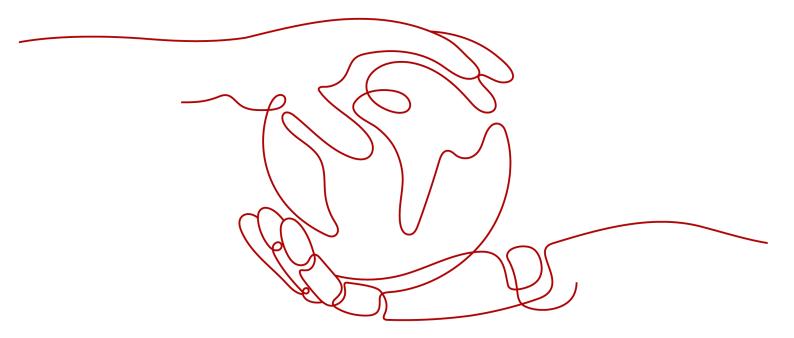
Host Security Service

Getting Started

Issue 01

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Contents

1 Free Trial of HSS Basic Edition for 30 Days	1
2 Purchasing and Enabling HSS	4
3 Purchasing and Enabling WTP	10
4 Purchasing and Enabling Container Security Protection	22
5 Quickly Viewing ECS Security Situation	29
6 Getting Started with Common Practices	32

Free Trial of HSS Basic Edition for 30 Days

When purchasing ECS, you can choose to use the HSS basic edition for free for 30 days. When the protection period expires, HSS is automatically disabled and no extra fee is charged. During the trial period, HSS can scan ECSs for security vulnerabilities and weak passwords and detect brute-force attacks. You can also log in to the HSS console to quickly view the security scores of your cloud assets, helping you learn about the security status and risks of your ECSs in a timely manner. For details about the protection functions during the free trial, see **Product Functions**.

How Can I Try Out Free HSS Basic Edition for 30 Days?

When purchasing an ECS, select **Basic edition (one-month free trial)** on **Configure Basic Settings** page. Then you can enjoy a 30-day free trial of HSS basic edition. For details about the supported OSs, see **Supported OSs**.

This section uses the following configuration as an example to describe how to use the HSS basic edition for free for 30 days.

- Quantity: 1
- Billing mode: yearly/Monthly
- Specifications: c6.xlarge.2 (2 vCPUs and 4GiB of memory)
- OS: Linux
- **Step 1** Log in to the console and choose **Buy an ECS**.
- **Step 2** On the page for purchasing the ECS, set the parameters.

Table 1-1 Parameter description

Parame ter	Example	Description
Billing Mode	Yearly/Monthly	Prepaid billing. You pay in advance for a subscription term, and in exchange, you get a discounted rate. Ensure that you have a top-up account with a sufficient balance or have a valid payment method configured first. For more information, see Pricing
		Details.
Region	EU-Dublin	For lower network latency and quick resource access, select the region nearest to you. After an ECS is purchased, the region cannot be changed. Exercise caution when selecting a region.
AZ	Random	The system selects a default AZ based on your Universally Unique Identifier (UUID). The AZ of a purchased ECS cannot be changed.
CPU Architec ture	x86	ECS provides multiple types of instance specifications of the x86 and Kunpeng architectures.
Instance	c6.xlarge.2	Select appropriate specifications based on service requirements. For more information, see the ECS Specifications.
Image	Select Public image and Huawei Cloud EulerOS 2.0 Standard 64-bit (40 GiB) .	A free public Linux image provided by Huawei Cloud.
Host protecti on (HSS)	Select Host protection (HSS) and select Basic Edition.	HSS Basic Edition is free for one month. It provides functions such as weak password and vulnerability detection.
Other paramet ers	-	Set this parameter based on project requirements. For details about parameter settings, see Purchasing and Using a Linux ECS.

Step 3 Confirm all information, click **Create**. In the displayed dialog box, click **Agree and Create**. After the payment is complete, the ECS is automatically created and started by default.

After the ECS is in the **Running** state, the HSS agent is automatically installed and the basic edition is enabled. This process takes about 20 minutes.

- **Step 4** Move the cursor to the **Security** column of the ECS and click **Learn more**. The HSS console page is displayed.
- **Step 5** The protection status of the cloud server is **Protected**, the edition is **Basic**, and the expiration time is **29 days until expiration**.

The trial period is successful. HSS provides basic security protection for your ECSs for 30 days.

Figure 1-1 Free trial of HSS basic edition for 30 days



----End

What Should I Do When the Free Trial of HSS Basic Edition Expires?

When the 30-day free trial of HSS basic edition expires, HSS stops providing security protection for your servers. Its expiration has no impact on your servers. To continue using HSS, you can purchase and enable HSS after the free trial period expires. The procedure is as follows:

1. Purchasing an HSS Quota

Purchase HSS editions based on your protection requirements. For details about the protection functions supported by each HSS edition, see Functions.

2. Installing an Agent

During the free trial of HSS, the agent has been installed on the ECS by default. If you have uninstalled the agent, you need to reinstall it. If you have not uninstalled the agent, skip this step.

