK**. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

----End

One-click Unblocking

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-23 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Course (C) Units a source and inspected for another (C) Units a source and (C) Units a so
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

Figure 11-24 Alerts

< / Ale	rls								Today This	week This mo	nth Cua	idamize
Security Situation Resource Manager Risk Prevention	Unhandled Alerts			 Fatal 0 	Au	ito		Manual		Alerts Number		
Threat Operations	0	(•	 High 0 Medium Low 0 Tips 0 	• (D		0		7		
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	Add Associated Even All Alarm Severity		Q. Enter a keyword. By defa	ult, the search is perform	ed by name or a combin	nation of search criteria.					C	0 0
lecurity Orchestration 👻	Vieb shell Vieb attacks	Alert Name : (ClosedBySecMaster)	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination I	Verification \$	Status :: O Open Handie	Data Source Host Security Ser	Owner :	Creation Time 2024/02/07 10:33:	Operation Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High		-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:27	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O Hot		-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

Step 5 In the alert list, locate the row that contains the target alert, click **Operation** > **One-Click Unblock** in the **Operation** column.

You can also go to the details page of the target alert and click **One-Click Unblock** in the upper right corner of the page.

Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, enter the reason and click OK.

----End

11.2.5 Closing and Deleting an Alert

Scenario

This topic describes how to close and delete an alert.

Closing and Deleting an Alert

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-25 Workspace management page





Figure 11-26 Alerts

< / Alen	h								Today This	week This m	anth Cu	ustamize
ressource Manager	Unhandled Alerts		_		Au	ito		Manual		Alerts Number		
Risk Prevention	0	(•	 Fatal 0 High 0 Medium Low 0 Tips 0 	• ()		0		7		
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	Add Associated E		C Enter a keyword. By det									c ®
Security Orchestration •	Type 0	Alert Name 0	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad		Verification \$	Status 0	Data Source	Owner 0	Creation Time	Operation	0
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:33	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:27:	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

Step 5 On the **Alerts** page, close or delete an alert.

Operation	Description
Closing an alert	 Locate the row that contains the target alert, click Close in the Operation column. A dialog box is displayed for you to confirm the close operation. To close multiple alerts, select the alerts in the alert list and click Batch Close above the list.
	 In the confirmation dialog box, select Reason for, enter Close Comment, and click OK.

Operation	Description
Deleting an alert	 Locate the row that contains the target alert, click More in the Operation column, and select Delete. The deletion confirmation dialog box is displayed. To delete multiple alerts, select the alerts in the alert list and click More > Batch Delete above the list.
	2. In the displayed dialog box, click OK .
	NOTE Deleted alerts cannot be restored. Exercise caution when deleting an alert.

----End

11.2.6 Adding and Editing an Alert

Scenario

This section describes how to add or edit an alert.

Adding an Alert

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Workspaces > Management. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-27 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Come Come Come Come Come Come Come Come
Security Governance 🤍 🤟	Image: Constraint Image: Constraint

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

Figu	Figure 11-28 Alerts							
<	/ A	ierbs						
Security Situation								
Resource Manager	*	Unhandled Alerts						
Risk Prevention			 Fatal 0 					

<	ts.								Today This	wrek This mo	anth Cu	stamize
Security Situation Resource Manager Risk Prevention	Unhandled Alerts			 Fatal 0 	A	ito		Manual		Alerts Number		
Threat Operations	0	(•	 High 0 Mediur Low 0 Tips 0 	•• (C		0		7		
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	Add Associated Eve Alt Alarm Severity		Q. Enter a keyword. By dela	ault, the search is perion	med by name or a combi	nation of search criteria.						0
Security Orchestration 👻 Settings 👻	Type : Web shell Web uttacks	Alert Name ÷ [ClosedBySecMaster]	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination L	Verification 5	Status :: O Open Handia	Data Source Host Security Ser	Owner ÷	Creation Time 2024/02/07 10:33:	Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High		-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:27	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High		-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

Step 5 On the **Alerts** page, click **Add**. On the **Add** page displayed on the right, set parameters as described in Table 11-11.

Table 11-11	Alert parameters
-------------	------------------

Paramete	r	Description
Basic informat ion	Alert Name	 User-defined alert name. The value must contain: Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: () A maximum of 2,550 characters
	Alert Type	Alert type
	Alert Severity	Alert severity. The options are Informational, Low, Medium, High, and Critical.
	Status	Alert status. The options are Open , Blocked , and Closed .
	(Optional) Owner	Primary owner of the alert.
	Data Source Product Name	Data source name
	Data Source Type	Type of the data source. The options are Cloud Service , Third-party , and Private .
Timeline	First Occurrence Time	Time when an alert is generated for the first time.
	(Optional) Last Occurrence Time	Last time when an alert was generated
	(Optional) Planned Closure Time	Time when the alert plan is disabled.
Other	(Optional) Verification Status	Verification status of the alert to identify the accuracy of the alert. The options are Unknown, Positive , and False positive .
	(Optional) stage	 Alert phase. Preparation: Prepare resources to process alert. Detection and analysis: Detect and analyze the cause of an alert. Containment, extradition, and recovery: Handle an alert. Post Incident Activity: Follow-up activities.
	(Ontional)	
	(Optional) Debugging data	Whether to enable simulated debugging.
	(Optional) Labels	Alert labels.

Parameter		Description							
	Description	Alert description. The value can contain:							
		 Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: () 							
		• A maximum of 10,240 characters.							

Step 6 Click OK.

----End

Editing an Alert

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Figure 11-30 Alerts

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-29 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces A Menopervent O Purchased Resources	Course C that reason and hypothese the mean the second se
Security Covernance 🤍 🤟	Constant 0 trice 0 tri

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

-												
/ Alerts									Today The	This m	anth C	ustamize
ty Situation •	Unhandled Alerts				A	uto		Manual		Alerts Number		
Operations	0	(0	 Fatal 0 High 0 Mediur)		0		7		
kerts 2	-			 Low 0 Tips 0 		-		÷		•		
eligent Modeling	Add Associated Even	nt Batch Close Mare +										ce
icurity Analysis Ity Orchestration	All Alarm Severity	• All Status	C. Enter a keyword. By det	ault, the search is perion	med by name or a combi	ination of search criteria.						T
	Type o	Alert Name 😄	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination I	Verification \$	Status ::	Data Source	Owner ::	Creation Time	Operation	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:33	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High		-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser	_	2024/02/07 10:27	Operation +	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High		-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

- **Step 5** In the alert list, locate the row that contains the target alert and click **More** > **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** On the **Edit** slide-out that is displayed, modify alert parameters. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-12**.

Table 11-12 Alert parameters

Parameter	,	Description						
Basic Informati on	Alert Name	 User-defined alert name. The value must contain: Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: () A maximum of 2,550 characters 						
	Alert Type	Alert type						
	Alert Severity	Alert severity. The options are Tips , Low , Medium , High , and Fatal .						
	Status	Alert status. The options are Open , Blocked , and Closed .						
	(Optional) Owner	Primary owner of the alert.						
	Data Source Product Name	Name of the data source, which cannot be changed						
	Data Source Type	Type of the data source, which cannot be changed						
Timeline	First Occurrence Time	Time when an alert is generated for the first time.						
	Last Occurrence Time	Last time when an alert was generated						
	Planned Closure Time	Time when the alert plan is disabled.						
Other	Labels	Alert labels.						
	Debugging data	Whether to enable simulated debugging. This parameter cannot be modified once configured.						
	Verification Status	Verification status of the alert to identify the accuracy of the alert. The options are Unknown , Positive , and False positive .						
	Stage	 Alert phase. Preparation: Prepare resources to process alert. Detection and analysis: Detect and analyze the cause of an alert. Contain, extradition, and recovery: Handle an alert. Post Incident Activity: Follow-up activities. 						

Parameter	Description
Description	 Alert description. The value can contain: Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: () A maximum of 10,240 characters.

Step 7 Click OK.

----End

11.2.7 Importing and Exporting Alerts

Scenario

This section describes how to import and export alerts.

Limitations and Constraints

- Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.
- A maximum of 9,999 alert records can be exported.

Importing Alerts

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-31 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Management Purchased Resources Security Governance	
	Index: Interest Prest Index Nov Asis 0 Index: 0 Prest Pre

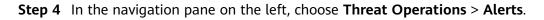


Figure 11-32 Alerts

/ Alets									Today This	week This mo	inth Cu	estamize
curity Situation • source Manager • L k Prevention •	Johandied Alerts			Fatal 0	A	uto		Manual		Alerts Number		
rest Operations 🔮 🔺 Incidents Alarta 🔞	0	(•	 High 0 Medium Low 0 Tips 0 	•• (C		0		7		
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis outly Orchestration	Add Associated Eve All Alarm Severity		Q. Enter a keyword. By deta	sull, the search is perform	med by name or a combi	ination of search criteria.						c e
tings •	Type 0 Web shell Web attacks	Alert Name 0 [ClosedBySecMaster]	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination I	Verification \$	Status () • Open Handle	Data Source Host Security Ser	Owner 0	Creation Time	Operation Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O Hiph	-	-	Unknown	O Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:27	Operation •	
	Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBxSecMaster]	O High			Unknown	Onen Hentle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22	Operation +	

Step 5 On the **Alerts** page, click **More** > **Import** in the upper left corner of the list.

Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.

- **Step 6** In the displayed **Import** dialog box, click **Download Template** to download a template, and fill in the downloaded template according to the requirements.
- **Step 7** After the alert file is ready, click **Select File** in the **Import** dialog box, and select the Excel file you want to import.
- Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Exporting Alerts

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-33 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕐
Security Overview Warkspaces	Costs
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.

Figure 11-34 Alerts

< 0	Alerts									Today This	week This mo	nh Cu	istomize
Security Situation Resource Manager Risk Prevention	u	nhandled Alerts			 Fatal 0 		uto		Manual		Alerts Number		
Threat Operations		0	(•	 High 0 Mediur Low 0 Tips 0 	n 0	0		0		7		
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	(Add Associated All Alarm Severity		Q. Enler a keyword. By det	ault, the search is perfor	med by name or a comb	ination of search criteria.					(c e Ø
Settings •		Type 0	Alert Name 0	Alarm Severity	Source IP Ad	Destination I	Verification \$	Status 0	Data Source	Owner 0	Creation Time	Operation	
	•	Web attacks Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O Hat	-	-	Unknown	Open Handle			2024/02/07 10:27:		
		Web shell Web attacks	[ClosedBySecMaster]	O High	-	-	Unknown	Open Handle	Host Security Ser		2024/02/07 10:22:	Operation •	

Step 5 In the alert list, select the alerts you want to export and click More > Export in the upper right corner of the list.

NOTE

A maximum of 9,999 alert records can be exported.

Step 6 In the **Export** dialog box, set parameters.

Table 11-13 Exporting alerts

Parameter	Description
Format	By default, the alert list is exported into an Excel.
Columns	Select the indicator parameters to be exported.

Step 7 Click OK.

The system automatically downloads the Excel to your local PC.

----End

11.3 Indicator Management

11.3.1 Adding and Editing an Indicator

Scenario

The indicator library list displays information about all your indicators.

This section describes how to create and edit an indicator.

Adding an Indicator

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-35 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cue de la constante de la cons
Security Covernance 🧹	C O

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Indicators**.

Figure 11-36 Indicators

< / Indicators																				
Security Situation • Resource Manager •	Indicator Type 🕲				c	verdue India	ator 🛈				Indicato	r Status 🛈				П	nreat Degree	0		
Risk Prevention	11)		 ipv4.1 	n -	0						11)		Open 1			"		Black 7 Gray 4
Alerts																				
Intelligent Modeling	Add In	tree														Feb 0	1, 2024 00:00 1	00 - Feb 07, 2024 23 59 59	80	CO
Security Analysis Security Orchestration	Q. Enter a keyv	ord. By default,	the search is	performed by r	name or a cor	ibination of sev	arch oriteria.													1
Setings T	lıdi	Indi	Thr	Type	Stat	Con	Ow	Firs	Cre	Ехр	C10	Cre	Gra	Upd	Value	Dat	Dat	Operation		
	D 1	6404501	Black	ipv4	Open	80	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	1 .	Databa	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete		
4		ad1537	Gray	ipv4	Open	80	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	1	Cloud F	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete		
	D 1	893084	Black	ipv4	Open	80	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02		Cloud F	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete		

Step 5 On the **Indicators** page, click **Add**. On the **Add** page, set parameters.

Table 11-14 Indicator parameter	S
---------------------------------	---

Parameter	Description
Indicator Name	Name of a user-defined threat indicator. The value can contain:
	Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: ()
Туре	Indicator type.
Threat Degree	Select a threat degree level.
	Black: dangerous
	Gray: minor
	White: secure
Data Source Product Name	Data source product name
Data Source Type	Type of the data source. The options are Cloud Service , Third-party , and Private .
Status	Indicator status. Possible values are Open , Closed , and Revoked .
(Optional) Confidence	Reliability of the selected indicator. The value ranges from 80 to 100.
(Optional) Owner	Primary owner of the indicator.
(Optional) Labels	Label of a user-defined counter.
First Occurrence Time	First occurrence time of the indicator.
Last Occurrence Time	Latest occurrence time of the indicator.
(Optional) Expiration Time	Expiration time of the indicator.
Invalid or not	Whether to invalidate the indicator. The default value is No .
Granularity	Granularity of the indicator. The options are First time observed, In-house data, To be purchased, and Queried from external networks.
<i>Other parameters</i>	You need to set the parameters based on the selected type. Set the parameters as prompted.
	For example, if you select IPv6 for Type , you also need to configure the IP address, email account, and region.

Step 6 Click OK.

----End

Editing an Indicator

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-37 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (1)
Security Overview Workspaces	CM. (C) the same at topolo for mass.
Security Covernance V	C C Commission Commissi

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Indicators**.

Figure 11-38 Indicators

/ Indicators																							
Security Situation •		ndicator Type (n					Overdue Indi	cater D				Indicate	er Status 🛈				D	reat Degree	0			
Resource Manager •		indealed Type (CPLICIT. III.					TI PARADA						nun orgior	-			
hreat Operations		1	1			• ipv4		0						11			Open 11		(11		Black Gray	
Incidents								Ŭ														, city	
Alerts																							
Indicators 😢																							
Intelligent Modeling		Add	Impor															Feb 0	, 2024 00:00 0	00 - Feb 07, 2024 23.59.59	8	C) C	1
Security Analysis ecurity Orchestration		Q. Enter a l	keyword	1. By default,	the search is	s performed by	name or a c	ombination of se	arch criteria.														
etings 🔻		🗌 Indi.		Indi	Thr	Type	Stat	Con	Ow	Firs	Cre	Ехр	C10	Cre	Gra	Upd	Value	Dat	Det	Operation			
		D 1		6404501	Black	ips4	Open	80	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	1	Databa	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete			
	4			ad1537	Gray	ipv4	Open	80		2024/02	2024/02	-	-		First tim	2024/02	1	Cloud F	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete			
		D 1		893004	Black	ipv4	Open	82		2024/02	2024/02				First tim	2024/02	1	Canal F	Claud P.	Edit Close Debite			

- **Step 5** On the **Indicators** page, locate the target indicator and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** On the **Edit** page that is displayed, edit indicator parameters.

Parameter	Description
Indicator Name	Name of a user-defined threat indicator. The value can contain:
	Only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and the special characters: ()
Туре	Indicator type.
Threat Degree	Select a threat degree level.
	Black: dangerous
	Gray: minor
	White: secure

Table 11-15	Indicator	parameters
-------------	-----------	------------

Parameter	Description
Data Source Product Name	Name of the data source, which cannot be changed
Data Source Type	Type of the data source, which cannot be changed
Status	Indicator status. Possible values are Open , Closed , and Revoked .
Confidence	Reliability of the selected indicator. The value ranges from 80 to 100.
Owner	Primary owner of the indicator.
Labels	Label of a user-defined indicator.
First Occurrence Time	First occurrence time of the indicator.
Last Occurrence Time	Latest occurrence time of the indicator.
Expiration Time	Expiration time of the indicator.
Invalid or not	Whether to invalidate the indicator. The default value is No .
Granularity	Granularity of the indicator. The options are First time observed, In-house data, To be purchased, and Queried from external networks.
Other parameters	You need to set the parameters based on the selected type. Set the parameters as prompted.
	For example, if you select IPv6 for Type , you also need to configure the IP address, email account, and region.

Step 7 Click OK.

----End

11.3.2 Closing and Deleting an Indicator

Scenario

This topic describes how to disable or delete an indicator.

Closing and Deleting an Indicator

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-39 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Indicators**.

Figure 11-40 Indicators

< / Indicators																					
Security Stuation 💌																					
Resource Manager 🔹	Indicator Type (D			0	werdue Indic	ator 🛈				Indicato	or Status 🛈				T	nreat Degree	0			
Risk Prevention 👻						~						0					1			Black 7	
Thread Operations 🤒 🔺		1		Iput 1	n	U						11)		Open 1			11		Gray 4	
Incidents												\sim									
Alerts																					
Intelligent Modeling	Add	Import														Feb 0	1, 2024 00:00:1	00 – Feb 07, 2024 23.59.59	m)(3 C	0
Security Analysis Security Orchestration V	Q. Enter a l	keyword. By defect	t, the search is	performed by	name or a cor	rbination of sea	arch criteria.														Ċ
Settings v	🗌 Indi.	Indi	Thr	Type	Stat	Cos	Ow	Firs	Cre	Exp	C10	Cre	Gra	Upd	Value	Dat	Dat	Operation			
	0 1	6a04b01	Black	ipv4	Open	00	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	1	Databa	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete			
	•	ad1537	Gray	ipv4	Open	80		2024/02	2024/02				First tim	2024/02	1 .	Cloud F	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete			
		893554	Black	ipv4	Open	80	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	t	Cloud F	Cloud S	Edt Close Dekte			

Step 5 On the Indicators page, close or delete an indicator.

Table 11-16 Indicat	or parameters

Operation	Description
Close	 On the Indicator page, locate the row that contains the target indicator, click Close in the Operation column. The Close dialog box is displayed.
	2. In the dialog box that is displayed, select the close reason and enter comments.
	3. Click OK .
Delete	1. On the Indicators page, locate the target indicator and click Delete in the Operation column.
	2. In the dialog box displayed, click OK .
	NOTE Deleted indicators cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

----End

11.3.3 Importing and Exporting Indicators

Scenario

This section describes how to import and export indicators.

Constraints

- Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.
- A maximum of 9,999 indicator records can be exported.

Importing an Indicator

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-41 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Indicators.

Figure 11-42 Indicators

< / Indicators																						
Security Situation Resource Manager Rick Prevention Thread Operations Incidents		indicato	r Type ®)		• ipet 1		iverdue India	ator 🕲				Indicato	r Status ®)		Open 11				• •	
Alerts Indicators Indeligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration		Adi			the search is	performed by r	name or a cor	sbination of sea	arch criteria.									Feb 0	, 2024 00:001	00 — Feb 07, 2024 23 59 59	88	C (0)
Settings •			Indi	Indi 5a04b0f	Thr Black	Type ipv4	Stat Open	Con 92	Ow	Firs 2024/02	Cre 2024/02	Exp	Clo	Cre	Gra First tim	Upd 2024/02	Value	Dat Databa	Det Cloud S	Operation Edit Close Delete		
	1		9 9	ad1537 893584	Gray Black	ipv4 ipv4	Open Open	80 80	-	2024/02	2024/02		-	-	First tim	2024/02	1 . 1 .	Cloud F		Edit Close Delete		

Step 5 On the **Indicator** page, click **Import** in the upper left corner above the indicator list.

NOTE

Only files in .xlsx can be imported. Each time you can import a file no larger than 5 MB with a maximum of 100 records.

- **Step 6** In the displayed **Import** dialog box, click **Download Template** to download a template, and fill in the downloaded template according to the requirements.
- **Step 7** After the indicator file is ready, click **Select File** in the **Import** dialog box, and select the Excel file you want to import.
- Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Exporting Indicators

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-43 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Indicators**.

Figure 11-44 Indicators

< / Indicators																					
Security Situation Resource Manager	Ir	ndicator Type 🕲					Overdue India	ator 🛈				Indicato	er Status 🛈				т	nreat Degree	0		
Risk Prevention		11			• ipv4 1		0						11			Open 1		(11		Black 7
Incidents		C					U						Ü			• open i				•	Gray 4
Alerts																					
Intelligent Modeling		Add Ing	at)														Feb 0	1, 2024 00:00	00 - Feb 07, 2024 23 59 59	8	: C @
Security Analysis Security Orchestration •		Q. Enter a keyw	ord. By default	the search is	performed by r	name or a co	mbination of sev	arch criteria.													đ
Settings •		indi	Indi	Thr	Type	Stat	Con	Ow	Firs	Cre	Ехр	Cio	Cre	Gra	Upd	Value	Dat	Det	Operation		
		D 14	6404501	Black	ipv4	Open	80	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	1	Databa	Cloud S	Edit Close Dekle		
	4		ad1537	Gray	ipv4	Open	80		2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	1	Cloud F	Cloud S	Edit Close Delete		
		L 1	893554	Black	ipv4	Open	80	-	2024/02	2024/02	-	-	-	First tim	2024/02	t	Cloud F	Cloud S	Edit Close Dekte		

Step 5 On the **Indicators** page, select the indicators you want to export and click \Box in the upper right corner of the list. The **Export** dialog box is displayed.

NOTE

A maximum of 9,999 indicator records can be exported.

Step 6 In the **Export** dialog box, set parameters.

Table 11-17 Exporting indicators

Parameter	Description
Format	By default, the indicator list is exported into an Excel.
Columns	Select the indicator parameters to be exported.

Step 7 Click OK.

The system automatically downloads the Excel to your local PC.

----End

11.3.4 Viewing Indicators

Scenario

This topic describes where to view existing intelligence indicators.

Viewing Indicators

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-45 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Indicators**.

Figure	11-46	Indicators
--------	-------	------------

< / Indicators																						
Security Studion Resource Manager Risk Prevention Threat Operations Incidents	Ind	icator '	Type (0))		e ipv4 1		overdue India	ator 🕲				Indicator	r Status ®)		Open 11			0	• 84 • Gr	
Alerts Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis Security Orchestration		Add Q, E	impo Impo riter a keywa		the search is	performed by n	ame or a cor	ribination of sev	arch criteria.									Feb 01	, 2024 00 00 1	0 - Feb 07, 2024 23 59 59	86	c ®
ietings •				Indi 6a0450f	Thr Black	Type ipv4	Stat Open	Con	Ow	Firs 2024/02	Cre 2024/02	Ехр	C10	Cre	Gra First tim	Upd	Value	Dat	Det Cloud S	Operation Edit Close Debte		
	1		10	ad1537	Gray Black	ipv4	Open	00 00	-		2024/02		-	-	First tim		1	Cloud F		Edit Close Delete		

Step 5 On the **Indicators** page, view details about the indicator.

 Table 11-18 Indicator parameters

Parameter	Description
Indicator Type	Indicator Type displays the total number of indicators of all types and the number of indicators of the corresponding type.
Overdue Indicator	Overdue Indicator displays the total number of threat indicators that have expired and have not been closed.
Indicator Status	Indicator Status displays the total number of indicators in different states and the number of indicators in the corresponding state.
Threat Degree	Threat Degree displays the number of indicators of different threat levels.

Parameter	Description
Indicator list	Displays detailed information about each indicator.
	You can view the total number of indicators below the indicator list. You can view a maximum of 10,000 indicator records page by page. To view more than 10,000 records, optimize the filter criteria.
	You can view the threat degree, discovery time, and status of indicators. To view details about an indicator, click the indicator name. The indicator details are displayed on the right of the page.
	 On the Indicator Overview page, you can view basic information of an indicator as well as its association information, such as associated indicators, alerts, and incidents.
	• In the Associated Information area, you can bind or unbind an indicator to or from other indicators, alerts, and incidents.

----End

11.4 Intelligent Modeling

11.4.1 Viewing Model Templates

Scenario

SecMaster uses models to scan logs in pipelines. If SecMaster detects data that hits the trigger in a model, SecMaster generates an alert. Models are created based on templates. So you need to use available model templates to create models.

SecMaster provides multiple preconfigured model templates based on common scenarios. You can view scenario description, model principles, handling suggestions, and usage restrictions for these templates in this section.

Viewing Model Templates

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-47 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Intelligent Modeling**, and select the **Model Templates** tab.

Figure 11-48 Model Templates tab

ecurity Situation 🔻							
esource Manager 🛛 🔻	Available Models Mo	del Templates					
sk Prevention 🔹	Model Template Statis	stics	Severity				
hreat Operations 🜖 🔺	Available templates	Active templ	lates				
Incidents	50	0	Critical	1 😐 High 14 😐 Medium 2	8 🛛 Low 0 🕤 Informativ	e 7	
Alerts							
Alerts Indicators	Q Search by name.						0
	Q Search by name. Severity ≎	Name	Model Type	Updated 🔶	Created ¢	Operation	0
Indicators	Severity \$						0
Indicators Intelligent Modeling		Name Network - External malicious II		Updated 🔶 Jul 05, 2023 17:39:38 GM	Created \$ Jun 27, 2023 11:09:09 GM	Operation Details	
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	Severity \$		F Rule model		Jun 27, 2023 11:09:09 GM		

Step 5 On the **Model Templates** tab, view available model templates.

Table 11-19 Template information

Parameter	Description
Model Template Statistics	This area displays how many Available templates and how many Active templates you have.
Severity	This bar displays the number of available templates by severity levels, including Critical , High , Medium , Low , and Informative .
Template list	• The template list displays the severity, name, and model type of each template as well as when the template is created and upgraded.
	 To view details about a model template, locate the row that contains the template, click Details in the Operation column. The template details page is displayed on the right. On the details page, you can view the description, query rules, triggering conditions, and query plans of the current model template.

----End

11.4.2 Creating and Editing a Model

Scenario

SecMaster can use models to monitor log data in pipelines. If SecMaster detects the data that hits trigger conditions in a model, SecMaster generates an alert.

You can use a preconfigured model template to create a model. You can also create an alert model from scratch.

- Creating an Alert Model Using a Preconfigured Model Template
- Creating a Custom Alert Model
- Editing a Model

Creating an Alert Model Using a Preconfigured Model Template

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-49 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces Annual A	ONA 0 © Dira sam initipant'o wash 0
Security Governance 🗸	Commission Prierd Commission Commissi Commission Commission Commission Commission Commis

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Intelligent Modeling**, and select the **Model Templates** tab.

Figure 11-50 M	odel Templates tab
----------------	--------------------

Security Situation							
esource Manager 🔻	Available Models	lodel Templates					
isk Prevention 💌	Model Template Stat	istics	Severity				
nreat Operations 🚺 🔺	Available templates	Active templ					
Incidents	50	0 ()=[]	 Critical 1 	● High 14 ● Medium 2	8 😐 Low 0 😑 Informative	e 7	
Alerts							
	Q Search by name.						@ C
Indicators	Q Search by name.	Name	Model Type	Updated \$	Created \$	Operation	@ C
Indicators	Severity \$) @ C
Security Analysis		Name Network - External malicious IF		Updated 🔶 Jul 05, 2023 17:39:38 GM	Created \$ Jun 27, 2023 11:09:09 GM		8 C
Indicators Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	Severity \$		Rule model) @ C

- **Step 5** In the model template list, click **Details** in the **Operation** column of the target model template. The template details page is displayed on the right.
- **Step 6** On the model template details page, click **Create Model** in the lower right corner. The page for creating an alert model is displayed.
- **Step 7** On the **Create Threat Model** page, configure basic information about the model by referring to **Table 11-20**.

Table 11-20 Basic	alert model :	parameters
-------------------	---------------	------------

Parameter	Description
Pipeline Name	Select the execution pipeline for the alert model based on the pipeline described in Restrictions area in the Description text box.

Parameter	Description
Model Name	Name of the alert model.
Severity	Severity of the alert model. You can set the severity to Critical , High , Medium Low , or Informative .
Alarm Type	Alarm type displayed after the alert model is triggered.
Model Type	The default value is Rule model .
Description	Description of the alert model
Status	Indicates whether to enable the alert model.
	The status set here can be changed after the entire alert model is set successfully.

- **Step 8** After the setting is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page. The page for setting the model logic is displayed.
- **Step 9** Set the model logic. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-21**.

Parameter	Description
Query Rule	Set alert query rules. After the setting is complete, click Run and view the running result.
	A query analysis statement consists of a query statement and an analysis statement. The format is Query Statement Analysis Statement . For details about the syntax of query analysis statements, see Query and Analysis Syntax Overview .
	NOTE If the reserved field is of the text type, MATCH_QUERY is used for word segmentation queries by default.

Table 11-21 Configure Model Logic

Parameter	Description
Query Plan	Set an alert query plan.
	• Running query interval: xx minutes/hour/day. If the running query interval is minute, set this parameter to a value ranging from 5 to 59 minutes. If the running query interval is hour, set this parameter to a value ranging from 1 to 23 hours. If the running query interval is day, set this parameter to a value ranging from 1 to 14 days.
	 Time window: xx minutes/hour/day. If the time window is minute, the value ranges from 5 minutes to 59 minutes. If the time window is hour, the value ranges from 1 hour to 23 hours. If the time window is day, the value ranges from 1 day to 14 days. Execution Delay: xx minutes. The value ranges
	from 0 to 5 minutes.
Advanced Alarm Settings	 Custom Information: Customize extended alert information. Click Add, and set the key and value information.
	 Alarm Details: Enter the alarm name, description, and handling suggestions.
Trigger Condition	Sets alert triggering conditions. The value can be greater than, equal to, not equal to, or less than xx.
	If there are multiple trigger conditions, click Add and add them. A maximum of five trigger conditions can be added.
	If there are multiple trigger conditions, SecMaster scans log data to hit each trigger condition from top to bottom and generates all types of alerts for hit trigger conditions.
Alarm Trigger	The way to trigger alerts for queried results. The options are as follows:
	One alert for all query results
	One alert for each query result
Debugging	Sets whether to generate debugging alarms.
Suppression	Specifies whether to stop the query after an alert is generated.
	 If Suppression is enabled, the query stops after an alert is generated.
	 If Suppression is disabled, the query is not stopped after an alert is generated.

- **Step 10** After the setting is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page. The model details preview page is displayed.
- **Step 11** After confirming that the preview is correct, click **OK** in the lower right corner of the page.

----End

Creating a Custom Alert Model

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-51 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Watespacer	Out O C. One same edupored to study. O
Security Covernance 🧹 🧹	C © C © Ometalant O tricc Inter Paper C Prest P

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Intelligent Modeling**.

Figure 11-52 Available Models

rity Situation 💌											
rce Manager 🔻	Available Models	Model Templates	3								
revention 🔻	Model Statistics				Severity						
Operations 1 🔺	Available 71	e Models	Active mode 71	H6	• Critical 0 •	High 15 o Me	dium 4	15 e Low 11 e Infi	ormative 0		
erts											
icators											
	Create Model	Enable Dis	able Delete	Q Search	h by name.						۲
ligent Modeling 💈	Create Model Severity \$	Enable Dis	status	Q Search	Pipeline Name	Model Type	B	Updated 🖕	Created \$	Operation	۲
lgent Modeling 😢						Model Type Rule model	B Yes	Updated 👙 Jun 30, 2023 14:22:	Created Jun 30, 2023 09:50:	Operation Disable Edit Delete	۲
ligent Modeling 2	Severity \$	Name/ID Attacker	Status	Debugging	Pipeline Name			Jun 30, 2023 14:22			0

- Step 5 Click Create Model in the upper left corner of the Available Models tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Create Model** slide-out panel displayed, configure basic information about the alert model. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-22**.

Table 11-22	Basic	alert	model	parameters
-------------	-------	-------	-------	------------

Parameter	Description
Pipeline Name	Select the execution pipeline of the alert model.
Model Name	Name of the alert model.

Parameter	Description
Severity	Severity of the alert model. You can set the severity to Critical, High Risk, Medium Risk, Low Risk, or Warning.
Alarm Type	Alarm type displayed after the alert model is triggered.
Model Type	The default value is Rule model .
Description	Description of the alert model
Status	Indicates whether to enable the alert model. The status set here can be changed after the entire alert model is set successfully.

- **Step 7** After the setting is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page. The page for setting the model logic is displayed.
- **Step 8** Set the model logic. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-23**.

Parameter	Description
Query Rule	Set alert query rules. After the setting is complete, click Run and view the running result. For details about the syntax, see Query and Analysis Syntax Overview .
Query Plan	 Set an alert query plan. Running query interval: xx minutes/hour/day. If the running query interval is minute, set this parameter to a value ranging from 5 to 59
	parameter to a value ranging from 5 to 59 minutes. If the running query interval is hour, set this parameter to a value ranging from 1 to 23 hours. If the running query interval is day, set this parameter to a value ranging
	from 1 to 14 days. • Time window: xx minutes/hour/day.
	If the time window is minute, the value ranges from 5 minutes to 59 minutes. If the time window is hour, the value ranges from 1 hour to 23 hours. If the time window is day, the value ranges from 1 day to 14 days.
	• Execution Delay: xx minutes. The value ranges from 0 to 5 minutes.

Table 11-23 Configure Model Logic

Parameter	Description
Advanced Alarm Settings	 Extended information about a user-defined alert. Click Add, and set the Key and Value information. Alarm Details: Enter the alarm name, description, and handling suggestions.
Trigger Condition	Setting alert triggering conditions. The value can be greater than, equal to, not equal to, or less than xx.
	To configure multiple trigger conditions, click Add and add them one by one. A maximum of five trigger conditions can be added.
	If there are multiple trigger conditions, SecMaster scans log data to hit each trigger condition and generates all types of alerts for hit trigger conditions.
Alarm Trigger	The way to trigger alerts for queried result. The options are as follows:
	One alert for all query results
	One alert for each query result
Debugging	Sets whether to generate debugging alarms.
Suppression	Specifies whether to stop the query after an alert is generated.
	• If Suppression is enabled, the query stops after an alert is generated.
	 If Suppression is disabled, the query is not stopped after an alert is generated.

- **Step 9** After the setting is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page. The model details preview page is displayed.
- **Step 10** After confirming that the preview is correct, click **OK** in the lower right corner of the page.

----End

Editing a Model

Only custom models can be edited.

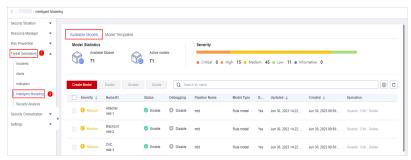
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-53 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Intelligent Modeling**.

Figure 11-54 Available Models



- **Step 5** In the available model list, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column of the target model.
- **Step 6** On the **Edit Model** slide-out panel, configure basic information about the alert model. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-24**.

Parameter	Description
Pipeline Name	Select the execution pipeline of the alert model. Editing the pipeline name is not supported currently.
Model Name	Name of the alert model.
Severity	Severity of the alert model. You can set the severity to Critical , High , Medium Low , or Informative .
Alarm Type	Alarm type displayed after the alert model is triggered.
Model Type	The default value is Rule model .
Description	Description of the alert model

Table 11-24 Basic alert model p	parameters
---------------------------------	------------

- **Step 7** After the setting is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page. The page for setting the model logic is displayed.
- **Step 8** Set the model logic. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-25**.

Parameter	Description
Query Rule	Set alert query rules. After the setting is complete, click Run and view the running result.
	A query analysis statement consists of a query statement and an analysis statement. The format is Query Statement Analysis Statement . For details about the syntax of query analysis statements, see Query and Analysis Syntax Overview .
	NOTE If the reserved field is of the text type, MATCH_QUERY is used for word segmentation queries by default.
Query Plan	Set an alert query plan.
	• Running query interval: xx minutes/hour/day. If the running query interval is minute, set this parameter to a value ranging from 5 to 59 minutes. If the running query interval is hour, set this parameter to a value ranging from 1 to 23 hours. If the running query interval is day, set this parameter to a value ranging from 1 to 14 days.
	• Time window: xx minutes/hour/day. If the time window is minute, the value ranges from 5 minutes to 59 minutes. If the time window is hour, the value ranges from 1 hour to 23 hours. If the time window is day, the value ranges from 1 day to 14 days.
	• Execution Delay: xx minutes. The value ranges from 0 to 5 minutes.
Advanced Alarm Settings	• Custom Information : Customize extended alert information. Click Add , and set the key and value information.
	• Alarm Details: Enter the alarm name, description, and handling suggestions.
Trigger Condition	Sets alert triggering conditions. The value can be greater than, equal to, not equal to, or less than xx.
	If there are multiple trigger conditions, click Add and add them. A maximum of five trigger conditions can be added.
	If there are multiple trigger conditions, SecMaster scans log data to hit each trigger condition from top to bottom and generates all types of alerts for hit trigger conditions.

Table 11-25 Configure Model Logic

Parameter	Description
Alarm Trigger	The way to trigger alerts for queried results. The options are as follows:
	One alert for all query results
	One alert for each query result
Debugging	Sets whether to generate debugging alarms.
Suppression	Specifies whether to stop the query after an alert is generated.
	• If Suppression is enabled, the query stops after an alert is generated.
	• If Suppression is disabled, the query is not stopped after an alert is generated.

- **Step 9** After the setting is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page. The model details preview page is displayed.
- **Step 10** After confirming that the preview is correct, click **OK** in the lower right corner of the page.

----End

11.4.3 Viewing a Model

Scenario

This topic describes how to view models.

Prerequisites

A model has been created. For details, see **Creating and Editing a Model**.

Viewing a Model

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-55 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Count (1) C) Care a new set buyung to meet.
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Intelligent Modeling**.

Figure 11-56 Available Models

Issource Manager	Available Models Mod Model Statistics Available Model	el Templates				
yeat Onerations			Severity			
Incidents	VI. 71	VI. 71	😑 Critical 0 😑 High 15	● Medium 45 ● Low 11 ● I	nformative 0	
Alerts						
Indicators						
indicentre .	Create Model Enab	e Disable Delete Q	Search by name.			6
Intelligent Modeling 🛛 🕘	Create Model Enabl			Type B Updated \$	Created \$	Operation
Intelligent Modeling 🛛 🕘	Severity \$ Nam	alD Status Debugg	ing Pipeline Name Model			Operation
Intelligent Modeling 2 Security Analysis	Severity \$ Nam	alD Status Debugg	ing Pipeline Name Model			
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis ecurity Orchestration titings	Severity \$ Nam	ATD Status Debugg	ing Pipeline Name Model able mtd Rule n	odel Yes Jun 30, 2023 14-22	Jun 30, 2023 09:50	Operation

Step 5 On the Available Models tab, view available models.

Table 11-26 Viewing available models

Parameter	Description				
Model Statistics	This area displays how many Available Models and how many Active models you have.				
Severity	This bar displays the number of available models by severity levels, including Critical , High , Medium , Low , and Informative .				
Model list	The model list displays the severity, name/ID, pipeline name, model type of each model as well as when the model is created and upgraded.				

----End

11.4.4 Managing Models

Scenario

This topic walks you through how to manage models, such as enabling, disabling, and deleting a model.

Limitations and Constraints

Only custom models can be enabled, disabled, and deleted.

Managing Models

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-57 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Intelligent Modeling**.

Figure 11-58 Available Models

< / Intellig	ent Modelin	g										
Security Situation	*											
Resource Manager	*	Available Models	Model Templati	25								
Risk Prevention	Ŧ	Model Statistics				Severity						
Threat Operations 📵			e Models	Active mode	és –							
Incidents												
Alerts												
Indicators		Create Model	Enable	isable Delete	Q Sean	ch by name.						© C
Intelligent Modeling	0	Severity ¢	Name/ID	Status	Debugging	Pipeline Name	Model Type	В	Updated ¢	Created \$	Operation	
Security Analysis Security Orchestration	-	📄 🏮 Medium	Attacker mtd-1	🔮 Enable	O Disable	mtd	Rule model	Yes	Jun 30, 2023 14:22	Jun 30, 2023 09:50:	Disable Edit Delete	
Settings	•	📄 🔒 Medum	BlackList mtd-2	🕑 Enable	O Disable	mtd	Rule model	Yes	Jun 30, 2023 14:22	Jun 30, 2023 09:50	Disable Edit Delete	
		📃 🔒 Medum	CnC mtd-3	S Enable	O Disable	mtd	Rule model	Yes	Jun 30, 2023 14:22	Jun 30, 2023 09:50	Disable Edit Delete	

Step 5 On the Available Models tab, manage models.

Table 11-27 Managing models

Operation	Description
Enable	In the model list, click Enable in the Operation column of the target model. NOTE To enable models in batches, select all models you want to start and click Enable in the upper left corner of the list.
	If the model status changes to Enable , the model is successfully started.
Disable	 In the model list, locate the row that contains the target model and click Disable in the Operation column. NOTE To disable models in batches, select all models and click Disable in the upper left corner of the list. When the alert model status changes to Disable, the model is disabled.
Delete	 In the model list, locate the row that contains the target model and click Delete in the Operation column. NOTE To delete models in batches, select all models to be deleted and click Delete in the upper left corner of the list. In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

11.5 Security Analysis

11.5.1 Security Analysis Overview

The security analysis function works as a cloud native security information and event management (SIEM) solution in SecMaster. It can collect, aggregate, and analyze security logs and alarms from multiple products and sources based on predefined and user-defined threat detection rules. It helps quickly detect and respond to security incidents and protect cloud workloads, applications, and data.

Cloud services and logs that can be interconnected with SecMaster

SecMaster can integrate logs of multiple cloud products. You can search for and analyze all collected logs in SecMaster.

For details, see Cloud Service Log Access Supported by SecMaster.

Use process

Step	Description
Adding a Workspace	Add a workspace for resource isolation and control.
Integrating Data	Configure the sources of security data you need to collect. SecMaster can integrate log data of multiple products, such as services in storage, management and governance, and security domains. You can search and analyze all collected logs in SecMaster.
(Optional) Adding a Data Space	Create a data space for storing collected log data. For data accessed through the console, the system creates a default data space. You do not need to create a data space.
(Optional) Creating a Pipeline	Create pipelines for collecting, storing, and querying log data. For data accessed through the console, the system creates a default data pipeline. You do not need to create a pipeline.
Configuring Indexes	Configure indexes to narrow down the query scope.
Querying and Analyzing Collected Data	Query and analyze the accessed data.
Downloading Logs	Download raw logs or queried and analyzed logs.

 Table 11-28
 Use process

Step	Description
Viewing Result Charts	If you run query and analysis statements, SecMaster displays query and analysis results in charts and tables. Currently, results can be displayed in tables, line charts, bar charts, and pie charts.

11.5.2 Configuring Indexes

An index in security analysis is a storage structure used to sort one or more columns in log data. Different index configurations generate different query and analysis results. Configure indexes based on your requirements.

If you want to use the analysis function, field indexes are mandatory. After configuring a field index, you can specify field keys and field values to narrow down the query scope. For example, the query statement **level:error** is to query logs whose **level** field contains the value **error**.

Limitations and Constraints

- Custom index can be configured only for new custom pipelines. For details, see **Creating a Pipeline**.
- Field indexes cannot be deleted.

Configuring Field Indexes

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-59 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Outin ① ① Utins a same and request for sease.
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C O O Marcol O Marcol M

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-60 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis						
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Resource Manager V Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Risk Prevention 💌						
Threat Operations • Data Space 🐵	Data Spaces					
Incidents isap-cloudlogs-efb ⑦ 🔡 🔻						
Alerts	Add				Name 👻 E	inter a keyword. Q
Indicators	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete
Security Orchestration						
Settings •						

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.

Figure 11-61 Pipeline data page

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling		
Data Spaces 🐵	Data Spaces × Fissec-waf-attack ×	
isap-cloudlogs-cc2 ⑦	sec-waf-attack Outdr Overy	Index Settings Save As Quick Query Add Alarm Q Last 15 minutes
	Count 2 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	Dec 07, 2022 17:45:07 - Dec 07, 2022 18:00:07

Step 6 On the pipeline page, click Index Settings in the upper right corner.

Step 7 On the **Index Settings** page, configure index parameters.

1. Enable the index status.

The index status is enabled by default. When the index status is disabled, collected logs cannot be queried using indexes.

2. Configure index parameters. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-29**.

Parameter	Description
Field	Log field (key)
Туре	Data type of the log field value. The options are text, keyword, long, integer, double, float, date, and json.

Table 11-29 Parameters for index settings

Parameter	Description
Includes Chinese	Indicates whether to distinguish between Chinese and English during query. This parameter needs to be specified when Type is set to text .
	 After the function is enabled, if the log contains Chinese characters, the Chinese content is split based on the Chinese grammar and the English content is split based on delimiters.
	 After this function is disabled, all content is split based on delimiters.
	Example: The log content is user:WAF log user Zhang San .
	 After Includes Chinese is disabled, the log is split based on the colon (:). So it is split into user and WAF log user Zhang San. You can search for the log by user or WAF log user Mr. Zhang.
	 After Includes Chinese is enabled, the LTS background analyzer splits the log into user, WAF, log, user, and Zhang San. You can find logs by searching for log or Mr. Zhang.

Step 8 Click OK.

----End

11.5.3 Querying and Analyzing Logs

Scenario

You can query and analyze collected log data in real time on the **Analyze & Query** tab.

This topic walks you through how to query and analyze log data.

- Method 1: Executing a Query and Analysis Based on Query Criteria
- Method 2: Using Existing Fields for Query and Analysis
- Method 3: Creating a Quick Query
- Managing Query and Analysis Results

Prerequisites

Data access has been completed. For details, see **Data Integration**.

Executing a Query and Analysis Based on Query Criteria

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-62 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cours C Gate a new and hypert for seals.
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C Outrotexent Ou

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-63 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis						
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Resource Manager V						
Risk Prevention 🔻						
Threat Operations	Data Spaces					
Incidents isap-cloudlogs-efb ()						
Alerts	Add			Name 👻	Enter a keyword.	Q
Indicators	Data Space Type	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcfl8 system-defined	6	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Analysis						
Security Orchestration •						
Settings 👻						

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.

Figure 11-64 Pipeline data page

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling		
Data Spaces 🐵	Data Spaces x R sec-waf-attack x	
isap-cloudlogs-cc2 ⑦	sec-waf-attack	Index Settings Save As Quick Query Add Alarm
sec-waf-attack 🕐 👩 More	Culck Query •	Q Last 15 minutes
	Count 2 1.5 1.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.202 17:45:00 Dec 07, 2022 17:47:40 Dec 07, 2022 17:55:00 De Total logs: C0	Dec 07, 3023 17.45.07 Dec 07, 3023 18.00.07 C 07, 3023 17.55.40 Dec 07, 2022 17.56.20

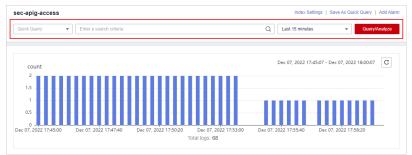
Step 6 On the pipeline data retrieval page, enter the query analysis statement.

A query analysis statement consists of a query statement and an analysis statement. The format is **Query Statement**|**Analysis Statement**. For details about the syntax of query analysis statements, see **Query and Analysis Syntax Overview**.

NOTE

If the reserved field is of the text type, **MATCH_QUERY** is used for word segmentation query by default.

Figure 11-65 Query/Analyze



Step 7 Select **Last 15 minutes** as the time range.

You can select **Last 15 minutes**, **Last hour**, or **Last 24 hours** or customize a time range for the query.

Step 8 Click Query/Analyze and view the results.

----End

Using Existing Fields for Query and Analysis

The following part describes how to use existing fields to query and analyze logs.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-66 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕲
Security Overview Warkspaces • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Own 0 ① Etter same and strateging for even. 0
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-67 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analy	sis						
Security Situation 🔹	Developments Associated						
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Risk Prevention 💌							
Threat Operations	Data Space ③	Data Spaces					
Incidents	isap-cloudlogs-efb ⑦ 🔠 🔻						
Alerts		Add				Name v Ente	er a keyword. Q
Indicators		Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation
Intelligent Modeling		isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete
Security Analysis 🝳			-,	-			
Security Orchestration 🔻							
Settings •	1						

Step 5 In the **Data Spaces** tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Then, click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.

Figure 11-68 Pipeline data page

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling		
Data Spaces 🐵	⊗ Data Spaces × 🔀 sec-waf-ettack ×	
isap-cloudlogs-cc2 ⑦	sec-waf-attack Duck-Ouny	Index Settings Save As Quick Query Add Alarm Q. Last 15 minutes Query/Analyze
	Count 2 1.5	Dec 07, 2022 17.45:07 - Dec 07, 2022 18:00:07 C

Step 6 Set search criteria.

NOTE

If the reserved field is of the text type, **MATCH_QUERY** is used for word segmentation query by default.

- In raw logs, click ✓ before an optional field on the left and click ⊕ (adding a field value) next to the field to search for specific logs that contain the selected field value. To exclude a field value, click ⊖ before the field name.
- If you have expanded the log data at a specific time point and need to filter some fields, click ⊕ (adding a field value) in front of the field name. The query box displays the matched fields. To exclude a field value, click ⊖ before the field name.
- **Step 7** By default, data for the last 15 minutes is queried and displayed. If you want to query log data in other time ranges, set the query time and click **Query/Analyze**.

----End

Creating a Quick Query

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-69 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Costa C General C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Security Covernance 🧹	C © C © C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-70 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis							
Security Situation Security Analysis D	ata Delivery						
Resource Manager	na Delivery						
Risk Prevention							
Threat Operations	O Data Spaces						
incidents isap-cloudlogs-efb (?	00 v						
Alerts	Add				Name 👻 E	nter a keyword.	Q
Indicators	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis 2	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	6	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Analysis							
4							
Settings 👻							

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.

Figure 11-71 Pipeline data page

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling		
Data Spaces 🐵	Data Spaces × Fig sec-waf-attack ×	
isap-cloudiogs-cc2 ⑦ 88 ▲ sec-waf-attack ⑦ 2 More	sec-waf-attack Guick Owery Enter a search criteria	Index Settings Save As Quick Query Add Alarm Q Last 15 minutes Query/Analyze
	count 2 1.5	Dec 07, 2022 174507 - Dec 07, 2022 1800.07 C
	0.5 Dee 07, 2022 17:45:00 Dee 07, 2022 17:50:20 Dee 07, 2022 17:50:20 Total logs: 60	Dec 07, 2022 17:55:40 Dec 07, 2022 17:58:20

Step 6 Enter the query and analysis statement, set the time range, and click **Query**/ **Analyze**.

For details, see Executing a Query and Analysis Based on Query Criteria.

Step 7 Click **Save As Quick Query** in the upper right corner of the area and configure query parameters on the right.

 Table 11-30 Parameters for a quick query

Parameter	Description
Query Name	Specify the name of the quick query.
Query statement	The system automatically generates the query statement entered in Step 6 .

Step 8 Click OK.

After creating a quick query, you can click $\overline{}$ in the quick query search box on the pipeline data query and analysis page and select the target quick query name to use the quick query.

----End

Managing Query and Analysis Results

SecMaster displays query and analysis results in the form of log distribution bar charts, **Raw Logs**, and **Charts**.

• Log distribution bar chart

A bar chart is used to display queried logs over time. You can move the cursor to a certain bar to view the number of logs hit at the time the bar represents.

• Raw Logs

The Raw Logs tab displays the results of the current query.

- To display log data over time:
 - By default, log data in the last 15 minutes is displayed. To display data in other time, select the time range in the upper right corner.
 - To view data of all fields at a specified time, click ✓ in front of the time in the table to expand all data. By default, data is displayed in a table.

To view data in JSON format, click the **JSON** tab. Data in JSON format is displayed on the page.

- - To adjust the field sequence: In the heading columns of the log data list on the right, select a field and then click ≤ or ▶ next to the field name to move the field left or right by one column with each click.
- To export logs: On the **Raw Logs** tab page, click ^C in the upper right corner of the page. The system automatically downloads raw logs to the local PC.
- Charts

After a query statement is executed, you can view visualized query analysis results on the **Charts** tab.