3. Enabling Protection

HSS can be enabled only after this operation is performed.

2 Purchasing and Enabling HSS

Scenario

HSS helps you identify and manage the assets on your servers, eliminate risks, and defend against intrusions. There are also proactive protection and security operations functions available to help you easily detect and handle threats. For details about the server security protection functions provided by HSS, see **Product Functions**.

The following is an example to describe how to buy and enable HSS.

- Server: EulerOS 2.9 Huawei Cloud ECS
- Protection quotas
 - Billing mode: Yearly/Monthly
 - Version specification: Premium edition
 - Quantity: 1

Process

Procedure	Description
Preparations	After registering a Huawei Cloud and enabling Huawei Cloud services, complete real-name authentication, top up your account, grant permissions to IAM users, and prepare cloud servers to be protected.
Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota	Set the billing mode and edition, and purchase protection quota for your server.
Step 2: Install an Agent	Install the agent on the target server.
Step 3: Enable Protection	Enable protection for the target server.

Preparations

- Before purchasing HSS, create a Huawei account and subscribe to Huawei Cloud. For details, see Registering a Huawei ID and Enabling Huawei Cloud Services and Real-Name Authentication.
 - If you have enabled Huawei Cloud services and completed real-name authentication, skip this step.
- 2. Ensure that your account has sufficient funds to prevent failures in purchasing HSS protection quotas. For details, see **Topping Up an Account**.
- 3. If you perform operations as an IAM user, ensure that the IAM user has been assigned the HSS FullAccess permission. For details, see Creating a User and Granting Permissions.
 - When purchasing HSS protection quotas, you need to assign the **BSS Administrator** permission to IAM users.
- 4. A Huawei Cloud ECS for which HSS will be enabled is available.

Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select the region and project.
- Step 3 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Security & Compliance > HSS.
- **Step 4** In the upper right corner of the Dashboard page, click **Buy HSS**.
- **Step 5** Configure parameters.

Table 2-1 Parameters for purchasing HSS

Parame ter	Example	Description
Billing Mode	Yearly/Monthly	Select the billing mode. For more information, see Pricing Details .
		 Yearly/Monthly: You can buy a prepaid yearly/monthly package if you intend to use the service for a long time. The fee is lower than that of pay-per-use.
		Pay-per-use: You pay for the used resources based on the actual service duration (in hours), without a minimum fee.
Region	EU-Dublin	Select the region of server. After the HSS is purchased, the region cannot be changed. Exercise caution when selecting a region.

Parame ter	Example	Description
Edition Specific ations	Premium edition	HSS provides basic, professional, premium, WTP, and container editions. Functions vary depending on editions. For details about functions supported by each edition, see Functions.
Enterpri se Project	default	This parameter is displayed only when you use an enterprise account to purchase protection quotas. It enables unified management of cloud resources by project.
Tag	Not added	Tags are used to identify server security, facilitating cloud resource classification and management.
Automa tically assign	Not selected	When a server or container node is added and the agent is installed for the first time, it will be bound to an available yearly/monthly quota. Only unused quotas will be bound, and no new order or fee will be generated.
Require d Duratio n	1 month	Select the required duration. The longer the subscription period, the higher the discount. You do not need to configure the pay-per-use billing mode.
Auto- Renewal	Not selected	If this option is selected, the system automatically renews the service based on the subscription period. You do not need to configure the payper-use billing mode.
Quantit y	1	Set the value based on the actual number of servers.

- **Step 6** In the lower right corner of the page, click **Next**.
- Step 7 After confirming that the order, select I have read and agree to the Host Security Service Disclaimer.
- **Step 8** Click **Pay Now** and complete the payment.
- **Step 9** Click **Host Security Service** to return to the HSS console.

----End

Step 2: Install an Agent

- **Step 1** In the navigation pane, choose **Installation & Configuration > Server Install & Config.**
- **Step 2** Choose **Agents** > **Servers Without Agents**.
- **Step 3** In the **Operation** column of the target server, click **Install Agent**. The **Install Agent** dialog box is displayed.

Figure 2-1 Installing an agent



Step 4 Select and set the server verification information.

Table 2-2 Parameters for installing the agent

Parame ter	Example	Description
Server Authenti cation Mode	Account and Password	 Account and password: Use the server IP address and password to verify the installation. Key: Authenticate the installation using a cloud key (in DEW) or a user-created key (Linux only).
Allow direct connecti on with root permissi ons	Select it.	The root account can be used to directly log in to the server. After you enter the root user password and login port, HSS will use your root account to install the agent for the server.
Server Root Passwor d	-	Set the parameters based on the actual server information.
Server Login Port	22	Enter the actual login port of the server.