On the **Charts** tab, SecMaster provides query and analysis results in multiple chart types, such as tables, line charts, bar charts, and pie charts. For details, see **Viewing Results in a Chart**.

• Alarm

In the upper right corner of the **Analyze & Query** tab, click **Add Alarm** to add alert models. You can set alert rules for generating alerts for query and analysis results hit the rules. For details, see **Quickly Adding a Log Alert Model**.

• Quick Query

In the upper right corner of the query analysis page, click **Save As Quick Query** to save search criteria as a quick query. For details, see **Creating a Quick Query**.

11.5.4 Log Fields

This section describes the meaning of each field.

- Common Fields: describes common fields.
- **sec-waf-attack**: describes the fields in WAF attack logs.
- sec-waf-access: describes the fields in WAF access logs.
- sec-obs-access: describes the fields in OBS access logs.
- sec-nip-attack: describes the fields in IPS attack logs.
- sec-iam-audit: describes the fields in IAM audit logs.
- **sec-hss-vul**: describes the fields in the HSS host vulnerability scan result.
- **sec-hss-alarm**: describes the fields in the HSS host security alerts.
- **sec-hss-log**: describes the fields in the HSS host security logs.
- sec-ddos-attack: describes the fields in the DDoS attack logs.
- sec-cts-audit: describes the fields in the CTS logs.
- sec-cfw-risk: describes the fields in the CFW attack incident logs.
- sec-cfw-flow: describes the fields in the CFW traffic logs.
- sec-cfw-block: describes the fields in the CFW access control logs.
- sec-apig-access: describes the fields in the API Gateway access logs.
- **sec-dbss-alarm**: describes the fields in the DBSS alert logs.
- **sec-dsc-alarm**: describes the fields in the DSC alert logs.

Common Fields

Parameter	Field Type	Description
time	Date	Time when a log is generated
raw	String	Raw log
ops.source	String	Data source
ops.rgn	String	Site
ops.csvc	String	Data source (cloud service)
ops.ver	String	Data warehouse version
ops.hash	String	Integrity verification of extend hash value of original
[src_/ dest_]asset.domain.id	String	Domain ID
[src_/ dest_]asset.domain.na me	String	Domain name
[src_/dest_]asset.id	String	Asset ID
[src_/ dest_]asset.name	String	Asset name

Table 11-31 Common fields

Parameter	Field Type	Description
[src_/dest_]asset.type	String	Asset type
[src./dest.]asset.region	String	Asset site
[src_/dest_]geo.ip	String	IP address
[src_/ dest_]geo.country	String	Country name (Chinese)
[src_/dest_]geo.prov	String	Province name (Chinese)
[src_/dest_]geo.city	String	City name (Chinese)
[src_/dest_]geo.org	String	Organization that registers the IP address
[src_/dest_]geo.isp	String	Carrier
[src_/dest_]geo.loc.lat	Float	Latitude
[src_/dest_]geo.loc.lon	Float	Longitude
[src_/dest_]geo.tz	Integer	Time zone
[src_/dest_]geo.utc_off	Integer	Time zone
[src_/dest_]geo.cac	String	Time zone
[src_/dest_]geo.iddc	String	International call prefix code
[src_/dest_]geo.cc	String	Country code (ISO)
[src_/dest_]geo.contc	String	Continental code (ISO)
[src_/dest_]geo.idc	String	Data center (equipment room)
[src_/dest_]geo.bs	String	Mobile base station
[src_/dest_]geo.cc3	String	Country code (3 digits)
[src_/dest_]geo.euro	String	EU member states

sec-waf-attack

Fields in WAF attack logs

Table 11-32 sec-waf-attack

Field	Туре	Description
category	String	Category. The value is attack .
time	Date	Log time.
time_iso8601	Date	ISO 8601 time of the log.

Field	Туре	Description
policy_id	String	Protection policy ID.
level	Integer	Protection policy level. The value can be 1 (loose), 2 (medium), or 3 (strict).
level attack	Integer	value can be 1 (loose), 2
		 antitamper: attacks that hit a web tamper protection rule
		hit a web tamper
		sensitive data protection rule
		 followed_action: attacks that hit a known attack source rule
		• trojan : Website Trojans

Field	Туре	Description
action	String	 Processing action. The value can be: block: WAF blocks attacks. log: WAF only logs detected attacks. captcha: verification code.
rule	String	ID of the triggered rule or the description of the custom policy type.
sub_type	String	 When attack is set to robot, this field cannot be left blank. It indicates the subtype of a crawler. script_tool: script tools search_engine: search engines scanner: scanning tools uncategorized: other crawlers
location	String	Location of the triggered payload.
resp_headers	String	Response header.
resp_body	String	Response body.
hit_data	String	Triggered payload string.
status	String	Status code of the response to the request.
reqid	String	Random ID.
id	String	Attack ID.
method	String	Request method.
sip	String	Request IP address of the client.
sport	String	Request port of the client.
host	String	Domain name of the requested server.
http_host	String	Port number of the requested server.
uri	String	Request URL.

Field		Туре	Description
header		String	Request header information.
mutipart		String	Request multipart header (file upload).
cookie		String	Request cookie.
params		String	Parameters following the request URI.
body_bytes_sent		String	Total number of bytes of the response body sent to the client.
upstream_response_time		String	Response time of the backend server.
process_time		String	Detection duration of the engine.
engine_id		String	Unique ID of the engine.
group_id		String	Log group ID used for interconnecting with LTS.
attack_stream_id		String	ID of access_stream of the user in the log group identified by the group_id field.
hostid		String	ID of a protected domain name.
tenantid		String	Tenant ID of the protected domain name.
projectid		String	Project ID of the protected domain name.
backend		Object	Address of the backend server to which the request is forwarded.
backend	type	String	Backend host type (IP address or domain name).
	alive	String	Backend host status.
	host	String	Backend host value.
	protocol	String	Backend protocol.
	port	Integer	Backend port.

sec-waf-access

Table 11-33 describes the fields in WAF access logs.

Table 11-33 sec-waf-access

Field	Туре	Description
requestid	String	Random ID
time	Date	Log time
eng_ip	String	Engine IP address
hostid	String	ID of a protected domain name
tenantid	String	Tenant ID of the protected domain name
projectid	String	Project ID of the protected domain name
remote_ip	String	IP address of the client that sends the request
scheme	String	Request protocol type
response_code	String	Response code of a request
method	String	Request method
http_host	String	Domain name of the requested server
url	String	Request URL
request_length	String	Request length
bytes_send	String	Total number of bytes sent to the client
body_bytes_sent	String	Total number of bytes of the response body sent to the client
upstream_addr	String	IP address of the selected backend server
request_time	String	Request processing time, which starts from the first byte sent from the client
upstream_response_ti me	String	Response time of the backend server
upstream_status	String	Response code of the backend server
upstream_connect_tim e	String	Duration for connecting to the backend server

Field	Туре	Description
upstream_header_tim e	String	Time used by the backend server to receive the first byte of the response header
bind_ip	String	Retrieval IP address of the engine
engine_id	String	Unique ID of the engine
time_iso8601	Date	ISO 8601 time of the log
sni	String	Domain name requested through the SNI
tls_version	String	Version of the protocol used to establish an SSL connection
ssl_curves	String	List of curves supported by the client
ssl_session_reused	String	 Whether an SSL session is reused r: It is reused. .: It is not used.
process_time	String	Detection duration of the engine
x_forwarded_for	String	Content of X-Forwarded-For in the request header
cdn_src_ip	String	Content of Cdn-Src-Ip in the request header
x_real_ip	String	Content of X-Real-Ip in the request header

sec-obs-access

Fields in OBS access logs

Table 11-34 Sec-obs-access	Table	11-34	sec-obs-access
----------------------------	-------	-------	----------------

Field	Туре	Description
srcip	String	Source IP address for accessing OBS.
srcport	String	Source port for accessing OBS.
logtime	Date	Time when the log is generated.
ces_log_version	String	Version number, which is V0 for an internal request. V0 does not record Cloud Eye audit logs, and V1 records Cloud Eye audit logs.
request_start_time	String	Request start time.

Field	Туре	Description
ctx_request_id	String	Request ID, which uniquely identifies a request to be traced.
request_method	String	Request method (GET/POST).
remote_ip	String	Remote IP address, in the format of Client IP address:Port number .
operation	String	Operation type, for example, GET.OBJECT.
bucket_name	String	Bucket name.
object_name	String	Object name (file name).
query_string	String	Request query.
http_status	String	HTTP request status code, for example, 200.
content_length	String	Length of the requested content.
user_agent	String	Client agent.
storage_class	String	OBS storage class.
user_name	String	Username of the requester.
user_id	String	User ID of the requester.
domain_name	String	Domain name of the requester.
domain_id	String	Domain ID of the requester.
project_id	String	Project ID of the requester.
owner_domain_name	String	Tenant name of the bucket owner.
owner_domain_id	String	Tenant ID of the bucket owner.
owner_project_id	String	Project ID of the bucket owner.
transmission_type	String	 Network type. The value can be: 1: intranet 2: public network
scheme	String	Network protocol.
http_version	String	HTTP version.
host	String	OBS domain name.
port	String	Port number.
auth_v2_v4	String	Authentication mode.
host_type	String	Access type.

Field	Туре	Description	
x_forwarded_for	String	IP address of the proxy client.	
pub_bkt	String	Whether the bucket is accessed anonymously.	
pub_obj	String	Whether an object is accessed anonymously.	
website_req	String	Whether the request is a website request.	
crr_req	String	Whether the request is a CRR request.	
batch_delete_success_ count	String	Number of successful batch deletions.	
ctc_log_urn	String	Agency.	
requester	String	Agency account.	
is_over_write	String	Whether to overwrite data.	
error_code	String	Cause of an error.	
detail_error_code	String	Detailed error cause.	
request_content_type	String	Request object type.	
request_content_md5	String	MD5 of the request object.	
total_bytes_received	String	Total bytes of received content.	
response_content_typ e	String	Response object type.	
total_bytes_sent	String	Total bytes of sent content in the response header and response body.	
referrer	String	Reference page.	
index_read_count	String	Metadata table query latency.	
persistence_read_coun t	String	Number of times that data is read.	
vpc_id	String	ID of the VPC to which the request client belongs.	
access_with_security_t oken	String	Access using the STS token.	
copy_size	String	Copy size.	
vpcep_traffic	String	Transmission through VPCEP.	
access_key	String	AK.	

sec-nip-attack

Fields in IPS attack logs

Table 11-35	sec-nip-attack
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Field	Туре	Description	
SyslogId	String	Log serial number (SN).	
Vsys	String	Virtual system name.	
Policy	String	Name of a security policy.	
Srclp	String	Source IP address of a packet.	
Dstlp	String	Destination IP address of a packet.	
SrcPort	String	Source port of a packet. For an ICMP packet, the value of this field is 0 .	
DstPort	String	Destination port of a packet. For an ICMP packet, the value of this field is 0 .	
SrcZone	String	Source security zone of a packet.	
DstZone	String	Destination security zone of a packet.	
User	String	Username.	
Protocol	String	Protocol of the packet detected by a signature.	
Application	String	Application that the packet detected by a signature belongs to.	
Profile	String	Name of a configuration file.	
SignName	String	Name of a signature.	
SignId	String	ID of a signature.	
EventNum	String	The field is used for log mergence. Whether logs are merged is determined by the mergence frequency and conditions. The value is 1 if logs are not merged.	
Target	String	 Object attacked by the packet detected by a signature. The value can be: server: The attack object is the server. client: The attack object is the client. both: The attack objects are both the server and client. 	

Field	Туре	Description
Severity	String	Severity of the attack caused by the packet detected by a signature. The value can be: • information • low
		• medium
		● high
Os	String	OS attacked by the packet detected by a signature. The value can be:
		• all: all OSs
		android: Android
		• ios: iOS
		• unix-like: Unix
		windows: Windows
		other: other OSs
Category	String	Threat type of the detected attack packet features.
Action	String	Signature action.
		Alert
		• Block
Reference	String	Reference information about the signature.
Extend	String	Evidence collection field in enhanced mode.

sec-iam-audit

Fields in IAM audit logs

Table 11-36 sec-iam-audit	Table	11-36	sec-iam-audit
---------------------------	-------	-------	---------------

Field	Туре	Description
uid	String	User ID
un	String	Username
did	String	Domain ID
dn	String	Domain name
src	String	Request domain name

Field	Туре	Description
opl	String	Operation level
ор	String	Operation type
res	String	IAM service invoking result
ter	String	Source IP address
dtl	String	IAM authentication details
tn	Date	Occurrence time
ts	Long	Timestamp when the IAM service is invoked
tid	String	Trace ID
evnt	String	Incident
tobj	String	Service

sec-hss-vul

Fields in HSS vulnerability scanning results

Field	Туре	Description
agentUuid	String	Agent UUID.
alarmCsn	String	Alert UUID, which is randomly generated when the master generates an alert.
alarmKey	String	Alert keyword. For an alert, it is the msg_id reported by the transparent transmission agent. For a vulnerability, it is generated by the master.
alarmVersion	String	Agent version.
occurTime	Int64	Vulnerability detection time (ms).
severity	Int32	Vulnerability level defined by HSS.
hostUuid	String	UUID of the affected host.
hostName	String	Name of the affected host.

Field		Туре	Description
hostlp		String	Communication IP address of the affected host.
ipList		String	List of IP addresses of affected hosts.
cloudId		String	Cloud agent SN.
region		String	Region where the affected host is located.
projectId		String	ID of the affected tenant.
enterpriseProjectId		String	ID of the affected enterprise tenant.
appendInfo		Object	Vulnerability details.
appendInfo	vulld	String	Official vulnerability ID.
	type	Int32	Vulnerability type. The value can be:
			• 0 : Linux
			• 1: Windows
			• 2: Web CMS
	repairNecessit y	Int32	Necessity level of vulnerability fixing. The value can be:
			• 1: low-risk
			• 2&3: medium-risk
			• 4: high risk
	status	Int32	Reserved field.
	cve_ids	String	CVE ID list. Use commas (,) to separate CVE IDs.
	url	String	URL of the official website where the vulnerability details are available.
	vulNameEn	String	Vulnerability name in English.
	vulNameCn	String	Vulnerability name in Chinese.
	severityLevel	String	Vulnerability severity. The options are as follows: • Critical • High • Medium • Low

Field		Туре	Description
	descriptionEn	String	Vulnerability description in English.
	descriptionCn	String	Vulnerability description in Chinese.
	solutionEn	String	Solution description in English.
	solutionCn	String	Solution description in Chinese.
	repairCmd	String	Fix command.
	needBoot	Int32	Whether to restart the system. The default value is 1 , which means not to restart the system.
	errorInfo	String	Fix failure cause.
	appName	String	Name of the software that has the vulnerability (only for Linux vulnerabilities).
	version	String	Version of the software that has the vulnerability (only for Linux vulnerabilities).
	createTime	Int64	First detection time (ms).
	updateTime	Int64	Vulnerability fixing time (ms). The initial value is the same as that of createTime .
	agentld	String	UUID of the associated host agent.
	projectld	String	ID of the affected tenant.

sec-hss-alarm

Fields in HSS alert logs

Table 11-38 sec-hss-alarm

Field	Туре	Description
agentUuid	String	Agent UUID.
alarmCsn	String	Alert UUID.

Field		Туре	Description
alarmKey		String	Alert keyword. For an alert, it is the msg_id reported by the transparent transmission agent. For a vulnerability, it is generated by the master.
alarmVersio	on	String	Agent version.
occurTime		Long	Incident occurrence time (accurate to millisecond).
severity		Long	Severity.
hostUuid		String	UUID of the affected host.
hostName		String	Name of the affected host.
hostlp		String	Communication IP address of the affected host.
ipList		String	List of IP addresses of affected hosts.
cloudId		String	Cloud agent SN.
region		String	Region where the affected host is located.
projectId		String	ID of the affected tenant.
enterpriseP	rojectId	String	ID of the affected enterprise tenant.
appendInfo		Object	Alert details.
appendInf	agent_id	String	Agent ID.
0	version	String	Incident version.
	container_name	String	Container ID (in container security scenarios).
	image_name	String	Image name (in container security scenarios).
	event_id	String	Incident ID (GUID).
	event_name	String	Incident name.
	event_classid	String	Unique incident ID.
	occur_time	Long	Occurrence time (accurate to second).
	recent_time	Long	Last occurrence time (accurate to second).

Field	ield		Туре	Description
	event_cate	Jory	Integer	Incident category.
	event_type		Integer	Incident type.
	event_coun	t	Integer	Number of incidents.
	severity		Integer	Severity.
	attack_pha	se	Integer	Attack phase.
	attack_tag		Integer	Attack tag.
	confidence		Integer	Confidence.
	action		Integer	Action.
	detect_mod	lule	String	Detection module.
	report_sour	ce	String	Report source.
	related_eve	ents	String	Related incident ID.
	resource_in	fo	Object	Resource information.
	network_in	etwork_info		Network information.
	app_info		Object	Application information.
	system_info)	Object	System information.
	process_inf	0	list	Process information.
	user_info		list	User information.
	file_info		list	File information.
	geo_info		Object	Geographic information.
	malware_ir	ifo	Object	Malware information.
	forensic_inf	ō	String	Evidence collection field.
	recommend	dation	String	Handling suggestions.
	extend_info)	String	Extended incident information.
	resource_i	project_id	String	Project ID.
	nfo	region_na me	String	Region name.
		vpc_id	String	VPC ID.
		host_nam e	String	Host name.
		host_ip	String	Host IP address.
		host_id	String	Host ID (ECS ID).

Field			Туре	Description
		cloud_id	String	Cloud agent SN.
		vm_name	String	VM name.
		vm_uuid	String	VM UUID.
		container _id	String	Container ID.
		image_id	String	Image ID.
		sys_arch	String	System CPU architecture.
		os_bit	String	OS bit version.
		os_type	String	OS type.
		os_name	String	OS name.
		os_versio n	String	OS version.
	network_i nfo	local_add ress	String	Local address.
		local_port	Integer	Local port.
		remote_a ddress	String	Remote address.
		remote_p ort	Integer	Remote port.
		src_ip	String	Source IP address.
		src_port	Integer	Source port.
		src_domai n	String	Source domain.
		dest_ip	String	Destination IP address.
		dest_port	Integer	Destination port.
		dest_dom ain	String	Destination domain.
		protocol	String	Protocol.
		app_proto col	String	Application layer protocol.
		flow_direc tion	String	Flow direction.
	app_info	sql	String	Executed SQL statement.

Field			Туре	Description
		domain_n ame	String	DNS domain name.
		url_path	String	URL.
		url_meth od	String	URL method.
		req_refer	String	URL request referrer.
		email_sub ject	String	Email subject.
		email_sen der	String	Email sender.
		email_rec eiver	String	Email recipient.
		email_key word	String	Email keyword.
	process_in fo	process_n ame	String	Process name.
		process_p ath	String	Process file path.
		process_pi d	Integer	Process ID.
		process_ui d	Integer	Process user ID.
		process_u sername	String	Process username.
		process_c mdline	String	Process file command line.
		process_fi lename	String	Process file name.
		process_st art_time	Long	Process start time.
		process_gi d	Integer	Process group ID.
		process_e gid	Integer	Effective process group ID.
		process_e uid	Integer	Effective process user ID.

Field			Туре	Description
		parent_pr ocess_na me	String	Parent process name.
		parent_pr ocess_pat h	String	Parent process file path.
		parent_pr ocess_pid	Integer	Parent process ID.
		parent_pr ocess_uid	Integer	Parent process user ID.
		parent_pr ocess_cm dline	String	Parent process file command line.
	-	parent_pr ocess_file name	String	Parent process file name.
		parent_pr ocess_star t_time	Long	Parent process start time.
		parent_pr ocess_gid	Integer	Parent process group ID.
		parent_pr ocess_egi d	Integer	Effective parent process group ID.
		parent_pr ocess_eui d	Integer	Effective parent process user ID.
		child_proc ess_name	String	Subprocess name.
		child_proc ess_path	String	Subprocess file path.
	child_proc ess_pid	Integer	Subprocess ID.	
		child_proc ess_uid	Integer	Subprocess user ID.
		child_proc ess_cmdli ne	String	Subprocess file command line.

Field			Туре	Description
		child_proc ess_filena me	String	Subprocess file name.
		child_proc ess_start_ time	Long	Subprocess start time.
		child_proc ess_gid	Integer	Subprocess group ID.
		child_proc ess_egid	Integer	Effective subprocess group ID.
		child_proc ess_euid	Integer	Effective subprocess user ID.
		virt_cmd	String	Virtualization command.
		virt_proce ss_name	String	Virtualization process name.
		escape mode	String	Escape mode.
		escape cmd	String	Command executed after the escape.
	user_info	user_id	Integer	User ID.
		user_gid	Integer	User GID.
		user_nam e	String	Username.
		user_grou p_name	String	User group name.
		user_hom e_dir	String	User home directory.
		login_ip	String	User login IP address.
		service_ty pe	String	Login service type.
		service_p ort	Integer	Login service port.
		login_mo de	String	Login mode.
		login_last time	Long	Last login time of a user.

Field			Туре	Description
		login_fail_ count	Integer	Failed login attempts.
		pwd_hash	String	Password hash.
		pwd_with _fuzzing	String	Anonymized password.
		pwd_used _days	Integer	Password age (days).
		pwd_min_ days	Integer	Minimum password validity period.
		pwd_max _days	Integer	Maximum password validity period.
		pwd_war n_left_day s	Integer	Advance warning of password expiration (days).
	file_info	file_path	String	File path/name.
		file_alias	String	File alias.
		file_size	Integer	File size.
		file_mtim e	Long	Time when the file is last modified.
		file_atime	Long	Time when the file is last accessed.
		file_ctime	Long	Time when the file status last changes.
		file_hash	String	File hash value.
		file_md5	String	File MD5 value.
		file_sha25 6	String	File SHA256 value.
		file_type	String	File type.
		file_conte nt	String	File content.
		file_attr	String	File attribute.
		file_opera tion	String	File operation type.
		file_chang e_attr	String	Old/New attribute.

Field		Tuno	Description	
гіеци		C11	Туре	Description
		file_new_ path	String	New file path.
		file_desc	String	File description.
		file_key_w ord	String	File keyword.
		is_dir	Boolean	Whether the file is a directory.
		fd_info	String	File handle information.
		fd_count	Integer	Number of file handles.
	forensic_i nfo	monitor_ process	String	Monitoring process.
		escape_m ode	String	Escape mode.
		abnormal _port	String	Abnormal port.
	geo_info	src_countr y	String	Source country/region.
		src_city	String	Source city.
		src_latitu de	Long	Source latitude.
		src_longit ude	Long	Source longitude.
		dest_coun try	String	Destination country/region.
		dest_city	String	Destination city.
		dest_latit ude	Long	Destination latitude.
		dest_longi tude	Long	Destination longitude.
	malware_ info	malware_ family	String	Malware family.
		malware_ class	String	Malware classification.
	system_in	pwd_valid	Boolean	Whether the password is valid.
	fo	pwd_min_ len	Integer	Password length.

Field			Туре	Description
		pwd_digit _credit	Integer	Digits contained in the password.
		pwd_upp ercase_let ter	Integer	Uppercase letters contained in the password.
		pwd_lowe rcase_lett er	Integer	Lowercase letters contained in the password.
		pwd_speci al_charact ers	Integer	Special characters contained in the password.
	extend_in	hit_rule	String	Hit rule.
	fo	rule_nam e	String	Rule name.
		rulesetna me	String	Rule set name.
		report_ty pe	String	Reported data type.
	ti_info	ti_source	String	Intelligence source.
		ti_class	String	Intelligence classification.
		ti_threat_ type	String	Intelligence threat type.
		ti_first_ti me	Long	First detection time.
		ti_last_ti me	Long	Last detection time.

sec-hss-log

Fields in HSS security logs

Table 11-39 sec-hss-log

Field	Туре	Description
agentUuid	String	Agent UUID.
alarmCsn	String	Alert UUID.

Field		Туре	Description
alarmKey		String	Alert keyword. For an alert, it is the msg_id reported by the transparent transmission agent. For a vulnerability, it is generated by the master.
alarmVersio	on	String	Agent version.
occurTime		Long	Incident occurrence time (accurate to millisecond).
severity		Long	Severity.
hostUuid		String	UUID of the affected host.
hostName		String	Name of the affected host.
hostlp		String	Communication IP address of the affected host.
ipList		String	List of IP addresses of affected hosts.
cloudId		String	Cloud agent SN.
region		String	Region where the affected host is located.
projectId		String	ID of the affected tenant.
enterpriseP	rojectId	String	ID of the affected enterprise tenant.
appendInfo		Object	Alert details.
appendInf	agent_id	String	Agent ID.
0	version	String	Incident version.
	container_name	String	Container ID (in container security scenarios).
	image_name	String	Image name (in container security scenarios).
	event_id	String	Incident ID (GUID).
	event_name	String	Incident name.
	event_classid	String	Unique incident ID.
	occur_time	Long	Occurrence time (accurate to second).
	recent_time	Long	Last occurrence time (accurate to second).

Field			Туре	Description
	event_cate	gory	Integer	Incident category.
	event_type		Integer	Incident type.
	event_coun	t	Integer	Number of incidents.
	severity		Integer	Severity.
	attack_pha	se	Integer	Attack phase.
	attack_tag		Integer	Attack tag.
	confidence		Integer	Confidence.
	action		Integer	Action.
	detect_mod	dule	String	Detection module.
	report_sour	rce	String	Report source.
	related_eve	ents	String	Related incident ID.
	resource_in	fo	Object	Resource information.
	network_in	fo	Object	Network information.
	app_info		Object	Application information.
	system_info)	Object	System information.
	process_inf	0	list	Process information.
	user_info		list	User information.
	file_info		list	File information.
	geo_info		Object	Geographic information.
	malware_ir	nfo	Object	Malware information.
	forensic_inf	ō	String	Evidence collection field.
	recommend	dation	String	Handling suggestions.
	extend_info)	String	Extended incident information.
	resource_i	project_id	String	Project ID.
	nfo	region_na me	String	Region name.
		vpc_id	String	VPC ID.
		host_nam e	String	Host name.
		host_ip	String	Host IP address.
		host_id	String	Host ID (ECS ID).

Field			Туре	Description
		cloud_id	String	Cloud agent SN.
		vm_name	String	VM name.
		vm_uuid	String	VM UUID.
		container _id	String	Container ID.
		image_id	String	Image ID.
		sys_arch	String	System CPU architecture.
		os_bit	String	OS bit version.
		os_type	String	OS type.
		os_name	String	OS name.
		os_versio n	String	OS version.
	network_i nfo	local_add ress	String	Local address.
		local_port	Integer	Local port.
		remote_a ddress	String	Remote address.
		remote_p ort	Integer	Remote port.
		src_ip	String	Source IP address.
		src_port	Integer	Source port.
		src_domai n	String	Source domain.
		dest_ip	String	Destination IP address.
		dest_port	Integer	Destination port.
		dest_dom ain	String	Destination domain.
		protocol	String	Protocol.
		app_proto col	String	Application layer protocol.
		flow_direc tion	String	Flow direction.
	app_info	sql	String	Executed SQL statement.

Field			Туре	Description
		domain_n ame	String	DNS domain name.
		url_path	String	URL.
		url_meth od	String	URL method.
		req_refer	String	URL request referrer.
		email_sub ject	String	Email subject.
		email_sen der	String	Email sender.
		email_rec eiver	String	Email recipient.
		email_key word	String	Email keyword.
	process_in fo	process_n ame	String	Process name.
		process_p ath	String	Process file path.
		process_pi d	Integer	Process ID.
		process_ui d	Integer	Process user ID.
		process_u sername	String	Process username.
		process_c mdline	String	Process file command line.
		process_fi lename	String	Process file name.
		process_st art_time	Long	Process start time.
		process_gi d	Integer	Process group ID.
		process_e gid	Integer	Effective process group ID.
		process_e uid	Integer	Effective process user ID.

Field		Туре	Description
	parent_pr ocess_na me	String	Parent process name.
	parent_pr ocess_pat h	String	Parent process file path.
	parent_pr ocess_pid	Integer	Parent process ID.
	parent_pr ocess_uid	Integer	Parent process user ID.
	parent_pr ocess_cm dline	String	Parent process file command line.
	parent_pr ocess_file name	String	Parent process file name.
	parent_pr ocess_star t_time	Long	Parent process start time.
	parent_pr ocess_gid	Integer	Parent process group ID.
	parent_pr ocess_egi d	Integer	Effective parent process group ID.
	parent_pr ocess_eui d	Integer	Effective parent process user ID.
	child_proc ess_name	String	Subprocess name.
	child_proc ess_path	String	Subprocess file path.
	child_proc ess_pid	Integer	Subprocess ID.
	child_proc ess_uid	Integer	Subprocess user ID.
	child_proc ess_cmdli ne	String	Subprocess file command line.

Field			Туре	Description
		child_proc ess_filena me	String	Subprocess file name.
		child_proc ess_start_ time	Long	Subprocess start time.
		child_proc ess_gid	Integer	Subprocess group ID.
		child_proc ess_egid	Integer	Effective subprocess group ID.
		child_proc ess_euid	Integer	Effective subprocess user ID.
		virt_cmd	String	Virtualization command.
		virt_proce ss_name	String	Virtualization process name.
		escape mode	String	Escape mode.
		escape cmd	String	Command executed after the escape.
	user_info	user_id	Integer	User ID.
		user_gid	Integer	User GID.
		user_nam e	String	Username.
		user_grou p_name	String	User group name.
		user_hom e_dir	String	User home directory.
		login_ip	String	User login IP address.
		service_ty pe	String	Login service type.
		service_p ort	Integer	Login service port.
		login_mo de	String	Login mode.
		login_last time	Long	Last login time of a user.

Field			Туре	Description
		login_fail_ count	Integer	Failed login attempts.
		pwd_hash	String	Password hash.
		pwd_with _fuzzing	String	Anonymized password.
		pwd_used _days	Integer	Password age (days).
		pwd_min_ days	Integer	Minimum password validity period.
		pwd_max _days	Integer	Maximum password validity period.
		pwd_war n_left_day s	Integer	Advance warning of password expiration (days).
	file_info	file_path	String	File path/name.
		file_alias	String	File alias.
		file_size	Integer	File size.
		file_mtim e	Long	Time when the file is last modified.
		file_atime	Long	Time when the file is last accessed.
		file_ctime	Long	Time when the file status last changes.
		file_hash	String	File hash value.
		file_md5	String	File MD5 value.
		file_sha25 6	String	File SHA256 value.
		file_type	String	File type.
		file_conte nt	String	File content.
		file_attr	String	File attribute.
		file_opera tion	String	File operation type.
		file_chang e_attr	String	Old/New attribute.

Field			Tuno	Description
гіеци			Туре	Description
		file_new_ path	String	New file path.
		file_desc	String	File description.
		file_key_w ord	String	File keyword.
		is_dir	Boolean	Whether the file is a directory.
		fd_info	String	File handle information.
		fd_count	Integer	Number of file handles.
	forensic_i nfo	monitor_ process	String	Monitoring process.
		escape_m ode	String	Escape mode.
		abnormal _port	String	Abnormal port.
	geo_info	src_countr y	String	Source country/region.
		src_city	String	Source city.
		src_latitu de	Long	Source latitude.
		src_longit ude	Long	Source longitude.
		dest_coun try	String	Destination country/region.
		dest_city	String	Destination city.
		dest_latit ude	Long	Destination latitude.
		dest_longi tude	Long	Destination longitude.
	malware_ info	malware_ family	String	Malware family.
		malware_ class	String	Malware classification.
	system_in	pwd_valid	Boolean	Whether the password is valid.
	fo	pwd_min_ len	Integer	Password length.

Field			Туре	Description
		pwd_digit _credit	Integer	Digits contained in the password.
		pwd_upp ercase_let ter	Integer	Uppercase letters contained in the password.
		pwd_lowe rcase_lett er	Integer	Lowercase letters contained in the password.
		pwd_speci al_charact ers	Integer	Special characters contained in the password.
	extend_in fo	hit_rule	String	Hit rule.
		rule_nam e	String	Rule name.
		rulesetna me	String	Rule set name.
		report_ty pe	String	Reported data type.
	ti_info	ti_source	String	Intelligence source.
		ti_class	String	Intelligence classification.
		ti_threat_ type	String	Intelligence threat type.
		ti_first_ti me	Long	First detection time.
		ti_last_ti me	Long	Last detection time.

sec-ddos-attack

Fields in Anti-DDoS attack logs

Table 11-40 sec-ddos-attack

Field	Туре	Description
log_type	String	Log type
time	Date	local time
device_ip	String	Device IP address

Field	Туре	Description
device_type	String	Device type (CLEAN : cleaning device; DETECT : detecting device)
direction	String	Log direction (inbound , outbound)
zone_id	String	Protected object ID
zone_name	String	Protected object name
zone_ip	String	IP address
biz_id	String	Business ID
is_deszone	String	Whether the traffic is network segment traffic (true , false)
is_ipLocation	String	Whether the traffic is geographical location traffic (true , false)
ipLocation_id	String	Geographical location ID
total_pps	String	Total pps
total_kbps	String	Total rate in kbps
tcp_pps	String	Rate of TCP packets to the target (in pps)
tcp_kbps	String	Rate of TCP traffic to the target (in kbps)
tcpfrag_pps	String	Rate of TCP fragments to the target (in pps)
tcpfrag_kbps	String	Rate of TCP fragment traffic to the target (in kbps)
udp_pps	String	Rate of UDP packets to the target (in pps)
udp_kbps	String	Rate of UDP traffic to the target (in kbps)
udpfrag_pps	String	Rate of UDP fragments to the target (in pps)
udpfrag_kbps	String	Rate of UDP fragment traffic to the target (in kbps)
icmp_pps	String	Rate of ICMP packets to the target (in pps)
icmp_kbps	String	Total ICMP traffic to the target (in kbps)
other_pps	String	Rate of OTHER packets to the target (in pps)

Field	Туре	Description
other_kbps	String	Total OTHER traffic to the target (in kbps)
syn_pps	String	Number of SYN packets to the target (in pps)
synack_pps	String	Number of SYN/ACK packets to the target (in pps)
ack_pps	String	Rate of ACK packets to the target (in pps)
finrst_pps	String	Rate of FIN/Rst packets to the target (in pps)
http_pps	String	Rate of HTTP packets to the target (in pps)
http_kbps	String	Rate of HTTP traffic to the target (in kbps)
http_get_pps	String	Total packet rate of HTTP requests to the target (in pps)
https_pps	String	Rate of HTTPS packets to the target (in pps)
https_kbps	String	Rate of HTTPS traffic to the target (in kbps)
dns_request_pps	String	Rate of DNS Query packets to the target (in pps)
dns_request_kbps	String	Rate of DNS Query traffic to the target (in kbps)
dns_reply_pps	String	Rate of DNS Reply packets to the target (in pps)
dns_reply_kbps	String	Rate of DNS Reply traffic to the target (in kbps)
sip_invite_pps	String	Rate of SIP packets to the target (in PPS).
sip_invite_kbps	String	Rate of SIP traffic to the target (in kbps)
tcp_increase_con	String	Number of new TCP connections to the target per second
udp_increase_con	String	Number of new UDP connections to the target per second
icmp_increase_con	String	Number of new ICMP connections to the target per second

Field	Туре	Description
other_increase_con	String	Number of OTHER connections to the target per second
tcp_concur_con	String	Number of concurrent TCP connections to the target
udp_concur_con	String	Number of concurrent UDP connections to the target
icmp_concur_con	String	Number of concurrent ICMP connections to the target
other_concur_con	String	Number of concurrent OTHER connections to the target
total_average_pps	String	Average pps of all traffic to the target
total_average_kbps	String	Average Kbps of all traffic to the target

sec-cts-audit

Fields in CTS logs

Table 11-41 sec-cts-audit

Field	Туре	Description
time	Date	Time when an incident occurs. The value is the local standard time (GMT +local time zone), for example, 2022/11/08 11:24:04 GMT+08:00.
user	Object	Cloud account used to perform the recorded operation.
request	Object	Requested operation.
response	Object	Response to the request.
service_type	String	Operation source.
resource_type	String	Resource type.
resource_name	String	Resource name.
resource_id	String	Unique resource ID.
source_ip	String	IP address of the user who performs an operation. The value of this parameter is empty if the operation is triggered by the system.

Field	Туре	Description
trace_name	String	Operation name.
trace_rating	String	 Level of an operation incident. The options are as follows: normal: The operation succeeded. warning: The operation failed. incident: The operation caused a serious consequence, for example, a node failure or service interruption.
trace_type	String	 Operation type. The options are as follows: ConsoleAction: operations performed on the management console SystemAction: operations triggered by system ApiCall: operations triggered by invoking API Gateway ObsSDK: operations on OBS buckets, which were triggered by calling OBS SDKs Others: operations on OBS buckets except those triggered by calling OBS SDKs
api_version	String	API version of the cloud service on which an operation was performed.
message	Object	Supplementary information.
record_time	Long	Time when the operation was recorded, in the form of a timestamp.
trace_id	String	Unique operation ID.
code	Integer	HTTP return code, for example, 200 or 400.
request_id	String	Request ID.
location_info	String	Additional information required for fault locating after a request error.
endpoint	String	Endpoint of the page that displays details of cloud resources involved in this operation.
resource_url	String	Access link (excluding the endpoint) of the page that displays details of cloud resources involved in this operation.

Field	Туре	Description
user_agent	String	Type of OBS bucket-related operations that are not invoked using OBS SDKs.
content_length	Long	Length of the request body for performing operations on OBS buckets.
total_time	Long	Response time of the request in OBS bucket-related operations.

sec-cfw-risk

Fields in CFW attack event logs

Field	Туре	Description
event_time	Date	Attack time
action	String	Response action of CFW permit deny
арр	String	Application type
attack_rule	String	Defense rule that works for the detected attack
attack_rule_id	String	ID of the defense rule that works for the detected attack

Field	Туре	Description
attack_type	String	Type of the attackVulnerability exploitVulnerability scanTrojanWormsPhishingWeb attacksApplication DDoSBuffer overflowPassword attacksMailAccess controlHacking toolsHijackingProtocol exceptionSpamSpywareDDoS floodSuspicious DNS activitiesOther suspicious behaviors
dst_ip	String	Destination IP address
dst_port	String	Destination port number
packet	String	Original data packet of the attack log
protocol	String	Protocol type
level	String	Level of detected threats CRITICAL HIGH MIDDLE LOW
source	String	 Defense for the detected attack 0: basic defense 1: virtual patch
src_ip	String	Source IP address
src_port	String	Source port number

Field	Туре	Description	
direction	String		
		 out2in: inbound 	
		 in2out: outbound 	

sec-cfw-flow

Fields in CFW traffic logs

Table	11-43	sec-cfw-flow
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Field	Туре	Description	
арр	String	Application type	
dst_ip	String	Destination IP address	
dst_port	String	Destination port number	
end_time	Date	Flow end time	
protocol	String	Protocol type	
to_c_bytes	String	Number of bytes sent from the server to the client	
to_c_pkts	String	Number of packets sent from the server to the client	
to_s_bytes	String	Number of bytes sent from the client to the server	
to_s_pkts	String	Number of packets sent from the server to the client	
src_ip	String	Source IP address	
src_port	String	Source port number	
start_time	Date	Flow start time	

sec-cfw-block

Fields in CFW access control logs

Table 11-44 sec-cfw-block

Field	Туре	Description
hit_time	Date	Time of access

Field	Туре	Description	
action	String	Response action of CFW	
		• permit	
		• deny	
арр	String	Application type	
dst_ip	String	Destination IP address	
dst_port	String	Destination port number	
protocol	String	Protocol type	
rule_id	String	ID of the triggering rule	
src_ip	String	Source IP address	
src_port	String	Source port number	

sec-apig-access

Fields in API Gateway access logs

Table	11-45	sec-apig-access
-------	-------	-----------------

Field	Туре	Description
region_id	String	Site.
api_id	String	API ID.
body_bytes_sent	String	Response body size.
bytes_sent	String	Size of the entire response.
domain	String	Public network domain name.
errorType	String	Status of request throttling. Value 1 indicates that request throttling is enabled.
http_user_agent	String	User agent ID.
http_x_forwarded_for	String	X-Forwarded-For header.
opsuba_api_url	String	Request URI.
out_times	String	Time required for interaction between the gateway and peripheral components.
remote_addr	String	Remote IP address.
request_id	String	Request ID.

Field	Туре	Description
request_length	String	Size of the entire request.
request_method	String	HTTP request method.
request_time	String	Time required for access.
scheme	String	Protocol.
server_protocol	String	Request protocol.
status	String	Status.
time_local	Date	Time.
upstream_addr	String	Remote IP address.
upstream_connect_tim e	String	Time required for a remote connection.
upstream_header_tim e	String	Time required for receiving the header at the remote end.
upstream_response_ti me	String	Time required for returning a response from the remote end.
upstream_status	String	Remote status.
upstream_uri	String	Request backend URI.
user_name	String	Project ID or app ID of the user.

sec-dbss-alarm

Fields in DBSS alert logs

Field	Туре	Description
domain_id	String	Account ID.
project_id	String	Project ID
region	String	Region
tenant_vpc_id	String	VPC ID of the tenant
tenant_subnet_id	String	Subnet ID of the tenant
instance_id	String	Instance ID
instance_name	String	Instance name
alarm	Object	Alert object

Field		Туре	Description
source_type		String	DBSS
alarm	alarm_risk	String	Severity
	client_ip	String	Connection IP address
	database_ip	String	IP address for accessing the database
	count	Long	Number of alerts
	user_name	String	Database username
	schema	String	Oracle schema
	rule_name	String	Rule name
	rule_id	String	Rule ID
	sql_type	String	SQL execution type
	sql_result	String	SQL execution result
	db_type	String	Database type

sec-dsc-alarm

The reserved fields in DSC alert logs vary depending on the log types.

Field	Туре	Description
log_type	String	Alert type
region_id	String	Region
domain_id	String	Account ID.
project_id	String	Project ID
leakage_ak	String	АК
source	String	Leakage source
find_time	String	Discovery time
account	String	Account name.
file_name	String	File name
file_suffix	String	File name extension
leakage_user_id	String	Sub-user ID of the leakage

 Table 11-47
 AK SK leakage (aksk_leakage)

	11 Threat Operations
Description	

Field	Туре	Description
leakage_user_name	String	Sub-username of the leakage
leakage_domain_id	String	Leaked account ID.
leakage_domain_nam e	String	Leaked account name.
url	String	Website URL of the leakage

Table 11-48 Risky OBS bucket files (obs_risk)

Field	Туре	Description
log_type	String	Alert type
region_id	String	Region
domain_id	String	Account ID.
project_id	String	Project ID
bucket_policy	String	Public bucket/Private bucket
bucket_domain_id	String	ID of the account that the bucket belongs to.
bucket_project_id	String	ID of the project to which the bucket belongs
bucket_name	String	Bucket name
file_name	String	File name
file_path	String	File path
risk_level	Integer	Sensitive risk level
sensitive_data_type	String[]	Sensitive data type
privacy_detail	String	Personal privacy data details
file_type	String	File type
mimetypes	String	File type
rule_list	List <map<stri ng,String>></map<stri 	List of matched rules
keyword	String	Keyword for matching sensitive data rules
available_zone	String	AZ
encrypted	String	Whether to encrypt data

Field	Туре	Description
log_type	String	Alert type
region_id	String	Region
domain_id	String	Account ID.
project_id	String	Project ID
vpc_id	String	VPC ID
db_instance_type	String	RDS PUB
db_instance_id	String	Database instance ID
db_instance_type	String	Database instance type
db_instance_ip	String	IP address of the database instance
db_instance_domain_i d	String	ID of the account that the database instance belongs to.
db_instance_project_id	String	ID of the project to which the database instance belongs
db_instance_name	String	Database instance name
db_name	String	Database name
table_name	String	Table name
field_name	String	Field name
data_type	String	Field data type
risk_level	Integer	Sensitive risk level
sensitive_data_type	String[]	Sensitive data type
privacy_detail	String	Personal privacy data details
rule_list	List <map<stri ng,String>></map<stri 	List of matched rules
keyword	String	Keyword for matching sensitive data rules

 Table 11-49
 Sensitive data fields (db_risk)

11.5.5 Quickly Adding a Log Alert Model

Scenario

You can configure alert models for query and analysis results. In doing this, the model can generate alerts when the results match the trigger conditions.

This topic describes how to quickly configure alarm models for logs.

Prerequisites

Data access has been completed. For details, see **Data Integration**.

Quickly Adding a Log Alert Model

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-72 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕐
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cute : Cute a new advector for ments.
Security Covernance 🧹	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-73 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis							
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Resource Manager V							
Risk Prevention							
Threat Operations	O Data Spaces						
incidents isap-cloudlogs-efb (?) BB v							
Alerts	Add				Name 💌 Ent	er a keyword. Q	
Indicators	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Orchestration							
4							
Settings 👻							

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.



Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling		
Data Spaces 🔞	🕲 Data Speces 🗴 📴 sec-waf-ettack 🗴	
Isap-cloudlogs-cc2 ⑦	sec-waf-attack Ouch: Overy ▼ Enter a tearch criteria C	Index Settings Save As Quick Query Add Alarm Q Last 15 minutes
	Count 2 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	Der 07, 2022 17.45:07 . Dec 07, 2022 18:00:07 C

Step 6 Enter the query analysis statement, set the time range, and click **Query/Analyze**. The query analysis result is displayed.

For details, see **Querying and Analyzing Logs**.

Ľ

Step 7 Click **Add Alarm** in the upper right corner of the page. The **Create Alarm Model** page is displayed.

upstream_adar: 30095 upstream_beader_time: 0.353 body_bytes_sent: 34 request_method: POST out_times: - http:/ser_agent Apache-HttpCletel4.513 (Java'l 8.0_352) upstream_status: 200 request_time: 0.352 host i i remote_addr: 60 time_locat

request_length: 301316 domain: 1185 veicloud.com status: 200

2022-12-06T02-29-17.3372 bytes_sent. 354 ops.ver. 1.0.1 ops.csvc: apig_ops.rgn: on-north-7 ops.source: apig_access upstream_connect_time: 0.008

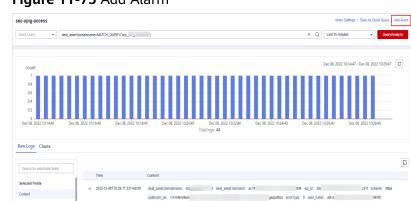


Figure 11-75 Add Alarm

Selectable Fields

∨ api_id

dest_asset.domainnam

dest_asset.domainid



Parameter	Description	
Pipeline Name	The pipeline where the alert model is executed, which is generated by the system by default.	
Model Name	Name of the alarm model.	
Severity	Severity of alarms reported by the alarm model. You can set the severity to Critical , High , Medium Low , or Informative .	
Alarm Type	Alarm type displayed after the alarm model is triggered.	
Model Type	The default value is Rule model .	
Description	Enter the description of the alarm model.	
Status	The alarm model status. You can change the alarm model status after the model is configured.	

Table 11-50 Basic parameters of an alarm model

- Step 9 After the setting is complete, click Next in the lower right corner of the page. The page for setting the model logic is displayed.
- **Step 10** Set the model logic. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-51**.

Parameter	Description	
Query Rule	Set alert query rules. After the setting is complete, click Run and view the running result.	
	A query analysis statement consists of a query statement and an analysis statement. The format is Query Statement Analysis Statement . For details about the syntax of query analysis statements, see Query and Analysis Syntax Overview .	
	NOTE If the reserved field is of the text type, MATCH_QUERY is used for word segmentation queries by default.	
Query Plan	Set an alert query plan.	
	• Running query interval: xx minutes/hour/day. If the running query interval is minute, set this parameter to a value ranging from 5 to 59 minutes. If the running query interval is hour, set this parameter to a value ranging from 1 to 23 hours. If the running query interval is day, set this parameter to a value ranging from 1 to 14 days.	
	• Time window: xx minutes/hour/day. If the time window is minute, the value ranges from 5 minutes to 59 minutes. If the time window is hour, the value ranges from 1 hour to 23 hours. If the time window is day, the value ranges from 1 day to 14 days.	
	• Execution Delay: xx minutes. The value ranges from 0 to 5 minutes.	
Advanced Alarm Settings	• Custom Information : Customize extended alert information. Click Add , and set the key and value information.	
	• Alarm Details: Enter the alarm name, description, and handling suggestions.	
Trigger Condition	Sets alert triggering conditions. The value can be greater than, equal to, not equal to, or less than xx.	
	If there are multiple trigger conditions, click Add and add them. A maximum of five trigger conditions can be added.	
	If there are multiple trigger conditions, SecMaster scans log data to hit each trigger condition from top to bottom and generates all types of alerts for hit trigger conditions.	

Table 11-51 Configure Model Logic

Parameter	Description	
Alarm Trigger	The way to trigger alerts for queried results. The options are as follows:	
	One alert for all query results	
	One alert for each query result	
Debugging	Sets whether to generate debugging alarms.	
Suppression	Specifies whether to stop the query after an alert is generated.	
	• If Suppression is enabled, the query stops after an alert is generated.	
	• If Suppression is disabled, the query is not stopped after an alert is generated.	

- **Step 11** After the setting is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page. The model details preview page is displayed.
- **Step 12** After confirming that the preview is correct, click **OK** in the lower right corner of the page to confirm the configuration.

----End

11.5.6 Viewing Results in a Chart

SecMaster supports a wide range of chart types to display query and analysis results. You can select the one you like.

SecMaster can display query and analysis results in the following types of charts:

- Displaying Query and Analysis Results in a Table
- Displaying Query and Analysis Results in a Line Chart
- Displaying Query and Analysis Results in a Bar Chart
- Displaying Query and Analysis Results in a Pie Chart

Procedure for Viewing Results in a Chart

The query and analysis results can be displayed in a table, line chart, bar chart, or pie chart.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-76 Workspace	management page
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SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Oute O C titler a state and hypothytic for search. O
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-77 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security	Analysis							
Security Situation	*	Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Resource Manager	*	Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Risk Prevention	Ŧ							
Threat Operations		Data Space 🛞	Data Spaces					
Incidents		isap-cloudlogs-efb () 88 -						
Alerts			Add				Name 👻 Ent	er a keyword. Q
Indicators			Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation
Intelligent Modeling			isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16. 2023 10:32:25	_	Edit Delete
Security Analysis				5)51011 001100		000 10, 2020 10.0220		
Security Orchestration	÷							
Settings	- 1							

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.

Figure 11-78 Pipeline data page

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling	
Data Spaces 🕲	© Data Spaces x Rs sec-variatizex x
isep-cloudlogs-cc2 ⑦ BB ▲ sec-waf-ettack ⑦ Ø More	sec-waf-attack Index Bettings Save AS Quick Query Add Alarm Quark Query • Enter a search criteria Quick Query • CoveryNeatyze
	Count 2 15 1 0 Dec 07, 2022 174507 - Dec 07, 2022 180007 C 1 0 Dec 07, 2022 174507 - Dec 07, 2022 180007 C 0 Dec 07, 2022 174507 - Dec 07, 2022 175040 D Dec 07, 2022 174507 - Dec 07, 2022 175940 D Dec 07, 2022 174507 D Dec 07, 2022 174500 Dec 07, 2022 175940 D Total logs. 69

- **Step 6** Enter the query and analysis statement, set the time range, and click **Query**/**Analyze**.
- **Step 7** Select a chart type you need to display the query and analysis results.
 - Displaying query and analysis results in a table

Tables are the most commonly used method to display and analyze data. In SecMaster, the data results of query and analysis statements are displayed in tables by default.