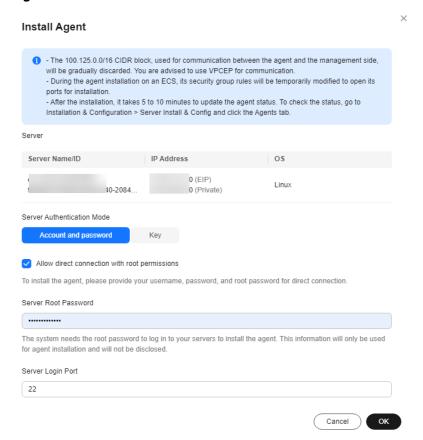


Figure 2-2 Enter the server verification information.

- **Step 5** Click **OK** to start installation.
- **Step 6** Choose **Servers With Agents** page and view the agent status of the target server.

 If the **Agent Status** is **Online**, the agent is successfully installed.
 - ----End

Step 3: Enable Protection

- **Step 1** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Asset Management > Servers & Quota**.
- **Step 2** In the **Operation** column of a server, click **Enable**.
- **Step 3** In the dialog box that is displayed, select the mode.

Table 2-3 Parameters for enabling protection

Parame ter	Example	Description
Billing Mode	Yearly/Monthly	The value must be the same as the charging mode specified by Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota .

Parame ter	Example	Description
Edition	Premium edition	The value must be the same as the version selected in Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota .
Select Quota	90e0ca09-ed16-4de0-b91c- ac7169beada9	Select the quota purchased in Step 1 : Purchase HSS Quota .

- **Step 4** After confirming the information, select **I have read and agree to the Host Security Service Disclaimer**.
- Step 5 Click OK.
- **Step 6** If the **Protection Status** of the target server is **Protected**, the protection is enabled successfully.

Figure 2-3 Viewing the protection status



----End

3 Purchasing and Enabling WTP

Scenario

HSS provides static and dynamic (Tomcat) Web Tamper Protection (WTP) functions. WTP monitors website directories in real time, backs up files, and restores tampered files. In addition, multiple server security protection functions are provided. For details, see **Product Functions**.

The following is an example to describe how to and enable HSS.

Server: EulerOS 2.9 Huawei Cloud ECS

• Protection quotas

Billing mode: Yearly/Monthly

Edition: WTPQuantity: 1

Process

Procedure	Description
Preparations	After registering a Huawei Cloud and enabling Huawei Cloud services, complete real-name authentication, top up your account, grant permissions to IAM users, and prepare cloud servers to be protected.
Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota	Set the edition, and protection quota for your server.
Step 2: Install an Agent	Install the agent on the target server.
Step 3: Enable Protection	Enable protection for the target server.

Preparations

- Before purchasing WTP, create a Huawei account and subscribe to Huawei Cloud. For details, see Registering a Huawei ID and Enabling Huawei Cloud Services and Real-Name Authentication.
 - If you have enabled Huawei Cloud services and completed real-name authentication, skip this step.
- 2. Ensure that your account has sufficient funds to prevent failures in purchasing HSS protection quotas. For details, see **Topping Up an Account**.
- 3. If you perform operations as an IAM user, ensure that the IAM user has been assigned the HSS FullAccess permission. For details, see Creating a User and Granting Permissions.
 - When purchasing HSS protection quotas, you need to assign the **BSS Administrator** permission to IAM users.
- 4. A Huawei Cloud ECS for which WTP will be enabled is available.

Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select the region and project.
- Step 3 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Security & Compliance > HSS.
- **Step 4** In the upper right corner of the Dashboard page, click **Buy HSS**.
- **Step 5** Configure parameters.

Parame ter	Example	Description
Billing Mode	Yearly/Monthly	WTP supports only the Yearly/ Monthly billing mode.
		Yearly/Monthly is a prepaid billing. You pay in advance for a subscription term, and in exchange, you get a discounted rate. The longer the subscription term, the bigger the discount. For more information, see Pricing Details.
Region	EU-Dublin	Select the region of server. After the HSS is purchased, the region cannot be changed. Exercise caution when selecting a region.

Parame ter	Example	Description
Edition Specific ations	WTP Edition	HSS provides basic, professional, premium, WTP, and container editions. Functions vary depending on editions. For details about functions supported by each edition, see Functions.
Enterpri se Project	default	This parameter is displayed only when you use an enterprise account to purchase protection quotas. It enables unified management of cloud resources by project.
Tag	Not added	Tags are used to identify server security, facilitating cloud resource classification and management.
Automa tically assign	Not selected	When a server or container node is added and the agent is installed for the first time, it will be bound to an available yearly/monthly quota. Only unused quotas will be bound, and no new order or fee will be generated.
Require d Duratio n	1 month	Select the required duration. The longer the subscription period, the higher the discount.
Auto- Renewal	Not selected	The Auto-renew option enables the system to renew your service by the required duration when the service is about to expire.
Quantit y	1	Set the value based on the actual number of servers.

- **Step 6** In the lower right corner of the page, click **Next**.
- Step 7 After confirming that the order, select I have read and agree to the Host Security Service Disclaimer.
- **Step 8** Click **Pay Now** and complete the payment.
- **Step 9** Click **Back to Host Security Service Console** to return to the HSS console.

----End

Step 2: Install an Agent

- **Step 1** In the navigation pane, choose **Installation & Configuration > Server Install & Config.**
- **Step 2** Choose **Agents** > **Servers Without Agents**.
- **Step 3** In the **Operation** column of the target server, click **Install Agent**. The **Install Agent** dialog box is displayed.

Figure 3-1 Installing an agent



Step 4 Select and set the server verification information.

Table 3-1 Parameters for installing the agent

Parame ter	Example	Description
Server Authenti cation Mode	Account and Password	 Account and password: Use the server IP address and password to verify the installation. Key: Authenticate the installation using a cloud key (in DEW) or a user-created key (Linux only).
Allow direct connecti on with root permissi ons	Select it.	The root account can be used to directly log in to the server. After you enter the root user password and login port, HSS will use your root account to install the agent for the server.
Server Root Passwor d	-	Set the parameters based on the actual server information.
Server Login Port	22	Enter the actual login port of the server.

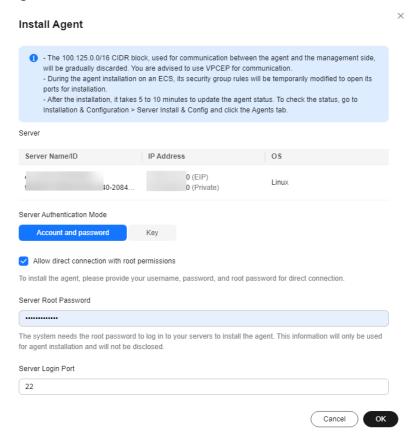


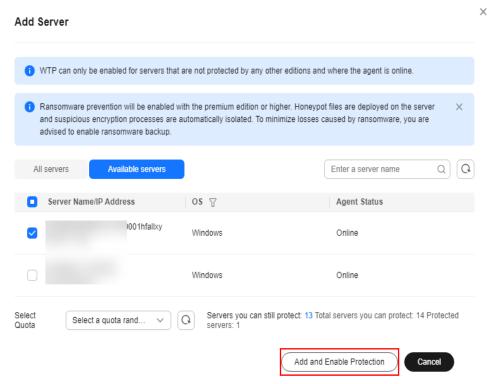
Figure 3-2 Enter the server verification information.

- **Step 5** Click **OK** to start installation.
- **Step 6** Choose **Servers With Agents** page and view the agent status of the target server. If the **Agent Status** is **Online**, the agent is successfully installed.
 - ----End

Step 3: Enable Protection

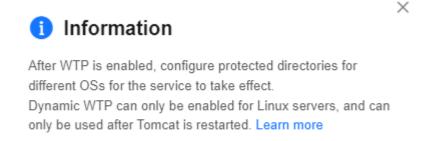
- **Step 1** In the navigation pane, choose **Server Protection** > **Web Tamper Protection**.
- **Step 2** On the **Servers** tab, click **Add Server**.
- **Step 3** On the **Add Server** page, select the target server and click **Add and Enable Protection**.

Figure 3-3 Adding a protected server



Step 4 Read the message for adding a protected directory and click \times .

Figure 3-4 Prompt information



Step 5 Locate the row containing the target server and click **Configure Protection** in the **Operation** column.

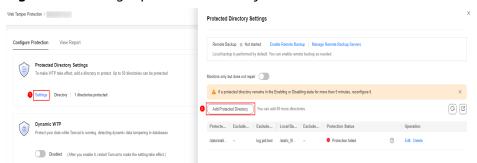
Figure 3-5 Protection settings



Step 6 Add a protected directory.

- 1. In the **Protected Directory Settings** area, click **Settings**.
- In the Protected Directory Settings dialog box, click Add Protected Directory.

Figure 3-6 Adding a protected directory



3. Configure protected directories.

Table 3-2 Parameters for adding a protected directory

Parame ter	Example	Description
Protect ed Director y	/etc/lesuo	 Add directories to be protected. Do not add an OS directory as a protected directory. After a directory is added, the files and folders in the protected directory are read-only and cannot be modified directly.
Exclude d Subdire ctory	lesuo/test	Subdirectories that do not need to be protected in the protected directory, such as temporary file directories. Separate subdirectories with semicolons (;). A maximum of 10 subdirectories can be added.
Exclude d File Types	log;pid;text	Types of files that do not need to be protected in the protected directory, such as log files. To record the running status of the server in real time, exclude the log files in the protected directory. You can grant high read and write permissions for log files to prevent attackers from viewing or tampering with the log files. Separate file types with semicolons (;).

Parame ter	Example	Description
Local Backup Path	/etc/backup	Set this parameter if your server runs the Linux OS. Set a local backup path for files in protected directories. After WTP is enabled, files in the protected directory are automatically backed up to the local backup path. The backup rules are described as follows: - The local backup path must be valid and cannot overlap with the protected directory path. - Excluded subdirectories and types of files are not backed up. - Generally, the backup completes within 10 minutes. The actual duration depends on the size of files in the protected directory. - If WTP detects that a file in a protected directory is tampered with, it immediately uses the backup file on the local server to restore the file.
Exclude d File Path	lesuo/data;lesuo/list	Exclude files that do not need to be protected from the protected directory. Separate multiple paths with semicolons (;). A maximum of 50 paths can be added. The maximum length of a path is 256 characters. A single path cannot start with a space or end with a slash (/).