Click the **Charts** tab. In the **Chart Type** area on the right of the page, click

Figure	11-79	Table	statistics
--------	-------	-------	------------

Raw L	ogs Charts				
Preview				Download Hide Configuration	✓ Chart Type
	response_code ↓Ξ	request_time ↓⊟	upstream_header_time ↓Ξ		⊟ ⊵ ш ©
	200				✓ Base Settings
	202				Title
	200				Enter a title.
	202				✓ Chart Settings
	200				Hidden Fields
	202				Select at least one field.
	200				

Configure table parameters.

Table 11-52 Table	parameters
-------------------	------------

Parameter Category	Parameter	Description
Base Settings	Title	Customized table title.
Chart Settings	Hidden Fields	The field you want to hide it in the table.

After the chart is configured, you can preview analysis results on the left.

• Displaying query and analysis results in a line chart

A line chart is used to display the change of a group of data in a period and show the data change trend.

Click the **Charts** tab. In the **Chart Type** area on the right of the page, click

Figure 11-80 Line chart statistics



Configure line chart parameters.

 Table 11-53
 Line chart parameters

Parameter Category	Parameter	Description	
Base Settings	Title	Customized line chart title.	
Chart Settings	X-Axis Title	Customized title of the X axis.	
	Y-Axis Title	Customized title of the Y axis.	
	X-Axis Field	Field to be displayed on the X axis.	
	Y-Axis Field	Field to be displayed on the Y axis.	
Legend	Show Legend	Whether to display the legend.	

Parameter Category	Parameter	Description
	Position	This parameter is mandatory when you choose to show the legend.
		Position of the legend in the chart. The options are Top , Bottom , Left , and Right .

After the chart is configured, you can preview analysis results on the left.

• Displaying query and analysis results in a bar chart

A bar chart presents categorical data with rectangular bars. It can be used to compare data and analyze trends. In SecMaster, a bar chart uses vertical bars (the width is fixed and the height indicates the value) to display data by default.

Click the **Charts** tab. In the **Chart Type** area on the right of the page, click

Figure 11-81 Bar chart statistics



Configure bar chart parameters.

 Table 11-54
 Bar chart parameters

Parameter Category	Parameter	Description
Base Settings	Title	Customized line chart title.
Chart Settings	X-Axis Title	Customized title of the X axis.
	Y-Axis Title	Customized title of the Y axis.
	X-Axis Field	Field to be displayed on the X axis.
	Y-Axis Field	Field to be displayed on the Y axis.
Legend	Show Legend	Whether to display the legend.

Parameter Category	Parameter	Description
	Position	This parameter is mandatory when you choose to show the legend. Position of the legend in the chart. The options are Top , Bottom , Left , and Right .

After the chart is configured, you can preview analysis results on the left.

- Displaying query and analysis results in a pie chart
 - A pie chart shows the proportion of different categories. Different categories are compared by radian.

Click the **Charts** tab. In the **Chart Type** area on the right of the page, click

Figure 11-82 Pie chart statistics



Configure pie chart parameters.

Table 11-55	Pie char	t parameters
-------------	----------	--------------

Parameter Category	Parameter	Description
Base Settings	Title	Customized line chart title.
Chart Settings	Classify	Data classification.
	Column Value	The value corresponding to the categorized data.
Legend	Show Legend	Whether to display the legend.
	Position	This parameter is mandatory when you choose to show the legend.
		Position of the legend in the chart. The options are Top , Bottom , Left , and Right .

After the chart is configured, you can preview the analysis result on the left.

----End

11.5.7 Downloading Logs

Scenario

SecMaster allows you to download raw logs or query and analysis logs.

Prerequisites

Data access has been completed. For details, see **Data Integration**.

Downloading Logs

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

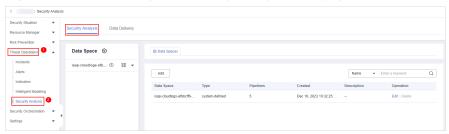
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-83 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces Annual A	Cours C there are arritrate to mean.
Security Covernance 🧹 🗸	Constant O mite: Marie Report Prest Constants 0 Vancest. 0 Anno 0 Ridstato 0 Auto 0 Secury A. 0 Reserve 0 Preptoces 0

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-84 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page



Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.

Figure 11-85 Pipeline data page

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling		
Data Spaces 🔞	Data Spaces × 🕞 sec-waf-attack ×	
isap-cloudlogs-cc2 ⑦ 88 ▲ sec-waf-attack ⑦ 2 More	sec-waf-attack Outor: Output Enter a search criteria Quick Output 	Index Settings Save As Quick Query Add Alarm Last 15 minutes
	Count 2 1.5 1.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Dec 07, 3022 17:45:07 Dec 07, 3022 18:00:07 C

- **Step 6** (Optional) On the pipeline data retrieval page, enter the search criteria, select a time range, and click **Query/Analyze**.
- **Step 7** Download logs.
 - Raw logs: On the **Raw Logs** tab page, click \square . The system downloads logs to the local PC.
 - Chart logs: On the **Charts** tab page, click **Download**. The system downloads the logs to the local PC.

----End

11.5.8 Managing Data Spaces

A data space is a unit for data grouping, load balancing, and flow control. Data in the same data space shares the same load balancing policy.

This topic describes how to manage data spaces.

- Adding a Data Space: If you need to use security analysis, data analysis, and intelligent modeling features in SecMaster, you need to create a data space.
- Viewing Data Space Details: You can view the details about a data space, including its name, type, and creation time.
- Editing a Data Space: You can modify the details about a data space after it is created.
- Deleting a Data Space: If you no longer need a data space, you can delete it.

Limitations and Constraints

- Deleting data spaces
 - The default data space created by the system cannot be deleted.
 - If there are pipelines in a data space, the data space cannot be deleted directly. You need to delete the pipelines before deleting the data space.

Adding a Data Space

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-86 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-87 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis								
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery								
Resource Manager 👻	Security Analysis Uata Derivery							
Risk Prevention Data Space								
Threat Operations	Data Spaces							
Alerts								
Indicators	Add				Name	 Enter a keyword. 	Q	
Intelligent Modeling	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation		
Security Analysis	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25		Edit Delete		
Security Orchestration 🔻								
Settings 👻								

Step 5 In the upper left corner of the data space list, click **Add**. The **Add Data Space** page is displayed on the right.

Figure 11-88 Add Data Space

Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Data Space 🛞	Data Spaces					
isap-cloudlogs-efb 🕲 🖁 💌	Add				Name + Ente	r a keyword. Q
	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation
	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcfl6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete

Step 6 On the **Add Data Space** page, set the parameters for the new data space. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-56**.

Parameter	Description
Data Space	 Data space name. The naming rules are as follows: The name can contain 5 to 63 characters. The name can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-). The name cannot start or end with
	a hyphen (-) or contain consecutive hyphens (-).The name must be unique and cannot be the same as any other data space name.
Description	(Optional) Remarks of the data space.

Table 11-56 Parameters for adding a data space

Step 7 Click **OK**. The data space is added.

You can view the new data space in the data space list.

----End

Viewing Data Space Details

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

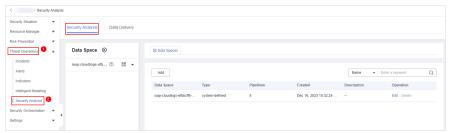
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-89 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-90 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page



Step 5 On the **Data Spaces** page, view all data space information. **Table 11-57** describes related parameters.

Table	11-57	Data	Space
-------	-------	------	-------

Parameter	Description
Data Space	Data space name.
Туре	 Type of data in the data space. It can be: system-defined: The data space is created by the system by default during data access. user-defined: The data space is created by users.
Pipelines	Number of pipelines in the data space.
Created	Time the data space was created.
Description	Description of the data space.
Operation	You can edit and delete a data space in the Operation column.

Step 6 In the data space column on the left, click ⑦ next to a data space name to view the details about the data space.

Figure 11-91 Data space details

Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Data Space 💿	I Data Spaces					
	Add				Name V	Enter a keyword. Q
	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation
		user-defined	1	Dec 18, 2023 15:37:0	-	Edit Delete

Step 7 On the data space details panel, you can view details about a data space. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-58**.

 Table 11-58
 Data space details

Parameter	Description
Data Space	Data space name.
Pipelines	Number of pipelines in the data space.
Created	Time the data space was created.
Description	Description of the data space.

----End

Editing a Data Space

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-92 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Own O ① Other same and hypert to much. O
Security Governance 🤍 🗸	C © C © O Med. O Med.

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-93 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis								
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery								
Resource Manager V	Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Risk Prevention	(*************************************							
	Data Spaces							
Alerts								
Indicators	Add					nter a keyword. Q		
Intelligent Modeling	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation		
Security Analysis	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff8	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete		
Security Orchestration 🔻								
Settings •								

- **Step 5** Locate the row that contains the target data space, and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 6 In the displayed Edit Data Space dialog box, modify the data space details.
- Step 7 Click OK.

----End

Deleting a Data Space

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-94 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Washspaces Management Purchased Resources	Outp O O there areas with speeds
Security Governance 🧹	○ Index. ● - ○ ○ ○ Index. Bitris Paper d. Pred d. Media Nov Indexins 0 Mancadul 0 Asins 0 Indexins 0 Paper d. Paper d. Indexins 0 Mancadul 0 Indexins 0 Paper d. Paper d. Indexins 0 Factors 0 Paper d. Paper d. Indexins 0 Paper d. Paper d.

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-95 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysi	5							
Security Situation Resource Manager	Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Risk Prevention	Data Space 🔞	Data Spaces						
Alerts Indicators	isap-cloudlogs-efb 🛞 👸 👻	Add				Name -	Enter a keyword.	Q
Intelligent Modeling		Data Space isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	Type system-defined	Pipelines 5	Created Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	Description	Operation Edit Delete	
Security Analysis								

- **Step 5** In the row containing the target data space, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 6 In the dialog box displayed, click OK.

If there are pipelines in a data space, the data space cannot be deleted directly. You need to delete the pipelines before deleting the data space.

```
----End
```

11.5.9 Managing Pipelines

A data transfer message topic and a storage index form a pipeline. This topic describes how to manage data pipelines. You can:

- **Creating a Pipeline**: If you need to use security analysis, data analysis, and intelligent modeling features in SecMaster, you need to create pipelines.
- **Viewing Pipeline Details**: You can view the pipeline details, including the pipeline name, data space, and creation time.
- **Editing a Pipeline**: You can modify the pipeline information, such as the number of shards, description, and lifecycle.
- **Deleting a Pipeline**: You can delete a pipeline. Data in the pipeline will also be deleted and cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

Creating a Pipeline

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-96 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Cours C
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C @ C @ © Mind: Preed. Indexts: 0 Valenzili. 0 Antis: 0 Televinet, 0 Playtons: 0

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-97 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis							
Security Situation							
Resource Manager	Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Risk Prevention							
Threat Operations	Data Spaces						
incidents isap-cloudlogs-efb (?) BB v							
Alerts	Add				Name	Enter a keyword.	Q
Indicators Intelligent Modeling	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Security Analysis	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff8	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Orchestration							
Settings							

- **Step 5** (Optional) Add a data space. For details, see **Adding a Data Space**.
- **Step 6** In the data space navigation tree on the left, click **B** on the right of the data space name and select **Create Pipeline**.

Figure 11-98 Create Pipeline

Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Data Space 🐵	② Data Spaces					
isap-cloudlogs-960 () BB V Create Pipeline	Add				Name - Ente	r a keyword. Q
Edit	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation
COL	isap-cloudlogs-9601d6e	system-defined	7	Feb 26, 2024 14:26:43		Edit Delete

Step 7 On the **Create Pipeline** page, configure pipeline parameters. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-59**.

Parameter	Description
Data Space	Data space the pipeline belongs to. This parameter is generated by the system by default.
Pipeline Name	Name of the pipeline. The naming rules are as follows:
	• The name can contain 5 to 63 characters.
	• The name can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-). The name cannot start or end with a hyphen (-) or contain consecutive hyphens (-).
	• The name must be unique in the data space.
Shards	The number of shards of the pipeline. The value ranges from 1 to 64.
	An index can store a large amount of data that exceeds the hardware limits of a node. To solve this problem, Elasticsearch subdivides your index into multiple pieces called shards. When creating an index, you can specify the number of shards as required. Each shard is in itself a fully-functional and independent "index" that can be hosted on any node in the cluster.
Lifecycle	Lifecycle of data in the pipeline. Value range: 7 to 180
Description	Remarks on the pipeline. This parameter is optional.

Table 11-59 Parameters for creating a pipeline

Step 8 Click OK.

You can click the data space name or \checkmark next to the data space to view the created pipeline.

----End

Viewing Pipeline Details

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-99 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ①
Security Overview Workspaces Management Purchased Resources	Oute O C titler a state and hypothytic for search. O
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-100 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Securit	y Analys	Is								
Security Situation	*	Security Analysis	Data Delivery							
Resource Manager	*		out controly							
Risk Prevention	*									
Threat Operations	*	Data Space @	0	Data Spaces						
Incidents		isap-cloudlogs-efb								
Alerts				Add				Name	Enter a keyword.	Q
Indicators				Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling				isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	6	Dec 16. 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Analysis	9									
Security Orchestration	*									
Settings	÷.									

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list.

Figure 11-101 Viewing pipeline details

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling]							
Data Spaces 🔞	Data Spaces							
dataspace 🕐 📴 🔻	Add					Name 👻 En	ter a keyword.	Q
	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Descri	ption	Operation	
	dataspace	user-defined	1	Nov 28, 2022 16:35:42 G	×		Edit Delete	

Step 6 Click ⑦ next to a pipeline name you want to view. The **Pipeline Details** pane is displayed on the right of the page.

Table	11-60	Pipeline	parameters
Tuble	11 00	ripeane	purumeters

Parameter	Description
Workspace Name	Name of the workspace to which the pipeline belongs.
Workspace ID	ID of the workspace to which the pipeline belongs.
Data Space Name	Name of the data space to which the pipeline belongs.
Data Space ID	ID of the data space to which the pipeline belongs.
Pipeline Name	Name of the pipeline.
Pipeline ID	ID of the pipeline.
Shards	Number of shards of the pipeline.
Lifecycle	Retention period of the data in the pipeline.
Created	Time when the pipeline was created.
Description	Description of the pipeline.

Editing a Pipeline

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-102 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Oute O O there areas and support for mem. O
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C © O tride. O tri

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-103 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis							
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Resource Manager V							
Risk Prevention Threat Operations Data Space	Data Spaces						
	lei Data Spaces						
Alerts							
Indicators	Add				Name	 Enter a keyword. 	Q
Intelligent Modeling	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Security Analysis	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff8	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Orchestration 🔻							
Settings 👻							

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list.

Figure 11-104 Viewing pipeline details

Analyze & Query Intelligent Mod	eling						
Data Spaces 🔞	Data Spaces						
dataspace ⑦ 👷 🔻	Add				Name	▼ Enter a keyword.	Q
	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
	dataspace	user-defined	1	Nov 28, 2022 16:35:42 G	х	Edt Delete	

Step 6 Click **More** > **Edit** next to the pipeline name.

Figure 11-105 Entry for editing a pipeline

Analyze & Query	Intelligent Modeling							
Data Spaces 🔞		Data Spaces						
dataspace ⑦	8 🔺 2 More 3	Add				Name	▼ Enter a keyword.	Q
piper		Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
	Edt 4 Consume	dataspace	user-defined	1	Nov 28, 2022 16:35:42 G	х	Edit Delete	
	Monitoring							
4	Delete							

Step 7 On the **Edit Pipeline** page, configure pipeline parameters. For details about the parameters, see **Table 11-61**.

Parameter	Description
Data Space	Data space to which the pipeline belongs. This parameter cannot be modified.
Pipeline Name	Name you specified for the pipeline. The name cannot be changed after the pipeline is created.
Shards	The number of shards of the pipeline. The value ranges from 1 to 64.
Lifecycle	Lifecycle of data in the pipeline. Value range: 7 to 180
Description	Remarks on the pipeline. This parameter is optional.

 Table 11-61
 Parameters for editing a pipeline

Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Deleting a Pipeline

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-106 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Outs O C titler varam and inspect for mech. O
Security Covernance 🧹	○ Or of deals Or of deals

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-107 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis						
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery						
Resource Manager 🔻						
Risk Prevention Threat Operations Data Space	Data Spaces					
	lo bata spaces					
Alerts	Add				Name 💌 E	inter a keyword. Q
Indicators						
Intelligent Modeling	Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation
Security Analysis	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete
Security Orchestration 👻						
Settings 👻						

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list.

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modelin	ng						
Data Spaces 🔞	Data Spaces						
dataspace 🕐 📴 🔻	Add				Name	 Enter a keyword. 	Q
	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
	dataspace	user-defined	1	Nov 28, 2022 16:35:42 G	x	Edit Delete	

Step 6 Click **More** > **Delete** next to the pipeline name.

Figure 11-109 Deleting a Pipeline

Analyze & Query	Intelligent Modeling							
Data Spaces 🔞		Data Spaces						
dataspace ⑦	88 🔺 🥝 More 🕄 🕄	Add				Name	▼ Enter a keyword.	Q
pipe1 (2)		Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
	Edit Consume	dataspace	user-defined	1	Nov 28, 2022 16:35:42 G	x	Edit Delete	
	Monitoring							
	Delete							

Step 7 In the dialog box displayed, click **OK**.

----End

11.5.10 Enabling Data Consumption

Data consumption refers to the process during which third-party software or cloud products consume the log data in real time through a client. It is a sequential read/write from/into full data.

SecMaster provides the data consumption function and supports real-time data consumption through the client.

Enabling Data Consumption

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-110 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces Annual Control Management Control Purchased Resources	Outin (C) C: Entry source derivatives for mech. (C)
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C © © Medic State Pager d' Medi Wer Auto 0 Scotto 0 Ales 0 Holeco 0 Paposo 0

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-111 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis							
Security Situation Resource Manager Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Risk Prevention Data Space ③	Data Spaces						
Alerts	Add				Name	Enter a keyword.	Q
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	Data Space isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff5	Type system-defined	Pipelines 5	Created Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	Description	Operation Edit Delete	
Security Orchestration Settings							

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click the data space name to expand all pipelines. Next to the name of the target pipeline, click **More** > **Consume**.

Figure 11-112 Accessing the data consumption page

ta Spaces @	Data Spaces						
0	() bais opaces						
a-cloudlogs-c7c 🕑 🔡 🔺							
sec-cfw-block () More 2	Add				Name	 Enter a keyword. 	Q
sec-cfw-flow @ Edit	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
sec-cfw-risk 🕐 Consume 🚳	isap-cloudlogs-c7c98da5-d	system-defined	17	Feb 16, 2023 20:03:01 GM	-	Edit Delete	
Monitoring sec-cts-audit (Deliver		user-defined	4	Mar 30, 2023 14:50:09 GM	-	Edit Delete	
sec-dbss-alarm Delete		user-defined	1	Sep 06, 2023 10:29:24 GM	_	Edit Delete	

Step 6 On the Data Consumption page, click next to Current Status to enable data consumption.

After the function is enabled, the consumption configuration information is displayed, as shown in **Table 11-62**.

Table 11-62 Dat	a consumption	parameters
-----------------	---------------	------------

Parameter	Description	
Status	Status of the data consumption function in the current pipeline	
Pipeline Name	Name of the current pipeline	
Subscriber	The preset subscription mode in the system. This parameter determines how data is transmitted to data consumers.	
Access Node	Access node of the current data.	

----End

Related Operations

After data consumption is enabled, you can click **O** next to **Status** on the Data Consumption page to disable data consumption.

11.5.11 Enabling Data Monitoring

SecMaster can monitor metrics such as the production rate, production volume, and total consumption rate of the upstream and downstream SecMaster pipelines. You can check the service status based on the monitoring results.

Basic Concepts

- A producer is a logical object used to construct data and transmit it to the server. It stores data in message queues.
- A subscriber is used to subscribe to SecMaster pipeline messages. A pipeline can be subscribed to by multiple subscribers. SecMaster distributes messages through subscribers.
- A consumer is a running entity that receives and processes data. It consumes and processes messages in the SecMaster pipeline through subscribers.
- A message queue is the container for data storage and transmission.

Viewing Metrics

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-113 Works	bace management page
---------------------	----------------------

SecMaster	Management (2)
Security Overview Warkspaces	Count
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C O

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-114 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysi	s							
Security Situation 💌	Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Risk Prevention 🔻								
Threat Operations	Data Space ③	Data Spaces						
Incidents	isap-cloudlogs-efb ⑦ 🖁 🔻							
Alerts		Add				Name +	Enter a keyword.	Q
Indicators		Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling		isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Analysis								
Security Orchestration 🔻								
Settings •								

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click the data space name to expand all pipelines. Next to the name of the target pipeline, click **More** > **Monitoring**.

Figure 11-115 Data monitoring page

curity Analysis Data Delivery							
Data Spaces @	Data Spaces						
sep-cloudlogs-c7c ⑦ 88 ▲	Add				Name	 Enter a keyword. 	Q
sec-chv-flow @ Edit	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
sec-cfw-risk (2)	isap-cloudlogs-c7c98da5-d	system-defined	17	Feb 16, 2023 20:03:01 GM		Edt Delete	
sec-cts-audit (Deliver		user-defined	4	Mar 30, 2023 14:50:09 GM	-	Edit Delete	
sec-dbss-alarm Delete		user-defined	1	Sep 06, 2023 10:29:24 GM		Edt Delete	
sec-ddos-attack ③ More							
sec-dsc-alarm ⑦ More							

Step 6 On the pipeline monitoring page, view monitoring metrics.

Figure 11-116 Viewing monitored data



- **Overview**: Displays information such as the production rate between producers, pipelines, subscribers, and consumers in the current pipeline.
- **Producer**: displays metrics of the producer, such as current production TPS, current production rate, current production volume, and current message storage size.
- **Pipeline**: displays the pipeline message size (MB), producer-to-pipeline message size (MB), producer-to-pipeline messages, message size consumed by pipelines (MB), messages consumed by pipelines, unacknowledged message size (B), pipeline production rate, pipeline consumption rate, average message size (KB), and offloaded message size (B) in a specified period (last 2/6/12/24 hours, last 7 days, or a customized period).
- Subscriber: displays the total consumption rate of subscribers, consumed data volume (B), consumed messages, and active consumers in a specified period (last 2/6/12/24 hours, last 7 days, or a user-defined period).

----End

11.6 Query and Analysis Syntax

11.6.1 Query and Analysis Syntax Overview

This topic describes the query and analysis syntax used during security analysis. SecMaster supports SQL retrieval syntax. Query and analysis statements are used in the area shown in the following screenshot on the SecMaster console.

Basic Syntax

An SQL statement consists of a query statement and an analysis statement, which are separated by a vertical bar (|). Query statements can be used independently, but analysis statements must be used together with query statements.

Query Statement | Analysis Statement

Table 11-63 Basic Syntax

Statement Type	Description
Query Statements	A query statement is used to specify the filter criteria for log query and return the logs that meet the filter criteria. By setting filter criteria, you can quickly query required logs.
Analysis Statements	An analysis statement is used to calculate and collect statistics on query results.

Limitations and Constraints

- Query statements do not support mathematical operations, such as (age + 100) ≤ 1000 .
- Aggregate functions support only fields and do not support expressions, for example, avg(log(age)).
- Multi-table association is not supported.
- Subqueries are not supported.
- A maximum of 500 records can be returned on the page.
- A maximum of 10,000 groups can be returned by **GROUP BY**.

11.6.2 Query Statements

A query statement is used to specify the filter criteria for log query and return the logs that meet the filter criteria. By setting filter criteria, you can quickly query required logs.

This topic describes query statements and examples.

Syntax

A query statement can be in either of the following formats:

- If the value is only *, full data is returned without filtering.
- It consists of one or more query clauses. The clauses are connected by **NOT**, **AND**, and **OR**. () can be used to increase the priority of the query conditions in parentheses.

The basic structure of a query clause is as follows:

Field Name Operator Field Value

Operators lists the operators that can be used.

Operators

 Table 11-64 Operator descriptions

Operator	Description
=	Queries logs in which the value of a field is equal to a certain value.
\Leftrightarrow	Queries the logs in which the value of a field is not equal to a certain value.
>	Queries logs in which the value of a field is greater than a specified value.
<	Queries logs in which the value of a field is less than a specified value.
>=	Queries logs in which the value of a field is greater than or equal to a specified value.
<=	Queries logs in which the value of a field is less than or equal to a specified value.
IN	Queries the logs whose field values are within a specified value range.
BETWEEN	Queries the logs whose field values are in the specified range.
LIKE	Searches for logs of a field value in full text.
IS NULL	Queries logs whose field value is NULL.
IS NOT NULL	Query logs whose field value is NOT NULL.

Examples

Table 11-65 Example query statements

Query Requirement	Query Statement
All logs	*
Logs about successful GET requests (status codes 200 to 299).	request_method = 'GET' AND status BETWEEN 200 AND 299
Logs of GET or POST requests	request_method = 'GET' OR request_method = 'POST'
Logs of non-GET requests	NOT request_method = 'GET'

Query Requirement	Query Statement
Logs about successful GET or POST requests	(request_method = 'GET' OR request_method = 'POST') AND status BETWEEN 200 AND 299
Logs of GET or POST request failures	(request_method = 'GET' OR request_method = 'POST') NOT status BETWEEN 200 AND 299
Logs of successful GET requests (status code: 200 to 299) whose request time is greater than or equal to 60 seconds.	request_method = 'GET' AND status BETWEEN 200 AND 299 AND request_time >= 60
Logs whose request time is 60 seconds.	request_time = 60

11.6.3 Analysis Statements

11.6.3.1 SELECT

The syntax of a complete analysis statement is as follows:

```
SELECT [DISTINCT] (* | expression) [AS alias] [, ...]
[GROUP BY expression [, ...] [HAVING predicates]]
[ORDER BY expression [ASC | DESC] [, ...]]
[LIMIT size OFFSET offset]
```

SELECT indicates the field to be queried. The following part describes parameters and examples for the **SELECT** syntax.

Using * to query all fields.

SELECT *

account _numbe r	firstn ame	gend er	city	balanc e	emplo yer	state	lastna me	age
1	Amb er	М	Broga n	39225	Pyrami	IL	Duke	32
16	Hatti e	М	Dante	5686	Netag y	TN	Bond	36
13	Nane tte	F	Nogal	32838	Quility	VA	Bates	28
18	Dale	М	Orick	4180	null	MD	Adams	32

 Table 11-66 Using * to query all fields

Querying a Specified Field

SELECT firstname, lastname

Table 11-67 Querying a specified field

firstname	lastname
Amber	Duke
Hattie	Bond
Nanette	Bates
Dale	Adams

Using AS to Define Field Aliases

SELECT account_number AS num

Table 11-68 Using AS to define field aliases

num
1
16
13
18

Using the DISTINCT Statement

SELECT DISTINCT age

Table 11-69 Using the DISTINCT statement

age	
32	
36	
28	

Using SQL Functions

For details about functions, see **Functions**.

SELECT LENGTH(firstname) as len, firstname

Table 11-70 Using SQL functions

len	firstname
4	Amber
6	Hattie
7	Nanette
4	Dale

11.6.3.2 GROUP BY

The syntax of a complete analysis statement is as follows:

SELECT [DISTINCT] (* | expression) [AS alias] [, ...] [GROUP BY expression [, ...] [HAVING predicates]] [ORDER BY expression [ASC | DESC] [, ...]] [LIMIT size OFFSET offset]

Where, **GROUP BY** indicates grouping by value. The following part describes parameters and examples for the **GROUP BY** syntax.

Grouping by Field Value

SELECT age GROUP BY age

Table 11-71 Grouping by field value

age	
28	
32	
36	

Grouping by Field Alias

SELECT account_number AS num GROUP BY num

Table 11-72 Grouping by field alias

num
16
13
18

Grouping by Multiple Fields

SELECT account_number AS num, age GROUP BY num, age

Table 11-73 Grouping by multiple fields

num	age
1	32
16	36
13	28
18	32

Using SQL Functions

For details about functions, see Function.

SELECT LENGTH(lastname) AS len, COUNT(*) AS count GROUP BY LENGTH(lastname)

Table 11-74 Using SQL functions

len	count
4	2
5	2

11.6.3.3 HAVING

The syntax of a complete analysis statement is as follows:

```
SELECT [DISTINCT] (* | expression) [AS alias] [, ...]
[GROUP BY expression [, ...] [HAVING predicates]]
[ORDER BY expression [ASC | DESC] [, ...]]
[LIMIT size OFFSET offset]
```

The **HAVING** syntax specifies the conditions for filtering group results (**GROUP BY**) or aggregation calculation results. The following part describes parameters and examples for the **HAVING** syntax.

Filters data based on grouping and Aggregate Functions.

SELECT age, MAX(balance) GROUP BY age HAVING MIN(balance) > 10000

Table 11-75 The HAVING function

age	MAX(balance)
28	32838
32	39225

11.6.3.4 ORDER BY

The syntax of a complete analysis statement is as follows:

```
SELECT [DISTINCT] (* | expression) [AS alias] [, ...]
[GROUP BY expression [, ...] [HAVING predicates]]
[ORDER BY expression [ASC | DESC] [, ...]]
[LIMIT size OFFSET offset]
```

Where, **ORDER BY** indicates sorting by field value. The following part describes parameters and examples for the **ORDER BY** syntax.

Sorting Data by Field Value

SELECT age ORDER BY age DESC

Table 11-76 Sorting by field value

age	
28	
32	
32	
36	

11.6.3.5 LIMIT

The syntax of a complete analysis statement is as follows:

```
SELECT [DISTINCT] (* | expression) [AS alias] [, ...]
[GROUP BY expression [, ...] [HAVING predicates]]
[ORDER BY expression [ASC | DESC] [, ...]]
[LIMIT size OFFSET offset]
```

Where, **LIMIT** indicates the number of returned data records. The following part describes parameters and examples for the **LIMIT** syntax.

Specifying the Number of Returned Records

SELECT * LIMIT 1

-	account _numb er	first nam e	gende r	city	balan ce	emplo yer	state	lastna me	age
•	1	Amb er	Μ	Broga n	39225	Pyrami	IL	Duke	32

Table 11-77 Specifying the number of returned records

Specifying the Number of Returned Records and Offsets

SELECT * LIMIT 1 OFFSET 1

account _numb er	first nam e	gende r	city	balan ce	emplo yer	state	lastna me	age
16	Hatti e	М	Dante	5686	Netag y	TN	Bond	36

Table 11-78 Specifying the number of returned records and offsets

11.6.3.6 Functions

The syntax of a complete analysis statement is as follows:

SELECT [DISTINCT] (* | expression) [AS alias] [, ...] [GROUP BY expression [, ...] [HAVING predicates]] [ORDER BY expression [ASC | DESC] [, ...]] [LIMIT size OFFSET offset]

This section describes functions.

Mathematics Functions

 Table 11-79 Mathematics Functions

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
abs	Absolute value	abs(number T) -> T	SELECT abs(0.5) LIMIT 1
add	Addition	add(number T, number) -> T	SELECT add(1, 5) LIMIT 1
cbrt	Cubic root	cbrt(number T) -> T	SELECT cbrt(0.5) LIMIT 1
ceil	Rounded up	ceil(number T) -> T	SELECT ceil(0.5) LIMIT 1
divide	Division	divide(number T, number) -> T	SELECT divide(1, 0.5) LIMIT 1
e	Natural base number e	e() -> double	SELECT e() LIMIT 1
ехр	Power of the natural base number e	exp(number T) -> T	SELECT exp(0.5) LIMIT 1
expm1	Subtract one from the power of the natural base number e.	expm1(number T) -> T	SELECT expm1(0.5) LIMIT 1
floor	Rounded down	floor(number T) -> T	SELECT floor(0.5) AS Rounded_Down LIMIT 1

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
ln	Returns the natural logarithm.	ln(number T) -> double	SELECT ln(10) LIMIT 1
log	Logarithm with T as the base	log(number T, number) -> double	SELECT log(10) LIMIT 1
log2	Logarithm with 2 as the base	log2(number T) -> double	SELECT log2(10) LIMIT 1
log10	Logarithm to base 10	log10(number T) -> double	SELECT log10(10) LIMIT 1
mod	Remainder	mod(number T, number) -> T	SELECT modulus(2, 3) LIMIT 1
multiply	Multiplicatio n	multiply(number T, number) -> number	SELECT multiply(2, 3) LIMIT 1
pi	π	pi() -> double	SELECT pi() LIMIT 1
pow	T power of	pow(number T, number) -> T	SELECT pow(2, 3) LIMIT 1
power	T power of	power(number T) -> T, power(number T, number) -> T	SELECT power(2, 3) LIMIT 1
rand	Random number.	rand() -> number, rand(number T) -> T	SELECT rand(5) LIMIT 1
rint	Discard decimals.	rint(number T) -> T	SELECT rint(1.5) LIMIT 1
round	Round off	round(number T) -> T	SELECT round(1.5) LIMIT 1
sign	Symbol	sign(number T) -> T	SELECT sign(1.5) LIMIT 1
signum	Symbol	signum(number T) -> T	SELECT signum(0.5) LIMIT 1
sqrt	Square root	sqrt(number T) -> T	SELECT sqrt(0.5) LIMIT 1
subtract	Subtraction	subtract(number T, number) -> T	SELECT subtract(3, 2) LIMIT 1
/	Division	number / number -> number	SELECT 1 / 100 LIMIT 1
%	Remainder	number % number -> number	SELECT 1 % 100 LIMIT 1

Trigonometric Functions

Table 11-80 Trigonometric functions

Function s	Purpose	Description	Example Value
acos	Arc cosine	acos(number T) -> double	SELECT acos(0.5) LIMIT 1
asin	Arc sine	asin(number T) -> double	SELECT asin(0.5) LIMIT 1
atan	Inverse tangent	atan(number T) -> double	SELECT atan(0.5) LIMIT 1
atan2	T Arc tangent of the result of dividing U	atan2(number T, number U) -> double	SELECT atan2(1, 0.5) LIMIT 1
cos	Cosine	cos(number T) -> double	SELECT cos(0.5) LIMIT 1
cosh	hyperbolic cosine	cosh(number T) -> double	SELECT cosh(0.5) LIMIT 1
cot	Cotangent	cot(number T) -> double	SELECT cot(0.5) LIMIT 1
degrees	Converting radians into degrees	degrees(number T) -> double	SELECT degrees(0.5) LIMIT 1
radians	Converting degrees into radians	radians(number T) -> double	SELECT radians(0.5) LIMIT 1
sin	Sine	sin(number T) -> double	SELECT sin(0.5) LIMIT 1
sinh	hyperbolic sine	sinh(number T) -> double	SELECT sinh(0.5) LIMIT 1
tan	Tangent	tan(number T) -> double	SELECT tan(0.5) LIMIT 1

Temporal Functions

 Table 11-81
 Temporal functions

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
curdate	Specifies the current date.	curdate() -> date	SELECT curdate() LIMIT 1
date	Date	date(date) -> date	SELECT date() LIMIT 1
date_for mat	Obtains the date value based on the format.	date_format(date, string) -> string	SELECT date_format(date, 'Y') LIMIT 1
day_of_m onth	Month	day_of_month(date) -> integer	SELECT day_of_month(date) LIMIT 1
day_of_w eek	Day of a week	day_of_week(date) -> integer	SELECT day_of_week(date) LIMIT 1
day_of_ye ar	Number of days in the current year	day_of_year(date) -> integer	SELECT day_of_year(date) LIMIT 1
hour_of_d ay	Number of hours on the current day	hour_of_day(date) -> integer	SELECT hour_of_day(date) LIMIT 1
maketime	Date of Generation	maketime(integer, integer, integer) -> time	SELECT maketime(11, 30, 00) LIMIT 1
minute_o f_hour	Number of minutes in the current hour	minute_of_hour(date) SELECT -> integer minute_of_hour(dat LIMIT 1	
minute_o f_day	Number of minutes on the current day	minute_of_day(date) - SELECT > integer LIMIT 1	
monthna me	Month Name	monthname(date) -> SELECT monthname(string LIMIT 1	
now	Current time.	now() -> time SELECT now() LIMIT	
second_of _minute	Number of seconds	minute_of_day(date) - SELECT > integer LIMIT 1	
timestam p	Date	timestamp(date) -> date	SELECT timestamp(date) LIMIT 1

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
year	Year	year(date) -> integer	SELECT year(date) LIMIT 1

Text Functions

Table 11-82 Text functions

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
ascii	ASCII value of the first character	ascii(string T) -> integer	SELECT ascii('t') LIMIT 1
concat_w s	Connection String	concat_ws(separator, string, string) -> string	SELECT concat_ws('-', 'Tutorial', 'is', 'fun!') LIMIT 1
left	Obtain a character string from left to right.	left(string T, integer) - > T	SELECT left('hello', 2) LIMIT 1
length	length	length(string) -> integer	SELECT length('hello') LIMIT 1
locate	Search for a string	locate(string, string) -> integer	SELECT locate('o', 'hello') LIMIT 1
replace	Replace strings	replace(string T, string, string) -> T	SELECT replace('hello', 'l', 'x') LIMIT 1
right	Obtain a character string from right to left.	right(string T, integer) -> T	SELECT right('hello', 1) LIMIT 1
rtrim	Remove the empty character string on the right.	rtrim(string T) -> T SELECT rtrim('hello LIMIT 1	
substring	Obtaining a Substring	substring(string T, integer, integer) -> T	SELECT substring('hello', 2,5) LIMIT 1
trim	Remove empty character strings on both sides.	trim(string T) -> T	SELECT trim(' hello ') LIMIT 1

Function	Purpose Description Example		Example Value
upper	Convert all letters into uppercase letters.	upper(string T) -> T	SELECT upper('helloworld') LIMIT 1

Other

Table 11-83 Other

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
if	if condition	condition if(boolean, object, object) -> object 1, SELECT if(false, 1, SELECT if(true, 0) 1	
ifnull	If the field is null, the default value is used.	ifnull(object, object) -> object	SELECT ifnull('hello', 1) LIMIT 1 , SELECT ifnull(null, 1) LIMIT 1
isnull	Indicates whether a field is null. If yes, 1 is returned. If no, 0 is returned.	isnull(object) -> integer	SELECT isnull(null) LIMIT 1 , SELECT isnull(1) LIMIT 1

11.6.3.7 Aggregate Functions

The syntax of a complete analysis statement is as follows:

SELECT [DISTINCT] (* | expression) [AS alias] [, ...] [GROUP BY expression [, ...] [HAVING predicates]] [ORDER BY expression [ASC | DESC] [, ...]] [LIMIT size OFFSET offset]

This section describes some aggregate functions.

Table 11	-84 Aggregate	functions
----------	---------------	-----------

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
avg	Average value	avg(number T) -> T	SELECT avg(age) LIMIT 1
sum	Sum	sum(number T) -> T	SELECT sum(age) LIMIT 1

Function	Purpose	Description	Example Value
min	Specifies the minimum value.	min(number T) -> T	SELECT min(age) LIMIT 1
max	Maximum value	max(number T) -> T	SELECT max(age) LIMIT 1
count	Occurrences	count(field) -> integer , count(*) -> integer , count(1) -> integer	SELECT count(age) LIMIT 1 , SELECT count(*) LIMIT 1 , SELECT count(1) LIMIT 1

11.7 Data Delivery

11.7.1 Data Delivery Overview

Scenario

SecMaster can deliver data to other pipelines or other cloud products in real time so that you can store data or consume data with other systems. After data delivery is configured, SecMaster periodically delivers the collected data to the specified pipelines or cloud products.

Currently, SecMaster supports the following data delivery destinations:

- Other pipelines: You can deliver log data to other pipelines.
- OBS buckets: You can deliver log data to Object Storage Service (OBS) buckets.
- LTS: You can deliver log data to Log Tank Service (LTS).

You can **manage data delivery tasks**, including viewing, suspending, starting, and deleting a data delivery task.

Advantages

- Simple operation: You only need to complete simple configurations on the console to deliver SecMaster data to other cloud products such as OBS.
- Data centralization: SecMaster has completed data centralization of different services. You only need to deliver the collected data to other cloud products such as OBS for centralized data management.
- Category management: When collecting data, the SecMaster manages the data by category. You can use this function to deliver data of different projects and types to different cloud products.

Prerequisites

- If you want to deliver data to an OBS bucket, the bucket must have private, public read, or public read/write policy enabled. Currently, parallel file buckets are not supported.
- To deliver data to LTS, ensure there are available log groups and log streams.

Limitations and Constraints

- When performing cross-account delivery, the data can only be delivered to the pipelines instead of cloud services of other accounts.
- If the new data delivery is cross-account, you need to log in to SecMaster using the destination account and authorize the delivery.

11.7.2 Delivering Logs to Other Data Pipelines

Scenario

This topic walks you through how to deliver logs to other pipelines. The main steps are as follows:

- Step 1: Create a Data Delivery Task
- Step 2: Authorize the Data Delivery
- Step 3: View Data Delivery in the Destination Pipeline

Limitations and Constraints

- When performing cross-account delivery, the data can only be delivered to the pipelines instead of cloud services of other accounts.
- If the new data delivery is cross-account, you need to log in to SecMaster using the destination account and authorize the delivery.

Step 1: Create a Data Delivery Task

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-117 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Cours C Gate a searce and hypered for search C Gate a searce and hypered for search
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-118 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis							
Security Situation Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Resource Manager							
Risk Prevention							
Threat Operations	Data Spaces						
incidents isap-cloudlogs-efb ⑦ 🖁 🔻							
Alerts	Add				Name 👻	Enter a keyword.	Q
Indicators	Data Space T	lype Pij	ipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling	isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff8 s	system-defined 6		Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Analysis							
Security Orchestration 👻							
Settings 👻							

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click the data space name to expand all pipelines. Next to the name of the target pipeline, click **More** > **Deliver**.

Figure 11-119 Accessing data delivery settings page

Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Data Spaces 🐵	Data Spaces						
isap-cloudlogs-c7c () SB	Add				Name	Enter a keyword.	Q
sec-chu-tlow @ Edit	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
sec-cfw-risk () Consume Monitoring	isap-cloudlogs-c7c98da5-d	system-defined	17	Feb 16, 2023 20:03:01 GM	-	Edit Delete	
sec-cts-audit (Deliver (user-defined	4	Mar 30, 2023 14:50:09 GM	-	Edit Delete	
sec-dbss-alarm Delete		user-defined	1	Sep 05, 2023 10:29:24 GM		Edit Delete	
sec-ddos-attack () More							

Step 6 (Optional) Confirm the authorization information, select **Agree to authorize**, and click **OK**.

Authorization is required first time you start a delivery to a specific destination type. If the destination type has been authorized, skip this step.

- **Step 7** On the **Create Delivery** panel, set data delivery parameters.
 - 1. Configure basic information.

Table 11-85 Basic Information

Parameter	Description
Delivery Name	The name you specify for the delivery.
Resource Consumption	The value is generated by default. You do not need to configure it .

2. Configure the data source.

In the **Data Source Settings** area, the details about the current pipeline are displayed. **You do not need to set this parameter**.

Table 11-86 Data source parameters	Table	11-86	Data	source	parameters
------------------------------------	-------	-------	------	--------	------------

Parameter	Description
Delivery Type	Delivery destination type. The default value is PIPE .
Region	Region where the current pipeline is located.
Workspace	Workspace to which the current pipeline belongs.

Parameter	Description
Data Space	Data space to which the current pipeline belongs.
Pipeline	Name of the pipeline.
Data Read Policy	Data read policy of the current pipeline.
Read By	Identity of the data source reader.

- 3. Configure the delivery destination.
 - **PIPE**: Deliver the current pipeline data to other pipelines of the current account or pipelines of other accounts. Set this parameter as required.
 - Current: Deliver the current pipeline data to another pipeline of the current account. For details about the parameters, see Table 11-87.

Parameter	Description
Account Type	Account type for the data delivery destination. Select Current .
Delivery Type	Delivery type. Select PIPE .
Workspace	Workspace where the destination pipeline is located.
Data Space	Data space where the destination pipeline is located.
Pipeline	Pipeline where the destination pipeline is located.
Written To	The value is generated by default. You do not need to configure it.

Table 11-87 Destination parameters - Current account pipeline

 Cross-account delivery: Deliver the current pipeline data to the pipeline of another account. For details about the parameters, see Table 11-88.

· ·							
Parameter	Description						
Account Type	Account type for the data delivery destination. Select Other in this case.						
Delivery Type	Delivery type. Select PIPE .						
Account ID	ID of the account to which the destination pipeline belongs.						

Table 11-88 Destination parameters - I	Pipelines of other account
--	----------------------------

Parameter	Description				
Workspace ID	ID of the workspace where the destination pipeline is located. For details about how to query the workspace ID, see Step 6 .				
Data Space ID	ID of the data space where the destination pipeline is located. For details about how to query the data space ID, see Step 6 .				
Pipeline ID	ID of the destination pipeline. For details about how to query the pipeline ID, see Step6 .				
Written To	The value is generated by default. You do not need to configure it.				

4. Under Access Authorization, view the permissions granted in Step 6.

A delivery requires the read and write permissions to access your cloud resources. A delivery task cannot access your cloud resources unless the access is authorized by you.

Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Step 2: Authorize the Data Delivery

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-120 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Wastspaces	Cease Course and the second se
Security Governmence 🤍 🗸	C O

- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose . On the **Security Analysis** page that is displayed, click the **Data Delivery** tab. The **Data Delivery** page is displayed.
- **Step 5** On the **Data Delivery** tab, click the **Cross-tenant Permissions** tab. On the page displayed, click **Accept** in the **Operation** column of the target delivery task.

To accept authorization in batches, select all tasks to be authorized and click **Accept** in the upper left corner of the list.

< / / Data Delivery					-			
Security Situation 🔹	Security Analysis	ta Delivery						
Resource Manager 🔹 👻		•						
Risk Prevention 🔻	_							
Threat Operations 👩 🔺	Delivery Tasks Cro	ss-Tenant Permissions						
Incident	Accept Reject	Cancel Destination All	* Del	Ivery Status All	* Authorization Statu	All	• Enter	a data source keyword Q
Incidator	Name/ID	Data Source	Destination	Delivery Status	Authorization Status	Requested	Handled	Operation
Intelligent Modeling	- 81 - 4(>5 *	b PIPE	Delivering	Authorized	Mar 13, 2023 15:14:08	-	Accept Reject Cancel
Security Analysis		212-e C	b		Unauthorized	Feb 13, 2023 20:02:17	-	6 Accept Reject
Settings 👻								

Figure 11-121 Authorization for data delivery

After the authorization is granted, the authorization status of the target delivery task is updated to **Authorized**. You can go to the delivery destination to view the delivery details.

----End

Step 3: View Data Delivery in the Destination Pipeline

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-122 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Watespaces	Case Constant and
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C Order Actor O Actor O Actor O Actor O Presc Server A Server

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-123 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analysis								
Security Situation Resource Manager	alysis Data Delivery							
Risk Prevention								
linidanta	pace 🛞	Data Spaces						
Alerts	dlogs-efb 🤄 👸 🔻	Add				Name	Enter a keyword.	Q
Indicators		Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis 2		isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Orchestration 👻								
Settings •								

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the displayed page, you can search the pipeline data.

Figure 11-124 Pipeline data page

Analyze & Query Intelligent Modeling		
Data Spaces 🐵	Ø Data Spaces x	
isap-cloudlogs-cc2 ⑦ 88 ▲ sec-wal-attack ⑦ 2 More	sec-waf-attack Outch Output Enter a search cateria 	Index Settings Save As Quick Query Add Alarm Q Last 15 minutes Query/Analyze
	count 2	Dec 07, 2022 1745:07 - Dec 07, 2022 18:00:07
	1	Dec 07, 2022 175540 Dec 07, 2022 175820

Step 6 In the target pipeline, view the delivery log.

----End

Operations Related to Data Delivery Authorization

On the **Cross-tenant Permissions** tab page, you can select to **Reject** or **Cancel** the authorization.

Operation	Description
Reject	In the row containing the target delivery task, click Reject in the Operation column to reject the authorization.
	To reject authorization in batches, select all tasks to be rejected and click Reject in the upper left corner of the list.
Cancel	 In the row containing the target delivery task, click Cancel in the Operation column to cancel the authorization. To cancel authorization in batches, select all tasks to be canceled and click Cancel in the upper left corner of the list. In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

11.7.3 Delivering Logs to OBS

Scenarios

This topic walks you through how to deliver logs to an OBS bucket. The main steps are as follows:

Step 1: Create a Data Delivery Task

Step 2: Authorize the Data Delivery

Step 3: View the Delivered Data in OBS

Limitations and Constraints

- When performing cross-account delivery, the data can only be delivered to the pipelines instead of cloud services of other accounts.
- If the new data delivery is cross-account, you need to log in to SecMaster using the destination account and perform authorization.

Step 1: Create a Data Delivery Task

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-125 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Watespaces Management Purchased Resources	Case C tier a see advected to see .
Security Governmence 🧹	C © O = MidsC O =

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-126 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analys	is							
Security Situation Resource Manager	Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Risk Prevention	Data Space 🐵	Data Spaces						
Incidents Alerts	isap-cloudlogs-efb (?) 👫 🔻	Add				Name 👻	Enter a keyword.	Q
Indicators		Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Security Analysis		isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff8	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25	-	Edit Delete	
Security Orchestration	4							

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click the data space name to expand all pipelines. Next to the name of the target pipeline, click **More** > **Deliver**.

Figure 11-127 Accessing data delivery settings page

curity Analysis Da	ata Delivery							
Data Spaces 🛞	.	Data Spaces						
sap-cloudlogs-c7c ③ sec-cfw-block ③	More Ø	Add				Name	Enter a keyword.	Q
sec-chu-tlow @	dt	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
sec-cfw-risk 🕐	onsume	isap-cloudlogs-c7c98da5-d	system-defined	17	Feb 16, 2023 20:03:01 GM	-	Edit Delete	
non-ste-audit G	eliver 3		user-defined	4	Mar 30, 2023 14:50:09 GM	-	Edit Delete	
	elete		user-defined	1	Sep 05, 2023 10:29:24 GM		Edit Delete	
sec-ddos-attack ()	More							

Step 6 (Optional) Confirm the authorization information, select **Agree to authorize**, and click **OK**.

Authorization is required first time you start a delivery to a specific destination type. If the destination type has been authorized, skip this step.

Step 7 On the **Create Delivery** panel, set data delivery parameters.

1. Configure basic information.

Table 11-90 Basic Information

Parameter	Description
Delivery Name	The name you specify for the delivery.
Resource Consumption	The value is generated by default. You do not need to configure it .

2. Configure the data source.

In the **Data Source Settings** area, the details about the current pipeline are displayed. **You do not need to set this parameter**.

Table 11-91 Data	source parameters
------------------	-------------------

Parameter	Description
Delivery Type	Delivery destination type. The default value is PIPE .
Region	Region where the current pipeline is located.
Workspaces	Workspace to which the current pipeline belongs.
Data Space	Data space to which the current pipeline belongs.
Pipeline	Name of the pipeline.
Data Read Policy	Data read policy of the current pipeline.
Read By	Identity of the data source reader.

- 3. Configure the delivery destination.
 - **OBS**: Deliver the pipeline data to OBS. For details about the parameter settings, see **Table 11-92**.

Note that the OBS bucket you use must have private, public read, or public read/write policy enabled. Currently, parallel file buckets are not supported.

Table 11-92 Data delivery destination - O	BS
---	----

Parameter	Description
Account Type	Account type for the data delivery destination. When you deliver data to OBS, only the Current account type can be selected.
Delivery Type	Delivery type. Select OBS in this case.
Bucket Name	Name of the destination OBS bucket.

Parameter	Description
Written To	The value is generated by default. You do not need to configure it.

4. Under Access Authorization, view the permissions granted in Step 6.

A delivery requires the read and write permissions to access your cloud resources. A delivery task cannot access your cloud resources unless the access is authorized by you.

Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Step 2: Authorize the Data Delivery

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-128 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces Management	Own (3) (2) Ether k-states and strategives for sease.
Security Governmence 🤍	- C ©

- Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Security Analysis. On the Security Analysis page that is displayed, click the Data Delivery tab. The Data Delivery page is displayed.
- **Step 5** On the **Data Delivery** tab, click the **Cross-Tenant Permissions** tab. On the page displayed, click **Accept** in the **Operation** column of the target delivery task.

To accept authorization in batches, select all tasks to be authorized and click **Accept** in the upper left corner above the list.

Figure 11-129 Data delivery authorization

< / / Data Delivery								
Security Situation •	Security Analysis	Data Delivery						
Resource Manager 🔹 👻		our conci,						
Risk Prevention -								
Threat Operations	Delivery Tasks	Cross-Tenant Permissions	•					
Incident	Accept	eject Cancel	•					
Alert		Destination All		Delivery Status All	Authorization Stat	us All	Enter a data se	ource keyword Q
Incidator	Name/ID	Data Source	Destination	Delivery Status	Authorization Status	Requested	Handled	Operation
Intelligent Modeling	□ ^{8!} 4(>5 6	bPIPE	Delivering	Authorized	Mer 13, 2023 15:14:08	-	Accept Reject Cancel
Security Analysis		212-e c	b		Unauthorized	Feb 13, 2023 20:02:17	- (Accept Reject
Settings •								

After the authorization is granted, the authorization status of the target delivery task is updated to **Authorized**. You can go to the delivery destination to view the delivery details.

----End

Step 3: View the Delivered Data in OBS

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose **Storage** > **Object Storage Service**. The bucket list page is displayed.
- **Step 3** On the bucket list page, click the name of the OBS bucket selected for data delivery. The details page of the target OBS bucket is displayed.
- **Step 4** On the OBS bucket details page, view the delivery log information.

----End

Operations Related to Data Delivery Authorization

On the **Cross-tenant Permissions** tab page, you can select to **Reject** or **Cancel** the authorization.

Operation	Method
Reject	In the row containing the target delivery task, click Reject in the Operation column to reject the authorization.
	To reject authorization in batches, select all tasks to be rejected and click Reject in the upper left corner of the list.
Cancel	 In the row containing the target delivery task, click Cancel in the Operation column to cancel the authorization. To cancel authorization in batches, select all tasks to be canceled and click Cancel in the upper left corner of the list.
	2. In the displayed dialog box, click OK .

Table 11-93 Cross-tenant permissions management

11.7.4 Delivering Logs to LTS

Scenario

SecMaster can integrate logs of other cloud products, such as WAF, HSS, and CFW. For details about how to integrate, see **Data Integration**.

You can deliver integrated logs to Log Tank Service (LTS) for real-time decisionmaking and analysis, device O&M management, and service trend analysis.

This topic walks you through how to deliver integrated logs to LTS. The procedure is as follows:

- Step 1: Create a Data Delivery Task
- Step 2: Authorize the Data Delivery
- Step 3: View the Delivered Data in LTS

Prerequisites

- Logs you want to deliver have been aggregated in SecMaster. For details, see **Data Integration**.
- To deliver data to LTS, ensure there is an available log group and log streams.

Step 1: Create a Data Delivery Task

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-130 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🛞
Security Overview Wastspaces	Could C there areas and inspired for mech.
Security Governance 🤍	C C Order Acade Pred C Default Nov Acade C Acade C Acade C Acade C Acade C Acade C Acade C Acade C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Security Analysis**. The security analysis page is displayed.

Figure 11-131 Accessing the Security Analysis tab page

< / / Security Analys	is							
Security Situation Resource Manager	Security Analysis Data Delivery							
Risk Prevention	Data Space 🛞	Data Spaces						
Alerts	isap-cloudlogs-afb 📎 🖁 🔻	Add				Name	 Enter a keyword. 	Q
		Data Space	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis		isap-cloudlogs-efbbcff6	system-defined	5	Dec 16, 2023 10:32:25		Edit Delete	
Security Orchestration 💌	4							
Settings 💌								

Step 5 In the data space navigation tree on the left, click the data space name to expand all pipelines. Next to the name of the target pipeline, click **More** > **Deliver**.

Figure 11-132 Accessing data delivery settings page

urity Analysis Data Delivery							
Data Spaces ③	Data Spaces						
ap-cloudlogs-c7c ()	Add				Name	Enter a keyword.	C
sec-chu-tlaw @ Edit	Data Spaces	Туре	Pipelines	Created	Description	Operation	
sec-cfw-risk ⑦	isap-cloudlogs-c7c98da5-d	system-defined	17	Feb 16, 2023 20:03:01 GM	-	Edit Delete	
Monitoring sec-cts-audit (Deliver		user-defined	4	Mar 30, 2023 14:50:09 GM		Edit Delete	
sec-doss-alarm Delete		user-defined	1	Sep 05, 2023 10:29:24 GM		Edit Delete	
sec-ddos-attack () More							

Step 6 (Optional) Authorization is required first time you start a delivery to a specific destination type. If the destination type has been authorized, skip this step.

Confirm the authorization information, select Agree to authorize and click OK.

- Step 7 On the Create Delivery panel, set data delivery parameters.
 - **Delivery Name**: Enter a data delivery name.
 - Account Type: Select Current. Only logs of the current account can be delivered to LTS.
 - **Delivery Type**: Select **LTS**.
 - Log Group: Select an LTS log group.
 - Log Stream: Select a destination LTS log stream.

Other configuration parameters are generated by the system by default and do not need to be configured.

Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Step 2: Authorize the Data Delivery

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-133 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕐
Security Overview Warkspaces	Com C the same at layer to make
Security Covernance 🤟	0 mmt asser 0 <t< th=""></t<>

- Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Security Analysis. On the Security Analysis page that is displayed, click the Data Delivery tab. The Data Delivery page is displayed.
- **Step 5** On the **Data Delivery** tab, click the **Cross-Tenant Permissions** tab. On the page displayed, click **Accept** in the **Operation** column of the target delivery task.

To accept authorization in batches, select all tasks to be authorized and click **Accept** in the upper left corner above the list.

< / / Data Delivery								
Security Situation •	Security Analysis Data	a Delivery 3						
Resource Manager 🔹								
Risk Prevention +								
Threat Operations 👔 🔺	Delivery Tasks Cros	s-Tenant Permissions						
Incident	Accept Reject	Cancel						
Alert		Destination All	 Delivery Stat 	us All	Authorization Statu	All	Enter a data sour	ce keyword Q
Incidator	Name/ID	Data Source	Destination	Delivery Status	Authorization Status	Requested	Handled	Operation
Intelligent Modeling	4	>5 ^c b	PIPE	Delivering	Authorized	Mar 13, 2023 15:14:08		Accept Reject Cancel
Security Analysis		212-e c b	-		Unauthorized	Feb 13, 2023 20:02:17	- 6	Accept Reject
Settings •								

Figure 11-134 Authorization for data delivery

After the authorization is granted, the authorization status of the target delivery task is updated to **Authorized**. You can go to the delivery destination to view the delivery details.

----End

Step 3: View the Delivered Data in LTS

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- Step 2 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Management & Governance > Log Tank Service.
- **Step 3** In the log group list on the **Log Management** page, locate the log group for which you want to add data delivery and click \checkmark before the log group name.
- **Step 4** Click the name of the log stream selected during data delivery. The log stream details page is displayed.
- **Step 5** On the log stream details page, view the delivered logs.

----End

Operations Related to Data Delivery Authorization

On the **Cross-tenant Permissions** tab page, you can select to **Reject** or **Cancel** the authorization.

Operation	Method
Reject	In the row containing the target delivery task, click Reject in the Operation column to reject the authorization.
	To reject authorization in batches, select all tasks to be rejected and click Reject in the upper left corner of the list.

Table 11-94	Cross-tenant	permissions	management

Operation	Method
Cancel	 In the row containing the target delivery task, click Cancel in the Operation column to cancel the authorization. To cancel authorization in batches, select all tasks to be canceled and click Cancel in the upper left corner of the list. In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

11.7.5 Managing Data Delivery

Scenario

This section describes how to manage delivery tasks.

- Viewing a Data Delivery Task
- Suspending a Delivery Task
- Starting a Delivery Task
- Deleting a Delivery Task

Prerequisites

A data delivery task has been added.

Viewing a Data Delivery Task

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-135 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (1)
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cute Cute Cute Cute Cute Cute Cute Cute
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C C O

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Security Analysis. On the Security Analysis page that is displayed, click the Data Delivery tab. The Data Delivery page is displayed.

Figure 11-136 Data Delivery tab page

< / / Data Delivery									
Security Situation •	Security Analysis	Data Delivery							
Resource Manager 👻									
Risk Prevention •	4								
Threat Operations 1	Delivery Tasks 0	Cross-Tenant Permissions							
Incident	Delete	Search	by name.						Q 🐵 C
Alert	Name/ID	Data Source	Consumption Policy	Destination Type	Destination	Monitoring	Status	Created	Operation
Incidator	56c	30	Latest	LTS	c	8	1 Delivering	Mar 13, 2023 15:16:	Suspend Delete
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	406	a01 c	Latest	PIPE	· · · · · ·	8	1 Delivering	Mar 13, 2023 15:14:	Suspend Delete
Security Orchest -									
Settings •									

Step 5 On the delivery task list page, view existing delivery tasks.

Table 11-95 Delivery task parameters

Operation	Description
Name/ID	Delivery task name and ID
Data Source	Pipeline where the data source is located
Consumption Policy	Consumption policy of a delivery task
Destination Type	Type of the data delivery destination
Destination	Data delivery destination
Monitoring	Data delivery monitoring status. You can click the monitoring icon to view the data consumption information.
Status	Status of a delivery task
Created	Time when a delivery task is created
Operation	You can delete or suspend a data delivery task.

----End

Suspending a Delivery Task

After a data delivery task is added and authorized, the delivery task status changes to **Delivering**. To stop the delivery, you can suspend the target delivery task.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-137	Workspace	management page
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SecMaster	Management 🕲
Security Overview Histopaces	Outs O C Etter a same and hypered for smells. O
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	© © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Security Analysis. On the Security Analysis page that is displayed, click the Data Delivery tab. The Data Delivery page is displayed.

Figure 11-138 Data Delivery tab page

/ Data Delivery									
Security Situation 🔹	Security Analysis	Data Delivery							
Resource Manager 🔹	Seconty Analysis	Bala Derivery 3							
Risk Prevention 👻		0							
Threat Operations 🕕 🔺	Delivery Tasks	Cross-Tenant Permissions							
Incident	Delete		Search by name.						Q 🔘 🛛
Alert	Name/ID	Data Source	Consumption Policy	Destination Type	Destination	Monitoring	Status	Created	Operation
Incidator	□ ⁸⁸⁷ 560	3e (Latest	LTS	¢	8	1 Delivering	Mar 13, 2023 15:16	Suspend Delete
Intelligent Modeling Security Analysis	405	a01 c	Latest	PIPE	· · · · · ·	8	🛷 Delivering	Mar 13, 2023 15:14:	Suspend Delete
ecurity Orchest 🔹									
Settings -									

Step 5 On the **Data Delivery** tab page, locate the row of the target delivery task and click **Suspend** in the **Operation** column.

After a delivery task is suspended, the delivery task status changes to **Suspended**, indicating that the delivery task is suspended successfully.

----End

Starting a Delivery Task

You can restart a suspended delivery task.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-139 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🛞
Security Overview Warkspaces	Coate C Geter a same and inspect for sees.
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Security Analysis. On the Security Analysis page that is displayed, click the Data Delivery tab. The Data Delivery page is displayed.

Figure 11-140 Data Delivery tab page

< / / Data Delivery		
Security Situation •	Security Analysis Data Delivery	
Resource Manager 🔹		
Risk Prevention •		
Threat Operations 1	Delivery Tasks Cross-Tenant Permissions	
Incident	Delete Search by name.	Q 🛞 C
Alert	NameID Data Source Consumption Policy Destination Type Destination Monitoring Status Created	Operation
Incidator	E5756c	Suspend Delete
Intelligent Modeling	🖉 🗸 C Latest PIPE 🕢 😇 🚿 Delivering Mar 13, 2023 15:14	Suspend Delete
Security Analysis	☐ c Latest PIPE c	ouspenu Delete
Security Orchest 🔹		
Settings 👻		

Step 5 On the **Data Delivery** tab page, locate the row of the target delivery task and click **Start** in the **Operation** column.

After a delivery task is restarted, the delivery task status changes to **Delivering**, indicating that the delivery task is successfully started.

----End

Deleting a Delivery Task

If a data delivery task is no longer needed, you can delete it.

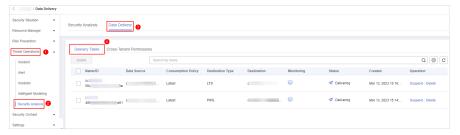
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 11-141 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Security Analysis. On the Security Analysis page that is displayed, click the Data Delivery tab. The Data Delivery page is displayed.

Figure 11-142 Data Delivery tab page



Step 5 On the **Data Delivery** tab page, locate the row of the target delivery task and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.

----End

12 Security Orchestration

12.1 Security Orchestration Overview

Security orchestration combines security functions of different systems or components in a system involved in security operations of enterprises and organizations based on certain logical relationships to complete a specific security operations process and procedure. It aims to help security teams of enterprises and organizations quickly and efficiently respond to network threats and implement efficient and automatic response and handling of security incidents.

In security orchestration, playbooks and workflows are core elements. They are associated, dependent on each other, and work together to enable efficient security operations. **The following describes how they work together:**

• Definition:

 A playbook is a formal representation of the security operations workflow in a security orchestration system. A playbook converts the security operations workflows and procedures into a machine-readable work flow. A playbook is a predefined, structured response plan used to handle specific types of incidents or threats. A playbook explicitly lists the steps and actions to be taken under certain trigger conditions, such as the detection of a specific security incident.

Playbooks embody the logic of security protection controls and schedule security capabilities. Playbooks are flexible and scalable. They can be modified and extended based on actual requirements to adapt to everchanging security threats and service requirements.

A playbook can have only one workflow.

 A workflow is a collaborative work mode that integrates various capabilities related to security operation, such as tools, technologies, workflows, and personnel. It consists of multiple connected components. After defined in a workflow, these components can be triggered externally. For example, when a new service ticket is generated, the automatic service ticket review workflow is automatically triggered. You can use the visual canvas to define component actions for each node in a workflow. A workflow is a response mode when a playbook is triggered. Workflows convert instructions and procedures in the corresponding playbook into specific actions and execution steps.

- Relationships and differences
 - Relationship: A playbook provides guidance and rules for secure operations, and its workflow is responsible for converting these rules into specific execution steps and actions. A playbook and its workflow depend on each other. The playbook guides the execution of the workflow, while the workflow implements the intent and requirements of the playbook.
 - Differences: There are also some differences between playbooks and workflows. First, playbooks focus more on defining and describing security operation processes and regulations, so they focus on the overall framework and policies. Workflows focus more on specific actions and execution steps, so they focus on how to convert requirements in playbooks into actual actions. Second, playbooks are flexible and scalable, and can be modified and extended as required. However, workflows are relatively fixed. Once the design is complete, they need to follow the specified steps.

Example: Take a specific cyber security incident response case as an example. When an organization suffers from a network attack, the security orchestration system first identifies the attack type and severity based on the preset playbook. Then, the system automatically triggers corresponding security measures based on the workflow defined in the playbook, such as isolating the attacked system, collecting attack data, and notifying the security team. During the process, playbooks and workflows work closely to ensure the accuracy and timeliness of security responses.

Security Orchestration Process

The process of using security orchestration is as follows.

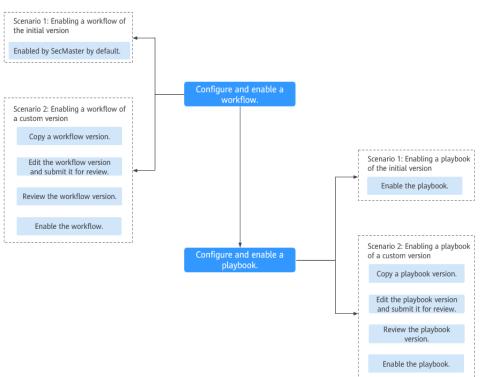


Figure 12-1 Security orchestration process

Table 12-1	Procedure
------------	-----------

No.	Operation	Description	
1	Enabling a Workflow	A workflow determines how a playbook responds to threats when it is triggered. SecMaster provides some preconfigured workflows, such as WAF one-click unblocking, HSS alert synchronization, and alert metric extraction.	
		Workflows can be enabled in the following scenarios:	
		• Scenario 1: Using a workflow of the initial version The initial version (V1) of a workflow is automatically enabled.	
		• Scenario 2: Using a workflow of a custom version You can copy the initial version of a workflow and edit it to create a custom workflow version. To enable a custom workflow version, take the following steps:	
		1. Copy a workflow version.	
		2. Edit and submit the workflow version.	
		3. Review the workflow version.	
		4. Enable the workflow.	

No.	Operation	Description						
2	Enabling a Playbook	A playbook describes how SecMaster handles a type of security issues. Playbooks express security operations process of SecMaster in the entire security orchestration system.						
		By default, SecMaster provides playbooks such as Fetching indicator from alert, Synchronization of HSS alert status, and Automatic closing of repeated alerts. The initial version (V1) of the playbooks has been activated. You only need to enable them.						
		If you need to edit a playbook, you can copy the initial version and edit it.						
		Playbooks can be enabled in the following scenarios:						
		 Scenario 1: Using a playbook of the initial version The initial version (V1) of a playbook is activated by default. So you can enable a playbook of the initial version directly. For details, see Enabling a Playbook. 						
		 Scenario 2: Using a playbook of a custom version If you want to use a playbook that is not enabled, you can modify the playbook version and then enable it. To enable a custom playbook version, take the following steps: 						
		1. Copy a playbook of a version.						
		2. Edit and submit the playbook version.						
		3. Review the playbook version.						
		4. Enable the playbook.						

12.2 Playbook Orchestration Management

12.2.1 Enabling a Workflow

A workflow determines how a playbook responds to threats when it is triggered. SecMaster provides some preconfigured workflows, such as WAF one-click unblocking, HSS alert synchronization, and alert metric extraction. The initial version (V1) of a workflow is automatically enabled. You can edit existing workflow versions to create custom workflows.

This topic describes how to configure and enable custom workflows. The procedure is as follows:

- Copy a workflow version.
- Editing and Submitting a Workflow Version
- Review the workflow version.
- Enable the workflow.

Prerequisites

The workflow must have an activated version. For details, see **Managing Workflow Versions**.

Copying a Workflow Version

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-2 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Own 0 C - Gars and set/systel for seed. 0
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-3 Workflows tab

< / Pi	aybooks	/ Workflows														
Security Situation Resource Manager	Piz	aybooks	Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	ement										
Risk Prevention •			Pending	review 0			Not enabled	14			Enabled	20				
Security Orchestration			renuing				NUT CHADICU	14			LINGUICU	20				
Objects											Status	All	• Name	Enter a keyword.	QC	; C
Layouts		Nan	ne		Dataclass	Workflo 7	7 Workflo 7	Current	Created	Created	Update	Updated At	Description	Operation		
Plugins Settings v		er94	t notification via atta 123	ack link analysis 3a617167	Alert	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:40 G	-	Disable Version Mana	gement	
		et-	-click release 41	t2e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:41 G	-	Enable Version Mana	ement Delete	.]

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.

Figure 12-4 Version Management page

Add Import						Status		→ Nam	е У Е	nter a keyword.	0 0 B
Name	Data	W 🗑	w T	Cu	Cr	Created	Up	Updated At	Description	Operation	
CIS_Ensuring IAM Policies Are Not C	Base	Enab	Base	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Operation A	
Create Intelligence	Indic	Enab	Gene	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Disable Version Management	

- Step 6 On the Version Management slide-out panel for the workflow, in the Version Information area, locate the row containing the target workflow version, and click Clone in the Operation column.
- Step 7 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

----End

Editing and Submitting a Workflow Version

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-5 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-6 Workflows tab

	/ Playbook	s / Workflows											
Security Situation Resource Manager	*	Playbooks Workflows Asset conner	tion Instance Manag	ement									
Risk Prevention Threat Operations Security Orchestration	Ď	Pending review 0			Not enabled	14			Enabled	20			
Objects Playbooks									Status	AI	• Name	 Enter a keyword. 	QCĽ
Layouts Plugins		Name Net notification via attack link analysis Alexandre	Dataclass	Workflo 7	Workflo 😨	Current	Created	Created 2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	Update	Updated At 2023/08/08 23:42:40 G	Description	Operation Disable Version M	
Settings	•	ef9423 sa61716	7 Alart	Notenabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G		2023/08/08 23:42:40 G		Enable Version Ma	·

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.

Figure 12-7 Version Management page



- Step 6 On the Version Management slide-out panel for the workflow, in the Version Information area, locate the row containing the target workflow version, and click Edit in the Operation column.
- **Step 7** On the workflow canvas, drag basic, workflow, and plug-in nodes from **Resource Libraries** on the left to the canvas on the right.

Param	eter		Description
Basic	Basic Node	StartEvent	The start of the workflow. Each workflow can have only one start node. The entire workflow starts from the start node.

 Table 12-2 Resource Libraries parameters

Deve	- h		Description
Param	eter		Description
		EndEvent	The end of the workflow. Each workflow can have multiple end nodes, but the workflow must end with an end node.
		UserTask	When the workflow execution reaches this node, the workflow is suspended and a to-do task is generated.
			The subsequent nodes in the workflow continue to be executed only after the user task is completed.
			Table 12-3 describes the manual reviewparameters.
		SubProcess	Another workflow added in the workflow. It is equivalent to the loop body in the workflow.
	System Gatew ay	ExclusiveGa teway	For an exclusive, diverging gateway, the workflow chooses only the path that matches the conditional expression to proceed.
			For an exclusive, converging gateway, the workflow chooses the path arrives the gateway first to proceed.
		ParallelGate way	For a parallel, diverging gateway, the workflow executes all paths arrive the gateway.
			For a parallel, converging gateway, the workflow executes the subsequent node only when all paths arrive the gateway. (If one path fails, the entire workflow fails.)
		InclusiveGat eway	For an inclusive, diverging gateway, the workflow executes all paths that match conditional expressions.
			For an inclusive, converging gateway, the workflow executes the subsequent node only when all paths executed during diverging arrive the gateway. (If one path fails, the entire workflow fails.)
Workflo	ows		You can select all released workflows in the current workspace.
Plug-in	S		You can select all plug-ins in the current workspace.

Parameter	Description
Primary key ID	A primary key ID is generated by the system. You can change it if needed.
Name	Name of the manual review node.
Valid Till	Time the manual review node expires.
Description	Description of the manual review node.
View Parameters	Click \gg . On the Select Context pane displayed, select a parameter. To add a parameter, click Add Parameter .
Manual Processing Parameters	Input Parameter Key. To add a parameter, click Add Parameter .

Table 12-3 UserTask parameters

Step 8 After the design is complete, click **Save and Submit** in the upper right corner. In the automatic workflow verification dialog box displayed, click **OK**.

If the workflow verification fails, check the workflow based on the failure message.

----End

Reviewing a Workflow Version

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-8 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-9 Workflows tab

	/ Playbo	oks / Workflows														
Security Situation Resource Manager	• •	Playbooks	Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	ement										
Risk Prevention Threat Operations Security Orchestration	ž		Pending	g review O			Not enable	ed 14			Enabled	i 20				
Objects Playbooks											Status		• Na		Enter a keyword.	QCE
Layouts Plugins Settings	÷		ame lert notification via atta 9423	ack link analysis 3a617167	Dataclass Alert	Workflo 7 Enabled	Workflo	∑ Current	Created	Created 2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	Update	Updated At 2023/08/08 23:42:40 G	Description	•	Operation Disable Version Manage	ment
			ne-click release e14t	b2e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:41 G	-		Enable Version Manager	ment Delete

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.

Figure 12-10 Version Management page

Add Import						Status All		∽ Nam	o ~ 1	Enter a keyword.	00
Name	Data	W 🖓	w T	Cu	Cr	Created	Up	Updated At	Description	Operation	
CIS_Ensuring IAM Policies Are Not C	Base	Enab	Base	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Operation A	
Create Intelligence	Indic	Enab	Gene	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Disable Version Management	

- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, click **Review** in the **Operation** column of the target workflow.
- **Step 7** Set **Comment**. **Table 12-4** describes the parameters.

Parameter	Description
Comment	 Select the review conclusion. Passed: If the workflow version is approved, the status of the workflow version changes to Activated.
	• Reject . If the workflow version is rejected, the status of the workflow version changes to Rejected . You can edit the workflow version and submit it again.
Reason for Rejection	Enter the review comment. This parameter is mandatory when Reject is selected for Comment .

 Table 12-4 Workflow review parameters

NOTE

- You can edit a rejected workflow version. For details, see Managing Workflow Versions.
- Workflow version status change:

If the current workflow has only one workflow version, the status of the approved workflow version **Status** is **Activated** by default.

Step 8 Click OK to complete the workflow version review.

----End

Enabling a Workflow

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

SecMaster	Management (1)
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-12 Workflows tab

	/ Playbo	colis / Workflows												
Security Situation	٠	Playbooks Workflows Asset connection In	stance Manager	nent										
Resource Manager	۳	3												
Risk Prevention	٣													
Threat Operations	o l	Pending review 0		N	lot enabled	14			Enabled	20				
Security Orchestration	*													
Objects									Status	м	* Name	 Enter a lo 	want O	СС
Playbooks														
Layouts		Name	Dataclass	Workflo 🍞	Workflo 7	Current	Created	Created	Update	Updated At	Description	Operat	ion	
Plugins Settings	•	Aiert notification via attack link analysis ef9423 3a617167	Alert	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/06/06 23:42:40 G	-	Disable	Version Management	
		One-click release ae14t b2e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/06/06 23:42:41 G	-	Enable	Version Management	Delete

- **Step 5** In the row containing the target workflow, click **Enable** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** In the slide-out panel that is displayed, select the workflow version to be enabled and click **OK**.

----End

12.2.2 Enabling a Playbook

A playbook describes how SecMaster handles a type of security issues. Playbooks express security operations process of SecMaster in the entire security orchestration system.

By default, SecMaster provides playbooks such as Fetching indicator from alert, Synchronization of HSS alert status, and Automatic closing of repeated alerts. The initial version (V1) of the playbooks has been activated. You only need to enable them.

If you need to edit a playbook, you can copy the initial version and edit it.

This section describes how to configure and enable a playbook.

- Scenario 1: The initial version (V1) of a playbook is activated by default. So you can enable a playbook of the initial version directly. For details, see **Enabling a Playbook**.
- Scenario 2: If you want to use a playbook that is not enabled, you can modify the playbook version and then enable it. To enable a custom playbook version, take the following steps:
 - Copy a playbook version.
 - Edit and submit the playbook version.
 - Reviewing a Playbook Version
 - Enabling a Playbook

Prerequisites

- The workflow associated with the playbook has been enabled. For details, see **Enabling a Workflow**.
- The playbook has an activated version. For details, see Activating/ Deactivating a Playbook Version.

Copying a Playbook Version

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-13 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-14 Accessing the Playbooks tab

Security Situation	Pt	aybooks	s Workflowe	s Asset co	innection	Instance	Managemen						
Fisk Prevention													
Threat Operations			Pendi	ing review O)			Not ena	bled 9		Enabled 0		
Objects													
Playbooks 😢										Status	Al	Name • Enter a keywo	et. Q C 🖬 🗐
Layouts			Name	Detaclass	Playb 7	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation
Plugins			Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt	۲	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +
Setings •			Autometic clo	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +
			Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +
			Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/00/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the **Version Information** area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Clone** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 7 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

----End

Editing and Submitting a Playbook Version

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-15 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Coase C Litter vanue and huppent for menh.
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	. C ⊚ © mit.c. 0 mi

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-16 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	/ Play	books / F	Playbooks											
Security Situation 👻														
Resource Manager 🔹 👻		aybooks	Workflows	Asset cor	nection	instance	Management							
Risk Provention *														
Threat Operations -			Pendir	ng review 0				Not enab	bled 9		Enabled 0			
Security Orchestration														
Objects														
Playbooks 🕗										Status	Al •	Name	Enter a keyword. Q C	i 🐵
Layouts			Name	Detaclass	Playb 7	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation	
Plugins			Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	w1	2	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	
Settings •							-							
			Autometic clo	Alert	Not esab	*1	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/06/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	
			Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	w1	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	
			Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GWT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:03		Enable More +	

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the **Version Information** area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 7** On the page for editing a playbook version, edit the version information.
- Step 8 Click OK.
- **Step 9** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Submit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 10** In the confirmation dialog box, click **OK** to submit the playbook version.

- After the playbook version is submitted, Version Status changes to Pending review.
- After a playbook version is submitted, it cannot be edited. To edit it, create a version or reject it during review.

----End

Reviewing a Playbook Version

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-17 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Own 0 C that scales and stopped for memb. 0
Security Covernance 🗸 🗸	C C C

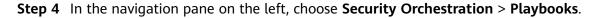


Figure 12-18 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	/ Play	ybooks /	Playbooks												
Security Situation +	_	Ptwtoois Workflows Asset connection Instance Management													
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	-	laybooks	3 Wondows	Asset col	nection	instance	wanagement								
Risk Prevention •															
Threat Operations 💌			Pendir	ng review 0				Not enab	bled 9		Enabled 0				
Security Orchestration	•														
Objects															
Playbooks 🕴										Status	Al •	Norne • Enter a keywor	4 Q C 🖸 🖲		
Layouts			Name	Dataclass	Playb 🍞	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation		
Plugins			Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/06/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +		
Settings 👻			Autometic clo	Alert	Not enab		2		2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00		2023/06/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +		
			Automatic clo	Alert	Not enab	*1	<u> </u>	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GM1+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GM1+08:00		Enable More *		
	4		Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	w1	2	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +		
			Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	۲	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enoble More +		

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, click **Review**.
- **Step 7** On the **Review Playbook Version** page, enter the review information. **Table 12-5** describes the parameters for reviewing a playbook version.

Table 12-5 Parameters	for reviewing	a playbook version
-----------------------	---------------	--------------------

Parameter	Description
Comment	Select the review conclusion.
	• Passed : If the playbook version is approved, the status of the workflow version changes to Activated .
	• Reject . If the playbook version is rejected, the status of the workflow version changes to Rejected . You can edit the workflow version and submit it again.
Reason for Rejection	This parameter is mandatory when Comment is Reject . Enter the review comment. This parameter is mandatory when Reject is selected for Comment .

If there is only one version available for the current playbook, the version is in the **Activated** state by default after being approved.

Step 8 Click **OK** to complete the playbook version review.

----End

Enabling a Playbook

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-19 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-20 Accessing the Playbooks tab

			- approved										
Security Situation	P	laybooks	Warkflows	Asset co	rnection	Instance	Management						
Risk Prevention Threat Operations Security Orchestration			Pendi	ng review 0				Not enal	Enabled 0				
Objects Playbooks										Status			Enter a keyword. Q C E
Pugins Settings			Name Automatic noti	Detaclass	Not enab		Monitori	Created By system	Created 2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	Updated By system	Updated At 2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	Description	Operation Enable More +
(and)			Autometic clo		Not enab		8	system system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00 2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system system	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Erable : More +
			Automatic noti		Not enab		0	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target playbook, click **Enable**.

Step 6 Select the playbook version you want to enable and click **OK**.

----End

12.2.3 Managing Workflows

Scenario

This section describes how to manage workflows, including **Viewing Workflows**, **Exporting Workflows**, **Deleting Workflows**, and **Disabling a Workflow**.

Viewing Workflows

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-21 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Costa C Costa and and and and and and and and and an
Security Covernance 🧹	C ○ ○ Control decard Series Proper c Proper c

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

<)//	Playboo	is / Workflous												
Security Situation		Playbooks Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	ement									
Threat Operations Security Orchestration		Pend	ing review 0		ľ	Not enabled	14			Enabled	20			
Objects Playbooks										Status		• Name	• Enter a keyword.	Q C [
Layouts Plugins Settings		Alert notification via ef9423	attack link analysis 3a617167	Dataclass	Workflo 7	Workflo 7	' Current	Created	Created 2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	Update system	Updated At 2023/08/08 23:42:40 G	Description	Operation Disable Version Manap	ement
		One-click release ae14t	b2e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/06/06 23:42:41 G	-	Enable Version Manage	ment Delete

Figure 12-22 Workflows tab



Figure 12-23 Viewing workflows

	Pending review 0		N	ot enabled	10			Enabled	5			
							Status	All	•	Name • Ente	r a keyword. Q. C	C
	Name	Dataclass	Workfl 🍞	Workfl 🏆	Curren	Create	Created	Updat	Updated At	Description	Operation	
	Automatic renaming of alarm names 02b1b5d8-20a3-32dc-a02c-044db9a2e232	Alert	Not enabled	General	vt	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:54		Enable Version Management Delet	•
	Automatic security blocking of WAF attacks 2c8968aa-84db-36c2-8992-6c7f16d33e49	Alert	Not enabled	General	vt	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:54		Enable Version Management Delet	**
	ECS Asset Connector 2fbe000-80c8-3c3e-993e-50f0183ecd17	Common	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:55	-	Disable Version Management	
	Vulnerability fixing 463def0b-4639-37f2-bbdid-761c9c59254f	Vulnerability	Not enabled	General	vt	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:55	-	Enable Version Management Delet	60
	WebSite Asset Connector 4b2535b7-d17b-37ec-a631-a36fe0420082	Common	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:55	-	Disable Version Management	
	RDS Asset Connector 6919do48-d534-3723-b38f-78091a00e5fb	Common	Enabled	General	v1	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:55		Disable Version Management	
	WAF interception 90219a8e-1b64-316e-aa88-3t028cb4de0f	Alert	Not enabled	General	v1	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:55		Enable Version Management Delet	•
	EIP Asset Connector 991431df-82a4-3da2-a076-23ed63020c88	Common	Enabled	General	vl	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:55	-	Disable Version Management	
	Automatic notification of high-risk alerts 9bc890dd-068a-3486-8t21-6077e1fb4bd2	Alert	Not enabled	General	vl	system	2023/06/07 09:54:52	system	2023/06/07 09:54:54	-	Enable Version Management Delet	
10	▼ Total Records: 15 < 1 2 >											

- The numbers of **Pending review**, **Not enabled**, and **Enabled** workflows are displayed above the workflow list.
- View information about existing workflows in the workflow list.
 If there are many workflows displayed use filters to coarse for a specific statement.

If there are many workflows displayed, use filters to search for a specific one.

Table 12-6 Workflow parameters

Parameter	Description
Name	Workflow name
Dataclass	Data class corresponding to a workflow.
Workflow Status	Current status of a workflow. The status can be Enabled or Disabled .
Workflow Type	Current type of a workflow.
Current Version	Current version of a workflow.
Created By	User who creates the workflow.
Created	Time when a workflow was created
Updated By	User who modifies the workflow last time.

Parameter	Description
Updated At	Time when a workflow is last updated.
Description	A description of the workflow.
Operation	You can perform operations such as enabling and managing versions in the Operation column.

• To view details about a workflow, click its name to access its details page.

----End

Exporting Workflows

NOTE

Workflows in the **Enabled** state can be exported.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-24 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🛞
Security Overview Warkspaces	Own O O that some and hypother to each. O
Security Covernance 🗸 🗸	C © © Miles 0 Vallezal0 Alets 0 Industrs 0 Alets 0 Security A0 Industrs 0 Page 6 0 Page 8 0

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-25 Workflows tab

$\langle \rangle$	/ Playb	ooks / Workfi	ous													
Security Situation	٠	Playbooks	Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	mont										
Resource Manager	۳	Playuouks	- MOINIOWS	Asset connection	instance manage											
Risk Prevention	۳															
Threat Operations	ř		Pendir	ng review 0		1	lot enabled	14			Enabled	20				
Security Orchestration	*															
Objects											Status		• Name	 Enter a keyword. 	0	сĽ
Playbooks 2													• Name		ų	
Layouts			Name		Dataclass	Workflo 7	Workflo 7	Current	Created	Created	Update	Updated At	Description	Operation		
Plugins Settings	Ŧ		Alert notification via a ef9423	itack link analysis 3a617167	Alert	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/06 23:42:40 G	-	Disable Version Mana	gement	
			One-click release ae141	62e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:41 G	-	Enable Version Manag	jement De	iete

- **Step 5** On the **Workflows** tab page, select the workflows to be exported and click ^C in the upper right corner of the list.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box that is displayed, click **OK**. The system exports the workflows to the local host.

----End

Deleting Workflows

NOTE

All of the following conditions must be met before you can delete a workflow:

- The workflow is in the **Disabled** state.
- The workflow does not contain an activated workflow version.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-26 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (i)
Security Overview Workspaces	Coase Coase and the second sec
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C. © C 0 0 Mids.c. Mids.t. New climate New Climat

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-27 Workflows tab

	/ Playb	ocks / Workflor	15														
Security Situation	۳	Playbooks	Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	mont											
Resource Manager	۳	Fidyuouks	TIOINIONS	Asset Connection	misiance manage												
Risk Prevention	٠																
Threat Operations	ď		Pendin	ng review 0			Not enabled	i 14			Enabled	20					
Security Orchestration	•																
Objects											Status			Name	 Enter a key 		
Playbooks											oraius	All	٣	Name	 Enter a key 	word.	
Layouts			Name		Dataclass	Workflo 7	7 Workflo 7	7 Current	Created	Created	Update	Updated At	Descri	ption	Operatio	n	
Plugins Settings	•		Alert notification via a ef9423	itlack link analysis 3a617167	Alert	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/06/06 23:42:40 G	-		Disable	Version Manageme	nt
			One-click release ae14t	6269027	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/06/06 23:42:41 G	-		Enable	Version Managemen	t Delete

- **Step 5** On the **Workflows** tab page, locate the row containing the target workflow and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

NOTE

During deletion, all historical versions in the current workflow are deleted by default. Deleted versions cannot be restored.

----End

Disabling a Workflow

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

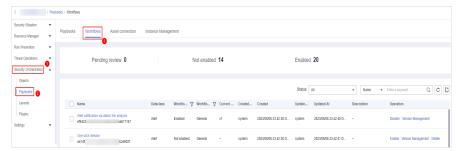
Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-28 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-29 Workflows tab



- **Step 5** In the row containing the target workflow, click **Disable** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box that is displayed, click **OK**.

----End

12.2.4 Managing Workflow Versions

Scenario

This section describes how to manage workflow versions, including **Copying a** Workflow Version, Editing a Workflow Version, Submitting a Workflow Version, Activating/Deactivating a Workflow Version, and Deleting a Workflow Version.

Copying a Workflow Version

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-30 Workspace management page

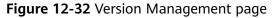
SecMaster	Management 🕥
Security Overview Wastspaces	Costa C Etter vanue ardityses for seen.
Security Covernance 🤍 🤟	C C O Mex. Mex.

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-31 Workflows tab

<	/ Play	books / Workflows												
Security Situation	٣	Playbooks Workflows	Asset connection											
Resource Manager	٠	Playbooks Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	emeni									
Risk Prevention	٣	· · · ·												
Threat Operations	0	Pending	review 0			Not enabled	14			Enabled	20			
Security Orchestration	•													
Objects										Status		• Name	 Enter a keyword. 	QCĽ
Playbooks 🖉										010000	AL	* Nalle	 Enter a neywork. 	
Layouts		Name		Dataclass	Workflo 7	Workflo 7	Current	Created	Created	Update	Updated At	Description	Operation	
Plugins		Alert notification via attac	k link analysis 33617167	Alert	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:40 G	-	Disable Version Mana	igement
Settings	٠													
		One-click release ae14t	62e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:41 G	-	Enable Version Mana	gement Delete

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.



Add Import						Status All		∼ Nam	0 ¥ E	nter a keyword.	QQZ
Name	Data	W	w T	Cu	Cr	Created	Up	Updated At	Description	Operation	
CIS_Ensuring IAM Policies Are Not C	Base	Enab	Base	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Operation A	
Create Intelligence	Indic	Enab	Gene	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Version Management	

- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired workflow version, and click **Copy** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 7 In the dialog box displayed, click OK.

----End

Editing a Workflow Version

NOTE

You can only edit a workflow version whose version status is **To be submitted** or **Rejected**.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-33 Workspace management page

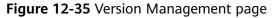
SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Watespaces Annual A	CM 0 Q. Dira statu at input for seals. 0
Security Governance 🗸	C @ Contract C @ Contract Contrat Contrat Contract Contract Contract

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-34 Workflows tab

$\langle \cdot $	/ Plays	books / Workflows												
Security Situation	٣	The deside	A											
Resource Manager	٠	Playbooks Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manaç	jemeni.									
Risk Prevention	٠													
Threat Operations	a l	Pendin	ig review 0			Not enabled	14			Enabled	1 20			
Security Orchestration	•													
Objects														
Playbooks 🖉										Status	Al	* Name	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Layouts		Name		Dataclass	Workflo D	Workflo 7	Current	Created	Created	Update	Updated At	Description	Operation	
Plugins Settings		Alert notification via at ef9423	ttack link analysis 3a617167	Alert	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/06/06 23:42:40 G	-	Disable Version Man	tagement
		One-click release	0269021	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:41 G	-	Enable Version Man	agement Daleta

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.



Add						Status All		✓ Nam	ю У Е	nter a keyword.	QQZ
Name	Data	w	w T	Cu	Cr	Created	Up	Updated At	Description	Operation	
CIS_Ensuring IAM Policies Are Not C	Base	Enab	Base	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Operation A	
Create Intelligence	Indic	Enab	Gene	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Version Management	

- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired workflow version, and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 7** On the workflow canvas, drag basic, workflow, and plug-in nodes from **Resource Libraries** on the left to the canvas on the right.

Param	eter		Description
Basic	Basic Node	StartEvent	The start of the workflow. Each workflow can have only one start node. The entire workflow starts from the start node.
		EndEvent	The end of the workflow. Each workflow can have multiple end nodes, but the workflow must end with an end node.
		UserTask	When the workflow execution reaches this node, the workflow is suspended and a to-do task is generated on the Task Center page.
			The subsequent nodes in the workflow continue to be executed only after the user task is completed.
			Table 12-8 describes the manual reviewparameters.
		Step	Another workflow added in the workflow. It is equivalent to the loop body in the workflow.

Table 12-7 Resource Libraries parameter	Table 12-7	Resource	Libraries	parameters
---	------------	----------	-----------	------------

Param	eter		Description			
	System Gatew ay	ExclusiveGa teway	For diverged line flows, the workflow chooses only the first line flow that matches the conditional expression to proceed. During line flow converging, the workflow			
			chooses the line flow first arrives to proceed.			
		ParallelGate	During line diverging, all lines are executed.			
	way		During line converging, the subsequent node can be executed only when all lines arrive. (If one line fails, the entire workflow fails.)			
		InclusiveGat eway	During line diverging, all lines that match conditional expressions are executed.			
			The subsequent node can be executed only when all executed diverged lines arrive the inclusive gateway. (If one line fails, the entire workflow fails.)			
Workflo	Workflows		You can select all released workflows in the current workspace.			
Plug-in	S		You can select all plug-ins in the current workspace.			

Table 12-8 UserTask parameters

Parameter	Description
Primary key ID	A primary key ID is generated by the system. You can change it if needed.
Name	Name of the manual review node.
Valid Till	Time the manual review node expires.
Description	Description of the manual review node.
View Parameters	Click \gg . On the Select Context pane displayed, select a parameter. To add a parameter, click Add Parameter .
Manual Processing Parameters	Input Parameter Key. To add a parameter, click Add Parameter .

Step 8 After the design is complete, click **Save and Submit** in the upper right corner. In the automatic workflow verification dialog box displayed, click **OK**.

If the workflow verification fails, check the workflow based on the failure message.

----End

Submitting a Workflow Version

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-36 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Own O O that wave and hypothetic mech. O
Security Governmence 🤍	Image: C @ Image:

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-37 Workflows tab

< / Play	books / Workflows				
Security Situation 🔹	Playbooks Workflows Asset connection	istance Management			
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻	Asset connection	isianue inanagenieni.			
Risk Prevention 💌					
Threat Operations	Pending review 0	Not enabled 14		Enabled 20	
Security Orchestration					
Objects				Status AI	Name Fiter a keyword. Q C C
Playbooks 2					
Layouts	Name	Dataclass Workflo Workflo Current	Created Created	Update Updated At	Description Operation
Plugins Settings 💌	ef9423 sa617167	Alert Enabled General v1	system 2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system 2023/08/08 23:42:40 G	- Disable Version Management
	One-click release ae14t b2e902f	Alert Not enabled General	system 2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system 2023/08/08 23:42:41 G	- Enable Version Management Delete

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.

Figure 12-38 Version Management page

Add Import						Status All		✓ Nam	10 V E	nter a keyword.	QQZ
Name	Data	w	w T	Cu	Cr	Created	Up	Updated At	Description	Operation	
CIS_Ensuring IAM Policies Are Not C	Base	Enab	Base	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Operation A	
Create Intelligence	Indic	Enab	Gene	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Version Management	

Step 6 On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired workflow version, and click **Submit** in the **Operation** column.

Figure 12-39 Submitting a workflow version

Version Mar	ersion Management ×										
Basic Informa	tion										
Workflow name		Dat	aclass	PolicyRecord							
Workflow type	General	Wo	rkflow status	Enabled							
Created By		Cre	ated	2023/10/24 09:17:10 GMT+08:00							
Updated By		Upo	dated At	2023/10/24 09:17:47 GMT+08:00							
Version Inform	nation										
Version	Status	Results	Description	o Operation							
Draft Version	TDraft	-	-	Edit Submit Delete							
v1	Activated			Deactivate Clone							

Step 7 In the confirmation dialog box, click OK to submit the workflow version.

NOTE

- After the workflow version is submitted, the **Version Status** changes to **Pending Review**.
- After a workflow version is submitted, it cannot be edited. If you need to edit it, you can create a version or reject it during review.

----End

Activating/Deactivating a Workflow Version

NOTE

- Only workflow versions in the **Inactive** state can be activated.
- Each workflow can have only one activated version.
- After the current version is activated, the previously activated version is deactivated. For example, if the V2 version is activated this time, the V1 version in the activated state is deactivated and changes to the deactivated state.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-40 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces ^ Management 2 Purchased Resources	Count Chi C: Etter a sear and hypered for memb. Chi
Security Governance 🤍 🤟	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-41 Workflows tab

	/ Playb	ooks / Workflows													
Security Situation Resource Manager	* *	Playbooks	Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	ment									
Risk Prevention Threat Operations Security Orchestration	ž		Pending	review O			Not enabled	14			Enabled	20			
Objects Playbooks		Na			Dataclass	Wester 7	Workflo 7	Current	Constant	Constant	Status [All Updated At	Name Description	Enter a keyword. Operation	QC
Plugins	•	Ale	ert notification via atta 1423	ack link analysis 38617167	Alert	Enabled	General	v1	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G		2023/06/06 23:42:40 G		Disable Version Manage	ment
		aet	re-click release 141	b2e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:41 G	-	Enable Version Manage	ment Delete

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.

Figure 12-42 Version Management page

Add Import						Status All		✓ Nam	10 V E	inter a keyword.	Q Q B
Name	Data	W	w	Cu	Cr	Created	Up	Updated At	Description	Operation	
CIS_Ensuring IAM Policies Are Not C	Base	Enab	Base	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Operation A	
Create Intelligence	Indic	Enab	Gene	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Disable Version Management	

Step 6 On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired workflow version, and click **Activate** or **Deactivate** in the **Operation** column.

Figure 12-43 Example deactivating a workflow version

Basic Informatio	on						
Vorkflow name		Dat	aclass	Alert			
Process type	Common	Pro	cess status	Unabled			
created By		Cre	ated	2022/11/30 16:43:12 GMT+08:00			
fodified By		Upd	dated	2022/11/30 16:45:44 GMT+08:00			

Step 7 In the dialog box that is displayed, click **OK**.

----End

Deleting a Workflow Version

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-44 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (1)
Security Overview Wastspaces	Com C Constant Consta
Security Governance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, select the **Workflows** tab.

Figure 12-45 \	Workflows tab
----------------	---------------

$\langle \cdot $	/ Playb	icolis / Workflous														
Security Situation	۳	Playbooks	Workflows	Asset connection	Instance Manage	mant										
Resource Manager	۳	riayoona		Asser connection	matarice manage	antonik										
Risk Prevention	٠															
Threat Operations	a,	Pending review 0 Not enabled 14									Enabled 20					
Security Orchestration	•															
Objects																
Playbooks 2											Status	All	* Name	 Enter a k 	eyword.	QCĽ
Layouts		Na	sme		Dataclass	Workflo 7	Workflo 7	Current	Created	Created	Update	Updated At	Description	Opera	tion	
Plugins Settings			ert notification via at 9423	tack link analysis 3a617167	Alert	Enabled	General	vt	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/08/08 23:42:40 G	-	Disabl	e Version Managen	rent
			ne-click release 141	62e902f	Alert	Not enabled	General	-	system	2023/08/08 23:42:38 G	system	2023/06/06 23:42:41 G	-	Enable	Version Managerr	ent Delete

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the target workflow, click **More** and select **Version Management**.

Figure 12-46 Version Management page

Add Import						Status All		∨ Nam	• V En	nter a keyword.	QQB
Name	Data V	w 🗑 📃 🗤	w 🗑 🛛 c	u	Cr	Created	Up	Updated At	Description	Operation	
CIS_Ensuring IAM Policies Are Not C	Base E	Enab E	Base	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0		Operation A	
Create Intelligence	Indic E	Enab C	Gene	v1	sy	Oct 19, 2024 1	sy	Oct 20, 2024 0	-	Version Management	

- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row of the target workflow version, and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 7 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

NOTE

Deleted workflow versions cannot be retrieved. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

----End

12.2.5 Managing Playbooks

Scenario

This section describes how to manage playbooks, including Viewing Existing Playbooks, Exporting Playbooks, Disabling a Playbook, and Deleting a Playbook.

Viewing Existing Playbooks

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-47 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Could C Litter a sear and inspirate for ments
Security Covernance 🧹	C O O Meta C Meta C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-48 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	/ Playbooks / Pla	aybooks											
Security Situation 👻		-											
Resource Manager 🛛 👻	Playbooks	Workflows	Asset cor	mection	Instance	Management							
Risk Prevention •													
Threat Operations 🔹		Pendin	g review 0				Not enal	bled 9		Enabled 0			
Security Orchestration													
Objects													
Playbooks 2									Status	All v	Norre • Enter	a kayword. Q C 🖸	۲
Layouts		Same	Dataclass	Playb 🍞	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation	
Plugins		Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	
Satings 👻		Automatic clo	Alert	Not enab	-1	۵	avatern	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08.00	system	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	
		Contrast Co	7460	100.0180				20230023200030000	ayaaan	202200222000300000000		CIERCE INTO -	
	• • •	Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	v1	2	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08.00	system	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	
		Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	0	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	

Step 5 On the **Playbooks** tab page, view playbook information.

laybooks Workflows Asset	connection	Instance Manager	nent				
Pending review)		Not enabled 7		Enabled 1		
Add Import				Status All	•	Name 💌 Enter a keywor	d Q C E 6
Name Dataclass P	I 🏹 Cur	Monit Created	By Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation
Synchroni Alert N	ot e	system system	2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00	system	2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00	**	Enable More +
Automatic Vulnera N	ot e	system system	2023/06/07 09:53:30 (3MT+08:00	system	2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More 👻
Automatic Alert N	ote	svstem	2023/06/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00	system	2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More 👻

2023/06/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00 system

2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00 system

2023/06/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00 system

system

2023/06/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00

Figure 12-49 Viewing playbook information

• The numbers of **Pending review**, **Not enabled**, and **Enabled** playbooks are displayed above the playbook list.

2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00

2023/05/07 09:54:55 GMT+08:00 --

2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00 ---

2023/06/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00 -

2023/05/07 09:53:30 GMT+08:00

e More 🕶

Disable | Version

Enable | More +

able | More +

able | More 👻

• View the information about existing playbooks.