- 4. Click **OK**.
- 5. In the protected directory list, if **Protection Status** is **Protected**, the directory is added successfully.

Step 7 (Optional) Enable remote backup.

Only Linux servers support the remote backup function. Skip this item for Windows servers.

1. In the **Protected Directory Settings** dialog box, click **Manage Remote Backup Servers**.

Protected Directory Settings

Remote Backup Not started Enable Remote Backup | Manage Remote Backup Servers
Local backup is performed by default. You can enable remote backup as needed.

Monitors only but does not repair

If a protected directory remains in the Enabling or Disabling state for more than 5 minutes, reconfigure it.

Add Protected Directory You can add 50 more directories.

Protecte... | Exclude... | Exclude... | Local Ba... | Exclude... | Protection Status | Operation

Figure 3-7 Managing remote backup servers

- 2. Click **Add Backup Server**.
- 3. Configure the remote backup server information and click **OK**.

Table 3-3 Backup server parameters

Parame ter	Example	Description
Server Name	test	Name of the remote backup server.
Address	192.168.1.1	Enter the private IP address of the Huawei Cloud as the remote backup server.
Port	8080	Enter the server port number. Ensure that the port is not blocked by any security group or firewall or occupied.

Parame ter	Example	Description
Backup Path	/hss01	Enter a backup path. The content of the protected directory will be backed up to this path.
		 If the protected directories of multiple servers are backed up to the same remote backup server, the data will be stored in separate folders named after agent IDs. Assume the protected directories of the two servers are /hss01 and hss02, and the agent IDs of the two servers are f1fdbabc-6cdc-43af-acab-e4e6f086625f and f2ddbabc-6cdc-43af-abcd-e4e6f086626f, and the remote backup path is /hss01.
		The corresponding backup paths are /hss01/ f1fdbabc-6cdc-43af-acab- e4e6f086625f and /hss01/ f2ddbabc-6cdc-43af-abcd- e4e6f086626f.
		 If WTP is enabled for the remote backup server, do not set the remote backup path to any directories protected by WTP. Otherwise, remote backup will fail.

- 4. In the **Protected Directory Settings** area, click **Settings**.
- In the **Protected Directory Settings** dialog box, click **Enable Remote Backup**.
- Select the added remote backup server and click **OK**.
- If **Enabled** is displayed, remote backup is started.

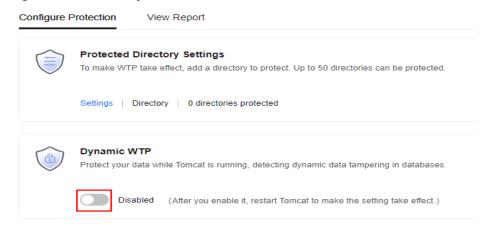
Step 8 (Optional) Enable dynamic WTP.

Runtime application self-protection (RASP) is provided for Tomcat applications of JDK 8 on a Linux server. If you do not require RASP of the Tomcat application or the server runs the Windows OS, skip this item.

1. In the **Dynamic WTP** area, click .



Figure 3-8 Enable dynamic WTP



2. In the dialog box that is displayed, enter the Tomcat bin directory and click **OK**.

Tomcat bin directory example: /usr/workspace/apache-tomcat-8.5.15/bin

- 3. If is displayed, dynamic WTP is enabled.
- 4. Restart Tomcat to make the dynamic WTP function take effect.

----End

Follow-Up Procedure

Modify a file or folder in a protected directory.

If WTP is enabled, files or folders in the protected directory are read-only and cannot be modified. To modify files or folders in the protected directory, perform the following steps:

- Adding a privileged process: A maximum of 10 privileged processes can be added. For details, see Adding a Privileged Process.
- Enabling/Disabling scheduled static WTP: In addition to adding a privileged process, you can set periodic static WTP and modify files or folders when WTP is disabled, for details, see Enabling/Disabling Scheduled Static WTP.
- Enable active protection for servers.

WTP provides some proactive functions for servers. These functions are not enabled or not completely enabled when WTP is enabled. You can determine whether to use these functions based on your requirements, the following table **Table 3-4** describes the functions.

Table 3-4 Proactive server protection functions

Functi on	Description
Ranso mwar e Preve ntion	Ransomware is one of the biggest cybersecurity threats today. Ransomware can intrude a server, encrypt data, and ask for ransom, causing service interruption, data leakage, or data loss. Attackers may not unlock the data even after receiving the ransom. HSS provides static and dynamic ransomware prevention. You can periodically back up server data to reduce potential losses. Ransomware prevention is automatically enabled with the WTP edition. Honeypot files are deployed on your server and suspicious encryption programs are automatically isolated. You can modify the ransomware protection policy.
Applic ation Protec tion	To protect your applications with RASP, you simply need to add probes to them, without having to modify application files.
Applic ation Proces s Contr ol	HSS can learn the characteristics of application processes on servers and manage their running. Suspicious and trusted processes are allowed to run, and alarms are generated for malicious processes.
Virus scanni ng and remov al	The function uses the virus detection engine to scan virus files on the server. The scanned file types include executable files, compressed files, script files, documents, images, and audio and video files. You can perform quick scan and full-disk scan on the server as required. You can also customize scan tasks and handle detected virus files in a timely manner to enhance the virus defense capability of the service system.

4 Purchasing and Enabling Container Security Protection

Scenario

A container cluster consists of a set of nodes. The HSS container edition uses nodes as protection units and provides functions such as container firewall, container cluster protection, and container image security scanning, helping enterprises solve container environment problems that cannot be achieved by traditional security software. For details about the server security protection functions provided by HSS container edition, see **Product Functions**.

The following is an example to describe how to buy and enable container protection.

Container node: EulerOS 2.9 Huawei Cloud ECS

Protection quotas

Billing mode: Yearly/Monthly

- Edition: container

- Quantity: 1

Process

Procedure	Description
Preparations	After registering a Huawei Cloud and enabling Huawei Cloud services, complete real-name authentication, top up your account, grant permissions to IAM users, and prepare container node resources to be protected.
Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota	Set the billing mode and edition, and purchase protection quota for the target container nodes.
Step 2: Install an Agent	Install the agent on the target container node.

Procedure	Description
Step 3: Enable Protection	Enable protection for the target container node.

Preparations

- Before purchasing container protection, create a Huawei account and subscribe to Huawei Cloud. For details, see Registering a Huawei ID and Enabling Huawei Cloud Services and Real-Name Authentication.
 - If you have enabled Huawei Cloud services and completed real-name authentication, skip this step.
- 2. Ensure that your account has sufficient funds to prevent failures in purchasing HSS protection quotas. For details, see **Topping Up an Account**.
- 3. If you perform operations as an IAM user, ensure that the IAM user has been assigned the HSS FullAccess permission. For details, see Creating a User and Granting Permissions.
 - When purchasing HSS protection quotas, you need to assign the **BSS Administrator** permission to IAM users.
- 4. You have prepared a container node for which container security protection will be enabled.

Step 1: Purchase HSS Quota

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select the region and project.
- Step 3 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Security & Compliance > HSS.
- **Step 4** In the upper right corner of the Dashboard page, click **Buy HSS**.
- **Step 5** Configure parameters.

Table 4-1 Parameters for purchasing HSS

Parame ter	Example	Description
Billing Mode	Yearly/Monthly	Select the billing mode. For more information, see Pricing Details .
		 Yearly/Monthly: You can buy a prepaid yearly/monthly package if you intend to use the service for a long time. The fee is lower than that of pay-per-use.
		 Pay-per-use: You pay for the used resources based on the actual service duration (in hours), without a minimum fee.
Region	EU-Dublin	Select the region of container node. After the HSS is purchased, the region cannot be changed. Exercise caution when selecting a region.
Edition Specific ations	Container edition	HSS provides basic, professional, premium, WTP, and container editions. Functions vary depending on editions. For details about functions supported by each edition, see Functions.
Enterpri se Project	default	This parameter is displayed only when you use an enterprise account to purchase protection quotas. It enables unified management of cloud resources by project.
Tag	Not added	Tags are used to identify container security, facilitating cloud resource classification and management.
Automa tically assign	Not selected	When a server or container node is added and the agent is installed for the first time, it will be bound to an available yearly/monthly quota.
		Only unused quotas will be bound, and no new order or fee will be generated.
Require d Duratio n	1 month	Select the required duration. The longer the subscription period, the higher the discount. You do not need to configure the pay-per-use billing mode.

Parame ter	Example	Description
Auto- Renewal	Not selected	If this option is selected, the system automatically renews the service based on the subscription period. You do not need to configure the payper-use billing mode.
Quantit y	1	Set the value based on the actual number of container nodes.

- **Step 6** In the lower right corner of the page, click **Next**.
- Step 7 After confirming that the order, select I have read and agree to the Host Security Service Disclaimer.
- **Step 8** Click **Pay Now** and complete the payment.
- **Step 9** Click **Host Security Service** to return to the HSS console.

----End

Step 2: Install an Agent

- **Step 1** In the navigation pane, choose **Installation & Configuration > Server Install & Config.**
- **Step 2** Choose **Agents** > **Servers Without Agents**.
- **Step 3** In the **Operation** column of the target server, click **Install Agent**. The **Install Agent** dialog box is displayed.