If there are many playbooks displayed, use filters to search for a specific one. To view details about a playbook, click its name to go to its details page.

Table 12-9 Playbook parameters

3

Parameter	Description							
Name	Name of the playbook to be created.							
Dataclass	Data class of the playbook							
Playbook Status	Current status of the playbook The status can be Enabled or Disabled.							
Current Version	Current version of the playbook							

Parameter	Description
Monitoring	Click 🖾 to view the playbook running monitoring information.
	 Select Time: Select the monitoring time to be viewed. You can query data in the last 24 hours, last 3 days, last 30 days, or last 90 days.
	 Edition: Select the monitoring version to be viewed. You can query all, currently valid, and deleted types.
	 Running Times: You can view the total number of running times, number of scheduled triggering times, and number of incident triggering times of a playbook.
	 Average Running Duration: allows you to view the average running duration, maximum running duration, and minimum running duration. Average running duration = Total running duration of instances/Total number of instances.
	 Instance Status Statistics: allows you to view the total number of running instances, the number of successfully running instances, the number of running instances, the number of failed instances, and the number of terminated instances.
Created By	User who creates the playbook
Created	Time when a playbook is created.
Updated By	User who last modified the playbook
Updated At	Time when the playbook was last updated.
Description	Description of a playbook

Exporting Playbooks

NOTE

SecMaster supports the export of playbooks whose **Status** is **Enabled**.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-50 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Watespaces	Cuelo
Security Governance 🧹	Operations 0 Indicators 0 Vancabil. 0 Anno Indicators 0 0 indicators 0 Security A. 0 Indicators 0

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-51 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	/ Play	(books /	Playbooks										
Security Situation	•												
Resource Manager	• <u>-</u>	aybooks	s Workflows	Asset cor	nection	instance	Management						
Risk Provention	•												
Threat Operations		Pending review 0						Not enabled 9			Enabled 0		
Security Orchestration													
Objects													
Playbooks 🕴										Status	Al •	Name Enter a keywork	< Q C 🗳 🛞
Layouts			Name	Dataclass	Playb 7	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation
Plugins			Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt	2	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +
Settings	*		Automatic clo				8		2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +
			Automatic cio	Alen	Not esab	*1	•	system	2023/06/23 20/06/36 GMT+06/00	system	2023/00/23 20:05:36 GMT+00:00		Chable More *
			Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	v1	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +
			Automatic noti	Waterability	Not enab	vl	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More -
							-			-y			

- **Step 5** Select the playbooks to be exported and click \square in the upper right corner of the list. The dialog box for confirming the export is displayed.
- **Step 6** In the dialog box that is displayed, click **OK** to export the playbooks to the local host.

Disabling a Playbook

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-52 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Coust
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-53 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	/ Playbooks / Pla	aybooks											
Security Situation 👻		-											
Resource Manager 🛛 👻	Playbooks	Workflows	Asset cor	mection	Instance	Management							
Risk Prevention •													
Threat Operations 🔹		Pendin	g review 0				Not enal	bled 9		Enabled 0			
Security Orchestration													
Objects													
Playbooks 2									Status	All v	Norre • Enter	a kayword. Q C 🖸	۲
Layouts		Same	Dataclass	Playb 🍞	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation	
Plugins		Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	
Satings 👻		Automatic clo	Alert	Not enab	-1	۵	avatern	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08.00	system	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	
		Contrast Co	And the second s	100.0180				20230023200030000	ayaaan	202200222000300000000		CIERCE INTO -	
	• • •	Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	v1	2	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08.00	system	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	
		Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	0	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	

- **Step 5** In the **Operation** column of the target playbook, click **Disable**. A confirmation dialog box is displayed.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

Deleting a Playbook

NOTE

To delete a playbook, the following conditions must be met:

- The playbook is not enabled.
- No activated playbook version exists in the current playbook.
- No running playbook instance exists.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-54 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Course C Etter vanue and Report for ments.
Security Covernance 🧹	C © Orent decord Orent deco

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-55 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	C / Plujbosks / Plujbosks												
Security Situation			_										
Resource Manager	- P	Instance Management											
Risk Prevention													
Threat Operations			Pendir	na review 0				Not enal	bled 9		Enabled 0		
Security Orchestration													
Objects													
Playbooks 🕗										Status	Al	Name • E	nter a keyword. Q C 🖬 🕲
Layouts			Name	Dataclass	Playb 7	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation
Plugins			Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +
Settings •			Autometic clo	Alect	Not enab		8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/06/23 20 05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More *
			Automatic cit	Alen	rvot enab	VI.	•	system	2023/06/23 20:05:36 GMT+06:00	system	2023/00/23 20:05:36 GMT+00:00	-	Chable More *
			Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	w1	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +
			Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/06/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +

- **Step 5** In the **Operation** column of the playbook to be deleted, click **Delete**.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

NOTE

Deleting a playbook will delete all its versions by default. Deleted playbook versions cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

----End

12.2.6 Managing Playbook Versions

Scenario

This section describes how to manage playbook versions, including **Previewing Playbook Versions, Editing a Playbook Version, Activating/Deactivating a Playbook Version, Copying a Playbook Version,** and **Deleting a Playbook Version**.

Previewing Playbook Versions

The draft version cannot be previewed.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-56 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Wastspaces Management Purchased Resources	Cours C Cours C Course and Second Sec
Security Governance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-57 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	< / / Phyboda / Phyboda												
Security Situation	Sexuity Studion + Planicolas _ Workflows Asset correction Instance Management.												
Resource Manager	nource Manager + Playboals Windtaws Asset connection Instance Management												
Risk Prevention	۰.												
Threat Operations	•	Pend	ling review ()			Not enal	bled 9		Enabled 0			
Security Orchestration													
Objects													
Playbooks 😢									Status	All v	Name • Enter a keywor	. Q C 🖬 🗐	
Layouts		Name	Detaclass	Playb 🖓	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation	
Plugins		Automatic noti.	Alert	Not enab	v1	2	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	
Settings	•	Autometic clo	Alert	Not enab	v1	۵	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable : More +	
		Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	v1	۲	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	
		Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Preview** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 7** On the playbook version preview page, you can view the details about the target playbook version, including **Basic Information**, **Version Information**, and **Matching Workflow**.

----End

Editing a Playbook Version

D NOTE

Only playbook versions whose version status is Unsubmitted can be edited.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-58 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces A Management O Purchased Resources	Cours C Gate vanue and hyperd for mech.
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-59 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	C / Paybooks / Paybooks													
Security Situation + Resource Manager +	Pt	aybooks Workflows	Asset co	nnection	Instance	Management								
Risk Prevention •														
Threat Operations		Pendir	ng review 0				Not enal	bled 9		Enabled 0				
Objects Playbooks									Status	Al	Name	• Enter a keyword. Q C E 🗐		
Layouts		Name	Dataclass	Playb 🖓	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation		
Plugins		Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt		system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +		
Settings •		Automatic clo	Alert	Not enab	vt	0	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +		
		Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/06/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +		
		Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/06/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +		

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 7** On the page for editing a playbook version, edit the version information.
- Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Activating/Deactivating a Playbook Version

NOTE

- Only the playbook version that is not activated can be activated.
- Only one activated version is allowed for each playbook.
- After the current version is activated, the previously activated version is deactivated. For example, if the V2 version is activated this time, the V1 version in the activated state is deactivated and changes to the deactivated state.

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-60 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Manapaces Purchased Resources	Case C C Case areas and injured to superily
Security Governance 🤍	Operational Image: Construction Image: Construction

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-61 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	7 Play	cooks / Maybooks										
Security Situation	•	wbooks _Workflows	Asset cor			Management						
Resource Manager	• <u>-</u>	Workflows	Asset col	mection	instance	Management						
Risk Prevention	•											
		Pendir	ng review 0				Not enal	bled 9		Enabled 0		
Security Orchestration	•											
Objects										C 10		
Playbooks									Status	All v	Name	Enter a keyword. Q C G
Layouts		Name	Detaclass	Playb 7	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation
Plugins		Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	¥1	2	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +
Settings		Automatic clo	Alert	Not enab	v1	۵	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +
		Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	¥1	۲	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +
		Automatic noti	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	۲	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/06/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** page, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Activate** or **Deactivate** in the **Operation** column.

----End

Copying a Playbook Version

D NOTE

Only playbook versions in the Activated or Inactive state can be copied.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-62 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 📀
Security Overview Warkspaces Management	Cours Cours Cours Course Course and addressed for samely. Course and addressed for samely.
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C C C

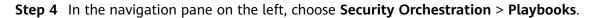


Figure 12-63 Accessing the Playbooks tab

<	C / Pitytoola / Pitytoola												
Security Situation													
Resource Manager 🔹 👻		Playbooks Workflow	s Asset o	ornection	instance	Management							
Risk Prevention •													
Threat Operations 👻		Pend	ing review)			Not ena	bled 9		Enabled 0			
Security Orchestration													
Objects													
Playbooks 🕴									Status	Al v	Name	Enter a keyword. Q C D	
Layouts		Name	Detaclass	Playb 7	Curre	Monitori	Created By	Created	Updated By	Updated At	Description	Operation	
Plugins		Automatic noti	Alert	Not enab	vt	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	
Setings •		Autometic clo	Alert	Not enab	¥1	۵	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	
		Add the IP ind	Alert	Not enab	v1	8	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	-	Enable More +	
		Automatic not	Vulnerability	Not enab	vt	۲	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00		Enable More +	

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Copy** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 7** In the dialog box that is displayed, click **OK**.

----End

Deleting a Playbook Version

NOTE

To delete a playbook version, the following conditions must be met:

- The playbook version is inactivated.
- No running playbook version instance exists.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-64 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces A Menopervent O Purchased Resources	Oute O C titler transmittingung for smeth. O
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**.

Figure 12-65 Accessing the Playbooks tab

	Payoons / Payoons		
Security Situation 👻	Playbooks _Workflows Asset connection Instance Management		
Resource Manager 🛛 👻	Playcooks Wonthows Asset connection Instance Management		
Risk Prevention •			
Threat Operations •	Pending review 0 Not enab	led 9 Enabled 0	
Security Orchestration			
Objects		Status All *	Norre • Enter a lawyord. O. C. C. (9)
Playbooks		Status All V	Nome • Enter a keyword. Q C C
Layouts	Name Dataclass Playb 🖓 Carre Monitori Created By	Created Updated By Updated At	Description Operation
Plugins	Automatic not Allert Not enab v1 🗷 system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00 system 2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	- Enable More -
Satinga 👻	🗌 Astomatic do Allert Not enab v1 🚇 system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00 system 2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	- Enable More +
	Add the IP ind Allert Not enab v1 🖾 system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00 system 2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	Enable More +
	Automatic not Winerability Not enab v1 🙂 system	2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00 system 2023/08/23 20:05:38 GMT+08:00	Enable More +

- **Step 5** On the **Playbooks** tab, click **Version Management** in the **Operation** column of the playbook.
- **Step 6** On the **Version Management** slide-out panel, in the version information area, locate the row containing the desired playbook version, and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.

NOTE

After a playbook version is deleted, it cannot be retrieved. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

----End

12.2.7 Managing Asset Connections

Scenarios

- **Definition**: An asset connection consists of the domain name and authentication parameters required by each plug-in node set during the security orchestration process.
- **Function**: During security orchestration, each plug-in node transfers the domain name to be connected and the authentication information, such as the username, password, and account AK/SK, to establish connections.
- **Relationship between asset connections and plug-ins**: Plug-ins access other cloud services or third-party services through domain names and authentication. So, domain name parameters (endpoints) and authentication parameters (username/password, account AK/SK, etc.) are defined in the login credential parameters of plug-ins. An asset connection configures login credential parameters for a plug-in. In a workflow, each plug-in node is associated with different asset connections so that the plug-in can access different services.

This topic describes how to manage asset connections, including Adding an Asset Connection, Viewing Asset Connections, Editing an Asset Connection, and Deleting an Asset Connection.

Adding an Asset Connection

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-66 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Watespaces	Count C ① Entre some and strayend for smech. C
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C C O Outre desart O O Outre desart Outre desart

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, click the **Asset Connections** tab.

Figure 12-67 Asset Connections tab

< / / Flaybook Management / Asset connection										
Security Situation	*	Playbooks Wo	rkflows Asset con	nection Instance	Management					
Resource Manager				a						
Risk Prevention	*									
Threat Operations	*	Add								
Security Orchest 🜖		V Search by n	ime							(
Object Management		Connection Nam	e Plug In	Created By	Created	Modified By	Updated	Description	Operation	
Playbook 2		Alert handling me	h SecMasterBiz	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	Alert handling method set	Edit Delete	
Management		VPC authenticatio	n ACL	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT		-	VPC authentication	Edit Delete	
Layout management		SMN notification t	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SMN notification token for operat	Edit Delete	
Plugin Management		SecMaster author	0 HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SecMaster authentication token	Edit Delete	
euriye	· .	CEW authentication	IN HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT		-	CFW authentication token	Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Asset Connections** tab page, click **Add**. The slide-out panel **Add** is displayed on the right.
- **Step 6** On the panel, set asset connection parameters. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-10**.

Parameter	Description
Connection Name	Enter the asset connection name. The naming rules are as follows:
	 Only uppercase letters (A to Z), lowercase letters (a to z), digits (0 to 9), and underscores (_) are allowed. A maximum of 64 characters are allowed.
Description	(Optional) Enter the asset description. The description can contain a maximum of 64 characters.
Plug In	Select the plug-in required for the asset connection. For details about the plug-in, see Viewing Plug-in Details .
Connection Type	Select the type of the asset connection.
	 Cloud service agency: If a cloud service plug-in is used, the cloud service agency is recommended. You do not need to manually enter authentication parameters such as the domain name, username, and password. The system automatically obtains the domain name (endpoint) of the corresponding cloud service based on the plug-in name and uses the cloud service agency for authentication.
	• AK&SK: You need to manually enter the domain name (endpoint) and provide an AK and SK for authentication.
	 Username and password: You need to manually enter the domain name (endpoint) and provide a username and password for authentication.
	• Others: Some plug-ins have other authentication parameters in addition to the preceding authentication parameters. Set these parameters based on the plug-in login credential parameter guide.

Table 12-10 Asset con	nection parameters
-----------------------	--------------------

Parameter	Description
Credential	Enter the credential information, such as the endpoint, AK, and SK, based on the selected connection type.

Step 7 Click **OK**. You can query the created asset connection in the asset connection list.

----End

Viewing Asset Connections

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-68 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (i)
Security Overview Warkspaces Annual A	Cease Constant and
Security Governance 🧹	C © Orent Assert Orent Assert Orent Assert Prent P

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, click the **Asset Connections** tab.

Figure 12-69 Asset Connections tab

/ Playbook Management / Asset connection									
Security Staution Playbooks Workflows Asset connection Instance Management									
			3						
									C
									ų
	Connection Name	Plug In	Created By	Created	Modified By	Updated	Description	Operation	
	Alert handling meth	SecMasterBiz	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	Alert handling method set	Edit Delete	
	VPC authentication	ACL	system	2023/05/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	VPC authentication	Edit Delete	
	SMN notification to	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SMN notification token for operat	Edit Delete	
	SecMaster authenti	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-		SecMaster authentication token	Edit Delete	
4	CFW authentication	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	CFW authentication token	Edit Delete	
		Playbooks Workfor Ads © Search by name Consection Name Aret handling meth VPC authentication SWM notification to BacMater authent	Playbooks Workflows Asset connect Add South Search By name Connection Name Play In Aint handing meth SecMasterB2 VPC authentication ALL Stork natification Ib HTTP SecMater authort HTTP	Playbooks Workflows Asset connection Instance Ma Add Second by name Connection Name Play in Created by Aidt handing meth SecMasterBig system VPC authentication A.CL system SixN nutification is HTTP system SecMaster authent HTTP system	Playbook Workflows Asset connection Instance Management Add Cased by runne Connection Name Plag in Created by Created Aret handing meh. Secklastedig: system 22230624 143552 0MT. With cadnerscalare ACL system 22230624 143552 0MT. Secklaster autheol. HTTP system 22230624 143552 0MT. Secklaster autheol. HTTP system 22230624 143552 0MT.	Playbooks Workflows Asset connection Imstance Management Imstance Managemen	Playbooks Workflows Instance Management Image: Connection Management <	Monthons Asset connection Instance Management Add	Playbools Workflows Asset connection Instance Management Image: Connection Name Plag in Created By Created Modified By Updated Description Operation Connection Name Plag in Created By Created By Updated Description Operation Vic carbinrischion Aclt system 2623/06/24 H3 552 OUT. - - Aler Manding method set Edit Date Vic carbinrischion AClt system 2623/06/24 H3 552 OUT. - - - Methoding method set Edit Date Stockhoir undredue HTTP system 2623/06/24 H3 552 OUT. - - - Stockhoir undredue Edit Date Stockhoir undredue HTTP system 2623/06/24 H3 552 OUT. - - - Stockhoir undredue Edit Date Stockhoir undredue HTTP system 2623/06/24 H3 552 OUT. - - - Stockhoir undredue Edit Date

Step 5 On the **Asset Connections** tab page, view information about asset connections.

Figure 12-70 Viewing asset connections

Add								
Search by name								
onnection Name	Plug In	Created By	Created	Modified By	Updated	Description	Operation	
ert handling meth	SecMasterBiz	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	Alert handling method set	Edit Delete	
² C authentication	ACL	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	VPC authentication	Edit Delete	
IN notification to	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SMN notification token for operat	Edit Delete	
cMaster authenti	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SecMaster authentication token	Edit Delete	
W authentication	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	CFW authentication token	Edit Delete	
IN notification to	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SMN notification token for handli	Edit Delete	
AF authentication	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	WAF authentication token	Edit Delete	
ISS authenticatio	DBSS	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	2023/04/13 22:28:25 GMT	DBSS authentication token	Edit Delete	
IS authentication	HSS	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	HSS authentication token	Edit Delete	
S authentication	ECS	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	ECS authentication token	Edit Delete	
▼ Total Record	rds: 17 < 🚺 2 3							

- In the asset connection list, you can view the name, plug-in, and creator of an asset connection.
- If there are many asset connections displayed, use filters to search for a specific one.
- To view details about an asset connection, click its name to go to its **Detail** panel.

Editing an Asset Connection

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-71 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, click the **Asset Connections** tab.

Figure 12-72 Asset Connections tab

< / Paybox Management / Asset connection										
Security Situation	Security Staution Playbooks Workflows Asset connection Instance Management									
Resource Manager		,			3					
Risk Prevention	٠		Add							c
Threat Operations	*		V Search by name							Q
Security Orchest	*									
Object Management			Connection Name	Plug In	Created By	Created	Modified By	Updated	Description	Operation
Playbook			Alert handling meth	SecMasterBiz	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	Alert handling method set	Edit Delete
Management			VPC authentication	ACL	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-		VPC authentication	Edit Delete
Layout management Plugin Management			SMN notification to	нттр	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT.	-	-	SMN notification token for operat	Edit Delete
Settings			SecMaster authenti	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SecMaster authentication token	Edit Delete
			CFW authentication	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-		CFW authentication token	Edit Delete

- **Step 5** In the row containing a desired asset connection, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column. The slide-out panel **Edit** is displayed.
- **Step 6** On the **Edit** panel, edit asset connection parameters. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-11**.

Parameter	Description
Connection Name	Enter the asset connection name. The naming rules are as follows:
	 Only uppercase letters (A to Z), lowercase letters (a to z), digits (0 to 9), and underscores (_) are allowed.
	A maximum of 64 characters are allowed.
Description	(Optional) Enter the asset connection description. The description can contain a maximum of 64 characters.
Plug In	Select the plug-in required for the asset connection. For details about plug-ins, see Viewing Plug-in Details .
Created By	The creator of the asset connection. This parameter cannot be modified .
Created	Time when the asset connection is created. This parameter cannot be modified .
Modified By	The user who last modifies the asset connection. This parameter cannot be modified .
Connection Type	Select the type of the asset connection.
Credential	Enter the credential information, such as AK and SK, based on the selected connection type.

 Table 12-11
 Asset connection parameters

Step 7 Click OK.

----End

Deleting an Asset Connection

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-73 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🖑
Security Overview Workspaces	Cere 0 C. One same addressed to much. 0
Security Covernance 🤍	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, click the **Asset Connections** tab.

Figure 12-74 Asset Connections tab

curity Situation -	Pla	wbooks Workflow	Asset connec	tion Instance Ma	nagement					
source Manager 🔹 👻										
sk Prevention 👻				-						
reat Operations 👻		Add								
curity Orchest 🕚 🔒										
Object Management		Connection Name	Plug In	Created By	Created	Modified By	Updated	Description	Operation	
Playbook		Alert handling meth	SecMasterBiz	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	Alert handling method set	Edit Delete	
Management 2		VPC authentication	ACL	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	VPC authentication	Edit Delete	
Layout management		SMN notification to	нттр	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT	-	-	SMN notification token for operat	Edit Delete	
Plugin Management		SecMaster authenti	HTTP	system	2023/06/24 14:35:52 GMT		-	SecMaster authentication token	Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** Locate the row that contains a desired asset connection, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 6 In the confirmation dialog box, enter DELETE and click OK.

NOTE

Deleted assets cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

----End

12.2.8 Viewing Monitored Playbook Instances

Scenario

After a playbook is executed, a playbook instance is generated in the playbook instance management list for monitoring. Each record in the instance monitoring list is an instance. You can view the historical instance task list and the statuses of historical instance tasks.

View instance monitoring information.

Viewing Monitored Playbook Instances

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-75 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕥
Security Overview Warkspaces	Cute Cute Cute rane withyout to motion
Security Covernance 🗸 🗸	Improvement Improvement

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Playbooks**. On the displayed page, click the **Instance Management** tab.

Figure 12-76 Instance Management page

<		/ Playbook N	lanagement / In	stance Management								
Security Situation	Ŧ	Playbook	Workflov	Asset conn	ection Instance	Management						
Resource Manager	•	- ayooon		1000.001		1						
Risk Prevention	•					Instance	e Creation Time	Start Date — End Date	Playbook Nat	ne v Entera	kausserf	QC
Security Response	•											4
Security Orchest		Insta	nce Name	Playbook Name	Data Class	Trigger Mode 🍞	Status 🍞	Context	Instance Creation Time	Instance End Time	Operation	
Object Management			-v2-20		Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded	-	2022/12/08 15:21:55 GM	2022/12/08 15:23:41 GM	Terminate Retry	
Playbook Management			-v2-20		Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded	-	2022/12/08 15:21:55 GM	2022/12/08 15:23:41 GM	Terminale Retry	
Layout management			-v2-20		Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded		2022/12/08 15:20:15 GM	2022/12/08 15:20:20 GM	Terminate Retry	
Settings	Ŧ		-v2-20	-	Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded	-	2022/12/08 15:20:14 GM	2022/12/08 15:20:20 GM	Terminate Retry	
			-v2-20		Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded	-	2022/12/08 15:18:34 GM	2022/12/08 15:20:20 GM	Terminate Retry	

Step 5 On the **Instance Management** tab, click the **Playbook Instances** or **Workflow Instances** tab, and view the instance information. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-12**.

Figure 12-77 Instances

			Instance C	reation Time Start Dat	le – End Date	Playbook Nam	e v Enter a	i keyword. Q	C
Instance Name	Playbook Name	Data Class	Trigger Mode 🖓	Status 🍞	Context	Instance Creation Time	Instance End Time	Operation	
CSZMGJCF-v1-20		Alert	Event Trigger	Running	-	2022/11/30 16:48:35 GM		Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v3-202211	1 ¥3	Alert	Event Trigger	Running	-	2022/11/30 15:28:40 GM	-	Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v3-202211	1 V3	Alert	Event Trigger	Running		2022/11/30 15:28:30 GM	-	Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v3-202211	¥3	Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded	-	2022/11/30 15:28:30 GM	2022/11/30 15:33:32 G	Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v3-202211	1 13	Alert	Event Trigger	Running	-	2022/11/30 15:28:30 GM	-	Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v3-202211	1 V3	Alert	Event Trigger	Running		2022/11/30 15:28:30 GM	-	Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v2-202211	v2	Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded		2022/11/30 15:16:52 GM	2022/11/30 15:16:54 G	Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v2-202211	1 2	Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded	-	2022/11/30 15:16:50 GM	2022/11/30 15:28:34 G	Terminate Retry	
GJCF1-v2-202211	1 12	Alert	Event Trigger	Succeeded	-	2022/11/30 15:16:49 GM	2022/11/30 15:28:33 G	Terminate Retry	
10 • Total Reco	ords: 15 < 1 2	>							

- You can view the total number of instances below the instance list. You can view a maximum of 10,000 instance records page by page. To view more than 10,000 records, optimize the filter criteria.
- An instance can be stored for a maximum of 180 days.
- To view details about an instance, click the instance name. On the displayed page, you can view the instance workflow, workflow nodes, start time, and end time.

Parameter	Description
Instance Name	Name of the instance generated by the system.
Playbook/ Instance Name	Name of the playbook/instance corresponding to the instance.
Data Class	Operation object of a playbook
Trigger Method	Triggering mode of an instance Timer Trigger Event Trigger

Table 12-12 Parameters in the instance list

Parameter	Description							
Status	Status of an instance							
	• Succeeded : The playbook instance is successfully executed.							
	• Failed : The playbook instance fails to be executed. You can click Retry in the Operation column to execute the playbook again.							
	• Running : The playbook instance is running. You can click Terminate in the Operation column to terminate the playbook.							
	Retrying: The playbook instance is being retried.							
	• Terminating : The playbook instance is being terminated.							
	• Stopped : The playbook instance has been terminated.							
Context	Context information of an instance							
Instance Creation Time	Time when an instance is created.							
Instance Ended	Time when an instance ends.							
Operation	You can terminate or retry an instance.							

Related Operations

- To stop a running instance, click **Terminate** in the **Operation** column of the target instance. After an instance is terminated, no operations are supported.
- To start a failed instance, click **Retry** in the **Operation** column.
 You can retry instances up to 100 times a day in a single workspace. After a retry, the playbook cannot be retried until the current execution is complete.

12.3 Operation Object Management

12.3.1 Operation Object Management Overview

- **Data class**: A data class is required for a playbook and workflow running for security orchestration and response. The playbook is triggered by data objects. A data object is the specific instance of a data class. Common data classes include alerts, incidents, indicators, and vulnerabilities. You can view data classes by referring to Viewing Data Classes.
- Alert: An alert is a notification of abnormal signals in O&M. It is usually automatically generated by a monitoring system or security device when detecting an exception in the system or networks. For example, when the CPU usage of a server exceeds 90%, the system may generate an alert. These exceptions may include system faults, security threats, or performance bottlenecks. Generally, an alert can clearly indicate the location, type, and

impact of an exception. In addition, alerts can be classified by severity, such as critical, major, and minor, so that O&M personnel can determine which alerts need to be handled first based on their severity. The purpose of an alert is to notify related personnel in a timely manner so that they can make a quick response and take measures to fix the problem. Common alert types include web tamper protection, abnormal process behavior, and abnormal network connections. For more details, see Managing Alert Types.

- Incident: An incident is a broad concept. It can include but is not limited to alerts. It can be a part of normal system operations, exceptions, or errors. In the O&M and security fields, an incident usually refers to a problem or fault that has occurred and needs to be focused on, investigated, and handled. An incident may be triggered by one or more alerts or other factors, such as user operations and system logs. An incident is usually used to record and report historical activities in a system for analysis and audits. For more details, see Managing Incident Types.
- Indicator: For details, see Managing Threat Intelligence Types.
- Vulnerability: Common vulnerability types include Linux software vulnerabilities, Windows OS vulnerabilities, Web-CMS vulnerabilities, and application vulnerabilities. For more details, see Managing Vulnerability Types.
- **Custom type**: You can add custom data classes. For details, see **Managing Custom Types**.
- **Classification & mapping**: A categorical mapping indicates the relationship of data sources and data objects (the specific instance of data classes). For details, see **Managing Categorical Mappings**.

12.3.2 Viewing Data Classes

The playbook and workflow running in security orchestration and response need to be bound to a data class. The playbook is triggered by a data object (instance of the data class). The data class supports the following operations:

• Viewing Data Classes

Viewing Data Classes

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-78 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕐
Security Overview Workspaces	Costi
Security Covernance 🤍 🤟	C C O Metric Maria Report C Maria Report C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. The **Data Class** tab page is displayed by default.

Figure 12-79 Accessing the Data Class tab

	Objects /	Data Class												
Security Situation	•	Trus Time Trus Lancaumant - Charded Handon												
Resource Manager	•	Data Cless Type Management Classify&Mapping												
Risk Prevention	•													
Threat Operations	•								C 🐵					
Security Orchestration		$\ensuremath{\overline{\mathbf{v}}}$ Search by name							Q					
Objects 2		Name	Business Code	Built-in	Created By	Created	Updated	Description	Operation					
Playbooks		Policy	Policy	Yes	system	2023/08/06 23:38:36 GMT+08:00	2023/06/08 23:38:36 GMT+08:00	Built-in policy data class	View Topology Edit Delete					
Layouts		PolicyRecord	PolicyRecord	Yes	system	2023/08/08 23:38:36 GNT+08:00	2023/06/08 23:38:36 GMT+08:00	Built-in policy record data class	View Topology Edit Delete					
	•	Resource	Resource	Yes	system	2023/04/26 14:19:03 GMT+08:00	2023/08/08 21:06:44 GMT+08:00	Buill-in resource data class	View Topology Edit Delete					
		Alert	Alert	Yes	system	2023/04/26 14:19:03 GMT+08:00	2023/08/08 21:06:44 GMT+08:00	Built-in alert data class	View Topology Edit Delete					

Step 5 In the data class list, view the existing data class information.

- If there are many data classes displayed, use filters to search for a specific one.
- In the data class list, you can view the data class name, service code, and whether the data class is a built-in data class.
- To view details about a data class, click the name of the target data class. The details page of the target data class is displayed on the right.

On the data class details page, you can view the basic information and fields about the data class.

----End

12.3.3 Managing Alert Types

Scenario

This section describes how to manage alert types. The detailed operations are as follows:

- Viewing Alert Types: describes how to view existing alert types and their details.
- Adding an Alert Type: describes how to create custom alert types.
- Associating an Alert Type with a Layout: describes how to associate a custom alert type with an existing layout.
- Editing an Alert Type: describes how to edit a custom alert type.
- Managing an Alert Type: describes how to enable, disable, and delete a custom alert type.

Limitations and Constraints

- By default, built-in alert types are associated with existing layouts. You **cannot** customize associated layouts.
- Built-in alert types are enabled by default and **cannot** be edited, disabled, or deleted.
- After a customized alert type is added, the **Type Name**, **Type ID**, and **Subtype ID** parameters cannot be modified.

Viewing Alert Types

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-80 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-81 Type Management page

< / / 0	bjects / 1	lype Manageme	ent									
ortenij onoston	•	Data Class Type Management Classify&Mapping										
	•			- 0								
Threat Operations	•	Alert Types Event Types Threat Intelligence Vulnerability Type Custom Type										
Security Orchestration	•		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Objects 2		AI	*	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🏹	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnorm	nal network behavior(22	,		Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins ettings		Abnorm	nal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete		

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Alert Type** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Alert Type** tab page, you can view all alert types in the **Type Name** area on the left.

To view details about subtypes of an alert type, click the target type name in **Type Name** on the left. Details about all subtypes are displayed on the right. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-13**.

If there are many subtypes, you can select the **Sub Type** or **Associated Layout** and enter the corresponding keyword for search.

Parameter	Description					
Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Name and ID of an alert subtype.					
Associated Layout	Layout associated with the alert type.					
Startup Status	 Whether an alert type is enabled Enabled: The current type has been enabled. Disabled: The current type has been disabled. 					

 Table 12-13
 Alert type parameters

Parameter	Description
SLA	SLA processing time of an alert type.
Description	Description of an alert type
Operation	You can edit and delete alert or incident types.

Adding an Alert Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-82 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Coust
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C O Order accord O

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-83 Type Management page

< / / Objects / Tipe Managament												
Security Situation •	Data	New York Management	1	Name in the	Managina							
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	Dala C	Data Class Type Management Classify Mapping										
Risk Prevention 🔹												
Threat Operations	1	Alert Types Event Types T	hreat Inte	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	lom Type						
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC	
Objects		AI 👻	Åį≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation		
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete		

- Step 5 On the Type Management page, click the Alert Type tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Alert Types** tab, click **Add**. On the **Add Alert Type** slide-out panel, set alert type parameters.

Table 12-14 Parameters	s for adding an alert type	e
------------------------	----------------------------	---

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Customize the name of the new alert type.

Parameter	Description
Type Tag	Enter the alert type ID. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, TypeTag .
Sub Type	Enter the subtype of the alert type.
Sub Type Tag	Enter the alert subtype ID. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, SubTypeName .
Startup Status	Indicates whether an alert type is enabled.
SLA	Set the SLA processing time of the alert.
Description	Description of a user-defined alert type

NOTE

After a customized alert type is added, the **Type Name**, **Type Tag**, and **Sub Type Tag** parameters cannot be modified.

Step 7 In the lower right corner of the page, click OK.

After the alert type is added, you can view the new alert type in **Type Name** area on the **Alert Types** tab.

----End

Associating an Alert Type with a Layout

NOTE

By default, built-in alert types are associated with existing layouts. You cannot customize associated layouts.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-84 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Case Case and Analysis of the second
Security Governance 🧹	C C C

Figure 12-85 Type Management page

(/ / /	Objects /	Type N	Aanagem	ent									
Security Situation	Ŧ				_								
Resource Manager V Data Class Type Management Classify&Mapping													
Risk Prevention 🔹													
Threat Operations	Ŧ		Alert Typ	es Event Types	Threat Inf	telligence	e Vulnerability Type Cust	om Type					
Security Orchestration				Type Name		Ad	id Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Objects 2			AI	•	^. Z‡≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts			Abnor	mal network behavior(2)	2)		Abnormal access frequency (IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins			Abnor	mal system behavior(31)		Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	4		Abnor	mal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	_	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Alert Type** tab.
- **Step 6** On the type management page, select the type to be associated with a layout and click **Associated Layout** in the **Operation** column of the target type.
- Step 7 In the Associate Layout dialog box, select the target layout and click OK.

Editing an Alert Type

NOTE

- Currently, the built-in alert type cannot be edited.
- After a customized alert type is added, the **Type Name**, **Type Tag**, and **Sub Type Tag** parameters cannot be modified.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-86 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Wastopaces	Com C titre same arityped to men.
Security Covernance 🧹 🧹	C © C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-87 Type Management page

< / Object	/ Objects / Type Managament										
Beurly Stauton + Data Class Type Management Classify&Mapping											
Rek Provention V											
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types T	hreat inb	alligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	lom Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	QC
Objects		AI +	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency of IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings v		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

Step 5 On the **Type Management** page, click the **Alert Type** tab.

- **Step 6** In the **Type Name** area on the **Alert Types** tab, click the name of the custom alert type to be edited. Details about the custom alert type are displayed on the right.
- **Step 7** On the alert list page on the right, locate the row that contains the target type and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 8** On the displayed page, modify the parameters of the alert type.

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Name of an alert type, which cannot be modified.
Type ID	Alert type ID, which cannot be modified.
Sub Type	Enter the subtype of the alert type.
Sub Type Tag	Alert subtype ID, which cannot be modified.
Status	Sets the startup status of an alert type.
SLA	Set the SLA processing time of the alert.
Description	Description of a custom alert type

Table 12-15 Parameters for editing an alert type

Step 9 In the lower right corner of the page, click **OK**.

----End

Managing an Alert Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-88 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Count (0) Co Count on and and buyout for sevels. (1)
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Figure 12-89 Type Management page

< //	(Objects / Type Management											
Security Sturton												
Resource Manager V Data Class Type Management Classify8Mapping												
Rick Prevention												
Threat Operations	ř		Alert Types Event Types	Threat Inte	ligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	om Type					
Security Orchestration	•		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	QC
Objects 2			AI *	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts			Abnormal network behavior(22)		Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings			Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	Abnormal user behavior		Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

Step 5 On the **Type Management** page, click the **Alert Type** tab.

Step 6 On the **Alert Types** tab, manage alert types.

NOTE

- The built-in alert types are enabled by default. You do not need to manually enable them.
- Currently, built-in alert types cannot be disabled or deleted.
- Currently, built-in alert types cannot be deleted.

Table 12	-16 Mar	aging a	n alert	type
----------	----------------	---------	---------	------

Operation	Description
Enable	 On the Alert Types tab, select the types you want to enable and click Batch enable. Alternatively, locate the row containing the alert type you want to enable, click Disable in the Status column.
	2. In the dialog box displayed, click OK . If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the status of the target type changes to Enable , the target type is enabled successfully.
Disable	 On the Alert Types tab, select the types you want to disable and click Batch Disable. Alternatively, locate the row containing the alert type to be disabled, click Enable in the Status column.
	 In the dialog box displayed, click OK. If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the Status of the target type changes to Disable, the target type is disabled successfully.
Delete	 On the alert type management page, select the type to be deleted and click Delete in the Operation column.
	 In the displayed dialog box, enter DELETE and click OK.

12.3.4 Managing Incident Types

Scenario

This section describes how to manage incident types. The detailed operations are as follows:

- Viewing Incident Types: describes how to view existing incident types and their details.
- Adding an Incident Type: describes how to create custom incident types.
- Associating an Incident Type with a Layout: describes how to associate a custom incident type with an existing incident type.
- Editing an Incident Type: describes how to edit a custom incident type.
- Managing Existing Incident Types: describes how to enable, disable, and delete a custom incident type.

Limitations and Constraints

- By default, built-in incident types are associated with existing layouts. You **cannot** customize associated layouts.
- Built-in incident types are enabled by default and **cannot** be edited, enabled, disabled, or deleted.
- After a customized incident type is added, the **Type Name**, **Type ID**, and **Subtype ID** parameters cannot be modified.

Viewing Incident Types

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-90 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (0)
Security Overview Warkspaces	Outp O O Cite x name and shapes of the sees.
Security Governance 🧹	C C C

Figure 12-91 Type Management page

< / Obje	ects / Typ	pe Managament									
Security Situation											
Resource Manager 🛛 💌		ta Class Type Management	0	Jassirya	Mapping						
Risk Prevention 🔹			÷.								
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types Th	reat inte	elligence	Vulnerability Type Custo	im Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	• Enter a keyword.	QC
Objects 2		Al v	<u>^</u> 1≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍸	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abrormal access frequency (IP Access Frequency Abrorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins iettings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Event Types** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Event Types** tab, view the details about existing incident types. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-17**.

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Name of an incident type
Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Name and ID of an incident subtype
Associated Layout	Layout associated with the incident type
Startup Status	Indicates whether an incident type is enabled.Enable: The current type has been enabled.Disabled: The current type has been disabled.
SLA	SLA processing time of an incident type
Description	Description of an incident type
Operation	You can edit and delete incident types.

 Table 12-17 Incident type parameters

Adding an Incident Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-92 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Own O C Etter x name and hypered for search. O
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-93 Type Management page

Security Situation	*											
Resource Manager	• Da	ata Class Type Management	0	lassify8	Mapping							
tisk Prevention												
hreat Operations	•	Alert Types Event Types Threa	at Inte	lligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	tom Type						
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	Q	С
Objects 2		Al v Al	1		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🏹	SLA	Description	Operation		
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)	I		Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins		Abnormal system behavior(31)	l		Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
		Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address	Alert Detail	Enable		First login from an IP address	Associated Lavout Edit Delete		

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Event Types** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Event Types** tab, click **Add**. On the **Add Event Type** slide-out panel, set incident type parameters.

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Customized name of an incident type.
Type Tag	Enter the incident type ID. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, TypeTag .
Sub Type	Enter the subtype of the incident type.
Sub Type Tag	Enter the incident subtype ID. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, SubTypeName .
Startup Status	Indicates whether an incident type is enabled.
SLA	Set the SLA processing time of the incident.
Description	Description of a custom incident type

 Table 12-18 Incident type parameters

NOTE

After a customized incident type is added, the **Type Name**, **Type ID**, and **Subtype ID** parameters cannot be modified.

Step 7 In the lower right corner of the page, click OK.

After the incident type is added, you can view the new incident type in **Type Name** on the **Event Type** page.

----End

Associating an Incident Type with a Layout

D NOTE

By default, built-in incident types are associated with existing layouts. You cannot customize associated layouts.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-94 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces ^ ^ Management 2 Purchased Resources	Com Co C. Chira case and paper for seach. Co
Security Covernance V	Connectaver. ●

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-95 Type Management page

< / / 0	Objects / 1	Type Management									
Security Situation	•										
Resource Manager	•	Data Class Type Mana	gement 3	Classify	\$Mapping						
Risk Prevention	•										
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Typ	is Threat Ir	telligence	Vulnerability Type Cus	dom Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Nam	e	Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	QC
Objects 2		AI *	Åį≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks		Abnormal network beha	rior(22)		Abnormal access frequency IP Access Frequency Abnor		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings		Abnormal system behav	ior(31)		Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior	(38)		First login from an IP addres IP First Access	8 Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Event Types** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Event Type** page, select the incident type to be associated with a layout and click **Associated Layout** in the **Operation** column of the target type.
- Step 7 In the Associate Layout dialog box, select the target layout and click OK.

----End

Editing an Incident Type

NOTE

- Currently, the built-in incident type cannot be edited.
- After a customized incident type is added, the **Type Name**, **Type ID**, and **Subtype ID** parameters cannot be modified.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-96 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Security Orchestration > Objects. On the displayed page, click the Type Management tab.

Figure 12-97 Type Management page

< /	Objects	/ Type	Management											
Security Situation	۳													
Resource Manager	۳	Dat	a Class	Type Managemen		Classify&	Mapping							
Risk Prevention	۳													
Threat Operations			Alert Types	Event Types T	Threat Inte	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	om Type						
Security Orchestration	•			Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	Q	С
Objects 2			AI	*	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍸	SLA	Description	Operation		
Playbooks Layouts			Abnormal	network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins Settings	•		Abnormal	system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
	1		Abnormal	user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete		

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Event Types** tab.
- **Step 6** In **Type Name** on the **Alarm Types** page, click the name of the customized incident type to be edited. Details about the custom incident type are displayed on the right.
- **Step 7** On the **Event Type** page, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column of the target type to be edited.
- **Step 8** In the **Edit Event Type** dialog box, edit parameters.

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Name of an incident type, which cannot be modified.
Туре Тад	Incident type ID, which cannot be modified.
Sub Type	Enter the subtype of the incident type.
Sub Type Tag	Incident subtype ID, which cannot be modified.
Startup Status	Indicates whether an incident type is enabled.
SLA	Set the SLA processing time of the incident.
Description	Description of a custom incident type

 Table 12-19 Incident type parameters

Step 9 In the lower right corner of the page, click **OK**.

----End

Managing Existing Incident Types

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-98 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-99 Type Management page

ecurity Situation		Data Class Type Managemen	t (Classify&	Mapping					
isource Manager	*		• 0							
sk Prevention	*									
reat Operations	*	Alert Types Event Types T	Threat Inte	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	tom Type				
curity Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword. Q
Objects 2		AI ×	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency of IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete
Plugins		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete
	4	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	_	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete

Step 5 On the **Type Management** page, click the **Event Types** tab.

Step 6 On the incident type tab, manage incident types.

NOTE

- The built-in incident types are enabled by default. You do not need to manually enable them.
- Currently, built-in incident (event) types cannot be disabled or deleted.

Table 12-20 Managing existing incident types

Operation	Description
Enable	 On the type management page, select the type to be enabled and click Batch Enable. Alternatively, locate the row containing the incident type to be enabled, click Disable in the Status column.
	2. In the dialog box displayed, click OK . If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the status of the target type changes to Enable , the target type is enabled successfully.

Operation	Description
Disable	 On the Event Type page, select the type to be disabled and click Batch Disable. Alternatively, locate the row containing the incident type to be disabled, click Enable in the Status column.
	 In the dialog box displayed, click OK. If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the Status of the target type changes to Disable, the target type is disabled successfully.
Delete	 On the incident type management page, select the type to be deleted and click Delete in the Operation column.
	 In the displayed dialog box, enter DELETE and click OK.

12.3.5 Managing Threat Intelligence Types

Scenario

This section describes how to manage threat intelligence types.

- Viewing Threat Intelligence Types: describes how to view existing threat intelligence types and their details.
- Adding a Threat Intelligence Type: describes how to create custom threat intelligence types.
- Associating a Threat Intelligence Type with a Layout: describes how to associate a custom threat intelligence type with an existing layout.
- Editing a Threat Intelligence Type: describes how to edit a custom threat intelligence type.
- **Managing a Threat Intelligence Type**: describes how to enable, disable, and delete a custom threat intelligence type.

Limitations and Constraints

- By default, built-in intelligence types are associated with existing layouts. You **cannot** customize associated layouts.
- Built-in intelligence types are enabled by default and **cannot** be edited, enabled, disabled, or deleted.
- After a user-defined threat intelligence type is added, the type ID **cannot** be modified.

Viewing Threat Intelligence Types

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-100 Workspace management page



Figure 12-101 Type Management page

< //	Objects (Type	Management									
Security Situation	٣	Det	Class Management		اللاحجا	1) American						
Resource Manager	٠	Dati	Type Management Classity&Mapping									
Risk Prevention	Ŧ											
Threat Operations	, I		Allert Types Event Types Threat Intelligence Vulnerability Type Custom Type									
Security Orchestration			Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Objects 2			AI •	Å1≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts			Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings	Ţ		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1		Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Threat Intelligence** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Threat Intelligence** page, view details. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-21**.

Parameter	Description
Type Name/Type Tag	Name and type tag of threat intelligence
Associated Layout	Layout associated with threat intelligence
Startup Status	Indicates the enabling status of a threat intelligence type:
	• Enabled: The current type has been enabled.
	• Disabled : The current type has been disabled.
Expired Time	Expiration time of threat intelligence.
Built-in	Indicates whether the threat intelligence is built in the system.
Description	Description of a threat intelligence

Parameter	Description
Operation	You can edit and delete the threat intelligence.

Adding a Threat Intelligence Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-102 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces Annual Control Management Control Purchased Resources	Cours
Security Covernance 🧹	C @ O Infect Of Inter Input C

	Figure	12-103	Type	Management p	age
--	--------	--------	------	--------------	-----

Security Situation		The Manager	01							
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻	Da	Data Class Type Management Classify Mklapping								
Risk Prevention 🔹										
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types Three	at Intelligenc	e Vulnerability Type Custo	m Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name	A	dd Batch enable I	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword. Q	С
Objects 2		Al v	ŧ	Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)		Abnormal access frequency (IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)		Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)		First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- Step 5 On the Type Management page, click the Threat Intelligence tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Threat Intelligence** page, click **Add**. On the **Add Threat Intelligence** slide-out panel, set type parameters.

Table 12-22	Threat	intelligence	type	parameters
-------------	--------	--------------	------	------------

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Name of the threat intelligence to be added.
Туре Тад	Enter the threat intelligence type ID. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, TypeTag .
Startup Status	Set the enabling status of a threat intelligence.

Parameter	Description
Expired Time	 Set the expiration time of threat intelligence. Never Expire: The current intelligence type never expires. Time Interval: Set the interval for invalidating intelligence.
Description	Description of a custom threat intelligence

NOTE

After a user-defined threat intelligence type is added, the type ID **cannot** be modified.

Step 7 In the lower right corner of the page, click **OK**.

After the threat intelligence type is added, you can view the new type in the table on the **Threat Intelligence** page.

----End

Associating a Threat Intelligence Type with a Layout

NOTE

By default, built-in threat intelligence types are associated with existing layouts. You cannot customize associated layouts.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-104 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Costs C tetra same artispoint for each
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	Constant 0 Color Constant 0 Color Co

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-105 Type Management page

C Objects / Type Management											
Security Situation 🔹	02	Data Class Type Management Classify&Mapping									
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻	nager v										
Risk Prevention 💌	tisk Prevention 🔹										
Threat Operations	alfons V Alert Types Event Types Threat Intelligence Vulnersbillty Type Clustom Type										
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Objects 2		AI •	Åį≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Threat Intelligence** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Threat Intelligence** page, select the type to be associated with a layout and click **Associated Layout** in the **Operation** column of the target type. The **Associate Layout** dialog box is displayed.
- **Step 7** In the **Associate Layout** dialog box, select the target layout and click **OK**.

Editing a Threat Intelligence Type

NOTE

- Currently, built-in threat intelligence types cannot be edited.
- After a custom threat intelligence type is added, the type tag cannot be edited.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-106 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Westsearces Management Purchased Resources	Cours () () there same and house the mesh
Security Covernance 🧹	Constant • •

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-107 Type Management page

< / Ob	jects / T	Type Management									
Security Situation		Data Class Type Management	1	Manaikal	Mapping						
Resource Manager		Jala Class Type Management	0	Jassilyo	ww.apping						
Risk Prevention											
Threat Operations	r	Alert Types Event Types TI	hreat Inti	alligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	lom Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Objects		AI v	Åį≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Threat Intelligence** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Threat Intelligence** page, select the type to be edited and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column of the target type. The editing page is displayed on the right.
- **Step 7** On the displayed page, edit the parameter information of the corresponding type.

Parameter	Description						
Type Name	Name of the user-defined threat intelligence type.						
Туре Тад	Threat intelligence type ID, which cannot be modified.						
Startup Status	Indicates the enabling status of threat intelligence:						
Expired Time	 Set the expiration time of threat intelligence. Never expire: The current intelligence type never expires. Interval: Set the interval for intelligence type expiration. 						
Description	Description of a custom threat intelligence type						

Table 12-23 Threat intelligence type parameters

Step 8 In the lower right corner of the page, click Confirm.

----End

Managing a Threat Intelligence Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-108 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-109 Type Management page

< / Objects	/ Type Managemer	t										
Security Situation 🔹	Data Class	Tree Management		New York	Manning							
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	Dala Class	Data Class Type Management Classify&Mapping										
Risk Prevention 🔹												
Threat Operations	Alert Types	s Event Types 1	Threat Inte	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cus	tom Type						
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC	3
Objects 2	AI	•	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation		
Playbooks Layouts	Abnorm	al network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency IP Access Frequency Abnorr		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins Settings •	Abnorm	Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
	Abnorm	al user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete		

Step 5 On the **Type Management** page, click the **Threat Intelligence** tab.

Step 6 On the threat intelligence type tab, manage threat intelligence types.

NOTE

- Built-in threat intelligence types are enabled by default. You do not need to manually enable them.
- Currently, built-in threat intelligence types cannot be disabled or deleted.

Table 12-24 Managing a threat intelligence type	Table '	12-24	Managing	a th	nreat	intelli	gence	type
---	---------	-------	----------	------	-------	---------	-------	------

Operation	Description						
Enable	1. On the Threat Intelligence page, select the types to be enabled and click Batch enable in the upper left corner of the type list. Alternatively, locate the row containing the threat intelligence to be enabled, click Disable in the Status column.						
	 In the dialog box displayed, click OK. If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the status of the target type changes to Enable, the target type is enabled successfully. 						
Disable	1. On the Threat Intelligence page, select the types to be disabled and click Batch Disable in the upper left corner of the type list. Alternatively, locate the row containing the threat intelligence to be disabled, click Enable in the Status column.						
	 In the dialog box displayed, click OK. If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the Status of the target type changes to Disable, the target type is disabled successfully. 						
Delete	 On the threat intelligence type management tab, select the type to be deleted and click Delete in the Operation column. 						
	 In the displayed dialog box, enter DELETE and click OK. 						

----End

12.3.6 Managing Vulnerability Types

Scenario

This section describes how to manage vulnerability types. The detailed operations are as follows:

• Viewing Existing Vulnerability Types: Describes how to view existing vulnerability types and their details.

- Adding a Vulnerability Type: describes how to create custom vulnerability types.
- Associating a Vulnerability Type with a Layout: describes how to associate a custom vulnerability type with an existing layout.
- Editing a Vulnerability Type: describes how to edit a custom vulnerability type.
- **Managing a Vulnerability Type**: describes how to enable, disable, and delete a custom vulnerability type.