Figure 4-1 Installing an agent



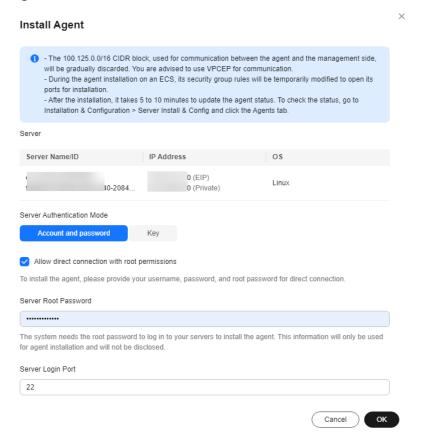
Step 4 Select and set the server verification information.

Table 4-2 Parameters for installing the agent

Parame ter	Example	Description
Server Authenti cation	Account and Password	Account and password: Use the server IP address and password to verify the installation.
Mode		 Key: Authenticate the installation using a cloud key (in DEW) or a user-created key (Linux only).

Parame ter	Example	Description
Allow direct connecti on with root permissi ons	Select it.	The root account can be used to directly log in to the server. After you enter the root user password and login port, HSS will use your root account to install the agent for the server.
Server Root Passwor d	-	Set the parameters based on the actual server information.
Server Login Port	22	Enter the actual login port of the server.

Figure 4-2 Enter the server verification information.



- **Step 5** Click **OK** to start installation.
- **Step 6** Choose **Servers With Agents** page and view the agent status of the target server.

If the **Agent Status** is **Online**, the agent is successfully installed.

----End

Step 3: Enable Protection

- **Step 1** In the navigation pane, choose **Asset Management** > **Containers & Quota**.
- **Step 2** In the **Operation** column of a server, click **Enable**.
- **Step 3** In the dialog box that is displayed, select the mode.

Table 4-3 Parameters for enabling protection

Parame ter	Example	Description
Billing Mode	Yearly/Monthly	The value must be the same as the charging mode specified by Step 1: Purchase Protection Quota .
Edition	Container edition	The value must be the same as the edition specified by Step 1: Purchase Protection Quota .
Select Quota	709440b9-0d6c-407e-a51c- ac7169beada9	Select the quota purchased in Step 1 : Purchase Protection Quota .

- **Step 4** Confirm the information, read the *Container Security Service Disclaimer*, and select I have read and agree to the Container Security Service Disclaimer.
- Step 5 Click OK.
- **Step 6** If the **Protection Status** of the target server is **Protected**, the protection is enabled successfully.

Figure 4-3 Viewing the protection status



----End

Follow-Up Procedure

Enable server protection for container nodes.

HSS container edition provides some proactive functions for servers. These functions are not enabled or not completely enabled when container security protection is enabled. You can determine whether to use these functions based on your requirements, the following table **Table 4-4** describes the functions.

Table 4-4 Container node protection functions

Functi on	Description	
Contai ner Image Securi ty Scanni ng	The container image security scanning function scans for vulnerabilities and malicious files in images. You are advised to scan images periodically so that you can handle image security risks in a timely manner.	
Ranso mwar e Preven tion	Ransomware is one of the biggest cybersecurity threats today. Ransomware can intrude a server, encrypt data, and ask for ransom, causing service interruption, data leakage, or data loss. Attackers may not unlock the data even after receiving the ransom. HSS provides static and dynamic ransomware prevention. You can periodically back up server data to reduce potential losses.	
	Ransomware prevention is automatically enabled with the container edition. Deploy bait files on servers and automatically isolate suspicious encryption processes. You can modify the ransomware protection policy. You are also advised to enable backup so that you can restore data.	
Applic ation Protec tion	To protect your applications with RASP, you simply need to add probes to them, without having to modify application files.	
Applic ation Proces s Contro l	HSS can learn the characteristics of application processes on servers and manage their running. Suspicious and trusted processes are allowed to run, and alarms are generated for malicious processes.	
Virus scanni ng and remov al	The function uses the virus detection engine to scan virus files on the server. The scanned file types include executable files, compressed files, script files, documents, images, and audio and video files. You can perform quick scan and full-disk scan on the server as required. You can also customize scan tasks and handle detected virus files in a timely manner to enhance the virus defense capability of the service system.	
Contai ner Firewa ll	A container firewall controls and intercepts network traffic inside and outside a container cluster to prevent malicious access and attacks.	

5 Quickly Viewing ECS Security Situation

ECSs that are not protected by HSS are scanned for free in the early morning on each Monday. This section describes how to view the security situation of ECSs that are not protected by HSS.

If you use HSS to protect ECSs, you can refer to this section to quickly view the security situation of ECSs.

Viewing the Security Situation of ECSs That Are Not Protected

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select the region and project.
- Step 3 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Security & Compliance > HSS.
- **Step 4** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Security Operations** > **Reports**.
- **Step 5** Select the **Free Health Check** tab.
- **Step 6** View the security situation of ECSs that are not protected.

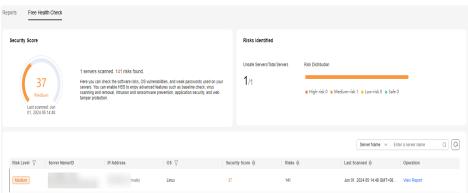


Figure 5-1 View security situation

 Security Score: displays the security scores of all ECSs in the current region and the risks.