Limitations and Constraints

- Currently, the built-in vulnerability types of the system do not support customized layouts.
- Built-in vulnerability types are enabled by default and **cannot** be edited, enabled, disabled, or deleted.
- After a user-defined vulnerability type is added, the type ID **cannot** be modified.

Viewing Existing Vulnerability Types

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-110 Workspace management page



Figure 12-111 Type Management page

ecurity Situation 🔹											
ecurity Situation	Class Type Manageme	nt	Classify&	Mapping							
esource Manager 🔹 🔻	Type manageme		olaronjo	anopping.							
sk Prevention 💌											
real Operations	Alert Types Event Types	Threat Inf	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	tom Type						
0											
curity Orchestration	Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	Q	С
Objects				Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lav	Startup Status 🛛	P1.4	Description	Operation		
Playbooks	Al 🔻	²‡≡		and type and type ing	Associated Lay	animh anna h	3DA	Description	operation		
		- I		Abnormal access frequency of		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Lavout Edit Delete		
Layouts	Abnormal network behavior(22)			IP Access Frequency Abnorn	r						
		_		Abnormal IP address switch							
Plugins					Alert Detail	Enable		Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins tinos v	Abnormal system behavior(31)			IP Switch Abnormal							

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Vulnerability Type** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Vulnerability Type** tab page, view details about existing vulnerability types. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-25**.

Parameter	Description
Type Name/Type Tag	Name and tag of a vulnerability type
Associated Layout	Layout associated with the vulnerability type.
Startup Status	 Indicates the enabling status of a vulnerability type: Enabled: The current type has been enabled. Disabled: The current type has been disabled.
Built-in	Indicates whether the vulnerability is a built-in vulnerability type.
Description	Description of a vulnerability type
Operation	You can edit and delete vulnerability types.

Table 12-25 Vulnerability type parameters

----End

Adding a Vulnerability Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-112 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 💿
Security Overview Warkspaces	Costs C State and antisystel for seeds
Security Governance 🧹	C O Merc Mers Mer

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

< / / 0	Objects /	Type I	Management											
Security Situation	۳	Data	Class	Type Managemen		Nanajin d	Mapping							
Resource Manager	٣	Udid	Cidos	rype managemen	. 0	Jiassilyo	unapping							
Risk Prevention	Ŧ													
Threat Operations	T.		Alert Types	Event Types 1	Threat Int	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cus	lom Type						
Security Orchestration	1		Т	ype Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	Q	С
Objects 2			AI	*	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation		
Playbooks Layouts			Abnormal n	network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency IP Access Frequency Abnorr		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins Settings			Abnormal s	ystem behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
	1		Abnormal u	iser behavlor(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete		

Step 5 On the **Type Management** page, click the **Vulnerability Type** tab.

Step 6 On the **Vulnerability Type** page, click **Add**. On the **Add Vulnerability Type** slideout panel, set type parameters.

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Name of the vulnerability type to be added.
Type Tag	Enter the vulnerability type ID. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, TypeTag .
Startup Status	Indicates the enabling status of the vulnerability type:
Description	Description of a user-defined vulnerability

D NOTE

After a user-defined vulnerability type is added, the **Type ID** cannot be modified.

Step 7 In the lower right corner of the page, click Confirm.

After the threat intelligence type is added, you can view the new type in the table on the **Vulnerability Type** page.

----End

Associating a Vulnerability Type with a Layout

NOTE

Currently, built-in vulnerability types do not support customized layouts.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-114 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕐
Security Overview Wastspaces	Own O O Etter same adaptive for exect. O
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C C C Contractory C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Figure 12-115 Type Management page

< 1	Objects	/ Type I	Managemer	nt									
Security Situation	۳												
Resource Manager	٣	Data	Class	Type Managemen		Classify	\$Mapping						
Risk Prevention	Ŧ												
Threat Operations	-		Alert Types	s Event Types	Threat Inf	elligence	Vulnerability Type Custo	om Type					
Security Orchestration	•			Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	• Enter a keyword.	QC
Objects 2			AI	×	ģ ‡ ≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts			Abnorm	al network behavior(22			Abnormal access frequency (IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings			Abnorm	ial system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	1	Abnorm	al user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Vulnerability Type** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Vulnerability Type** page, select the vulnerability type to be associated with a layout and click **Associated Layout** in the **Operation** column of the target type.
- Step 7 In the Associate Layout dialog box, select the target layout and click OK.

Editing a Vulnerability Type

NOTE

- Currently, the built-in vulnerability types cannot be edited.
- After a user-defined vulnerability type is added, the type ID cannot be modified.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-116 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🛞
Security Overview Workspaces	Own 0 C there are and strayent for seals. 0
Security Covernance 🧹	C © o trinc. o trinc. Trinc T peer C Peer C Pe

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-117 Type Management page

< / Object	ts / Type	Management									
Security Situation	Date	a Class Type Management		lacció d	Manning						
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	Data Class Type Management Classify@Mapping										
Risk Prevention 💌											
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types Th	reat Intel	ligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	om Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Objects		Al •	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency of IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Vulnerability Type** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Vulnerability Type** page, select the type to be edited and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column of the target type.
- **Step 7** On the displayed page, edit the parameter information of the corresponding type.

Table 12-27 Vulnerability type parameters

Parameter	Description
Type Name	Name of a user-defined vulnerability type
Туре Тад	Vulnerability type ID, which cannot be modified.
Startup Status	Set the enabling status of the vulnerability type:
Description	Description of a user-defined vulnerability

Step 8 In the lower right corner of the page, click **OK**.

----End

Managing a Vulnerability Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-118 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-119 Type Management page

< / Object	ls / Type	Management									
Security Situation 🔹	Data	Class Type Managemen	t (Classify&	Mapping						
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻											
tak Prevention											
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types T	ihreat inti	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cus	lom Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	QC
Objects 2		AI +	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency IP Access Frequency Abnorr		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings v		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

Step 5 On the **Type Management** page, click the **Vulnerability Type** tab.

Step 6 On the vulnerability type tab, manage vulnerability types.

NOTE

- Built-in vulnerability types are enabled by default. You do not need to manually enable them.
- Currently, the built-in vulnerability types cannot be disabled or deleted.

Table 12-28 Managing a vulnerability type	Table	12-28	Managing	а	vulnerability ty	pe
---	-------	-------	----------	---	------------------	----

Operation	Description
Enable	 On the Vulnerability Type page, select the type to be enabled and click Batch Enable. Alternatively, locate the row containing the vulnerability type to be enabled, click Disable in the Status column.
	2. In the dialog box displayed, click OK . If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the status of the target type changes to Enable , the target type is enabled successfully.
Disable	 On the Vulnerability Type page, select the type to be disabled and click Batch Disable. Alternatively, locate the row containing the vulnerability type to be disabled, click Enable in the Status column.
	 In the dialog box displayed, click OK. If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the Status of the target type changes to Disable, the target type is disabled successfully.
Delete	 On the Vulnerability Type tab, select the vulnerability type to be deleted and click Delete in the Operation column.
	 In the displayed dialog box, enter DELETE and click OK.

----End

12.3.7 Managing Custom Types

Scenario

This section describes how to manage custom object types.

- Adding a Custom Type: describes how to define types.
- Adding a Subtype for a User-Defined Type: describes how to define subtypes.
- Associating a Custom Type/Subtype with a Layout: describes how to associate a user-defined type or subtype with an existing layout.

- Editing a Custom Type/Subtype: describes how to edit a user-defined type or subtype.
- **Enabling/Disabling a User-defined Subtype**: describes how to enable or disable a new type or subtype.
- Viewing Custom Types or Subtypes: describes how to view new user-defined types and subtypes.
- **Deleting a Custom Type or Subtype**: describes how to delete a user-defined type or subtype.

Limitations and Constraints

- Built-in types and sub-types cannot be associated with layouts, edited, deleted, enabled, or disabled.
- After a custom type is added, its values of **Data Class**, **Type Name**, and **Type ID** cannot be modified.
- After a subtype is added, its values of **Data Class**, **Type Name**, **Type ID**, and **Subtype ID** cannot be modified.

Adding a Custom Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-120 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-121 Type Management page

< / / Ob	ijects /	Type Management										
Security Situation		Data Class			Managina							
Resource Manager		Data Class Type Management ClassSifyMapping										
Risk Prevention	•											
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types Th	hreat Intel	ligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	lom Type						
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	Q	С
Objects		AI v	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation		
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins Settings		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete		

Step 5 On the **Type Management** page, click the **Custom Type** tab. On the displayed page, click **Add**.

Figure 12-122 Add Type

/pe List	Add Type	TypeName					Associated Layout Edit	De	elete
Resource	*		ated: 2023/06/29 16:16:33 GMT+0	8:00 Associated Layout:			0		
TypeName(1)	Custom	- 🖉							
VPC(2)		Add Batch enable Batch	n Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	Q	

Step 6 On the **Add Type** page, set type parameters.

Parameter	Description
Data Class	Select an existing data class.
Type Name	Create a name for the type you want to define.
Туре Тад	Enter a type tag. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, TypeTag .
Startup Status	The enabling status of the type:
Description	Description of a custom type.

Table 12-29 User-defined type parameters

After a user-defined type is added, the **Data Class**, **Type Name**, and **Type ID** cannot be modified.

Step 7 In the lower right corner of the page, click **OK**.

After the type is added, you can view the new type in the **Type List** on the **User-Defined Types** page.

----End

Adding a Subtype for a User-Defined Type

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-123 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Outs O C Etter vanue net/support for mech. O
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	© © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-124 Type Management page

(/ Обј	jects / Tyj	pe Management										
Security Situation												
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻		ata Class Type Mar	agement	Clas	ssify&Mapping							
Risk Prevention												
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Ty	ipes Threa	t Intellige	ence Vulnerability Type Cust	tom Type						
Security Orchestration		Type Na	me		Add Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	Q	С
Objects 2		Al v	Å1	=	Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍸	SLA	Description	Operation		
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network be			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable		Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system bet	avior(31)		Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable		Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete		
		Abnormal user behav	(m/20)	1	First login from an IP address	Alert Detail	Enable		First login from an IP address	Associated Lavout Edit Delete		

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Custom Type** tab. In the type list on the left, click the name of the custom type for which you want to add a subtype. Details about the custom type are displayed on the right.
- **Step 6** On the **Custom Types** page on the right, click **Add**.

Figure 12-125 Adding a subtype

Alarm Type Event Type	Threat Intelligence	Vulnerability Type Custom Type	
Type List	Add Type	TypeName	Associated Layout Edit Delete
Resource	٨	Created By: Created: 2023/07/17 10:11:25 GMT+08:00 Associated Layout:	
VPC(3)			
Website(2)	8	Add Batch enable Batch Disable Sub Type	Enter a keyword. Q C
Host(7)		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag Associated Layout Startup Status 🖓 SLA Description	Operation
EIP(2)			
Database(3)		_! Q	
IP(2)		No data svaliable.	
TypeName(0)	Custom		

Step 7 On the **Add Subtype** page, set parameters.

Table 12-30	Subtype	parameters
-------------	---------	------------

Parameter	Description
Data Class	Name of the current data class.
Type Name	Name of the current type.
Type ID	ID of the current type.
Subtype	User-defined subtype keyword.
Subtype ID	Custom subtype ID. The keyword must comply with the upper camel case naming rules, for example, SubTypeTag .
Status	Indicates the enabling status of the subtype:
SLA	Set the SLA processing time of the subtype.
Description	Description of a subtype

Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Associating a Custom Type/Subtype with a Layout

NOTE

Built-in types and subtypes have been associated with layouts by default. You cannot customize associated layouts.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-126 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🛞
Security Overview Workspaces Management Purchased Resources	Own 0 ① Ethic scales and hypothysic to see it. 0
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	. C © © Induct States Pages ciliares Pages ciliares Pages ciliares (Pages Ciliares O Aless O Aless O Aless O Aless O Aless O Papidoses O Papidoses O Papidoses O Papidoses O Ciliares O C

Figure 12-127	' Туре	Management page
---------------	--------	-----------------

< / Obj	jects / '	Type Management								
Security Situation		Data Class Type Management	Channik -	§Mapping						
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻		ana class	Classily	swapping						
Risk Prevention										
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types Threat Int	elligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	om Type					
Security Orchestration	•	Type Name	Ado	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword. Q	С
Objects 2		Al 🔹 🏄		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)		Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)		Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)		First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Custom Type** tab. On the displayed page, perform operations based on the type.
 - For a **type**:
 - a. In the **Type List** on the left of the **Custom Type** page, select the type to be associated with a layout.
 - b. In the detailed information about the type on the right, click **Associate Layout**. The **Associate Layout** dialog box is displayed.
 - c. In the Associate Layout dialog box, select the target layout and click OK.
 - For a **subtype**:
 - a. In the **Type List** on the left of the **Custom Type** page, select the type to be associated with a layout.

- b. In the subtype list of this type displayed on the right, click **Associate Layout** in the **Operation** column of the target type to associate with the layout. The **Associate Layout** dialog box is displayed.
- c. In the Associate Layout dialog box, select the target layout and click OK.

Editing a Custom Type/Subtype

NOTE

- Built-in types and subtypes cannot be edited.
- After a user-defined type is added, the **Data Class**, **Type Name**, and **Type ID** cannot be modified.
- After a subtype is added, its **Data Class**, **Type Name**, **Type Tag**, **Sub Type**, and **Sub Type Tag** cannot be modified.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-128 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕐
Security Overview Workspaces	Cute : Cute a new advector for sease.
Security Covernance 🧹	C O Metric Maria Report Prend Prend

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-129 Type Management page

< / Object	cts / Type	e Management									
Security Situation 🔹	Dat	a Class Type Management	1	Second de	Mapping						
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	Uai	a class	0	Adabatyo	nughhuð						
Risk Prevention 💌											
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types Ti	reat inte	lligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	om Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	 Enter a keyword. 	QC
Objects 2		AI +	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🏹	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency of IP Access Frequency Abnorm	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Custom Type** tab. On the displayed page, perform operations based on the type.
 - For a **type**:
 - a. In the **Type List** on the left of the **Custom Type** page, select the type to be edited.
 - b. Click **Edit** on the target type detail page. The **Edit Type** page is displayed on the right.

c. On the **Edit Type** page, edit the parameters of the type.

Table 12-31	Type parameters
-------------	-----------------

Parameter	Description
Data Class	Data class to which the type belongs, which cannot be modified.
Type Name	Name of a user-defined type, which cannot be modified.
Type ID	Vulnerability type ID, which cannot be modified.
Status	The enabling status of the type.
Description	Description of a custom type

- d. In the lower right corner of the page, click **Confirm**.
- For a **subtype**:
 - a. In the **Type List** on the left of the **Custom Type** page, select the type you want to edit.
 - b. In the subtype list of this type on the right, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column of the target subtype. The **Edit Subtype** page is displayed on the right.
 - c. On the **Edit Subtype** page, edit the parameters of the subtype.

Table 12-32 Subtype parameters

Parameter	Description					
Data Class	Data class to which the type belongs, which cannot be modified.					
Type Name	Name of a user-defined type, which cannot be modified.					
Type ID	Vulnerability type ID, which cannot be modified.					
Subtype Name	Name of the sub type, which cannot be edited.					
Subtype ID	Subtype ID, which cannot be modified.					
Startup Status	The enabling status of the subtype.					
SLA	SLA processing time of the subtype					
Description	Description of a custom subtype					

d. In the lower right corner of the page, click **OK**.

----End

Enabling/Disabling a User-defined Subtype

D NOTE

Built-in subtypes are enabled by default and cannot be disabled.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-130 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Outp O O Circle a same and space for merity
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C 0 and the control of the

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Security Orchestration > Objects. On the displayed page, click the Type Management tab.

Figure 12-131 Type Management page

C Cojetis / Type Management															
Security Situation		Pate Olean Two Hannanan Oleaniid Hannin													
Resource Manager		Data Class Type Management Classify&Mapping													
Risk Prevention															
Threat Operations	,	Alert Types Event Types Threat Intelligence Wilnerability Type Custom Type													
Security Orchestration			Type Name		Add	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	▼ Enter a keyword.	QC			
Objects 2		AI	¥	Ň≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🎖	SLA	Description	Operation				
Playbooks Layouts		Abr	normal network behavior(22	,		Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete				
Plugins Settings	,	Abnormal system behavior(31)				Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete				
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)				First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete				

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Custom Type** tab. In the type list on the left of the page, select the type you want to associate with the layout.
- **Step 6** In the subtype list displayed on the right, enable or disable the target subtype in the **Startup Status** column.

You can batch enable or disable subtypes. To do so, select them and click **Batch** enable or **Batch Disable** in the upper left corner above the type list.

Step 7 In the dialog box displayed, click OK.

If the system displays a message indicating that the operation is successful and the status of the target type changes to **Disabled** (or **Enabled**), the target type is disabled (or enabled).

----End

Viewing Custom Types or Subtypes

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-132 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces Annual Purchased Resources	Count
Security Governance 🤍 🤟	C © O met.c. Met. New C. ■ Peet

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-133 Type Management page

< / Obj	ects / Tj	ype Management					
Security Situation							
Resource Manager 🔹 💌	-	Data Class Type Management 3	y&Mapping				
Risk Prevention 💌							
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types Threat Inte	e Vulnerability Type Custom Type				
Security Orchestration		Type Name	dd Batch enable Batch Disable Sub Type	Enter a keyword. Q			
Objects		Al ▼ Åt≡	Sub Type/Sub Type Tag Associated Lay Startup Status 🖓 SLA Description	Operation			
Playbooks		Abnormal network behavior(22)	Abnormal access frequency (Alert Detail Enable - Abnormal access frequency IP Access Frequency Abnorm	of Associated Layout Edit Delete			
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)	Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete			
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)	First login from an IP address IP First Access - First login from an IP addres	Associated Layout Edit Delete			

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Custom Type** tab. On the displayed page, view details about existing custom types or subtypes.
 - The type list is displayed on the left, showing the existing types.
 - To view details about a type, click the type name in the type list. The type details are displayed on the right. The detailed information is as follows:
 - Basic information about the target type: name, creator, creation time, and associated layout.
 - Subtype list: information about existing subtypes, subtype names, and layouts associated with subtypes.

----End

Deleting a Custom Type or Subtype

Built-in types and subtypes cannot be deleted.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-134 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the displayed page, click the **Type Management** tab.

Figure 12-135 Type Management page

< / Object	ts / Type N	Aanagement									
Security Situation			1								
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻	Data	Class Type Management	6	Jassinyi	8Mapping						
Risk Prevention 💌											
Threat Operations		Alert Types Event Types T	hreat inti	lligence	Vulnerability Type Cust	om Type					
Security Orchestration		Type Name		Ado	Batch enable	Batch Disable			Sub Type	Enter a keyword.	QC
Objects 2		Al v	Åį≡		Sub Type/Sub Type Tag	Associated Lay	Startup Status 🍞	SLA	Description	Operation	
Playbooks Layouts		Abnormal network behavior(22)			Abnormal access frequency o IP Access Frequency Abnorm		Enable	-	Abnormal access frequency of	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
Plugins Settings •		Abnormal system behavior(31)			Abnormal IP address switch IP Switch Abnormal	Alert Detail	Enable	-	Abnormal IP address switch	Associated Layout Edit Delete	
	1	Abnormal user behavior(38)			First login from an IP address IP First Access	Alert Detail	Enable	-	First login from an IP address	Associated Layout Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Type Management** page, click the **Custom Type** tab. On the displayed page, perform operations based on the type.
 - For a type:
 - a. In the **Type List** on the left of the **Custom Type** page, select the target.
 - b. In the right pane, click **Delete** on the target type page to delete the type. A dialog box is displayed for you to confirm the deletion.
 - c. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.
 - For a subtype:
 - a. In the **Type List** on the left of the **Custom Type** page, select the target type.
 - b. In the subtype list of this type on the right, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column of the target type to be deleted. The deletion confirmation dialog box is displayed.
 - c. In the displayed dialog box, enter **DELETE** and click **OK**.

----End

12.3.8 Managing Categorical Mappings

Categorical mappings are used to match alert types and map alert fields for cloud service alerts.

This section describes how to manage categories and mappings, including Viewing Categorical Mappings, Creating a Categorical Mapping, Copying a Categorical Mapping, Editing a Categorical Mapping, and Enabling, Disabling, and Deleting a Categorical Mapping.

Viewing Categorical Mappings

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-136 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Costa C Etter vanae and tayout for sease.
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C Ound coul Ound coul Prest Prest Prest Prest Prest Ound Prest Ound Ound

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the page displayed, click the **Classify&Mapping** tab.

Figure 12-137 Classify&Mapping tab

< / 0	lbjects /	Classify&Mapping							
Security Situation		to Olive They Measured 1	New Xold America						
Resource Manager 🔹 🔻	U	ata Class Type Management (Classify&Mapping)					
Risk Prevention 🔹									
Threat Operations		Create					Start Date End Date	Ü.	Q = = C
Security Orchestration		Name	Data Class	Enable Status γ	Progress	Number of asso	Created	Description	Operation
Dbjects 2		CFW Alert Categorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration CFW Alert Categorization and R	Cione
Layouts		MTD Alert Calegorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23 42 32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration of MTD Alert Categorization and	Cione
Plugins Settings 💌		HSS Alert Calegorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23 42 32 GMT+08.00	Built-in Configuration of HSS Alert Categorization and	Ciene

- **Step 5** On the **Classify&Mapping** tab, view details about the created categorical mappings.
 - In the categorical mapping list, view details such as the categorical mapping name, data class, and number of associated plug-in instances.
 - If there are many categorical mappings, use filters and keywords to search for a specific one.
 - To edit a categorical mapping, click its name to go to the edit page. On the edit page, you can edit details about the categorical mapping.
 - In the categorical mapping list, you can also enable, disable, clone, and delete a categorical mapping.

----End

Creating a Categorical Mapping

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-138 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces Annual A	Outin ① ① Utins a same and request for sease.
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	C O Order Record Order

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the page displayed, click the **Classify&Mapping** tab.

Figure 12-139 Classify&Mapping tab

<	/ Objec	ls / Classify&Mapping							
Security Situation Resource Manager	• •	Data Class Type Management	Classify&Mapping)					
Risk Prevention Threat Operations	Ţ	Create					Start Date – End Date	ŧ	QEBC
Security Orchestration		Name	Data Class	Enable Status 🍞	Progress	Number of asso	Created	Description	Operation
Objects 2		CFW Alert Categorization and Re-May	oping Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration CFW Alert Categorization and R	Clone
Layouts		MTD Alert Categorization and Re-Mag	oping Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration of MTD Alert Categorization and	Cione
Plugins Settings	Ŧ	HSS Alert Calegorization and Re-Map	ping Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23 42 32 GMT+08/00	Built-in Configuration of HSS Alert Calegorization and	Clone

Step 5 On the **Classify&Mapping** tab, click **Create**.

Step 6 On the **Create Categorical Mapping** page, set categorical mapping parameters.

Figure 12-140 Create Categorical Mapping	
Create Categorical Manning	

Create Categorical Mapping		
Basic Parameters	Classify Mapping Pretreatment	
* Name Classify		
* Data Catagory Incident *	Classifica	tion Method
Description	General classification	Custom classification
01,000	This method is applicable for data processing in most scenarios.	If you have special data processing requirements, you can create a custom data class to meet your needs.
A 🔮 Data Source		
* Data Source Select inst *		
* Instance CFW -		
A SUSON File		
Upload JSON file		
- + + 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1		
	ОК	ОК

1. In the **Basic Parameters** area on the left, configure basic information about the categorical mapping. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-33**.

Table 12-33 Configuring basic information	
---	--

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of a user-defined categorical mapping.
Data Category	Select the corresponding data class.
Description	Description of the custom categorical mapping.

2. In the **Data Source** area on the left, select the data source for the categorical mapping.

If **Data Source** is set to **Upload JSON file**, you need to click **Upload JSON file** and upload the JSON file.

3. On the **Classify** tab on the right, select a classification method and set related parameters.

- 4. After the classification configuration is complete, click 🖻 at the upper right corner of the page to save the configuration.
- 5. On the **Mapping** tab on the right, select a mapping mode and set related parameters.
- 6. After the categorical mapping is complete, click 🖻 at the upper right corner of the page to save the configuration.
- 7. On the **Preprocessing** tab on the right, set preprocessing mapping parameters.
- 8. Click \square at the upper right corner of the page to save the configuration.

----End

Copying a Categorical Mapping

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-141 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Oute O C titler a state and hypothytic for search. O
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Security Orchestration > Objects. On the page displayed, click the Classify&Mapping tab.

Figure 12-142 Classify&Mapping tab

C	/ Object	ls / Classify&Mapping								
Security Situation	۳									
Resource Manager	۳	Data Class Type Management C	Classify&Mapping							
Risk Prevention	۳									
Threat Operations	Ţ	Create					Start Date End Date	Ë	Q = 88	С
Security Orchestration		Name	Data Class	Enable Status γ	Progress	Number of asso	Created	Description	Operation	
Objects 2 Playbooks		CFW Alert Categorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GWT+08:00	Built-in Configuration CFW Alert Categorization and R	Clone	
Layouts		MTD Alert Calegorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration of MTD Alert Categorization and	Cione	
Plugins Settings	Ŧ	HSS Alort Calegorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	t	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration of HSS Alert Categorization and	Cione	

- **Step 5** On the **Classify&Mapping** page, click **Clone** in the **Operation** column of the target categorical mapping.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, enter the name for replicated mapping and click **OK**.

----End

Editing a Categorical Mapping

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-143 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the page displayed, click the **Classify&Mapping** tab.

Figure 12-144 Classify&Mapping tab

	/ Obje	ds / Cla	issify&Mapping											
Security Situation	۳	Data	Class Type Management C	lassify&Mapping										
Resource Manager Risk Prevention	• •													
Threat Operations	,		Create					Start Da	ile – End Dale		8	Q	Ξ	C
Security Orchestration	•		Name	Data Class	Enable Status 🍞	Progress	Number of asso	Created		Description		Operation		
Objects 2			CFW Nert Categorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23 42 32 GV	IT+08:00	Built-in Configuration CF	N Alert Calegorization and R	Clone		
Layouts			MTD Alert Categorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GV	IT+08:00	Built-in Configuration of N	ITD Alert Categorization and	Cione		
Plugins Settings	Ŧ		HSS Alert Calegorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GV	IT+03:00	Built-in Configuration of H	ISS Alert Calegorization and	Clone		

- **Step 5** On the **Classify&Mapping** page, click the target categorical mapping name to go to the edit page.
- **Step 6** On the **Edit Categorical Mapping** page, set parameters.
 - 1. In the **Basic Parameters** area on the left, configure basic information about the categorical mapping. For details about the parameters, see **Table 12-33**.

Table 12-34 Configuring	basic information
-------------------------	-------------------

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of a user-defined categorical mapping.
Data Category	This field cannot be edited.
Description	Description of the custom categorical mapping.

2. In the **Data Source** area on the left, select the data source for the categorical mapping.

If **Data Source** is set to **Upload JSON file**, you need to click **Upload JSON file** and upload the JSON file.

3. On the **Classify** tab on the right, select a classification method and set related parameters.

- 4. After the classification configuration is complete, click 🖻 at the upper right corner of the page to save the configuration.
- 5. On the **Mapping** tab on the right, select a mapping mode and set related parameters.
- 6. After the categorical mapping is complete, click 🖬 at the upper right corner of the page to save the configuration.
- 7. On the **Preprocessing** tab on the right, set preprocessing mapping parameters.
- 8. Click \square at the upper right corner of the page to save the configuration.

----End

Enabling, Disabling, and Deleting a Categorical Mapping

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-145 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Coase C Litter vanue and huppent for menh.
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Objects**. On the page displayed, click the **Classify&Mapping** tab.

Figure 12-146 Classify&Mapping tab

C	/ Objects	: / Classify&Mapping							
Security Situation	۳								
Resource Manager	٣	Data Class Type Management C	lassify&Mapping)					
Risk Prevention	•								
Threat Operations		Create					Start Date End Date	<u> </u>	Q = 88 C
Security Orchestration	-	Name	Data Class	Enable Status γ	Progress	Number of asso	Created	Description	Operation
Objects 2		CFW Alert Categorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration CFW Alert Categorization and R	Clone
Layouts		MTD Alert Calegorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Etable	Basic In Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23:42:32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration of MTD Alert Categorization and	Cione
Plugins Settings	Ŧ	HSS Alert Calegorization and Re-Mapping	Alert	Enable	Basic in Classify Mapping	1	2023/08/08 23 42 32 GMT+08:00	Built-in Configuration of HSS Alert Calegorization and	Clone



NOTE

- Custom categorical mappings cannot be enabled or disabled.
- Currently, built-in categorical mappings cannot be deleted.

Operation	Description								
Enable	Locate the row containing the target categorical mapping and click Disable in the Status column.								
	If the status changes to Enable , the categorical mapping has been enabled.								
Disable	Locate the row containing your desired categorical mapping and click Enable in the Status column.								
	If the status changes to Disable , the categorical mapping has been disabled.								
Delete	 Click Delete in the Operation column of the target categorical mapping. 								
	2. In the displayed pane on the right, click Delete .								
	NOTE								
	 If a categorical mapping is deleted, the plug-ins and connections associated with the categorical mapping will be stopped immediately. 								
	 Deleted categorical mappings cannot be restored. Exercise caution when performing this operation. 								

Table	12-35	Managing	categorical	mappings
-------	-------	----------	-------------	----------

----End

12.4 Creating a Custom Layout

12.4.1 Managing Layouts

Scenario

There are multiple page layouts, such as the **Alert List**, **Indicator Details**, and **Vulnerability Details** layouts.

This topic describes how to check and delete a layout.

Viewing an Existing Layout

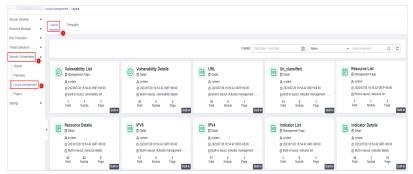
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-147 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Own O C Etter x name and hypered for search. O
Security Covernance 🗸 🤟	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Layouts**.

Figure 12-148 Layouts page





Hover your cursor over the target layout and click *(* in the upper right corner of the layout. The layout configuration details page is displayed.

----End

Deleting a Layout

Custom page layouts can be deleted.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-149 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Layouts**.

Figure 12-150 Layouts page

	/ Layout m	anager	ient / Layout																				
ty Stuation 🔻	Layo	xt.	Template																				
nce Manager 🛛 🔻		-6																					
revention •																							
Operations v													Created	Start Date	e – End Del		Ë	Name		• Enter	a kayword.	Q	16
Orchestration																							
ects			Vulnerability List				ulnerability	Datail			URL					Un_cla	nified			Page	urce List		
teeks		0	10 Nanagement Page				Orierability Detail	Detail	5		D Detail				0	D Detail	ssmed		08		lagement Page		
ut management			A system			_	system				A system					A system				A sis			
			@ 2023/07/28 16:54:42 G				3 2023/07/28 19					28 16 54 42 0						12 GVT+08.00			3/07/28 16:54:4		1
ins			E Built-in layout, vulnerab	ilty list		-	Built-In layout,	vulnerabi	ity details			ayout, indicato	пагадети	ent		E Buit-In	layout, indi	alor management -		-	Hin layout, reso		
Ŧ			1 1 Field Nodule	1 Page	Built-in		21 5 Teld Nod	luie	2 Paga	Bull-in	16 Field	0 Nodule	1 Page	Built-in		14 Field	Nodule	Page E	ultin	7 Field	1 Nodule	1 Page	
	4		Resource Details				PV6 Detail				IPV4 FD Detail				o	Indicat El Manao	or List ement Page		0	E Del	ator Details		
			A system				, system				– A system					A system				8.95	σπ		
			@ 2023/07/28 18:54:42 G	00:80+TM			2023/07/28 16	54.42 GN	(T+08.00		@ 282307	28 18:54 42 0	00:80+TN			@ 2023/0	7/28 16:54.4	2 GMT+08:00		@ 212	307/28 16:54 4	2 GVT+08.00	5
			🗄 Built-in layout, resource	details) Built-in layout,	indicator (management		🗄 Bult-In I	ayout, indicate	nanagerie	at		() Built-in	layout, indic	ator list		(E) Bui	t-in layout, indic	ator details	
			62 22	8			17 0				17		1			1	0			50	3	11	

Step 5 On the layout management page, move the cursor to a desired layout and click in the upper right corner of the layout. The deletion confirmation dialog box is displayed.

Step 6 Click OK.

----End

12.4.2 Viewing a Layout Template

Scenarios

There are many management page and details page templates, for example, alert, incident, and vulnerability management templates.

This section describes how to view layout templates you have.

Viewing a Layout Template

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-151 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Castar C data a usual delayard for smech.
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Layouts**. On the displayed page, click the **Template** tab.

Figure 12-152 Layout template tab

< / / Layout manageme	nt / Layout			
Security Situation •	Lavout Template			
Resource Manager +	•			
Risk Prevention •				
Threat Operations +		All Enter a keyword.	Q	Search
Security Orchest 0		Indicator Large Screen Custom Resource		
Object Management	Page Type All Management Page Detail			
Playbook				
Management	Resource Details	Resource List	Vulnerability Details Detail	Vulnerability List D Management Page
Layout management	@ 2023/03/07 14:47:52 GMT+08:00	@ 2023/03/06 14:49.31 GMT+08:00	@ 2022/11/26 14:24:05 GMT+08:00	@ 2022/11/26 14:20:37 GMT+08:00
Plugin Management	Bult-inlayout,Resource Details	Built-inlayout, Resource List	E Built-inlayout, Vulnerability Details	Bult-inlayout, Vulnerability List
Settings •	Built-in	Buit-in	Bulk	n Bult-in
	Indicator Details	Un_classified	DIPV6	0) IPV4
	D Detail	D Detai	D Detail	Detail
	() 2022/11/17 17:03:19 GMT+08:00 (F) Built-iniavout.indicator Details	(5) 2022/11/17 17:03:19 GMT+08:00 (F) Built-Inlayout, Indicator-Un classified	@ 2022/11/17 17:03:19 GMT+08:00	(3 2022/11/17 17:03:19 GMT+08:00 FE Bull-Inlavout.Indicator-IPV4
	g Burrineyou, notani Detais		Bull-	
	Butth	801-1	BUR	Sale of Sale o

Step 5 On the **Template** tab, view the template information.

You can search for a specified layout template by Layout Type or Page Type.

• You can view the name, page type, and creation time of a template.

• You can edit the name and layout of a template.

----End

12.5 Viewing Plug-in Details

Scenario

This section describes how to view SecMaster built-in plug-ins and their details.

Viewing Plug-in Details

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 12-153 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Orchestration** > **Plugins**.

Figure 12-154 Plugins page

< /				
Security Situation •	Plugin Management			
Resource Manager 🔹 👻	Q			
Risk Prevention •				
Threat Operations 🔹	- (18)	This is the built-in plug	-in set of I	
Security Orchest	- + + HTTP Java			
Object Management	+ @ SecMasterBiz Python	Upgradable/System Plug-in	Custom plug-ins	Total number of plug-ins
Playbook	+ SecMasterUtilities Python	<mark>0/18</mark>	0	18
Management	CEIP Python			
Layout management	ECS Python			
Plugin Management	RDS Python			
Settings •	- + © IAM Python			
	+ © WAP Python + © Getthreatbookinfo Python			

Step 5 On the **Plugins** page, view plug-in details.

- The navigation pane on the left shows information about all built-in plug-in sets, plug-ins, and functions.
- To view details about a plug-in, click its name. Its details will be displayed in the right pane.
- To view details about a function, expand the plug-in and click the function name. The function details will be displayed in the right pane.

----End

13 Settings

13.1 Data Integration

13.1.1 Cloud Service Log Access Supported by SecMaster

SecMaster can integrate logs of multiple cloud products. You can search for and analyze all collected logs in SecMaster.

Category	Service	Service Type	Log	Log Description
Host	Host Security	Tenant-side	hss-alarm	HSS alarms
security	Service (HSS)	cloud service	hss-vul	HSS vulnerability scan results
			hss-log	HSS logs
			hss-baseline	HSS baseline check
Applicatio n security	Web Application Firewall (WAF)	cloud service	waf-attack	WAF attack logs
			waf-access	WAF access logs
	Cloud Trace Service (CTS)	Tenant-side cloud service	cts-audit	CTS logs
Network security	NIP	Huawei device	nip-attack	IPS attack logs
	DDoS	Huawei device	ddos-attack	Anti-DDoS attack logs

 Table 13-1 Log access supported by SecMaster

Category	Service	Service Type	Log	Log Description
O&M	Cloud Bastion	Tenant-side	cbh-audit	Bastion host
security	Host (CBH)	cloud service		audit logs

13.1.2 Enabling Log Access

Scenario

SecMaster can access logs of multiple cloud products with your authorization. After you authorize the access, you can manage logs centrally and search and analyze all collected logs.

NOTE

You are advised to enable access to asset details, asset alerts, baseline inspection results, vulnerability data, and logs in one workspace. This will make it easier for centralized security operations and association analysis.

This topic describes how to access logs and view where logs are stored.

Limitations and Constraints

It takes about 10 minutes for the log access settings to take effect.

Allowing SecMaster to Access Cloud Service Logs

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-1 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Own O O Etter a same and injuryed for mech. O
Security Covernance 🗸 🗸	Other Security ●

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Data Integration**.

Figure 13-2 Data Integration page

< 1 Diak Hegendan								
Security Situation	•	Cloud Service Access						
Resource Manager	•							
Risk Prevention	•							
Threat Operations		Access Service Log						
Security Orchest		Cloud Service	Log	Region Level	Workspace	Storage Location (2)	Lifecycle	Automatically converts alarms
Settings		Web Application Firewall	WAF attack log 💿	Region		/ isap-cloudlogs-0a60703a750043a92bac0	180 Days	
Collection Management		Neo Approximination	WAF access log ⑦	Region		/ isap-cloudlogs-0a60703a7500f3a82bac0	180 Days	-
Component management		Object Storage Service (?)	Object Storage Service access log	Region		/ isap-cloudlogs-0a60703a7500f3a82/bac0	100 Days	-
Data Integration		IPS	IPS attack log	Region		/ isap-cloudlogs-0a60703a7500f3a92/bac0	180 Days	-
Checks Catalog	1	Identity and Access Management (2)	IAM audit log	Region		/ isap-cloudlogs-0a60703a7500f3a92/bac0	180 Days	-
Ousiomization								

Step 5 Locate the target cloud service and click O in the **Logs** column.

To access logs of cloud services supported in the current region, click *on* the left of **Access Service Logs**.

Step 6 Set the lifecycle.

Set the data storage duration as required.

Step 7 Set Automatically converts alarms.

Locate the row containing the target security products. In the Automatically

converts alarms column of that row, click **to enable the function.** After that, SecMaster will automatically convert cloud service logs into alerts when the logs meet certain alert rules. Those alerts will be displayed on the **Alerts** page.

NOTE

- If this function is disabled, logs that meet certain alert rules will not be converted into alerts or displayed on the **Alerts** page.
- You can access host vulnerability scan results on the **Vulnerabilities** page of SecMaster. If such results have been accessed during data integration but this conversion function is disabled, the results will not be displayed on the **Vulnerabilities** page.

Step 8 Click Save. In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

NOTE

It takes about 10 minutes for the log access settings to take effect. After the access completes, a default data space and pipeline are created.

----End

Viewing Logs and Storage Locations

After log integration, go to the **Security Analysis** > **Security Data Tables** page to view integrated logs.

- Access the target workspace. In the navigation pane on the left, choose Threat Operations > Security Analysis. The security analysis page is displayed.
- 2. In the data space navigation tree on the left, click a data space name to show the pipeline list. Click a pipeline name. On the page displayed on the right, you can search the pipeline data.

You can view the integrated logs on the pipeline data query page.

Related Operations

- Canceling Data Access
 - a. In the **Logs** column of the target cloud services, click \bigcirc to disable the access to cloud service logs.
 - b. Click Save.
- Editing the Data Access Lifecycle

- a. In the **Lifecycle** column of the target cloud services, enter the data storage period.
- b. Click Save.
- Canceling Automatic Converting Logs into Alarms
 - a. In the **Automatically converts alarms** column of the target cloud products, click to disable the alarms.
 - b. Click Save.

13.2 Log Data Collection

13.2.1 Data Collection Overview

You can enable access to third-party logs in SecMaster. SecMaster uses Logstash to collect logs from many types of sources. Logs are comprehensively collected for historical data analysis, associated data analysis, and unknown threat detection.

Figure 13-3 Data collection



Data Collection Principles

The basic principle of data collection is as follows: SecMaster uses a component controller (isap-agent) that is installed on your ECSs to manage the collection component Logstash, and Logstash transfer security data in your organization or between you and SecMaster.

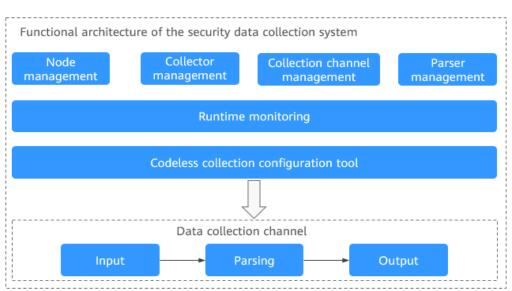


Figure 13-4 Functional architecture of the collection system

Description

- Collector: custom Logstash. A collector node is a custom combination of Logstash+ component controller (isap-agent).
- Node: If you install SecMaster component controller isap-agent on an ECS, the ECS is called a node. You need to deliver data collection engine Logstash to managed nodes on the **Components** page.
- Component: A component is a custom Logstash that works as a data aggregation engine to receive and send security log data.
- Connector: A connector is a basic element for Logstash. It defines the way Logstash receives source data and the standards it follows during the process. Each connector has a source end and a destination end. Source ends and destination ends are used for data inputs and outputs, respectively. The SecMaster pipeline is used for log data transmission between SecMaster and your devices.
- Parser: A parser is a basic element for configuring custom Logstash. Parsers mainly work as filters in Logstash. SecMaster preconfigures varied types of filters and provides them as parsers. In just a few clicks on the SecMaster console, you can use parsers to generate native scripts to set complex filters for Logstash. In doing this, you can convert raw logs into the format you need.
- Collection channel: A collection channel is equivalent to a Logstash pipeline. Multiple pipelines can be configured in Logstash. Each pipeline consists of the input, filter, and output parts. Pipelines work independently and do not affect each other. You can deploy a pipeline for multiple nodes. A pipeline is considered one collection channel no matter how many nodes it is configured for.

Limitations and Constraints

• Currently, the data collection component controller can run on Linux ECSs running the x86_64 architecture.

Collector Specifications

The following table describes the specifications of the ECSs that are selected as nodes in collection management.

vCPUs	Memory	System Disk	Data Disk	Referenced Processing Capability
4 vCPUs	8 GB	50 GB	100 GB	2,000 EPS @ 1 KB 4,000 EPS @ 500 B
8 vCPUs	16 GB	50 GB	100 GB	5,000 EPS @ 1 KB 10,000 EPS @ 500 B
16 vCPUs	32 GB	50 GB	100 GB	10,000 EPS @ 1 KB 20,000 EPS @ 500 B
32 vCPUs	64 GB	50 GB	100 GB	20,000 EPS @ 1 KB 40,000 EPS @ 500 B
64 vCPUs	128 GB	50 GB	100 GB	40,000 EPS @ 1 KB 80,000 EPS @ 500 B

Table 13-2 Collector Specifications

NOTE

- The ECS must have at least two vCPUs and 4 GB of memory. A disk of at least 100 GB must be attached as the directory disk.
- The log volume usually increases in proportion to the server specifications. Generally, you are advised to increase the log volume based on the specifications in the table. If there is huge pressure on a collector, you can deploy multiple collectors and manage them centrally through collection channels. This can distribute the log forwarding pressure across collectors.
- Before installing the component controller, you are advised to mount a disk and use the disk partitioning script to allocate the disk. To ensure the installation and running of Logstash, the directory partition must have more than 100 GB of free space.

Log Source Limit

You can add as many as log sources you need to the collectors as long as your cloud resources can accommodate those logs. You can scale cloud resources anytime to meet your needs.

Data Collection Process



No.	Step	Description
1	Managing Nodes	Select or purchase an ECS and install the component controller on the ECS to complete node management.
2	Installing Components	Install data collection engine Logstash on the Components tab to complete component installation.
3	Configuring Connectors	Configure the source and destination connectors. Select a connector as required and set parameters.
4	(Optional) Configuring a Parser	Configure codeless parsers on the console based on your needs.
5	Configuring a Collection Channel	Configure the connection channels, associate it with a node, and deliver the Logstash pipeline configuration to complete the data collection configuration.
6	Verifying the Collection Result	After the collection channel is configured, check whether data is collected.
		If logs are sent to the SecMaster pipeline, you can query the result on the SecMaster Security Analysis page.

Data Collection Configuration Removal Process

Figure 13-6 Data collection configuration removal process



 Table 13-4 Description of the data collection configuration removal process

No.	Step	Description
1	Deleting a collection channel	On the Collection Channels page, stop and delete the Logstash pipeline configuration.
		Note: All collection channels on related nodes must be stopped and deleted first.
2	(Optional) Deleting a parser	If a parser is configured, delete it on the Parsers tab.
3	(Optional) Deleting a data connection	If a data connection is added, delete the source and destination connectors on the Connections tab.

No.	Step	Description
4	Removing a component	Delete the collection engine Logstash installed on the node and remove the component.
5	Deregistering a node	Remove the component controller to complete node deregistration.
		Note: Deregistering a node does not delete the ECS and endpoint resources. If the data collection function is no longer used, you need to manually release the resources.

13.2.2 Adding a Node

Scenario

This topic describes how to install the component controller (isap-agent) to add a node, as well as edit a node.

The recommended installation path is **/opt/cloud**. This section also uses this path as an example. You can use other installation paths. Make sure change the path when you refer to the example here. For example, if the installation path is **/tmp**, change the installation path in this section to **/tmp**.

Preparations

• Checking the disk space

Check the disk space in the **/opt** directory of the ECS where you will install the component controller and make sure the space is not smaller than 100 GB.

- a. Remotely log in to the ECS where you want to install the component controller.
 - You can log in to the ECS management console and click **Remote** Login in the ECS list.
 - If your server has an EIP bound, you can also use a remote management tool, such as Xftp, SecureFX, WinSCP, PuTTY, or Xshell, to log in to the server and install the component controller on the server as user **root**.
- b. Run the **df** -**h** command to check whether more than 100 GB space is reserved in the **/opt** directory of the disk. At least 2 vCPUs and 4 GB of memory are required.

[root@ecs-	. ∼]# df	-h			
Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on
/dev/vdal	40G	1.76	36G	5%	/
devtmpfs	7.8G	Θ	7.8G	0%	/dev
tmpfs	7.8G	Θ	7.8G	0%	/dev/shm
tmpfs	7.8G	129M	7.7G	2%	/run
tmpfs	7.8G	Θ	7.8G	0 %	/sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/vdb1	98G	8.9G	85G	10%	/opt
/dev/vdb2	108G	61M	103G	1%	/var/lib/docker
tmpfs	1.6G	Θ	1.6G	0%	/run/user/0

If the memory is insufficient, stop some applications with high memory usage or expand the memory capacity before the installation.

To ensure that the **/opt** directory has more than 100 GB free disk space allocated, you can use the disk partitioning script to allocate the disk. For details, see **Partitioning a Disk**.

Creating a Node

- **Step 1** Check operations in **Preparations** and log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-8 Workspace	management page
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SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Case C
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	○ O Metric Metric Peter d: Metric Name d: Name d:

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**.

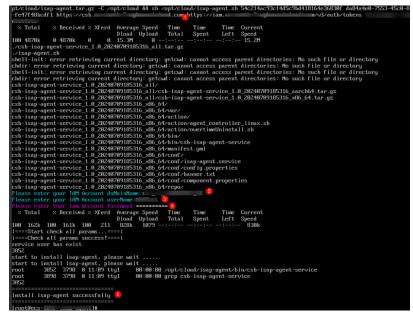
Figure 13-9 Node management page

	C / Component management / Node Management													
	Jeach Studion + Node Management Component management													
	Resource Manager	×		Some roomagement										
	Risk Prevention	×												
	Threat Operations	÷		Node management occupies the /i	to'sall/ directory. To av	old mistaken dalebor	, you are advised not t	to store personal Nes in	this directory.					×
	Security Orchest	*		Create										C ®
1	Settings 🌒	+		V Search by node name by defaul										Q
	Collection Management			Node Nerre/ID Health Status	Region	IP Address	CPU Usege	Memory Usege	Disk Usepe	Network Speed	Teg	Heartbeat Expiration Disc	Operation	
	Component management													
	Data Integration		4						L'Q					
	Checks								data available					
	Catalog													

- **Step 5** On the **Nodes** tab, click **Create**. The **Create Node** page is displayed on the right.
- **Step 6** On the **Create Node** page, configure a channel.
 - 1. In the **Network Channel Settings** area, select the VPC and subnet the target ECS belongs to.
 - 2. In the network channel list, click **Config** in the **Operation** column of each channel. In the displayed confirmation dialog box, click **Confirm**.
- **Step 7** Click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page to go to the **Script Installation Verification** page.

- **Step 8** Select the ECS OS, follow the step, and click □⁺ to copy the command for installing the component controller.
- Step 9 Install the component controller.
 - 1. Remotely log in to the ECS where you want to install the component controller.
 - You can log in to the ECS management console and click Remote Login in the ECS list.
 - If your server has an EIP bound, you can also use a remote management tool, such as Xftp, SecureFX, WinSCP, PuTTY, or Xshell, to log in to the server and install the component controller on the server as user **root**.
 - 2. Run the command copied in **Step 8** as user **root** to install the controller on the ECS.
 - 3. Enter the IAM username and password as prompted.
 - 4. If **install isap-agent successfully** is displayed, the component controller is installed.

Figure 13-10 Installed



If the installation fails, rectify the fault by referring to **Why Did the Component Controller Fail to Be Installed?**. If the system displays a message indicating that the memory is insufficient, rectify the fault by referring to **Partitioning a Disk**.

Step 10 After confirming that installation has been completed, return to the page for adding nodes and click **Confirm** in the lower right corner of the page.

You can view new nodes on the **Nodes** tab.

----End

Editing a Node

After a node is added, you can only modify the supplementary information about the node.

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-11 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**.

Figure 13-12 Node management page

< / / Component	tmanag	agement / Nude Management	
Security Situation		Node Management Component management	
Resource Manager	*		
Risk Prevention	×		
Threat Operations	*	O Node management occupies the intohalf directory. To avoid mobilian, you are advised not to store personal likes in the directory.	×
Security Orchest	*	Create	c 🐵
Settings 🚯		IF Search by node name by default.	Q
Collection Management		Node Name/TO Health Status Region IP Address CPU Usage Memory Usage Esta Usage Network Speed Tag Heartbeat Expiration Disc Operation	
Component reanagement			
Data integration			
Checks		No data availata.	
Catalog Customization			

- **Step 5** On the **Nodes** tab, locate the row that contains the target node and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** On the **Edit Node** panel, edit the node information.

 Table 13-5 Parameters of node information

Parameter	Description		
Data Center	User-defined data center name		
Network Plane	Select the network plane of the node.		
Тад	Set the tag for the node.		
Description	Description of a user-defined node.		
Maintained By	Select a node owner.		

Step 7 Click Confirm.

----End

Related Operations

You can also view node information or deregister a node. For details, see **Managing Nodes and Components**.

13.2.3 Configuring a Component

Scenario

This topic describes how to configure Logstash. Logstash works as the log collection component in SecMaster.