- Risks Identified: displays the percentage of risky servers and the risk level distribution
- Report: To view the detailed health check report of an ECS, click **View Report** in the **Operation** column of a target ECS.

∩ NOTE

- A free health check report is generated on the first day of each month. You can only view the report online but cannot download it.
- In the report, up to five results can be displayed for each check item. If a check item has fewer than five results, only half of them will be displayed.

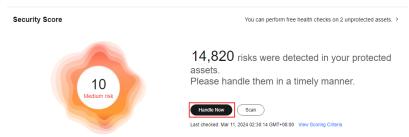
----End

Viewing the Security Situation of ECSs for Which Protection Has Been Enabled

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Click in the upper left corner and select the region and project.
- Step 3 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Security & Compliance > HSS.
- **Step 4** View the ECS security situation.
 - View the security situation of all ECSs.
 - Viewing the security score
 - In the Security Score area on the Dashboard page, view the security risk scores of all your ECSs. Click Handle Now to view risks of your assets.

For details about scoring criteria and how to improve your score, see **Security Score Deduction**.

Figure 5-2 Viewing the security score



- ii. In the **Handle Now** dialog box, click \(\sqrt{ to view risk details.}
- iii. Click **Handle** to go to the risk details page and view and handle security risks.
- View the security risk distribution and trend.
 - i. In the **Security Risks** area on the **Dashboard** page, view the security risk distribution of the asset and the security risk trend in the last seven days.

- ii. You can click the value of the server risks or container risks to go to the details page and view and handle the risk.
- View the security situation of an ECS.
 - a. In the navigation pane on the left, choose Asset Management > Servers
 & Quota.
 - b. In the **Scan Results** column of the target server, check whether the ECS is risky.

Move the cursor to the risky icon to view the risk distribution.

Figure 5-3 Viewing ECS security situation



 Click the ECS name to go to the ECS details page and view and handle security risks.

----End

6 Getting Started with Common Practices

After enabling protection, you can use a series of common practices provided by HSS to meet your service requirements.

Table 6-1 Common practices

Practice		Description
Server login protect ion	Using HSS to Enhance Host Login Security	HSS login protection greatly improves server security.
Vulner ability fixing	Git Credential Disclosure Vulnerability (CVE-2020-5260)	Git issued a security bulletin announcing a vulnerability that could reveal Git user credentials (CVE-2020-5260). Git uses a credential helper to store and retrieve credentials. But when a URL contains an encoded newline (%0a), it may inject unexpected values into the protocol stream of the credential helper. This vulnerability is triggered when the affected version of Git is used to execute a git clone command on a malicious URL. This practice describes how to use HSS to detect and fix the vulnerability.
	SaltStack Remote Command Execution Vulnerabilities (CVE-2020-11651 and CVE-2020-11652)	SaltStack provides a set of product offerings written in Python for automatic C/S O&M. One of the two discovered vulnerabilities is authentication bypass vulnerabilities (CVE-2020-11651), and the other is directory traversal vulnerability (CVE-2020-11652). Attackers can exploit the vulnerabilities to remotely execute commands, read any files on servers, and obtain sensitive information. This practice describes how to use HSS to detect and fix the vulnerability.

OpenSSL High-risk Vulnerability (CVE-2020-1967)	OpenSSL security notice released update information regarding the vulnerability (CVE-2020-1967) that affects OpenSSL 1.1.1d, OpenSSL 1.1.1e, and OpenSSL 1.1.1f. This vulnerability can be exploited to launch DDoS attacks. This practice describes how to use HSS to detect and fix the vulnerability.
Adobe Font Manager Library Remote Code Execution Vulnerability (CVE-2020-1020/ CVE-2020-0938)	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when the Windows Adobe Type Manager Library improperly handles a specially-crafted multi-master font - Adobe Type 1 PostScript format. For all systems except Windows 10, an attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code remotely. For systems running Windows 10, an attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code in an AppContainer sandbox context with limited privileges and capabilities. An attacker could then install programs; view, change, or delete data; or create new accounts with full user rights. This practice describes how to use HSS to detect and fix the vulnerability.
Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability (CVE-2020-1027)	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Kernel handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elevated permissions. This practice describes how to use HSS to detect and fix the vulnerability.
Windows CryptoAPI Spoofing Vulnerability (CVE-2020-0601)	This vulnerability (CVE-2020-0601) affects the CryptoAPI Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) certificate validation mechanism. As a result, attackers can interrupt the Windows authentication and encryption trust process and remotely execute code. This practice describes how to use HSS to detect and fix the vulnerability.

Practice		Description
preven	Using HSS and CBR to Defend Against Ransomware	Ransomware attacks have become one of the biggest security challenges facing companies today. Attackers use ransomware encryption to lock the victim's data or asset devices and demand a payment to unlock the data. Sometimes, attackers may not unlock the data even after receiving the ransom.
		To prevent ransomware attacks and huge economic loss, you can use "HSS+CBR" to provide pre-event, in-event, and post-event ransomware protection for servers.