Configuring a Component

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-13 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (i)
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- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**. Then, select the **Components** tab.
- **Step 5** On the **Components** tab page, click **Edit Settings** in the upper right corner of the component to be viewed. The configuration management page of the component is displayed on the right.
- **Step 6** In the **Node Configuration** area, click **Add** in the upper left corner of the node list. In the **Add Node** dialog box displayed, select a node and click **OK**.
- **Step 7** Click **Save and Apply** in the lower right corner of the page.

Wait for a period of time. When the component status changes to **Applied completed**, the Logstash collector has been installed on the current node.

----End

Related Operations

You can view component details. For details, see Viewing Component Details.

13.2.4 Adding a Connection

Scenario

This topic describes how to add and edit a connection. You can configure and edit connection sources and destinations for log transfers.

Limitations and Constraints

• After a data connection is added, only the parameters of the selected data source type can be modified. The data source type cannot be changed.

Adding a Connection

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-14 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**.

Figure 13-15	Accessing the	connection	management page

< / / Collection Management / Connection management							
Security Situation Resource Manager	Ţ	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel managem	ient	Collection node management	
Risk Prevention	÷	Add				Connect Title *	Q C 🕲
Security Orchest		Connect Title	Connect Type	Connect Info	Channel	Description	Operation
Settings	•		Kafka	(topic_id) json (codec)	0	1	Edit Delete
Component			File	/opt/cloud/l t json_lines (codec)	•		Edt Delete
management Data Integration			Pipe	100	0		Edit Delete
Catalog Customization		0	Pipe		1		Edit Delete

Step 5 Add a data connection source.

- 1. On the **Connections** tab, click **Add**.
- 2. Configure the data connection source details.
 - Connection Method: Select Source.
 - **Connection Type**: Select the type of the data source.
 - Set other parameters based on the selected connection type. For details about the parameters, see Source Connectors.
- 3. After the setting is complete, click **Confirm** in the lower right corner of the page.

Step 6 Add a data connection destination.

- 1. On the **Connections** tab, click **Add**.
- 2. Configure the data connection destination details.
 - Connection Method: Select Destination.
 - **Connection Type**: Select the type of the data destination.
 - Set other parameters based on the selected connection type. For details about the parameters, see **Destination Connectors**.
- 3. After the setting is complete, click **Confirm** in the lower right corner of the page.

----End

Editing a Data Connection

NOTE

After a data connection is added, only the parameters of the selected data source type can be modified. The data source type cannot be changed.

For example, if you select **File** as the data source type when adding a data connection, you can modify only the parameters in the file type but cannot change the **File** type.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-16 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕲
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**.

Figure 13-17 Accessing the connection management page

<	/ Co	lection Management / Connection mi	anagement				
Security Situation Resource Manager		Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel managem	ent	Collection node management	
Risk Prevention	÷	Add				Connect Title v	Q C 🐵
Security Orchest		Connect Title	Connect Type	Connect Info	Channel	Description	Operation
Settings	•		Kafka	(topic_id) json (codec)	0	1	Edit Delete
Component			File	/opt/cloud/i t json_lines (codec)	•		Edit Delete
management Data Integration			Pipe	100	0		Edit Delete
Catalog Customization		•	Pipe		1		Edit Delete

- **Step 5** On the **Connections** page, locate the row that contains the target connection and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** On the displayed page, edit the data source type.
- **Step 7** Check the settings and click **Confirm** in the lower right corner of the page.

----End

Related Operations

You can view connection details and delete a connection. For details, see **Managing Connections**.

13.2.5 Creating and Editing a Parser

Scenario

SecMaster provides some preconfigured parsers for quick use. You can use the parsers you need.

Туре	Scenario				
Quick access	The source data can be directly transmitted without being processed.				
Template	When you need to clear data sources or process fields, you can select a template based on the application scenario and create a parser.				
Custom	You can create custom parsers and configure parsing rules to meet your needs, such as clearing data sources, processing fields, and more.				

Table 13-6 Pars	ser scenario description
-----------------	--------------------------

This topic describes how to add and edit a log parser. With a log parser, you can convert the log format in a codeless manner. In SecMaster, you can configure log parsers in two ways:

- Using a template: SecMaster provides some log parser (rule) templates. You can use them to configure parsers quickly.
- Creating custom parsers: If the log parser (rule) templates SecMaster provides for you cannot meet your log conversion requirements, you can create custom log parsers (rules).

Creating a Parser

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-18 Workspace management page

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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Parsers** tab.

Figure 13-19	Accessing	the	Parsers	tab
--------------	-----------	-----	---------	-----

C Collector	Managan	ent / Parser Nanagement								
Security Situation	•	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel management	Collection node management					
Resource Manager										
Risk Prevention										
Threat Operations		Parser List Template List	t							
Security Orchest	•	Add					Name 💌 Enteria na	ittä.	Q	С
Settings		Name		Reference	Channel	Description		Operation		
Collection Management		12		0				Edit Delete		
Component management										

Step 5 Customize a parser or **create a parser from a template**.

• Customizing a parser

- a. On the **Parsers** tab page, click **Add**.
- b. On the **Parsers** tab page, set parameters.

Parameter		Description
Basic	Parser Name	Set the parser name.
Information	Description	Enter the parser description.
Rules		Set the parsing rule of the parser. Perform the following steps:
		1. Click Add and select a rule type.
		 Parsing rule: Select the parsing rule of the parser. For details about the parameters, see Parser Rules.
		 Conditional control: Select the conditions for the parser. You can select If, Else, or Else if.
		Set parameters based on the selected rule.

c. After the setting is complete, click **OK** in the lower right corner of the page to confirm the setting.

• Creating a parser from a template

- a. On the **Parsers** page, click the **Templates** tab.
- b. On the displayed page, locate the row that contains the target template, click **Created by Template** in the **Operation** column.
- c. On the **Parsers** tab page, set parameters.

Table 13-8 Parameters for adding a parser

Parameter		Description
Basic Informati on	Parser Name	Parser name, which is automatically generated by the system based on the template and can be changed.
	Description	Parser description, which is automatically generated by the system based on the template and can be modified.

Parameter	Description
Rule list	Parsing rule, which is automatically generated by the system based on the template and can be modified.
	To add a rule, click Add , select a rule type, and set parameters based on the selected rule.
	 Parsing rule: Select the parsing rule of the parser. For details about the parameters, see Parser Rules.
	 Conditional control: Select the conditions for the parser. You can select If, Else, or Else if.

d. After the setting is complete, click **OK** in the lower right corner of the page to confirm the setting.

----End

Editing a Parser

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-20 Workspace management page

Source Overse Overse Description Overse	SecMaster	Management 🕐
Souty Commerce V	Warkspaces • ^	
RECEIPTS OF VIRTUALS O		To Mindeador - Prayed - Controllador - Prayed - Controllador - Prayed - Controllador - Prayed - Controllador - O Indicators O

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Parsers** tab.

Figure 13-21 Accessing the Parsers tab

C Collector	Manager	ient / Parser Nanagement									
Security Situation	٠	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel management	Collection node managemen						
Resource Manager	٠										
Risk Prevention	*			•							
Threat Operations	*	Parser List Template List									
Security Orchest	*	Add					Name	 Enler a name. 		Q	С
Settings		Name		Reference C	Channel	Description			Operation		
Collection Management		12		0					Edit Delete		
Component management											

Step 5 On the **Parsers** tab, locate the row containing your desired parser and click **Edit** in the **Operation** column.

Step 6 In the **Edit Parser** dialog box, edit the parser information.

 Table 13-9 Editing a parser

Parameter		Description			
Basic	Parser Name	Set the parser name.			
Information	Description	Enter the parser description.			
Rule list		Set the parsing rule of the parser. Perform the following steps:			
		Click Add and select a rule type.			
		• Parsing rule : Select the parsing rule of the parser. For details about the parameters, see Parser Rules .			
		• Conditional control : Select the conditional control principle of the parser.			

Step 7 After the setting is complete, click **OK** in the lower right corner of the page to confirm the setting.

----End

Related Operations

You can view parsers, as well as import, export, and delete a parser. For details, see **Managing Parsers**.

13.2.6 Adding and Editing a Collection Channel

Scenario

This topic describes how to add and edit a log collection channel to connect functional components and let SecMaster and the log collector work properly.

Adding a Channel Group

Before adding a collection channel, you need to add a connection group.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-22 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Collection Channels** tab.

Figure 13-23 Collection channel management tab page

Collection	watajen	ent / Collection channel management											
Security Situation	٠	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel managem	ent Collection n	ode management							
Resource Manager					- 0								
Risk Prevention													
Threat Operations	*	Group list	Add								Enter a name a	and keyword k Q	C 💿
Security Orchest	٠	Enter a keyword.	Q Name	Connection information	Created By H	lealth Status R	leceive rate	Sending Rate	Configuratio	Channel Inst	Delivery Status	Operation	
Setings 🜖	•	Al											
Collection Management		11512432					-	Q					
Component management							No data a						

- **Step 5** Add a channel group.
 - 1. On the **Collection Channels** tab, click \oplus on the right of **Groups**.
 - 2. Enter a group name and click \checkmark .

To edit or delete a group, hover the cursor over the group name and click the edit or deletion icon.

----End

Adding a Collection Channel

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-24 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 💿
Security Overview Workspaces	Cute : Cute a new advector for ments.
Security Covernance 🧹	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Collection Channels** tab.

Figure 13-25 Collection channel management tab page

Collection	Manager	nent / Collection channel managem	ert										
Security Situation	*	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel manager	collect		and a						
Resource Manager		connector management	Connection management Parser Management Collection channel management Collection node management										
Risk Prevention													
Threat Operations		Group list	O Add								Enter a name a	nd keyword k Q	C
Security Orchest		Enter a keyword.	Q. Name	Connection information	Created By	Health Status	Receive rate	Sending Rate	Configuratio	Channel Inst	Delivery Status	Operation	
Settings 1		All											
Collection Management		18512432						!					
Component								Q					
management.							No data	available.					

- **Step 5** On the right of the group list, click **Add**.
- **Step 6** On the displayed page, in the **Basic Configuration** phase, configure basic information.

Parameter		Description		
Basic	Title	User-defined collection channel name.		
Information	Channel grouping	Select the group to which the collection channel belongs.		
	(Optional) Description	(Optional) Enter the description of the collection channel.		
Configure Source	Source Name	Select the source name of the collection channel.		
		After you select a source, the system automatically generates the information about the selected source.		
Destination	Destination Name	Select the destination name of the collection channel.		
		After you select a destination, the system automatically generates the information about the selected destination.		

Table 13-10 Basic configuration parameters

- **Step 7** After the basic configuration is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page.
- Step 8 On the Configure Parser page, select a parser. You can check its details.

If no parser is available or you want to create a parser, click **Create** and create one. For details, see **Creating and Editing a Parser**.

- **Step 9** After the parser is configured, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page.
- **Step 10** On the **Select Node** page, click **Create**. In the **Add Node** dialog box displayed, select a node and click **OK**.
 - Running parameters: You can configure running parameters for added nodes by taking the following steps:
 - a. In the node list, locate the row that contains the target node, and click **Running parameters** in the **Operation** column.
 - b. Click Add Configuration and select a key and value.

If you need to optimize the running parameters of a collection channel, SecMaster provides optimization parameters **pipeline.batch.size**, **pipeline.workers**, and **pipeline.batch.delay** for your choice. If no optimizations are required, delete related configurations.

Parameter	Туре	Description
pipeline.batch.size	int	This parameter specifies the number of events that can be collected by each worker thread each time. A larger value indicates a higher efficiency. However, the memory overhead also increases. You can increase the heap space in jvm.options .
pipeline.workers	int	This parameter specifies the number of worker threads in the pipeline. The default value is the number of CPU cores.
pipeline.batch.delay	int	This parameter specifies the delay to submit the current pipeline. You can use this parameter to increase message submission times and system consumption efficiency.

 Table 13-11
 Parameter configuration description

- To remove an added node, locate the row that contains the target node, click **Remove** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 11** After the running node is selected, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page.
- **Step 12** On the **Preview Channel Details** page, confirm the configuration and click **Save and Execute**.

If the collection channel healthy status is **Normal**, all collection channels are successfully delivered. The following table describes the statuses of collection channels.

Monitoring Status	Description
Healthy	The collection channel is successfully delivered.
Abnormal	Some collection channels are successfully delivered, and some are abnormal.
Faulty	The collection channel has not been delivered. This status changes according to the heartbeat status, and there is a delay. Generally, the monitoring status is reported every 30 seconds.

Table 13-12 Health status of a collection channel

Editing a collection channel

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

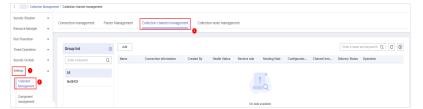
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-26 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Collection Channels** tab.

Figure 13-27 Collection channel management tab page



- Step 5 In the collection channel list, locate the row that contains the target channel, click More > Edit in the Operation column. The Edit Collection Channel page is displayed.
- **Step 6** On the displayed page, in the **Basic Configuration** phase, configure basic information.

Parameter		Description				
Basic	Channel Name	User-defined collection channel name.				
Information	Channel grouping	Select the group to which the collection channel belongs.				
	(Optional) Description	(Optional) Enter the description of the collection channel.				
Source Configuration	Source Name	Select the source name of the collection channel.				
		After you select a source, the system automatically generates the information about the selected source.				

Table 13-13 Basic configuration parameters

Parameter		Description
	Destination Name	Select the destination name of the collection channel.
		After you select a destination, the system automatically generates the information about the selected destination.

- **Step 7** After the basic configuration is complete, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page.
- **Step 8** On the parser configuration page, select a parser to view its details.

If no parser is available or you want to create a parser, choose **Create** to create a parser. For details, see **Creating and Editing a Parser**.

- **Step 9** After the parser is configured, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page.
- **Step 10** On the **Select Node** page, click **Add**. In the **Add Node** dialog box displayed, select a node and click **OK**.
 - **Running parameters**: After a node is added, if you want to configure parameters for the added node, perform the following steps:
 - a. In the node list, locate the row that contains the target node, and click **Running parameters** in the **Operation** column.
 - b. Click **Add Configuration** and select a key and value.
 - To remove an added node, locate the row that contains the target node, click **Remove** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 11** After the running node is selected, click **Next** in the lower right corner of the page.
- **Step 12** On the **Preview Channel Details** page, confirm the configuration and click **Save and Execute**.

----End

Related Operations

For details about how to view, delete, enable, disable, and restart a collection channel, see **Managing Collection Channels**.

13.2.7 Managing Connections

Scenarios

This section describes how to perform the following operations: **Deleting a Data Connection** and **Deleting a Data Connection**.

Viewing Connections

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-28 Workspace management page

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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**.

Figure 13-29 Accessing the connection management page

<	/ Colle	ction Management / Connection mi	anagement				
Security Situation Resource Manager	•	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel manage	ment	Collection node management	
Risk Prevention Threat Operations	÷	Add				Connect Title v	Q C 🕲
Security Orchest		Connect Title	Connect Type	Connect Info	Channel	Description	Operation
Settings	•		Kafka	(topic_id) json (codec)	0	1	Edit Delete
Component			File	/opt/cloud/i json_lines (codec)	kt o		Edit Delete
Data Integration			Pipe	100	0		Edit Delete
Checks Catalog Customization	•	٠	Pipe		1		Edit Delete

Step 5 On the **Connections** tab, view connection details.

Table 13-14	Connection	parameters
-------------	------------	------------

Parameter	Description
Connection Name	Connection name
Connection Type	Connection type
Connection Info	Information about the connection
Channel	Number of channels that are used by the connection
Description	Description of the connection
Operation	Operations such as editing or deleting connections

----End

Deleting a Data Connection

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-30 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**.

Figure 13-31 Accessing the connection management page

<	/ Colle	ction Management / Connection m	anagement					
Security Situation Resource Manager		Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel manager	nent	Collection node m	anagement	
Risk Prevention Threat Operations	·	Add				Connect Title	Ŧ	Q C 🕲
Security Orchest		Connect Title	Connect Type	Connect Info	Channe	м	Description	Operation
Settings Collection Management Component	•		Kafka	(topic_id) json (codec)	0		1	Edit Delete
			File	/opt/cloud/i t json_lines (codec)	(₀		_	Edit Delete
Data Integration			Pipe	100	0			Edit Delete
Catalog Customization		0	Pipe		1			Edit Delete

- **Step 5** On the Connections page, locate the row that contains the target connection and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

----End

13.2.8 Managing Parsers

Scenarios

This topic describes how to perform the following operations: **Viewing Parsers**, **Importing a Parser**, and **Deleting a Parser**.

Viewing Parsers

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-32 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
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Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Parsers** tab.

Figure 13-33 Accessing the Parsers tab

C Collector	Managan	nent / Parser Management									
Security Situation	•	Connection management Pars	er Management Co	lection channel management	Collection node management						
Resource Manager	•	Contector management	3	ecolor channel management	concern note management						
Risk Prevention	*										
Threat Operations	•	Parser List Template List									
Security Orchest	•	Add					Name	🔻 🛛 Enler a name.		Q	С
Settings		Name		Reference Cha	arnel	Description			Operation		
Collection Management		32		0					Edit Delete		
Component management											

Step 5 On the **Parsers** page, view the detailed information about parsers.

Table 13-15 Parsers parameters

Parameter	Description						
Name	Name of the parser.						
Channel	Number of channels that are used by the parser						
Description	Description of the parser.						
Operation	Operations such as editing or deleting the parser						

Step 6 On the **Parsers** page, click the **Templates** tab.

Step 7 On the **Templates** tab displayed, view the parser templates you can use.

 Table 13-16
 Parser template parameters

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of a parser template
Description	Description of the parser template
Operation	Creating a parser from a template.

----End

Importing a Parser

NOTE

- Only .json files no larger than 1 MB can be imported.
- A maximum of five parser files can be imported at a time, and each parser file can contain a maximum of 100 parsers.

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-34 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Parsers** tab.

Figure 13-35 Accessing the Parsers tab

ocurity Situation	٠	Connection management Parser Manager	ment Collection channel management Collection node manageme	nt			
esource Manager			0				
k Prevention	٠		-				
real Operations		Parser List Template List					
curity Orchest		Add			Name v Enter a name.		Q
tings 🟮		Name	Reference Channel	Description		Operation	
Collection		12	0			Edit Delete	

- **Step 5** On the **Parsers** tab, click **Import** in the upper left corner above the parser list.
- **Step 6** In the displayed **Import** dialog box, click **Select File** and select the JSON file you want to import.

- Only .json files no larger than 1 MB can be imported.
- A maximum of five parser files can be imported at a time, and each parser file can contain a maximum of 100 parsers.
- Step 7 Click OK.

You can view imported parsers in the parser list.

----End

Exporting a Parser

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-36 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces	Coase C Litter vanue and huppent for menh.
Security Governance 🧹 🤟	. C ⊚ © mit.c. 0 mi

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Parsers** tab.

C Collector	Managar	ient. / Parser Nanagement								
Security Situation	٠	Connection management Parser N	Anagement Collection channel m	ananament Collection or	de management					
Resource Manager	*			angenen oviceionn	se management					
Risk Prevention	*		Ť							
Threat Operations	*	Parser List Template List								
Security Orchest	*	Add					Name v I	Enler a name.		Q C
Settings		Name		Reference Channel		Description			Operation	
Collection Management		12		0					Edit Delete	
Component management										

Step 5 On the **Parsers** page, select the parsers you want to export and click **Export** above the list.

The system automatically downloads the parser file in .json format to your local PC.

----End

Deleting a Parser

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-38 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Case 0 C time same antiquently much.
Security Governance 🧹	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Parsers** tab.

Figure 13-39 Accessing the Parsers tab

C Collector	Managen	ient. / Parser Management.									
Security Stuation	*	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel m		Collection node management					
Resource Manager		Connection management	Pase Malayement		anagement	Collector note management					
Risk Prevention				•							
Threat Operations		Parser List Template List									
Security Orchest		Add						Name	▼ Enter a name.		QC
Settings		Name			Reference Char	Inel	Description			Operation	
Collection Management		2			0					Edit Delete	
Component management											

- **Step 5** On the **Parsers** tab, locate the row that contains the target parser and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

----End

13.2.9 Managing Collection Channels

Scenarios

This topic describes how to perform the following operations: Viewing Collection Channels, Deleting a Collection Channel, and Enabling, Disabling, and Restarting a Collection Channel.

Viewing Collection Channels

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-40 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()	
Security Overview Warkspaces	Castar C data areas and huyand for smeeth	
Security Governance 🧹	Dener Gaunt 0 tride to tride the prest prest term to tride to the prest term to tride to the prest term to tride to the prest term term term term term term term ter	

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Collection Channels** tab.

Figure 13-41 Collection channel ma	anagement tab page
------------------------------------	--------------------

< / / Collection	n Manage	ment / Collection channel mana	gement											
Security Situation	٠	Connection management Parser Management Collection name management Collection node management												
Resource Manager	٠				· · · · ·	- 0								
Risk Prevention	٠													
Threat Operations	*	Group list	۲	Add								Enter a name	and keyword k Q	C 💿
Security Orchest	•	Enter a keyword.	Q	Name	Connection information	Created By	Health Status	Receive rate	Sending Rate	Configuratio	Channel Inst	Delivery Status	Operation	
Settings 🕚	*	Al												
Callection 2 Management		1est2432												
Component									Q					
managament.								No data	available.					

Step 5 On the **Collection Channels** page, view the detailed information about collection channels.

Table 13-17 Collection	channel param	leters
--------------------------------	---------------	--------

Parameter	Description			
Groups	List of collection channel groups and group names.			
Name	Name of the collection channel.			
Connection information	Collect channel connection information.			
Created By	Creator of the collection channel.			
Health Status	Health status of the collection channel.			

Parameter	Description				
Receiving Rate	Data receiving rate of the collection channel.				
Sending Rate	Data sending rate of the collection channel.				
Configuration Status	Configuration status of the collection channel.				
Channel Instance	Number of collection channels.				
Delivery Status	Status of a collection channel.				
Operation	Operations such as editing and disabling a collection channel.				

----End

Deleting a Collection Channel

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-42 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management 🕥
Security Overview Workspaces	Own 0 C Etter vanue andrityweit for seen. 0
Security Covernance 🧹	C ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Collection Channels** tab.

Figure 13-43 Collection channel management tab page

Collection Management / Collection channel management															
Security Situation	*	0	nnection management	Darser	Vanagement	Collection channel manager	collect	ion node manager	nent						
Resource Manager	٠	Comeccon management Parser Management													
Risk Prevention	*														
Threat Operations			Group list	٥	Add								Enter a name	and keyword k Q	C Θ
Security Orchest			Enler a keyword.	Q	Name	Connection information	Created By	Health Status	Receive rate	Sending Rate	Configuratio	Channel Inst	Delivery Status	Operation	
Settings 🚯			All												
Collection 2 Menagement			test2432												
					Q										
Component management						No data swatshin.									

Step 5 In the collection channel list, locate the row that contains the target channel, click More > Delete in the Operation column.

NOTE

You can delete a collection channel only when it is stopped.

Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

----End

Enabling, Disabling, and Restarting a Collection Channel

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-44 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Oute O O Clear states and strugged for seets.
Security Covernance 🗸 🗸	C C C Control Contro Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Collection Channels** tab.

Figure 13-45 Collection channel management tab page

C / Colecton Management / Colecton Amme management													
Security Situation	*	Connection management	Parser Management	Collection channel manager	Collection	a code manage	-						
Resource Manager		Connector management	Connection management Parser Management Collection channel management Collection node management										
Risk Prevention	*												
Threat Operations	*	Group list	O Add								Enter a name a	and keyword k Q	C
Security Orchest	*	Enter a keyword.	Q. Name	Connection information	Created By	Health Status	Receive rate	Sending Rate	Configuratio	Channel Inst	Delivery Status	Operation	
Settings 🕚		All											
Collection Management		18512432		!									
Component				Q									
managament.				No data available.									

- **Step 5** In the collection stream management list, locate the row that contains the target stream and click **Enable**, **Stop**, or **Restart** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

----End

13.2.10 Viewing Collection Nodes

Scenario

This topic describes how to view collection nodes details.

Viewing Collection Nodes

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-46 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Warkspaces Annual Control Management Control Purchased Resources	Outs O C Etter vanue net/support for mech. O
Security Covernance 🧹 🤟	© © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © ©

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Collection Nodes** tab.

Figure 13-47 Accessing the Collection Nodes page

Image: Second	Collection P	C 1 Collection Management / Collection node management						
Reserve target • •	Security Situation	*		Collection monoament				
The downlow Image: Second S	Resource Manager							
Santh Shall I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Risk Prevention							
Consumer Instrument Compared Compo Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared	Threat Operations			8 Hode management accupies the intotast/ directory. To avoid mistaken deleten, you are adviced not to store personal files in this directory.	×			
Consumer Instrument Compared Compo Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared	Security Orchest	×			CO			
Description Description <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th=""></thdescription<></thdescription<>	Settings 0							
Insegment I				Node NamelD Health Status Region IP Address CPU Usage Memory Usage Disk Usage Network Speed Channel Insta Tag	Heartbeat Expiration Disco			
Photo	Data Integration		•					
	Checks		No data avoitable					

Step 5 On the **Collection Nodes** page, view the detailed information about collection nodes.

If there are many nodes displayed, use filters to search for a specific one.

To view details about a node, click its name to go to its details page.

Parameter	Description					
Node Name/ID	Name or ID of a node					
Health Status	Node health status					
Region	Region where the node is located					
IP Address	Node IP address					
CPU Usage	CPU usage of the node					
Memory Usage	Memory usage of the node					
Disk Usage	Node disk usage					
Network Speed	Network rate of a node					
Label	Label information of a node					
Heartbeat Expiration Mark	Indicates whether the node is disconnected due to heartbeat expiration.					
	If no heartbeat message is sent within 15 minutes, the node is marked as Disconnected .					

Table 13-18 Collection node parameters

----End

13.2.11 Managing Nodes and Components

Scenarios

This topic describes Viewing Node Details, Deregistering a Node, and Viewing Component Details.

Viewing Node Details

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-48 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**.

Figure 13-49 Node management page

C Component management / Nede Management								
Security Situation	unity Baution * Node Management Component management							
Resource Manager	× .							
Risk Prevention	*							
Threat Operations	*	Node management occupies the relocably directory. To invest mislation deletion, you are advised not to store persent lifes in this directory.						
Security Orchest		Cousto						
Settings 🕕	-							
Collection Management		Nede Namel D Health Status Region IP Address CPU Usage Memory Usage Disk Usage Network Speed Tag Heartbeat Expiration Disc Operation						
Component management								
Data integration	•							
Checks	No data available.							
Catalog Customization								

Step 5 On the Nodes tab, view the details about nodes.

If there are many nodes displayed, use filters to search for a specific one.

Table	13-19	Collection	node	parameters
-------	-------	------------	------	------------

Parameter	Description					
Node Name/ID	Name or ID of a node					
Health Status	Node health status					
Region	Region where the node is located					
IP Address	Node IP address					
CPU Usage	CPU usage of the node					
Memory Usage	Memory usage of the node					
Disk Usage	Node disk usage					
Network Speed	Network rate of a node					
Label	Label information of a node					
Heartbeat Expiration Mark	Indicates whether the node is disconnected due to heartbeat expiration.					
	If no heartbeat message is sent within 15 minutes, the node is marked as Disconnected .					

Step 6 To view details about a node, click the node name.

----End

Deregistering a Node

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-50 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Management	Course C Eater a sear and hypoter for search.
Security Covernance 🧹	C C C

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**.

Figure 13-51 Node management page

< / / Component	t managa	ersest	Node Management											
Security Situation		No	de Management	Component manager	paget									
Resource Manager	*			component manager										
Risk Prevention	×													
Threat Operations	*		8 Node management	Loccupies the relorsally d	irectory. To avo	id mistaken dalebon	you are advised not t	o store personal lifes in	this directory.					×
Security Orchest	*		Create											C
Settings 🕕			V Search by node in											Q
Collection Management			Node Name/ID	Health Status	Region	IP Address	CPU Usage	Memory Usepe	Disk Usepe	Network Speed	Teg	Heartbeat Expiration Disc	Operation	
Component management														
Data Integration		•							!a					
Checks								N	o data available.					
Cutalog Customization														

- **Step 5** On the **Nodes** tab, locate the row that contains the target node and click **Deregister** in the **Operation** column.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

D NOTE

Only the node is deregistered. The ECS and endpoint interface resources are not deleted. If you no longer need the data collection function, you need to manually release those resources.

----End

Viewing Component Details

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.

Step 3 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-52 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()	
Security Overview Workspaces ^ Management & Purchased Resources	Case O C date states and support for some?. O	
Security Governance 🤍 🗸	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	

Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**. Then, select the **Components** tab.

Step 5 On the **Components** page, view the component details.

• Running Node

Click **Running Node** in the upper right corner of a component. The running node information of the component is displayed on the right.

• View Settings

Click **View Settings** in the upper right corner of the component to be viewed. The configuration details about the component are displayed on the right.

- Edit Settings
 - a. Click **Edit Settings** in the upper right corner of the component to be viewed. The **Configuration Management** panel of the component is displayed on the right.
 - b. In the **Node Configuration** area, edit the node configuration information.
 - Adding a node: Click Add in the upper left corner of the node list. In the Add Node dialog box displayed, select a node and click OK.
 - Editing node parameters: Click ∨ next to the node name to expand the node configuration information and edit the node parameters.
 - Running parameters: Locate the row that contains the target node, click **Run Parameter** in the **Operation** column.
 - Removing a node: Locate the row that contains the target node and click **Removed** in the **Operation** column.
 - Batch deletion: Select the nodes you want to remove and click Batch Remove in the upper left corner of the list.
 - Viewing historical versions: Click **Historical Version** in the lower right corner of the panel.
 - c. Click Save and Apply in the lower right corner of the page.

----End

13.2.12 Partitioning a Disk

To keep collectors healthy for you to collect security data, there are some limitations and constraints.

- Only non-administrator users can be used for installing isap-agent.
- Make sure the **/opt/cloud** directory where you install isap-agent and use the collector has at least 100 GB of free disk space.

When you install the isap-agent in the **/opt** directory on an ECS, if the message shown in **Figure 13-53** is displayed, the space of the **/opt** directory is insufficient.

Figure 13-53 Insufficient disk space error

% Total % Received % XF	erd Ave	erage Sp	eed Time	Time	Time	Curren	t					
	Dla	oad Upl	oad Total	Spent	Left	Speed						
100 158k 100 158k 100 2	214 181	.9k 24	59::			- 1821k						
<pre>===Start check all params.</pre>												
====Check all params success	st====1											
lesystem	Size	Used Av	ail Use% Mo	unted on								
levtmpfs	893M	08	93M 0% /d	ev								
tmpfs	907M	09	07M 0% /d	lev/shm								
tmpfs	907M	3.4M 9	04M 1%.∕r	un								
tmpfs	907M	09	07M 0% /s	:ys/fs/cgro	սթ							
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_root	8.8G	1.56 6	.96 18% /									
/dev/vda1	976M	114M 7	96M 13% ∕b	oot								
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_tmp				mp								
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_log	7.9G			ær∕log								
tmpfs	182M			un/user/0								
ip: The directory space of a											the disk	. After p
itioning the disk, please co						k parti	tion comm	and is as	s foll	ows:		
h /opt/cloud/isap-agent/act	ion/agen	nt_contr	oller_linux	.sh partit	ion							
(root@h												

To ensure at least 100 GB space is available in the directory where the component controller isap-agent is installed, you may need to partition the disk.

The procedure is as follows:

- **Step 1** Apply for and attach a disk.
 - 1. Log in to the management console.
 - 2. Click 🔍 in the upper left corner and select the region and project.
 - 3. In the upper left corner of the page, click and choose **Compute** > **Elastic Cloud Server**. In the ECS list, click the name of the ECS where isap-agent is installed to go to the ECS details page.
 - 4. Click the **Disks** tab. On the displayed page, click **Add Disk**.
 - 5. On the displayed page, apply for a disk with **Disk Specifications** set to **100 GiB**.

For details, see *Elastic Volume Service User Guide*.

6. After the disk is successfully attached, you can view the attached disk on the **Disks** tab for the ECS.

After a data disk is attached to a server, you must log in to the server and initialize the disk before you can use the disk.

- **Step 2** Partition the disk.
 - 1. Log in to the node where isap-agent is installed and run the following command to check the disk usage:

lsblk

[root@host-192-168-0	-100 (clou	.d]#	lsbl	ζ		
NAME	MAJ:	MIN	RM	SIZE	RO	TYPE	MOUNTPOINT
vda	252:0	0	0	40G	0	disk	
⊣vda1	252:	1	0	16	0	part	∕boot
└-vda2	252:2	Z	0	19 G	0	part	
-VolGroup-lv_root							
-VolGroup-lv_tmp							
└─VolGroup-lv_log	253:2	Z	0	8G	0	lvm	/var/log
vdb	252:	16	0	100G	0	disk	
[root@]		clou	ld]#	_			

2. Run the following command to partition the disk:

sh /opt/cloud/isap-agent/action/agent_controller_linux.sh partition
If the following information is displayed, the disk is partitioned successfully.

Figure 13-55 Disk partitions

vdb 252:16	0 10	0G 0	disk	•
[root0hostclou	d]# sh	∕opt⁄	∕cloud∕	/isap-agent/action/agent_controller_linux.sh partition
Filesystem	Size	llead	Aug i 1	Usez Mounted on
devtmpfs	893M	DSCU Ø	893M	8x /dev
tmpfs	907M	0	907M	
tmpfs	907M	3.4M	904M	1% /run
tmpfs	907M	0	907M	
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_root	8.8G	1.5G	6.9G	18% /
/dev/vda1	976M	114M	796M	13% /boot
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_tmp	2.0G	6.1M	1.8G	1½ ∕tmp
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_log	7.9G	214M	7.2G	3% /var/log
tmpfs	182M	0	182M	0% /run/user/0
/dev/vdb1	89G	57M	84G	1% /opt
/dev/vdb2	9.8G	37M	9.3G	1% /opt/cloud/logs
[root				
Eroot				

Step 3 Reinstall the component controller isap-agent. For details, see Managing Nodes.

----End

13.2.13 Logstash Configuration Description

The data collector Logstash for tenant-side collection is customized by SecMaster. In different transmission scenarios, you can adjust parameter settings to obtain an optimal performance. This topic mainly covers how to tune log4j2.properties and jvm.options.

JVM Running Memory Configuration

Parameter	Configur ation Type	Default Value	Description
- Djava.awt.headles s	boolean	true	Server side configuration. If it is set to "true", you can run an application in headless mode (without a keyboard or display). This parameter is used for data related services.
- XX:+UseConcMark SweepGC	boolean	false	Concurrent Mark Sweep (CMS) garbage collector for the old generation.

Table 13-20 JVM running memory configuration

Parameter	Configur ation Type	Default Value	Description
-Xmn	String	1024M	The size of the heap for the young generation. If the collection pressure is high, adjust this value. The larger the heap size for the young generation, the smaller the number of garbage collection times, and the higher the collection efficiency. Xmn must be smaller than Xmx .
-Xmx	String	2048M	The total (maximum) heap size. A proper Xmx can prevent JVM from using excessive system resources to keep the application available and stable. If this parameter is set to a very small value, the collector will start garbage collection over and over again. This will affect collector performance.
- Djruby.jit.threshol d	number	0	The specified method invocation count. When this threshold is reached, the JIT compiler of JRuby attempts to compile the local code of the method. You can adjust this value to obtain an optimal balance between startup time (compilation cost) and execution time performance
- XX:CMSInitiatingO ccupancyFraction	number	75	CMS garbage collector. When the old generation usage reaches 75%, CMS garbage collection is triggered.
-Xms	String	20248M	The initial Java heap size. When JVM starts, it attempts to allocate the specified amount of memory to the heap. A proper initial heap size will free you from frequent heap size adjustments while the application is running.

log4j2 log configuration

Table 13-21 log4j2 log configuration	Table 13-2	1 log4j2 log	configuration
--------------------------------------	------------	--------------	---------------

Parameter	Configura tion Type	Default Value	Description
appender.json_console _slowlog.layout.comp act	boolean	true	JSON slow query log output.
appender.json_console _slowlog.layout.type	String	JSONLayout	Layout type of JSON slow query logs. Retain the default value.
appender.json_console _slowlog.type	String	Console	Type of JSON slow query logs. Default value: Console , which means that logs are directly displayed on the console.
appender.json_console _slowlog.layout.eventE ol	boolean	true	JSON slow query log output.
appender.json_console _slowlog.name	String	json_console_ slowlog	Name of the JSON slow query log. Retain the default value.

13.2.14 Connector Rules

Source Connectors

SecMaster provides a wide range of source connectors for you to collect security data from your security products.

 Table 13-22
 Source connector types

Connector Type	ln-use Logstash	Description
ТСР	tcp	This collector is used to receive TCP logs. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-23 .
UDP	udp	This collector is used to receive UDP logs. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-24 .

Connector Type	ln-use Logstash	Description
OBS	obs	This collector is used to obtain log data from an OBS bucket. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-25.
Kafka	kafka	This collector is used to obtain Kafka network log data. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-26 .
SecMaster	pipe	This collector is used to transfer SecMaster data to you. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-27.
Elasticsearch	elasticsearch	This collector is used to read data from the Elasticsearch cluster. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-28.

 Table 13-23 TCP connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Port	port	number	1025	Yes	Port number of the collection node.
Codec	codec	string	plain	Yes	Encoding format • Plain: Reads the original content. • Json: Processes the content in JSON format.
Packet label	type	string	tcp	Yes	Used to label logs.

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
SSL_enable	ssl_enable	boolean	false	No	Whether to enable SSL verification.
SSL certificate	ssl_cert	file	null	No	Certificate.
SSL key	ssl_key	file		No	SSL key file.
SSL key	ssl_key_passp hrase	string		No	SSL certificate key.

 Table 13-24 UDP connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Port	port	number	1025	Yes	Port number of the collection node.
Codec	codec	string	plain	Yes	Decoding type • Plain: Reads the original content. • Json: Processes the content in JSON format.
Packet label	type	string	udp	No	Packet label, which is used for subsequent processing.
Queue size	queue_size	number	20000	No	Queue size.
Number of bytes in the receiving buffer	receive_buffer _bytes	number	20000	No	Number of bytes in the receiving buffer
Buffer size	buffer_size	number	10000	No	Buffer size

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Worker thread	workers	number	1	No	Number of worker threads

Table 13-25 OBS connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
region	region	string		Yes	region
Bucket	bucket	string	demo-obs- sec-mrd-datas	Yes	OBS bucket name
endpoint	endpoint	string		Yes	Endpoint address. Note that https must be added.
AK	ak	string		No	AK
SK	sk	string		No	SK
Prefix	prefix	string	/test	No	Prefix of the folder for log reads
Cache folder	temporary_dir ectory	string	/temp	No	Cache folder for log reads
Packet label	type	string		No	Packet label
Memory path	sincedb_path	string	/opt/cloud/ logstash/ pipeline/ file_name	No	Log read position. This parameter is used to prevent full- text traversal caused by restart.

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Service address	bootstrap_ser vers	string		Yes	Service address
Topics	topics	array	logstash	Yes	Topics. Multiple topics can be consumed at the same time.
Consumer threads	consumer_thr eads	number	1	Yes	Consumer threads
Auto offset reset	auto_offset_re set	string	latest	No	Offset reset • Earliest: Read the earliest message. • Latest: Read the latest messages.
SSL certificate	ssl_truststore_ location	file		No	SSL certificate This parameter is mandatory when SSL is selected.
SSL key	ssl_truststore_ password	string		No	SSL key This parameter is mandatory when SSL is selected.
Security protocol	security_proto col	string	SASL_SSL	No	Security protocol
SASL connection configuration	sasl_jaas_conf ig	string		No	SASL connection configuration
Encrypted	is_pw_encrypt ed	string	false	No	Encrypted
SASL mechanism	sasl_mechanis m	string	PLAIN	No	sasl_mechanis m

Table 13-26 Kafka connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Group ID	group_id	string		No	group_id
Plaintext cor	onfig based on the nection configur a.common.security.plaitkafka password;	ation		•	fka
org.apache.kafka	onnection configu a.common.security.scra s' <i>kafka password</i> ;		odule required u	isername='	kafka user

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Туре	type	string	Tenant	Yes	Туре
Pipeline	pipeld	string		Yes	Pipeline ID
domain_name	domain_name	string	domain_n ame	Yes	Domain name of the user
User_name	user_name	string	user_nam e	Yes	Username of the user
Password	user_passwor d	string		Yes	Username of the user
Subscription type	subscription_t ype	string	true	No	Subscription type • Shared: shared mode • Exclusive: exclusive mode • Failover: disaster recovery mode
Subscription Start	subscription_i nitial_position	string	true	No	Subscription Start

Table 13-27 Pipe connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Hosts	hosts	array		Yes	Host IP address
Index	index	string		Yes	Index
Retrieval statement	query	string		Yes	Retrieval statement
User_name	user	string		Yes	User_name
Password	user_passwor d	string		Yes	Password
Queries	size	number	20	Yes	Queries
Scroll	scroll	string	5m	Yes	Volume
Docinfo	docinfo	boolean	true	Yes	Document
ls pw encrypted	is_pw_encrypt ed	boolean	true	Yes	Whether to enable encryption
Whether to enable SSL	ssl	boolean	true	No	Whether to enable SSL
Ssl	ca_file	file		No	Certificate file
SsL_certificate _verification	ssl_certificate_ verification	boolean	true	No	SSL certificate verification

 Table 13-28
 Elasticsearch connector configuration rules

Destination Connectors

SecMaster provides a wide range of destination connectors for you to collect security data from your security products.

Table 13-29 Destination connectors

Connector Type	ln-use Logstash	Description
ТСР	tcp	This collector is used to send TCP logs. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-30 .
UDP	udp	This collector is used to send UD logs. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-31 .

Connector Type	ln-use Logstash	Description
Kafka	kafka	This collector is used to write logs to Kafka message queues. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-32.
OBS	obs	This collector is used to write logs to OBS buckets. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-33 .
SecMaster pipeline	pipe	This collector is used to write logs to the SecMaster pipeline. For details about the configuration rules, see Table 13-34.

Table 13-30 TCP connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Port	port	number	1025	Yes	Port
Decoding type	codec	string	plain	Yes	Decoding type, which can be json_lines or Plain .
					 Plain: Reads the original content.
					 Json_lines: Processes the content in JSON format.
Hosts	host	string	192.168.0.66	Yes	Host address Note: The network between the host and the node is normal.
SSL certificate	ssl_cert	file		No	SSL certificates

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Whether to enable SSL	ssl_enable	boolean	false	No	Whether to enable SSL authenticatio n
SSL key	ssl_key	file		No	SSL certificate file
SSL key	ssl_key_passp hrase	string		No	SSL certificate key

 Table 13-31 UDP connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Hosts	host	string		Yes	Host IP address. Note: The network between the host and the node is normal.
Port	port	number	1025	Yes	Port
Decoding type	codec	string	json_lines	Yes	Decoding type, which can be Json_lines or Plain. • Plain: Reads the original content. • Json_lines: Processes the content in JSON format.
Retry count	retry_count	number	3	No	Time of retry attempts

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Retry backoff (ms)	retry_backoff_ ms	number	200	No	Retry backoff (ms)

 Table 13-32
 Kafka connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Service address	bootstrap_ser vers	string		Yes	Service address, for example, 192.168.21.21: 9092,192.168. 21.24:9999.
Topics	topic_id	string	logstash	Yes	Topics
Decoding type	codec	string	plain	Yes	Decoding type, which can be Json or Plain .
Maximum length of the request	max_request_ size	number	10485760	Yes	Maximum length of the request
SSL certificate	ssl_truststore_ location	file		No	SSL certificates This parameter is mandatory when SSL is selected.
SSL key	ssl_truststore_ password	string		No	SSL key This parameter is mandatory when SSL is selected.
Security protocol	security_proto col	string	PLAINTEXT	No	Security protocol

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
SASL connectio n configura tion	sasl_jaas_conf ig	string		No	SASL connection configuration
is_pw_enc rypted	is_pw_encrypt ed	string	true	No	Whether to encrypt the value.
SASL mechanis m	sasl_mechanis m	string	PLAIN	No	sasl_mechanis m

Set **sasl_jaas_config** based on the Kafka specifications. The following is an example:

- Plaintext connection configuration org.apache.kafka.common.security.plain.PlainLoginModule required username='*kafka user*'password='*kafka password*;
- Ciphertext connection configuration org.apache.kafka.common.security.scram.ScramLoginModule required username='kafka user name'password='kafka password;

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
region	region	string		Yes	region
Bucket	bucket	string	demo- obs-sec- mrd- datas	Yes	Bucket name
endpoint	endpoint	string		Yes	endpoint
Cache folder	temporary_dir ectory	string	/temp/ logstash/	Yes	Cache path
Encoding type	codec	string	plain	No	Encoding format: plain or JSON
AK	ak	string		No	AK
SK	sk	string		No	SK
Prefix	prefix	string	test	No	Path prefix.

Table 13-33 OBS	connector	configuration	rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Encoding format	encoding	string	gzip	No	Encoding format: gzip or pure file
Memory path	sincedb_path	string	/opt/ cloud/ logstash/ pipeline/ file_name	No	Log read position. This parameter is used to prevent full- text traversal caused by restart.

Table 13-34 Pipe connector configuration rules

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Туре	type	string	Tenant	Yes	Туре
Pipeline	pipeld	string		Yes	Pipeline
AK	ak	string		Yes	AK This parameter is mandatory when the platform type is selected.
SK	sk	string		Yes	SK This parameter is mandatory when the platform type is selected.
domain_name	domain_name	string	domain_n ame	Yes	Domain name of the user This parameter is mandatory when the tenant type is selected.

Rule	Logstash Settings	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
User_name	user_name	string	user_nam e	Yes	Username of the user This parameter is mandatory when the tenant type is selected.
Password	user_passwor d	string		Yes	Password of the user This parameter is mandatory when the tenant type is selected.
Compression type	compression_t ype	string	NONE	No	Packet compression type
Block if the queue is full	block_if_queu e_full	boolean	true	No	Whether to block the access if the queue is full.
Enable batch processing	enable_batchi ng	boolean	true	No	Whether to enable batch processing.

13.2.15 Parser Rules

The tenant-side data collection uses custom Logstash collectors for data transmission. Parsers mainly work as codeless filters in Logstash. Currently, the following types of Logstash filter plugins are supported.

Table	13-35	Supported	types
Tuble	15 55	Jupporteu	Cypes

Parser	Plug-in in Logstash	Description
Key-Value filter	kv	Parses key-value pairs. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-36 .

Parser	Plug-in in Logstash	Description
Mutate filter	mutate	Performs general mutations on fields. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-37 .
Grok filter	grok	Parses regular expressions. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-38 .
Date filter	date	Parses the date. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-39 .
Drop filter	drop	Deletes packets. There is no specific rule. If you use this parser, logs received will be deleted.
Prune filter	prune	Parses blacklists and whitelists. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-40 .
CSV filter	CSV	Parses the CSV data. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-41 .
Function filter	ruby	Executes ruby code. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-42 .
JSON filter	json	Converts the JSON data. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-43 .
Split filter	split	Splits data. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-44 .
Clone filter	clone	Duplicates data. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-45 .
UUID filter	uuid	Parses UUIDs. For details about parsing rules, see Table 13-46.

Table 13-36 Kv filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Source	source	string	source	Yes	Defines the fields to be translated.
Target	target	string	message	No	Defines the target fields.
Field_split	field_split	string	,	No	Splits fields.
Value_split	value_split	string	=	No	Splits fields.

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Trim_key	trim_key	string		No	Removes spaces from the key.
Trim_value	trim_value	string		No	Removes spaces from the value.
Allow_duplica te_values	allow_duplica te_values	boolean	true	No	Allows duplicate values.
Default_keys	default_keys	array		No	Adds keys.
Exclude_keys	exclude_keys	array		No	Excludes certain keys.
Include_keys	include_keys	array		No	Includes certain keys.
Prefix	prefix	string		No	Performs prefix matches.
Recursive	recursive	boolean	true	No	Performs Recursive parsing.
Transform_ke y	transform_key	string		No	Transforms keys.
Add_field	add_field	hash		No	Adds fields.
add_tag	add_tag	array		No	Adds tags.
Remove_field	remove_field	array		No	Removes fields.
Remove_tag	remove_tag	array		No	Removes tags.
Id	id	string		No	ID.
Whitespace	whitespace	string	strict/ lenient	No	Allows whitespace characters.
Remove_char_ key	remove_char_ key	string	<>[](),	No	Removes characters from the key.

Table 13-37 Mutate filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Convert	convert	hash		No	Converts a field's value into a different type.
Join	join	hash		No	Joins arrays.
Lowercase	lowercase	array		No	Converts characters into its lowercase equivalent.
Coerce	coerce	hash		No	Sets the default value of a field.
Rename	rename	hash		No	Renames fields.
Replace	replace	hash		No	Replaces the value of a field with a new value.
Split	split	hash		No	Split a field to an array.
Strip	strip	array		No	Strips spaces from fields.
Update	update	hash		No	Updates fields.
Uppercase	uppercase	array		No	Converts characters into its uppercase equivalent.
Add_field	add_field	hash		No	Adds fields.
Add_tag	add_tag	array		No	Adds tags.
Remove_field	remove_field	array		No	Removes fields.
Remove_tag	remove_tag	array		No	Removes tags.
ID	id	string		No	Id
Сору	сору	hash		No	Copies fields.

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Gsub	gsub	array		No	Replaces the gsub value.

Table 13-38 Grok filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
match	match	hash		Yes	Performs regex matches.
Break_on_mat ch	break_on_mat ch	boolean	true	No	Breaks on the first match.
Overwrite	overwrite	array	message	No	Overwrites fields.
Add_field	add_field	hash		No	Adds fields.
Add_tag	add_tag	array		No	Adds tags.
Remove_field	remove_field	array		No	Removes fields.
Remove_tag	remove_tag	array		No	Removes tags.
ld	id	string		No	Id

Table 13-39 Date filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Match	match	array		Yes	Performs regex match.
Target	target	string	timestam p	Yes	Target fields.
Add_field	add_field	hash		No	Adds fields.
Add_tag	add_tag	array		No	Adds tags.
Remove_field	remove_field	array		No	Removes fields.

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Remove_tag	remove_tag	array		No	Removes tags.
Id	id	string	test	No	Id
Locale	locale	string		No	Locale
Timezone	Specifies the time zone.	string	+8:00	No	Specifies the time zone.

Table 13-40 Prune filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Blacklist_nam es	blacklist_nam es	array		No	Excludes fields whose names match specified regular expressions.
Blacklist_valu es	blacklist_valu es	array		No	Excludes specified fields if their values match one of the supplied regular expressions.
Whitelist_nam es	whitelist_nam es	array		No	Includes specified fields only if their names match specified regular expressions.
Whitelist_valu es	whitelist_valu es	array		No	Includes specified fields only if their values match one of the supplied regular expressions.

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Source	source	string	message	No	Defines the fields to be parsed.
Columns	columns	array		No	Defines a list of column names.
Separator	separator	string	,	No	Defines the column separator value.
Skip_empty_c olumns	skip_empty_c olumns	boolean	true	No	Defines whether empty columns can be skipped.

Table 13-41 CSV filter

Table 13-42 Function filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Filter_length	filter_length	number	10	No	Controls the field length.
Set_time	set_time	ruby_time	123	No	Sets a time.

Table 13-43 JSON filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Source	source	string	message	Yes	Defines source fields.
Skip_on_invali d_json	skip_on_invali d_json	boolean	true	No	Skips invalid json fields.
Add_field	add_field	hash	null	No	Adds fields.
Add_tag	add_tag	array	null	No	Adds tags.

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description	
Remove_field	remove_field	array	null	No	Removes fields.	
Remove_tag	remove_tag	array	null	No	Removes tags.	
Target	target	string	message	No	Defines target fields.	

Table 13-44 Split filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Field	field	string	message	Yes	Defines fields to be splited.

Table 13-45 Clone filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Clone	clones	array		Yes	Defines the list of fields to be cloned.

Table 13-46 UUID filter

Parsing Rule	Logstash Configuratio n Item	Туре	Default Value	Man dator y	Description
Target	target	string	uuid	Yes	Target fields.
Overwrite	overwrite	boolean	true	Yes	Defines whether to overwrite.

13.2.16 Upgrading the Component Controller

Scenarios

This topic describes how to upgrade the component controller from salt-minion to isap-agent for tenant-side data collection. salt-minion was used as component controller in earlier tenant-side data collection.

The upgrade does not affect the data plane.

Upgrading the Component Controller

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-56 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management (1)
Security Overview Wastopaces	Cuar C Cuar Cuar
Security Governance 🧹	C C

- **Step 4** Deregister a node.
 - 1. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**. On the displayed **Nodes** tab, locate the row that contains the target node and click **Deregister** in the **Operation** column.
 - 2. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

The node is deregistered successfully, and its **Health Status** changes to **Disconnected**.

Step 5 Copy the script.

- 1. On the **Nodes** page, click **Create**.
- 2. On the **Create Node** page, click **Next**. On the **Verify installed Script** page, copy the script.
- **Step 6** Install the component controller.
 - 1. Use a remote management tool, such as Xftp, SecureFX, WinSCP, PuTTY, or Xshell, to log in to the disconnected ECS node.
 - 2. Run the command copied in **Step 5.2** as user **root** to install the Agent on the ECS.

Figure 13-57 Installing the agent

1/54c214ac93c14d5c9bd418164c36838f/workspaces/7b4fefd7-8ce6-4cdf-b2bf-d1f79ad28cf2/collector/files/isap-agent.tar.gz_&&_tarxzv
$125021402502140550410106200307$ wurkspaces/041847-oceo-tota-bob autoacotz/contector/1185/1847-agent.t.at. $y_2 \approx tar -x_20$
b2bf-d1f79ad28cf2 https://secmaster-ga.cm-north-7.mghuaweicloud.com https://iam.cm-north-7.mghuaweicloud.com/v3/auth/tokens z Total z Received z Xferd Average Sweed Time Time Time Time Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 1870k 0 1870k 0 0 48.8M 0
./csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_all.tar.gz
./isap-agent.sh
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_28248725142527_all/
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_a11/csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x86_64.tar.gz
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_a11/csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_aarch64.tar.gz
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x86_64/
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x06_64/var/
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x86_64/bin/
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x86_64/bin/csb-isap-agent-service
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x86_64/manifest.ym]
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x06_64/action/
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x86_64/action/overtimeUninstall.sh
csb-isap-agent-service_1.0_20240725142527_x86_64/action/agent_controller_linux.sh
csb-isap-agent-service 1.0 20240725142527 x86 64/repo/
csb-isap-agent-service 1.0 20240725142527 x86 64/conf/
csb-isap-agent-service 1.0 20240725142527 x86 64/conf/banner.txt
csb-isap-agent-service 1.0 20240725142527 x86 64/conf/config.properties
csb-isap-agent-service 1.0 20240725142527 x86 64/conf/component.properties
csb-isap-agent-service 1.0 20240725142527 x86 64/conf/isap-agent.service
Please enter your IAM Account doMainName:s02
Please enter your IAM Account userName:1
Please enter Your Jam Account Password:**********
2 Total 2 Received 2 Xferd Average Speed Time Time Time Current
J lotal J hoorida / reor and bload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 168k 100 168k 100 217 154k 199 0:00:01 0:00:01: 155k
IssesStart check all paramas==1
I===-Check all params successt====1
service user has exist
chown invalid group: 'service:service'
choun: invalid group: 'service:service'
chown: invalid group: 'service:service'
anown maria group. Scivice scivice
chow: invalid group: 'service:service'
start to install isap-agent, please wait
start to install isap-agent, please wait
start tu instari isap-agent, piease wart root 811280 811115 0 11:43 tui 100:80:80:90 /opt/cloud/isap-agent/bin/csb-isap-agent-service
root 011288 011115 9 11:43 ttpl 99:89:99 rep csb-isap-agent-service
ruut olisso olilis olilis olilis olilis oliosoo yrepitse-isap-aqent-servite R11280
install isan-agent successfully
Install isop-djent successfully
froot@localhost_confl#

- 3. Enter the account username and password as prompted.
- 4. If information similar to the following is displayed, the agent is successfully installed: install isap-agent successfully
- 5. Go to the SecMaster console and check the node status on the **Nodes** page under **Settings**.
- **Step 7** Delete the old management channel.
 - Choose Settings > Components > Nodes and click Create. On the Create Node pane displayed, click Delete in the Operation column in the row of each the management.
 - 2. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.
 - ----End

13.3 Customizing Directories

Scenario

You can customize directories on SecMaster. This section includes the following content:

- Viewing Existing Directories
- Changing Layout

Limitations and Constraints

• Built-in directories **cannot** be edited or deleted.

Viewing Existing Directories

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-58 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings** > **Directory Customization**.

Figure 13-59 Directory Customization page

<	/ Catalog C	Customization							
Security Situation									
Resource Manager	*						Level-1 Directory	Ŧ	Q C 🕲
Risk Prevention	*	Level-1 Directory	Level-2 Directory	Status	Address		Layout	Publisher	Operation
Threat Operations	-	Threat Operations	Incident	Built-in	https://v	. 0	Incident List Built-in		Changing layout
Security Orchest	*	Resource	Resource	Built-in	https://	. 0	Resource List Built-in		Changing layout
Settings 🔋		Risk Prevention	Vulnerability	Built-in	https://v		Vulnerability List Built-in		Changing layout
Collection Management		Threat Operations	Indicator	Built-in	https://		Indicator List Built-in		Changing layout
Component		Threat Operations	Alert	Built-in	https://c	. 0	Alert List Built-in		Changing layout
Data Integration									
Checks									
Catalog Customization	8								

Step 5 In the directory list, view the directory details.

Table 13-47 Directory parameters

Parameter	Description
Level-1 Directory	Name of the level-1 directory to which the directory belongs
Level-2 Directory	Name of the level-2 directory to which the directory belongs
Status	Type of the directory.
Address	Address of the directory.
Layout	Layout associated with the directory.
Publisher	Publisher of the directory.
Operation	Operations you can do for the directory, such as changing the layout.

----End

Changing Layout

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 13-60 Workspace management page



Step 4 In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings** > **Directory Customization**.

Figure 13-61 Directory Customization page

S	/ Catalog C	Customization							
Security Situation									
Resource Manager	*						Level-1 Directory	Ŧ	Q C 🕲
Risk Prevention		Level-1 Directory	Level-2 Directory	Status	Address		Layout	Publisher	Operation
Threat Operations	÷	Threat Operations	Incident	Built-In	https://	. 0	Incident List Built-In		Changing layout
Security Orchest	-	Resource	Resource	Buit-In	https://v	. 0	Resource List Built-in		Changing layout
Settings		Risk Prevention	Vulnerability	Built-In	https://		Vulnerability List Built-In		Changing layout
Collection Management		Threat Operations	Indicator	Built-in	https://		Indicator List Built-in		Changing layout
Component		Threat Operations	Alert	Built-in	https://c	. 0	Alert List Built-in		Changing layout
Data Integration									
Checks									
Catalog Customization	0								

- Step 5 Click Changing layout in the Operation column of the target directory.
- **Step 6** On the **Changing layout** page, select the layout to be changed.
- Step 7 Click OK.
 - ----End

14 Permissions Management

14.1 Creating a User and Granting Permissions

You can use **IAM** to implement fine-grained permission control for your SecMaster resources. With IAM, you can

- Create IAM users for employees based on your enterprise's organizational structure. Each IAM user will have their own security credentials for accessing SecMaster resources.
- Grant only the permissions required for users to perform a task.
- Entrust an account or cloud service to perform professional and efficient O&M on your SecMaster resources.

If your account does not require individual IAM users, skip over this section.

The following walks you through how to grant permissions. **Figure 14-1** shows the process.

Prerequisites

Learn about the permissions supported by SecMaster and choose policies or roles according to your requirements.

 Table 14-1 lists all the system-defined roles and policies supported by SecMaster.

Policy Name	Description	Туре				
SecMaster FullAccess	All permissions of SecMaster.	System- defined policy				
SecMaster ReadOnlyAccess	SecMaster read-only permission. Users granted with these permissions can only view SecMaster data but cannot configure SecMaster.	System- defined policy				

Table 14-1 System-define	d permissions supporte	ed by SecMaster
--------------------------	------------------------	-----------------

Permission Granting Process

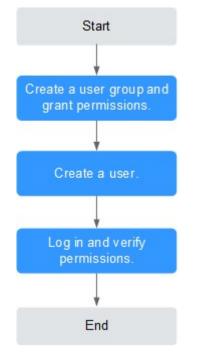


Figure 14-1 Process for granting permissions

1. Create a user group and assign permissions.

Create a user group on the IAM console, and assign the **SecMaster FullAccess** permission to the group.

2. Create a user and add the user to the user group.

Create a user on the IAM console and add the user to the group created in 1.

3. Log in to the management console as the created user and verify the permissions.

Log in to the SecMaster console as the created user, and verify that the user only has read permissions for SecMaster.

Choose any other service from **Service List**. If a message appears indicating that you do not have permissions to access the service, the **SecMaster FullAccess** policy has already taken effect.

14.2 SecMaster Custom Policies

Custom policies can be created to supplement the system-defined policies of SecMaster. For the actions that can be added to custom policies, see **SecMaster Permissions and Supported Actions**.

You can create custom policies in either of the following ways:

- Visual editor: Select cloud services, actions, resources, and request conditions. This does not require knowledge of policy syntax.
- JSON: Edit JSON policies from scratch or based on an existing policy.

For details, see **Creating a Custom Policy**. The following section shows examples of common SecMaster custom policies.

Example Custom Policies

{

}

• Example 1: Authorization for alert list search permission and permission execution analysis

```
"Version": "1.1",

"Statement": [

{

"Effect": "Allow",

"Action": [

"secmaster:alert:list",

"secmaster:search:createAnalysis"

]

}

]
```

• Example 2: Preventing users from modifying alert configurations

A deny policy must be used together with other policies. If the policies assigned to a user contain both Allow and Deny actions, the Deny actions take precedence over the Allow actions.

The following method can be used to create a custom policy to disallow users who have the **SecMaster FullAccess** policy assigned to modify alert configurations. Assign both **SecMaster FullAccess** and the custom policies to the group to which the user belongs. Then the user can perform all operations except modifying alert configurations on SecMaster. The following is an example of a deny policy:

```
{
    "Version": "1.1",
    "Statement": [
        {
          "Effect": "Deny",
          "Action": [
          "secmaster:alert:updateType"
        ]
        }
    ]
}
```

• Example 3: Defining permissions for multiple services in a policy

A custom policy can contain the actions of multiple services that are of the global or project-level type. The following is an example policy containing actions of multiple services:

```
"Version": "1.1",
"Statement": [
{
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Action": [
    "secmaster:alert:get",
    "secmaster:alert:update"
    ]
  },
  {
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Action": [
    "hss:vuls:set",
    "hss:vuls:list"
  ]
  }
```

] }

14.3 SecMaster Permissions and Supported Actions

This topic describes fine-grained permissions management for your SecMaster. If your account does not need individual IAM users, then you may skip over this section.

By default, new IAM users do not have any permissions assigned. You need to add a user to one or more groups, and assign permissions policies to these groups. Users inherit permissions from the groups to which they are added and can perform specified operations on cloud services based on the permissions.

Permissions are classified into roles and policies based on the authorization granularity. A role is a coarse-grained authorization mechanism provided by IAM to define permissions based on users' job responsibilities. A policy defines permissions required to perform operations on specific cloud resources under certain conditions. IAM uses policies to perform fine-grained authorization.

Supported Actions

SecMaster provides system-defined policies that can be directly used in IAM. You can also create custom policies and use them to supplement system-defined policies, implementing more refined access control.

- Permission: A statement in a policy that allows or denies certain operations.
- Action: Specific operations that are allowed or denied.

15 FAQs

15.1 Product Consulting

15.1.1 What Are the Dependencies and Differences Between SecMaster and Other Security Services?

SecMaster can work with other security services such as WAF, HSS, Anti-DDoS, and DBSS.

How SecMaster Works with Other Services

SecMaster is a security management service that depends on other security services to provide threat detection data so that it can analyze security threat risks, display the global security threat posture, and provide informed suggestions.

Other security services report detected threats to SecMaster and SecMaster aggregates the received data to display the global security posture.

• Differences Between SecMaster and Other Security Services

SecMaster: It is only a visualized threat detection and analysis platform and does not implement any specific protective actions. It must be used together with other security services.

Other security services display the event data detected by themselves only. They can take specific protective actions, but cannot display global threat posture.

 Table 15-1 describes the differences between SecMaster and other security protection services.

Service	Categor y	Dependency and Difference	Protected Object
SecMaster	Security manage ment	SecMaster focuses on the global security threat and attack situation, analyzes threat data generated by several security services and cloud security threats, and provides protection suggestions.	Display the global security threat attack situation.
Anti-DDoS	Network security	Anti-DDoS detects and defends against abnormal DDoS attack traffic, and synchronizes attack logs and defense data to SecMaster.	Ensure enterprise service stability.
Host Security Service (HSS)	Server security	HSS detects host security risks, executes protection policies, and synchronizes related alerts and protection data to SecMaster.	Ensures host security.
WAF	Applicati on security	WAF checks website service traffic in multiple dimensions. It can defend against common attacks and block threats to website. Intrusion logs and alert data are synchronized to SecMaster to present the network-wide web risk situation.	Ensure availability and security of web applications.
DBSS	Data security	DBSS protects and audits database access behaviors. Related audit logs and alert data are synchronized to SecMaster.	Ensure the security of databases and assets on the cloud.

 Table 15-1 Differences between SecMaster and other services

15.1.2 What Are the Differences Between SecMaster and HSS?

Service Positioning

- SecMaster is a next-generation cloud native security operations platform. It enables integrated and automatic security operations through cloud asset management, security posture management, security information and incident management, security orchestration and automatic response, cloud security overview, simplified cloud security configuration, configurable defense policies, and intelligent and fast threat detection and response.
- Host Security Service (HSS) is designed to protect server workloads in hybrid clouds and multi-cloud data centers. It protects servers and containers and prevents web pages from malicious modifications.

In short, SecMaster presents the comprehensive view of security posture, and HSS secures servers and containers.

Function Differences

- SecMaster collects security data (including detection data of security services such as HSS, WAF, and Anti-DDoS) on the entire network and provides capabilities such as cloud asset management, security posture management, security information and incident management, security orchestration, and automatic response, helping you implement integrated and automatic security operations management.
- HSS uses technologies such as AI, machine learning, and deep algorithms to analyze server risks through agents installed on protected servers. It delivers inspection and protection tasks through the console. You can manage the security information reported by the Agent through the HSS console.

ltem		Common Function	Difference
Asset securi ty	Server	Both can display the overall security posture of servers.	 SecMaster synchronizes server risk data from HSS and then displays overall server security posture. HSS scans accounts, ports, processes, web directories, software information, and automatic startup tasks on servers and displays server security posture.
	Websit es	-	 SecMaster checks and scans the overall security posture of website assets from different dimensions. HSS does not support this function.
Vulne rabilit y	Server vulner abilitie s	Both can display server scanning results and support server vulnerability management.	 SecMaster synchronizes server vulnerability data from HSS and allows you to manage server vulnerabilities in SecMaster. HSS allows you to manage Linux, Windows, Web-CMS, and application vulnerabilities. It also gives you an overview of vulnerabilities in real time, including vulnerability scan details, vulnerability statistics, vulnerability types and distributions, your top 5 vulnerabilities, and the top 5 risky servers.
Baseli ne inspe ction	Cloud service baselin e	-	 SecMaster can help you check key configurations of cloud services you enabled based on built-in checks. HSS does not support this function.

Table 15-2 Differences between SecMaster and HSS

ltem		Common Function	Difference
	Unsafe setting s	-	 SecMaster does not support this function. HSS checks your baseline settings, including checking for weak passwords, and reviewing security policies and configuration details. HSS provides an overview of your configuration security rating, the top 5 configuration risks, detected weak passwords, and the top 5 servers with weak passwords configured.

15.1.3 Where Does SecMaster Obtain Its Data From?

SecMaster utilizes threat data collected from cloud-based threats and cloud services. Through big data mining and machine learning, it analyzes and presents threat trends while providing protection suggestions.

- SecMaster collects data from network traffic and security device logs to present the security status of assets and generate corresponding threat alerts using AI analysis.
- Additionally, SecMaster aggregates alarm data from other security services, such as Host Security Service (HSS) and Web Application Firewall (WAF).
 Based on obtained data, SecMaster then performs big data mining, machine learning, and intelligent AI analysis to identify attacks and intrusions, helping you understand the attack and intrusion processes and providing related protection suggestions.

By analyzing security data that covers every aspect of your services, SecMaster makes it easier for you to understand comprehensive security situation of your services and make informed decisions and handle security incidents in real time.

15.2 About Purchase and Specifications Change

15.2.1 How Do I Change SecMaster Editions or Specifications?

You can increase ECS quotas and buy a value-added package.

- Buy a value-added package: For details, see Purchasing Value-Added Packages.
- Increase ECS quotas: For details, see Increasing Quotas.

15.2.2 How Is SecMaster Billed?

SecMaster is billed in pay-per-use mode.

In this mode, you are billed for usage duration by the hour. This mode allows you to enable or disable the SecMaster service at any time.

15.2.3 Can I Unsubscribe from SecMaster?

If you no longer need SecMaster, you can unsubscribe from it or cancel it in just a few clicks.

 Pay-per-use billing mode: pay for what you use by the hour. This mode allows you to enable or disable resources at any time. One-click resource cancellation is also supported.

NOTE

For ECSs and VPC endpoints you create for collecting log data, you need to manually release them after unsubscribing from SecMaster, or those resources will continue to be billed..

Limitations and Constraints

- In the **pay-per-use** professional edition, when you unsubscribe from or cancel the asset quota of the professional edition, the value-added package is also unsubscribed or canceled.
- After unsubscribing from SecMaster, you need to manually release the following resources:
 - If you have enabled data collection, you need to manually release the ECSs used for data collection. For details, see *Elastic Cloud Server User Guide*.
 - If you have enabled data collection, you need to manually release the VPCEP nodes you used to connect and manage the collection nodes. For details, see VPC Endpoint User Guide.

Canceling Pay-per-Use SecMaster Resources

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** Click **Professional** in the upper right corner. The edition management window is displayed.
- **Step 4** In the row of the SecMaster edition purchased in pay-per-use billing mode, click **Cancel** to release the purchased SecMaster resources.

Go to the edition management window and verify that the subscription to resources billed on a pay-per-use basis is canceled.

----End

Unsubscribing from a Value-Added Package

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** Click **Professional** in the upper right corner. A window for you to manage SecMaster assets will be displayed.

Step 4 Click **Cancel** to release the pay-per-use asset quota. Go to the edition management window and verify that subscriptions to pay-per-use resources have been canceled.

----End

15.3 Security Situation

15.3.1 How Do I Update My Security Score?

SecMaster checks your asset health in real time, evaluates the overall security posture, and gives a security score. A security score helps you quickly understand the overall status of unprocessed risks to your assets.

After asset security risks are fixed, manually ignore or handle alerts and update the alert status in the alert list. The risk severity can be down to a proper level accordingly. Your security score will be updated after you refresh the alert status and check your environment again.

Updating the Security Score

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 15-1 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces	Case O C there same and space for some it. O
Security Covernance 🧹	C ©

- Step 4 In the navigation pane on the left, choose Risk Prevention > Baseline Check. On the baseline check page displayed, handle the baseline check items that fail the check.
- **Step 5** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Risk Prevention** > **Vulnerabilities**. On the vulnerability management page displayed, handle the vulnerabilities.
- **Step 6** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**. On the displayed page, handle the alert.
- Step 7 After handling unsafe settings, vulnerabilities, or alerts, go back to the Security Situation > Situation Overview page and click Check Again. After the check, the security score will be updated.

NOTE

It takes some time for a check to finish. You can refresh the page to get the new security score five minutes after you start the recheck.

----End

15.3.2 Why Is There No Attack Data or Only A Small Amount of Attack Data?

SecMaster can detect a variety of attacks on cloud assets and presents them objectively.

If your assets are exposed little to the Internet (risks such as open ports and weak passwords can be exploited by attackers), it is less likely that they will be attacked. So there will be no or little security data in SecMaster.

If you believe that SecMaster fails to reflect the attack status of your system, feel free to provide feedback to technical support.

15.3.3 Why Is Data Inconsistent or Not Displayed on the Security Overview Page?

Why Is the Data in SecMaster Inconsistent with That in WAF or HSS?

SecMaster aggregates all historical alert data reported by WAF and HSS, but WAF and HSS display real-time alert data. So data in SecMaster is inconsistent with that in WAF and HSS.

So you can go to the corresponding service (WAF or HSS) to view and handle latest alerts.

Why Is Zero Displayed for Total Assets on the Security Overview Page?

Symptom

A workspace was added and asset information was synchronized to and displayed on the **Resource Manager** page in the workspace, but the total number of assets on the **Security Overview** page is still 0.

Figure 15-2 Zero assets reported on the Security Overview page



Cause

SecMaster synchronizes asset details **every hour on the hour** after you create a workspace and synchronize asset information to the **Resource Manager** page.

Solution

Check the asset quantity after the very beginning of the next hour.

15.4 Threat Management

15.4.1 How Do I Handle a Brute-force Attack?

Brute-force attacks are common intrusion behavior. Attackers guess and try login usernames and passwords remotely. When they succeed, they can attack and control systems.

SecMaster works with HSS to receive alerts for brute force attacks detected by HSS and centrally display and manage alerts.

Handling Alerts

HSS uses brute-force detection algorithms and an IP address blacklist to effectively prevent brute-force attacks and block attacking IP addresses. Alerts will be reported.

If you receive an alert from HSS, log in to the HSS console to confirm and handle the alert.

- If your host is cracked and an intruder successfully logs in to the host, all hosts under your account may have been implanted with malicious programs. Take the following measures to handle the alert immediately to prevent further risks to the hosts:
 - a. Check whether the source IP address used to log in to the host is trusted immediately.
 - b. Change passwords of accounts involved.
 - c. Scan for risky accounts and handle suspicious accounts immediately.
 - d. Scan for malicious programs and remove them, if any, immediately.
- If your host is cracked and the attack source IP address is blocked by HSS, take the following measures to harden host security:
 - a. Check the source IP address used to log in to the host and ensure it is trusted.
 - b. Log in to the host and scan for OS risks.
 - c. Upgrade the HSS protection capability if it is possible.
 - d. Harden the host security group and firewall configurations based on site requirements.

Marking Alerts

After an alert is handled, you can mark the alert.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click = in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.

Figure 15-3 Workspace management page

SecMaster	Management ()
Security Overview Workspaces Management	Own O C Etter x new ardityweit for seech. O
Security Covernance 🧹	C ©

- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Threat Operations** > **Alerts**.
- Step 5 On the Alert tab, select Brute-force attacks and refresh the alert list.
- **Step 6** Delete the non-threat alerts.

----End

15.4.2 How Do I Check the Storage Space Used by All Logs?

SecMaster allows you to view the storage space used by all logs in **Security Reports**. You can check log analysis in a security report:

- In a **daily security report**, you can check the total log volume for the previous day in the log analysis area.
- In a **weekly security report**, you can check the total log volume for the previous week in the log analysis area.
- In a **monthly security report**, you can check the total log volume for the previous month in the log analysis area.

For details, see .

15.5 Data Collection

15.5.1 Why Did the Component Controller Fail to Be Installed?

A component controller (isap-agent) needs to be installed on ECSs for security data collection. If the installation fails, you can fix the fault by following the instructions provided in this section.

For details about common commands used during troubleshooting, see Which Commands Are Commonly Used for the Component Controller?

Possible Cause 1: The Network Between the ECS Where You Want to Install isap-agent and the OBS Bucket Storing the Agent Is Disconnected

Figure 15-4 Disconnected network between the target ECS and OBS bucket

Solution

- (Optional) Method 1: Connect the ECS to OBS.
- (Optional) Method 2: Manually download the installation script and installation package to the local PC, and upload the installation package to the **/opt/cloud** directory on the server.
 - a. Log in to the OBS management console.
 - b. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Buckets**. On the displayed page, click the name of the target bucket.
 - c. On the displayed details page, download the installation script and installation package.

- d. Use a remote management tool, such as SecureFX or WinSCP, to log in to the server.
- e. Upload the installation package to the **/opt/cloud** directory on the server.

Possible Cause 2: Insufficient Disk Space on the ECS

Figure 15-5 Insufficient disk space

[root@host-192-168 2023-03-13_09:33	<pre>boot]# wget https://e - e :03 https://e - obs-sec-mrd-da</pre>	bs-sec-mrd-datas.obs.	.com/salt/salt-minion-euler.zip j.com/salt/salt-minion-euler.zip	
Resolving Connecting to	-obs-sec-mrd-datas.obs.	con (-obs-sec-mrd-datas.obs	
Length: 91255430 (awaiting response 200 OK 87M) [application/zip] inion-euler.zip.11'			
0% [K/s in

Solution

Clear the disk to reserve sufficient space.

Possible Cause 4: Failed to Verify the Workspace ID

If the information shown in the following figure is displayed, the workspace ID verification failed.

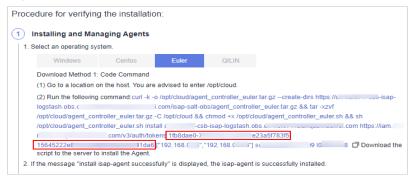
Figure 15-6 Workspace ID verification failed

			isap-agent,		
start	to	install	isap-agent,	please	wait
start	to	install	isap-agent,	please	wait
start	to	install	isap-agent,	please	wait
			isap-agent,		
			r, install is		

Solution

- 1. Log in to the SecMaster console.
- 2. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.
- 3. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**. On the displayed page, click the target node.
- 4. Check workspace ID and project ID in the command output.

Figure 15-7 Parameters on the console



5. Check whether the workspace ID and project ID in the command are the same as those in the file in **4**.

Figure 15-8 Parameter information in the command



6. Use a valid workspace ID and project ID to run the command again.

Possible Cause 5: isap-agent Installed Repeatedly When isap-agent Has Already Been Installed

If the information shown in the following figure is displayed, the Agent has been installed.

Figure 15-9 Agent already installed

warning:	group servicegroup does not	exist - using	root		
warning:	user service does not exist	- using root			
warning:	group servicegroup does not	exist - using	root		
warning:	user service does not exist	 using root 			
	group servicegroup does not				
The ISAP	-salt-minion-euler has been	installed. Do	not install the	ISAP-salt-minion-euler	again.
[root@ec:	5. (`i]# <mark>_</mark>				

Solution

- 1. (Optional) Method 1: Deregister the node on the management console.
 - a. Log in to the SecMaster management console.
 - b. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.
 - c. In the navigation pane on the left, choose Settings > Components. On the displayed Nodes tab, locate the row that contains the target node and click Deregister in the Operation column.
 - d. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.
- 2. (Optional) Method 2: Run a script command to uninstall component controller isap-agent.
 - a. Use a remote management tool, such as SecureFX or WinSCP, to log in to the server.
 - b. Run the **sh /opt/cloud/agent_controller_euler.sh uninstall** command to uninstall the component controller.
- 3. Check whether the uninstallation is complete.
 - a. Use a remote management tool, such as SecureFX or WinSCP, to log in to the server.
 - b. (Optional) Method 1: Run the **ls** -a /opt/cloud/ command to view the files in the /opt/cloud directory. If the information shown in the following figure is displayed (including only the script file), the uninstallation is complete.

Figure 15-10 Script file

[root@ecs-____d]# ls -a /opt/cloud/
. . agent_controller_euler.sh

c. (Optional) Method 2: Run the **salt-minion --version** command. If the following information is displayed, the uninstallation is complete.



[root@ecs-____]# salt-minion --version -bash: salt-minion: command not found

It takes some time to deregister a node. Do not install the Agent until you confirm that the node has been deregistered.

Possible Cause 6: Disconnected Network Between ECS and DNS

During the isap-agent installation, the message "Could not resolve host:******" is displayed.

Figure 15-12 Error message indicating that the network between the ECS and DNS is disconnected

[root@ecs-g	
	r/files∕isap-agent.tar.gz åå tar -xzv
f /opt/cloud/isap-agent.tar.gz -C /opt/cloud && sh /opt/cloud/isap-agent.sh f69081790000000000000000000000000000000000	
a? ?? https://sam	d.com/v3/auth/tokens
% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Time Current	
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0: 0:00:01: 0curl: (6) Cou	Id not resolve host: summing garage
i .d.com	
trootVecs-gameleet "JH ping https://sceneete.gaven.north //agheemeleiend.com ping: https://s	
ping: https://s l.com: Name or service not known	
trouteecs-yan-test ")#	

The installation failed because the network between the ECS and DNS was disconnected.

Figure 15-13	Disconnected	network between	the target	ECS and DNS
inguie io io	Disconnected	neework between	the target	LCS and DNS

							10.30	unbound	
drwxr-xr-x. -rw-rr	2 FU		root	20	JU I	2	10:20	vconsole.conf	
-rw-rr	1 ru	JUU	root				10:59		
				351	may	10	10:50	Vimre	
-rw-rr							10:50		
-rw-rr								warnquota.conf	
-rw-rr	1 r	oot	root					wgetrc	
drwxr-xr-x.							10:28		
-rw-rr								xattr.conf	
drwxr-xr-x.							10:28		
drwxr-xr-x. Irwxrwxrwx.	2 r	oot	root	4096	Jul	?	10:30	yum	
lrwxrwxrwx.	1 r	oot	root	12	Jun	19	11:11	<pre>yum.conf -> dnf/dnf.c</pre>	on
drwxr-xr-x.					Jul	7	10:36	yum.repos.d	
[root@ecs-		et	c]# cat	rela					
cat: rela: N	o suo	ch f	ile or	directo	ory				
[root@ecs	_	, et	c]# cat	resol	v.co	nf			
# Generated	by Ne	etwo	rkManag	er					
nameserver 1			68 [°]						
nameserver 1			69						
options time				quest-	reope	en			
[root@ecs-		et	c]#						
[root@ecs-		et	c]#						
[root@ecs		_ et	c]#						
[root@ecs-5]		_ et	c]# pin	a 10.6	3.25	.68			
PING 1	.68	1		68) 56	(84)	but	tes of	data.	
^C									
15									
9 packets tr	ansm	itte	d, Ø re	ceived	, 10	3% I	packet	loss, time 8210ms	
INCOTHORD F	1.01		o in						

Solution

In the VPC the ECS belongs to, enter the correct DNS resolution address. For details, see "How Do I Change the DNS Server Address of an ECS?" in the *Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

Possible Cause 7: The Workspace Does Not Exist or the Account Lacks Permission.

During the isap-agent installation, the following information is displayed:

install isap-agent failure

Tip: Please check the workspace status and reinstall

Figure 15-14 Error message indicating that the workspace does not exist or the account lacks permission

Please enter your IAM Account doMainName:sco_co_co_co_co_co Please enter your IAM Account userName:y Please enter Your Iam Account Password:*********
× Total × Received × Xferd Average Speed Time Time Time Current Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 172k 100 172k 100 219 1021k 1295:::: 1022k
====Start check all params====
I====Check all params success !====I
service user has exist
119319
start to install isap-agent, please wait
start to install isay-agent, please wait
root 119462 119206 0 14:37 tty1 00:00:00 grep csb-isap-agent-service
install isap-agent failure
Tip: Please check the workspace status and reinstall. IrootPecs- "1#

Solution

- 1. Check whether the current workspace exists.
- 2. Check whether the SecMaster machine-machine account that has the minimum permission is correctly configured.

Possible Cause 8: Disk Not Partitioned

During the isap-agent installation, the message "The directory space of /opt is too small" is displayed.

Figure 15-15 Disk not partitioned

00 158k 100 158k 100 2 ====Start check all params	214 181	JK	2433	::: 1821k
====Check all params success				
ilesustem		llsed	Avail	Usez Mounted on
levtmpfs	893M		893M	
cmpfs	907M		907M	8%. /dev/shm
mpfs	907M 3	3.4M	904M	1% /run
mpfs	907M			
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_root				
dev/vda1				13× /boot
dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_tmp				
/dev/mapper/VolGroup-lv_log				
mpfs	182M	0		
				Please mount a 100G disk on the current machine and partition the disk. After
itioning the disk, please co	opų comm	and a	igain a	and reinstall it. The disk partition command is as follows:

Solution

 Run the following command on the installation page: sh /opt/cloud/isap-agent/action/agent_controller_linux.sh partition For details, see Partitioning a Disk. 2. Reinstall isap-agent.

For details, see Installing the Component Controller.

15.5.2 How Are Collection Node or Collection Channel Faults Handled?

Symptom

The component controller isap-agent periodically reports the collection node status and collection channel health status. Despite a delay of about one minute, the **Health Status** of a collection node or collection channel was still displayed as **Faulty** 3 minutes after the collection channel is delivered, and the CPU usage or memory usage of the server is about to reached 100%.

Figure 15-16 Collection node fault

inections P	arsers	Collection channel r	nanagement	Collection Nodes							
 Node mana; 	perment occupie	s the /etc/salt/ directory	. To avoid mistaker	i deletion, you are advis	ed not to store personal f	lies in this directory.					×
C. Search by not	de name by dela	ut.									0
Node Name1D	Heal	th Status	Region	IP Address	CPU Usage	Memory Usage	Disk Usepe	Network Speed	Channel Instance	Tag	Heartbeat Disconnection Flag
ecs- 65859091-900c-471	15-bd	auts		192.160.0	97.437434%	75.00% 3GB4GB	13.00% 133B/100GB	R: DMB/K; W: DMB/S	4	-	Online(19902d7h39min32s) (Jun 28, 2024 15:39:32 GMT+66:00)
ecs- 5x655778x-4c07-4b		éormai		192.168.0	2.5%	50.00% 23B.43B	6.50% 13GB/200GB	R: DMB/s; W: DMB/s	4	_	Online(19902d7h39min25s) (Jun 28. 2024 15:39:25 GMT+08.00

Figure 15-17 Collection channel fault

Connections Parsers	Collection	n channel managen	Collection Nodes								
Groups	0	Add	Connection information	Created By	Health Status	Receiving Rate	Sending Rate	Configuration	Channel Insta		me and keyword to Q Q @
Al			(Source Name) error_parser (Resolver name) (Destination Name)		O Faults	0 SilcerSecond	0 Slice/Second	Synchronized	2	O Running ()	Enable Stop Reboot More ~
		-	(Source Name) , (Resolver name) syslogs (Destination Name)		O Normal	0 Slice/Second	0 Slice/Second	Synchronized	2	O Running ()	Enable Stop Roboot More ~

Possible Causes

The configured connector or parser has syntax or semantic errors. As a result, the collector cannot run properly and restarts over and over again. The CPU and memory are exhausted.

Fault Location

- 1. Remotely log in to the ECS where the collection node resides.
 - You can log in to the ECS management console and click Remote Login in the ECS list.
 - If your server has an EIP bound, you can also use a remote management tool, such as Xftp, SecureFX, WinSCP, PuTTY, or Xshell, to log in to the server and install the component controller on the server as user **root**.
- 2. Run the following command to check the OS running status:

top

If the following information is displayed, the Java process in the ECS uses a large number of CPU resources.

Figure 15-18 Status

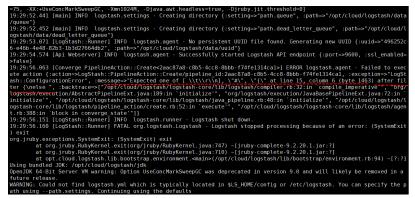
										1.04, 0.2 0 zombie	
%Cpu(s):	95.8	us,	3.7	sy, 0.0	ni, 0	.5 id,	0.0	wa,	0.0	hi, 0.0	si, 0.0 st
KiB Mem	: 38	79596	tota	al, <mark>532</mark>	820 fre	e, 123	4536	use	d, 2	112240 but	ff/cache
KiB Swap		Θ	tota	al,	0 fre	e,	0	use	d. 2	295348 ava	ail Mem
PID US	ER		NI	VIRT	RES		S %	scpu	%MEM	TIME+	
29442 ro	ot	20	0	4731800	1.0g	15528	S 19	0.3	27.9	0:44.63	java
29245 ro	ot	20	0	353640	30420	16508	<mark></mark>	0.7	0.8	0:00.23	dockerd
29425 ro	ot	20	0	11780	5464	2740	S	0.7	0.1	0:00.02	containerd-shim
9 rc	ot	20	0	Ο	0	Θ	S	0.3	0.0	1:41.10	rcu sched
2400 50		20	0	020056	0704	1260	0	0 0	0 0	0 00 47	ach icon agent

3. Run the following command to view the collector run logs:

docker logs isap-logstash -f

According to the logs, the filter (parser) configuration of the current collection channel is incorrect, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 15-19 Collector run log



4. Run the following command to switch to the directory where the collection channel configuration file is stored:

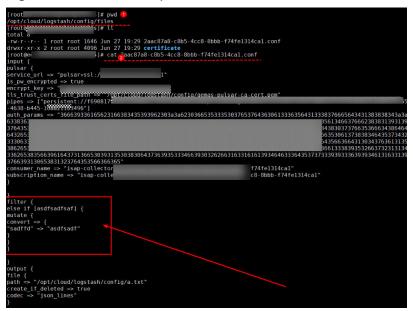
cd /opt/cloud/logstash/config/files

5. Run the following command to check whether the filter part is abnormal:

cat Configuration file name

If the information shown in the following figure is displayed, the current filter is abnormal.

Figure 15-20 Filter exceptions



Solution

- **Step 1** Log in to the SecMaster console and access the target workspace.
- **Step 2** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Collections**. Then, select the **Parsers** tab.
- **Step 3** Click **Edit** in the **Operation** column of the row containing the target parser. On the edit page, delete the incorrect configuration and configure it again.

Basic Informa	tion	
* Name	error_parser	
Description	Enter a description.	
		0/256 🏑
Rules		_
* Conditional co	Else if	
	asdfsadfsaf	Exist 🗸 🗸
	* Parsing rule	Mutate filter
		Convert sadfid asdfsadf Remove
		+ Add Configuration ~
	+ Add ~	
+ Add $ \sim$		

Figure 15-21 Configurations of an abnormal parser

Basic Informa	tion	
* Name	error_parser	
Description	Enter a description.	
		0/256 🦽
ules		
Parsing rule	UUID	~
	* Target uuid	
	★ Overwrite	
Add 🗸		

Figure 15-22 Modifying the parser configuration

- Step 4 Click OK.
- **Step 5** Click the **Collection Channels** tab, locate the target connection channel, and click **Restart** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 6** Check the status of the collection channel and collection node.
 - After the restart is complete, go to the **Collection Channels** tab and check the health status of the target collection channel.
 - Select the **Collection Nodes** tab. On the page displayed, check the health status of the target collection node.

If the **Health Status** of the collection channel and collection node is **Normal**, the fault has been rectified.

----End

15.5.3 Which Commands Are Commonly Used for the Component Controller?

Here are some commands you may need to troubleshoot the installation failure of the component controller isap-agent.

Restart

sh /opt/cloud/isap-agent/action/agent_controller_linux.sh restart

Note: This command will stop and then restart the isap-agent process. You can use command to restart isap-agent if isap-agent fails start or the process does not exist due to a node fault.

Start

sh /opt/cloud/isap-agent/action/agent_controller_linux.sh start

Note: You can use this command to start isap-agent if isap-agent breaks down but the automatic startup time for disaster recovery does not arrive.

Stop

sh /opt/cloud/isap-agent/action/agent_controller_linux.sh stop

You can use this command to stop isap-agent. This command will clear the scheduled automatic startup check settings to stop the isap-agent process.

• Checking processes

ps -ef|grep isap-agent

You can use this command to check whether isap-agent is installed on the current host.

• Checking logs

tail -100f /opt/cloud/isap-agent/log/run.log

You can use this command to query the latest 100 lines of logs of the isapagent service to locate exceptions.

• Disk partitions

sh /opt/cloud/isap-agent/action/agent_controller_linux.sh partition

When you install the collector on a node, you can use this command to partition disks you attach to the node.

15.5.4 How Do I Release an ECS or VPC Endpoint?

To enable log data collection, you are required to buy ECSs for collecting logs and configure VPC endpoints for establishing connections with and managing collection nodes.

- ECSs are billed. For details about ECS pricing, see *Elastic Cloud Server User Guide*.
- VPC endpoints are billed. For details, see VPC Endpoint User Guide.

If you no longer need log data collection or unsubscribe from SecMaster, you need to manually release the ECSs and VPC endpoints you create for log data collection, or they will continue to be billed. Perform the following steps:

Releasing ECS and VPC Endpoint Resources

- Step 1 Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Release the ECS used for log data collection.
 - 1. In the upper left corner of the page, click = and choose **Compute** > **Elastic Cloud Server**.
 - In the resource list, locate the row that contains the target ECS, choose More
 > Unsubscribe or More > Delete in the Operation column.

Figure 15-23 Unsubscribing from an ECS

rt Stop Restart	Rese	t Password	More +	Export	•						C
sarch or filter by name.											
Name/ID 0	Monit	Se	Status 0	AZ 0	Specifications/image 0	OS Type 🔅	IP Address 0	Billing Mode 💠	Enterprise Project 💠	Teg 0	Operation
ecs-	Ø	٠	Burning	AZ1	1 vCPU 2 GiB s6.medium 2 EsterOS 2.5 64bit	Linux	192.168	Yearly/Monthly 13 days until expiration	default	**	Remote Login More
005- 12120940-392a-4085-8	Ø	٠	Running	AZ1	2 vCPUs 4 GiB c6.terge 2 EulerOS 2.5 64bit	Linux	192.168 (Pri	Pay-per-use Created on Dec 29, 20	default	-	Buy Same ECS Start
ecs- 3ec5d185-21fc-4db7-8	Ø	٠	Burning	AZ1	2 vCPUs 4 GiB s6.terge 2 EulerOS 2.5 64bit	Linux	192.168 (Pri	Pay-per-use Created on Oct 28, 20	default		Restart Reset Password
Total Records: 3 <	1.2										Change
	-										Renew Enable Auto-Renewal
											Change to Pay-per-Use
											Unsubscribe 🥹
											 Manage Image
											Manage Disk/Backup
											 Manage Network

3. In the dialog box displayed, unsubscribe from or delete the ECS as prompted.

Step 3 Release the VPC endpoints used to connect and manage collection nodes.

- 1. Click \equiv in the upper part of the page and choose **Security** > **SecMaster**.
- 2. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Workspaces** > **Management**. In the workspace list, click the name of the target workspace.
- 3. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Settings** > **Components**.
- 4. Deregister a node.
 - a. On the **Nodes** tab, locate the row that contains the target node and click **Deregister** in the **Operation** column.
 - b. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.
- 5. Delete the VPC endpoint.
 - a. On the **Nodes** page, click **Create**. On the **Create Node** slide-out panel, select a network node.
 - b. In the network channel list, click **Delete**.

Figure 15-24 Deleting a node

< / 0	omponer	its / Nodes	Create Node					
Security Situation Resource Manager	* *	Nodes Components		(2) Verify Installe	d Script			
Risk Prevention	Ŧ	_	Network Channel S	ettings	0			
Threat Operations	•	Node management occupies the /etc/salt/ directory. To avoid mista	Network ⑦	vpc-default	• C sui	onet-default	• c	
Security Orchestration Settings	Ţ	Create	Network Channel L	ist				
Collection		Q. Search by node name by default.	Туре	Node Name	Endpoint ID	Endpoint Ad	Status	Operation 🟮
Management Components 2		Node Name/ID Health Status Region IP Addre CPU	Management	60e878b6-2cf9	746bbc39-a5	192.168	Accepted	Config Delete
Data Integration			Management	9002df87-ce40	2174cc21-3b	192.168	Accepted	Config Delete
Checks			Data Channel	c .197e7867-5bfb	44705783-53	192.168	S Accepted	Config Delete
Directory Customization								

- c. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.
- 6. Check whether there are unreleased VPC endpoints created by SecMaster for log data collection.
 - a. In the upper left corner of the page, click = and choose **Networking** > **VPC Endpoint**.
 - b. In the VPC endpoint search box, enter **isap** and press **Enter** to search for VPC endpoints related to SecMaster data collection.
 - c. Check whether there are unreleased VPC endpoints created by SecMaster for log data collection.
 - If no, go to Step 3.7.

Figure 15-25 Deleting a VPC endpoint

Export +									
Q Keyword: isa	Add filter								× C 🕲
□ ID \$	Moni	VPC \$	Status ≑	VPC Endpoint Ser \$	Type ≑	IP Addr 💲	Created \$	Descripti ¢	Operation
				No Matches					
				No matching records are	found.				
				Clear Filters					
10 V Total R	ecords: 0 < 1	•							

 If yes, locate the row that contains the target VPC endpoint and click Delete in the Operation column. In the displayed dialog box, click Yes.

Figure 15-26 Deleting a VPC endpoint

Export • • Q Keyword: Isap X 4dd filter . C ©										
□ ID ‡		Moni	VPC \$	Status 💠	VPC Endpoint Ser \$	Type \$	IP Addr 💠	Created \$	Descripti \$	Operation
44705	5783-53a0-487a	Ø	vpc-default	Accepted	'.csb-isap	Interface	192.168.	Dec 20, 202	_ 2	Delete
21740	cc21-3bd8-4d8e	Ø	vpc-default	Accepted	.csb-isap	Interface	192.168.	Dec 20, 202	-	Delete
746bb	oc39-a506-4f3f-b	⊠	vpc-default	Accepted	:sb-isap	Interface	192.168.	Dec 20, 202	-	Delete
10 v T	fotal Records: 3	< 1 >								

Then, go to Step 3.7.

- 7. Check whether there are any VPC endpoints related to SecMaster are still being charged.
 - If yes, contact technical support.
 - If no, no further action is required.

----End

15.6 Permissions Management

15.6.1 How Do I Grant Permissions to an IAM User?

If you want to authorize an IAM user to operate the SecMaster service, you need to use the primary account to grant permissions to the user.

Granting Permissions to an IAM User

- **Step 1** Log in to the console as the administrator.
- Step 2 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Management & Governance > Identity and Access Management.
- Step 3 Create a user group.
 - 1. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **User Groups**. On the displayed page, click **Create User Group** in the upper right corner.
 - 2. On the **Create User Group** page, specify user group name and description.
 - Name: Set this parameter to SecMaster_ops.
 - **Description**: Enter a description.
 - 3. Click OK.
- **Step 4** Create a custom policy.
 - In the navigation pane on the left, choose Permissions > Policies/Roles. In the upper right corner of the displayed page, click Create Custom Policy.

- 2. Configure a policy.
 - a. Policy Name: Set this parameter to SecMaster_FullAccess.
 - b. Policy View: Select JSON.
 - c. **Policy Content**: Copy the following content and paste it in the text box.

```
"Version": "1.1",
"Statement": [
{
"Action": [
"secmaster:*:*"
],
"Effect": "Allow"
}
]
```

a. Click **OK**.

3

Step 5 Assign permissions to the created user group.

- 1. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **User Groups**. On the displayed page, click **SecMaster_ops**.
- 2. On the **Permissions** tab page, click **Authorize**.
- 3. On the **Select Policy/Role** page, search for and select the **SecMaster_FullAccess** policy, and click **Next**.
- 4. Set the minimum authorization scope. Select **All resources** for **Scope**. After the setting is complete, click **OK**.

You can view the authorization record after the authorization is added.

----End

A Change History

Released On	Description	
2025-01-15	This issue is the fifth official release.	
	• Updated topic "Baseline Inspection": The baseline check function has been fully upgraded. Custom check items and compliance packs are supported.	
	• Updated topic "Adding and Editing an Emergency Policy": Updated operation permissions and limitations and constraints on policies.	
	• Updated the playbook and workflow description in topic "Security Orchestration Overview."	
	• Updated topic "Asset Security Screen": Updated the description of security metrics.	
	• Updated topic "Adding an Asset Connection": Added the concept and function descriptions of asset connections.	
	• Optimized the data collection content and added an operation procedure.	

Released On	Description	
2024-03-30	This issue is the fourth official release.	
	• Updated topics "Viewing To-Do Tasks" and "Viewing Completed Tasks": Added the description of the task expiration time.	
	• Updated topics "Viewing Resource Information" and "Editing and Deleting Resources": Added descriptions about batch edit and optimized some descriptions.	
	• Updated topic "Viewing Baseline Inspection Results": Added the description of the check result page.	
	• Updated topic "Handling Baseline Inspection Results": Added the operation guide to importing and exporting check results.	
	 Added descriptions of weekly reports in sections "Creating/Copying a Security Report" and "Viewing a Security Report". 	
	 Updated topics"Viewing Resource Information", "Viewing Vulnerability Details", "Viewing Incidents", "Viewing Alerts", and "Adding and Editing an Indicator": Updated some screenshots. 	
	 Added section "Policy Management" to support unified management of emergency policies. 	
	 Added some new built-in playbooks and workflows in "Built-in Playbooks and Workflows." 	

Released On	Description					
2023-12-30	This issue is the third official release.					
	Updated the description in "Increasing the Quota."					
	• Updated topics "Overview", "Situation Overview", "Overall Situation Screen", "Monitoring Statistics Screen", "Asset Security Screen", "Threat Situation Screen", and "Vulnerable Asset Screen". Added the statistics period.					
	• Updated "Resource Manager Overview". Descriptions of asset sources and corresponding security services were added.					
	• Updated "Downloading a Security Report". Reports in multiple formats can be downloaded.					
	• Updated sections "Creating/Copying a Security Report" and "Viewing a Security Report", and added description of monthly reports.					
	• Deleted topic "Modifying the Asset Information Synchronization Policy" and added topic" Setting the Asset Subscription". The system synchronizes asset information through subscription instead of using playbooks.					
	 Updated the file size in sections Importing and Exporting Assets, Importing and Exporting Vulnerabilities, Importing and Exporting incidents, Importing and Exporting Alerts and Importing and Exporting Intelligence Indicators. 					
	 Updated sections Closing or Deleting Incidents and Closing or Deleting Alerts as batch operations are supported. 					
	 Added sections Delivering Log Data to LTS and Viewing Processed Tasks. 					
	• Updated section Converting an Alert into Incident or Associating an Alert with an Incident.					
	 Added section Built-in Playbooks, Workflows, and Asset Connections as more built-in playbooks, workflows, and asset connections were available. 					
	• Added details about new cloud service log access in Lo Access Supported by SecMaster.					
	• Updated Managing Parsers . Parsers can be imported and exported.					
	 Added the supported installation systems in Collecting Data. 					
	• Updated the content in Security Orchestration Proces The built-in playbook is activated by default. No manu- operation is required.					
	 Moved content in Submitting a Workflow Version to Managing Workflow Versions. 					

Released On	Description
	• Deleted sections Purchasing an ECS , Installing an Agent , Adding a Node , Configuring Components , Adding Connections , Configuring Parsers , and Adding Collection Channels and moved related content to section Collecting Data .
	• Adjusted the document structure and optimized some descriptions.
2023-09-20	This issue is the second official release.
	 Optimized GUI description of "Overall Situation", "Asset Security", and "Threat Situation" under Large Screen and updated section "Viewing Vulnerable Asset Information."
	 Updated procedure and optimized parameter description in sections "Repairing Vulnerabilities", "Managing Vulnerabilities", "Adding Intelligence Indicators", "Managing Models", "Creating a Data Delivery", and "Managing Components."
	 Optimized the procedure in sections "Viewing Alert Information" and "Disabling or Deleting Alerts."
	 Updated the screenshots for available models in section "Creating/Editing a Model."
2023-07-31	This issue is the first official release.